Introduction

About

Our Value

Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19

Financial

FINANCIAL **REPORTS AND** APPENDIX

258 Unconsolidated **Financial Report**

403

Consolidated **Financial Report**

558

APPENDIX A.1. Reporting Guidelines for the Non-Financial Disclosures

561

562

APPENDIX A.3.

Environmental Performance Data

APPENDIX A.2. Scope and Boundaries of the Materiality Analysis

571

Garanti BBVA | Integrated Annual Report 2020

Financial Reports

564 APPENDIX A.4. Environmental & Social Impact Assessment Process Indicators in 2020

565 APPENDIX A.5: TCFD Disclosure Table

566 APPENDIX A.6: UNEP FI Principles For **Responsible Banking** Impact Report

APPENDIX A.7: UNGC and WEPs Principles Analysis According to GRI Standards Content 572

GRI Standards Content Index "In Accordance"-Core Option

582 APPENDIX B Organizational Changes

583 **APPENDIX B Support** Services Providers

586 **Contact Information** 257

UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ

PUBLICLY ANNOUNCED UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, RELATED DISCLOSURES AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT THEREON AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

(CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND RELATED DISCLOSURES AND FOOTNOTES ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN TURKISH)



KPMG Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik A.Ş. İş Kuleleri Kule 3 Kat:2-9 Levent 34330 İstanbul Tel +90 212 316 6000 Fax +90 212 316 6060 www.kpmg.com.tr

CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ORIGINALLY PREPARED AND ISSUED IN TURKISH TO ENGLISH

To the General Assembly of Türkiye Garanti Bankası Anonim Şirketi

A) REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the unconsolidated financial statements of Türkiye Garanti Bankası A.Ş. ("the Bank") which comprise the unconsolidated balance sheet as at 31 December 2020 and the unconsolidated statement of profit or loss, unconsolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, unconsolidated statement of changes in shareholders' equity, unconsolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes, comprising significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, except for the effect of the matter described in the Basis For Qualified Opinion section of our report, the accompanying unconsolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Türkiye Garanti Bankası A.Ş. as at 31 December 2020, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the "Banking Regulation and Supervision Board Accounting and Reporting Legislation" which includes the "Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents" published in the Official Gazette No. 26333 dated 1 November 2006, and other regulations on accounting records of Banks, circulars and interpretations published by Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency ("BRSA") and requirements of Turkish Financial Reporting Standards ("TFRS") for the matters not regulated by the aforementioned legislations.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

As stated in Note 2.8.4 of Section Five, the accompanying unconsolidated financial statements as at 31 December 2020 include a general reserve of total of TL 4,650,000 thousands, of which TL 2,150,000 thousands was recognized as expense in the current period and TL 2,500,000 thousands had been recognized as expense in prior periods, which does not meet the requirements of BRSA Accounting and Reporting Legislation. This general reserve is provided by the Bank management for the possible effects of the negative circumstances which may arise in economy or market conditions.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the "Regulation on Independent Audit of the Banks" ("BRSA Audit Regulation") published in the Official Gazette No.29314 dated 2 April 2015 by BRSA and Independent Standards on Auditing which is a component of the Turkish Auditing Standards ("TSA"s) published by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority ("POA"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Bank in accordance with the POA's Code of Ethics for Independent Auditors ("Code of Ethics") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Turkey, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the unconsolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the unconsolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. In addition to the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section we have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

Impairment of loans measured at amortised cost

The details of accounting policies and significant estimates and assumptions for impairment of loans measured at amortised cost are presented in Section III, No: VIII of the unconsolidated financial statements.



KEY AUDIT MATTER

As of 31 December 2020, loans measured at amortised cost comprise 64% of the Bank's total assets.

The Bank recognizes its loans in accordance with the Regulation on the Procedures and Principles for Classification of Loans by Banks and Provisions to be set aside (the "Regulation") published on the Official Gazette No. 29750 dated 22 June 2016 and TFRS 9 Financial Instruments standard ("Standard").

The Bank applies the "expected credit loss model" in determining the impairment of financial assets in accordance with the Regulation and Standard. The model which contains significant assumptions and estimates is reviewed by the Bank management annually.

The significant assumptions and estimates of the Bank's management are as follows:

- significant increase in credit risk;
- incorporating the forward looking macroeconomic information in calculation of credit risk; and
 design and implementation of expected credit loss model.

The determination of the impairment of loans measured at amortised cost depends on the (i) credit default status, (ii) the model based on the change in the credit risk at the first recognition date and (iii) the classification of the loans measured at amortised cost according to the model. Establishing an accurate classification is a significant process as the calculation of expected credit loss varies to the staging of the financial assets.

The Bank calculates expected credit losses on both an individual and a collective basis. Individual provisions consider the estimated future performance of the business and the fair value of the collateral provided for credit transactions.

The collective basis expected credit loss calculation is based on complex processes which are modelled by using current and past data sets and expectations. The completeness and accuracy of data sets in the model are also considered and the forward looking expectations are reflected by macroeconomic models.

Impairment on loans measured at amortised cost was considered to be a key audit matter, due to the significance of the estimates, assumptions including the impact of COVID-19, the level of judgements and its complex structure as explained above.

HOW THE MATTER IS ADDRESSED IN OUR AUDIT

Our procedures for testing the impairment of loans included below: :

- We tested the design and operating effectiveness of the controls on lending, collateralization, collection, follow-up, classification and impairment procedures are tested with the involvement of information risk management specialists.
- We evaluated the Bank's business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and we tested the appropriateness of the loan agreements with the model by selecting samples.
- We evaluated the adequacy of the subjective and objective criteria that is defined in the Bank's impairment accounting policy compared with the Regulation and Standard.
- We evaluated the Banks's business model and methodology and the evaluation of the calculations were carried out with the control testing and detailed analysis by the involvement of specialist.
- We performed loan reviews for selected loan samples which include a
 detailed examination of loan files and related information and testing
 their classification. In this context, the current status of the loan
 customer has been evaluated by including the impact of COVID 19 on
 prospective information and macroeconomic variables.
- We evaluated the accuracy of the expected credit loss calculations by selecting sample for the loans which are assessed on individual basis including the impact of COVID-19 on the assumptions and estimates.
- We tested the accuracy and completeness of the data in the calculation models for the loans which are assessed on collective basis. The expected credit loss calculation was tested through recalculation. The models used for the calculation of the risk parameters were examined and the risk parameters for the selected sample portfolios were recalculated.
- We assessed the macroeconomic models including the effects of COVID-19, that are used to reflect forward looking expectations and tested the effect of the risk parameters by recalculation method.
- We evaluated the qualitative and quantitative assessments, including the effects of COVID-19, which are used in determining the significant increase in credit risk.
- We also evaluated the adequacy of the unconsolidated financial statements disclosures related to impairment provisions.

Measurement of financial instruments (the fair value hierarchy of financial instruments determined as Level 3)

The details of accounting policies and significant judgements of measurement (the fair value hierarchy of financial instruments determined as Level 3) of financial instruments are presented in Section III, No: VII of the unconsolidated financial statements.

KEY AUDIT MATTER	HOW THE MATTER IS ADDRESSED IN OUR AUDIT
The classification of the financial assets is based on the Bank's business model and characteristics of the contractual cash flows in accordance with TFRS 9.	Our procedures for testing the fair value hierarchy of the financial instruments (the fair value hierarchy of financial instruments determined as Level 3) included below:
The fair value of the loan classified as financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	 We evaluated the design and implementation of the controls that the
according to business model is determined as Level 3 considering the significant unobservable	Bank sets for the measurement of fair value of the relevant financial
inputs, assumptions and estimates used.	instruments.
Management assesses the significant unobservable inputs and uncertainties due to assumptions	 We assessed the policy of the measurement of financial instruments
and estimates with the involvement of an independent valuation firm.	(the fair value hierarchy of financial instruments determined as Level 3) based on TFRS 9 and compared with the requirements of TFRS 9.
The Bank has also financial liabilities (securitization loans) which are accounted by using the fair	 We involved our own valuation specialists to evaluate the significant
value option on the initial recognition in order to eliminate any accounting mismatch in accordance	unobservable inputs and assumptions used by the Bank for the fair
with TFRS 9.	value calculation of the related instruments. We also evaluated the adequacy of the unconsolidated financial
The fair value of the securitization loans which are accounted as financial liabilities measured at	statements disclosures related to the measurement of financial
fair value through profit or loss are determined as Level 3 considering the significant unobservable	instruments (the fair value hierarchy of financial instruments
inputs, assumptions and estimates used.	determined as Level 3).
As mentioned above, the measurement of financial instruments (the fair value hierarchy of financial instruments determined as Level 3) is determined as key audit matter considering high degree of judgements and assumptions.	



Pension plan

The details of accounting policies and significant judgements of pension plan are presented in Section III No: XVII of the unconsolidated financial statements.

KEY AUDIT MATTER	HOW THE MATTER WAS ADDRESSED IN OUR AUDIT
 The Bank's defined benefit pension plan (the "Plan") is managed by "Türkiye Garanti Bankası A.Ş. Memur ve Müstahdemleri Emekli ve Yardım Sandığı Vakfı" (the "Fund") established as per the provisional article 20 of the Social Security Law No. 506 and the Bank's employees are the members of this Fund. As disclosed in the Note 3.17 to the unconsolidated financial statements, the Plan is composed of benefits which are subject to transfer to Social Security Foundation ("SSF") as per the Social Security Law no.5510 provisional article 20, and other social rights and pension benefits provided by the Bank that are not transferable to SSF. The Council of Ministers has been authorized to determine the transfer date. Following the transfer, the non-transferable social rights and pension benefits provided under the Plan will be covered by the funds and the institutions that employ the funds' members. As of 31 December 2020, the Bank's transferrable liabilities are calculated by an independent actuary using the actuarial assumptions regulated by Law, and in accordance with the Decision of the Council of Ministers announced in the Official Gazette dated 15 December 2006 and No.26377. As of 31 December 2020, the Bank's non-transferrable liabilities are also calculated by independent actuary in accordance with TAS 19 Employee Benefits Standard. The valuation of the Pension Fund liabilities requires judgement in determining appropriate assumptions such as defining the transferrable social benefits, discount rates, salary increases, inflation levels, demographic assumptions, and the impact of changes in Pension Plan. Management uses independent actuaries to assist in assessing the uncertainty around the transfer date and basis of the transfer calculation given the fact that the technical interest rate is prescribed under the law, we considered this to be a key audit matter. 	 Our procedures for auditing calculations of the management's pension plan liability included below: We evaluated the design and implementation of the controls that the Bank has set for the liability calculations related to the pension plan was tested. We have assessed whether there have been any significant changes in actuarial assumptions, methods and underlying regulations used in calculations. We evaluated the significant changes during the period in pension plan benefits, plan assets or membership profiles which affect liabilities have been evaluated. We have involved our own actuarial assumptions and calculations. We have evaluated whether the plan assets are adequate to cover the Pension Plan liabilities, under the methods and assumptions used including the effects of COVID-19. We evaluated the adequacy of the unconsolidated financial statements disclosures, including disclosures of key assumptions, judgements and sensitivities.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Unconsolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these unconsolidated financial statements in accordance with the "BRSA Accounting and Reporting Legislation", and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of unconsolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the unconsolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Bank's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Bank or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Bank's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Unconsolidated Financial Statements

Responsibilities of auditors in an audit are as follows:

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the unconsolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with TSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these unconsolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with TSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

• Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the unconsolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting



from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Bank's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Bank's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the unconsolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Bank to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the unconsolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the unconsolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the unconsolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

B) REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

1) Pursuant to the fourth paragraph of Article 402 of the Turkish Commercial Code ("TCC") No. 6102; no significant matter has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the Bank's bookkeeping activities for the period 1 January - 31 December 2020 are not in compliance with TCC and provisions of the Bank's articles of association in relation to financial reporting.

2) Pursuant to the fourth paragraph of Article 402 of the TCC; the Board of Directors provided us the necessary explanations and required documents in connection with the audit.

ADDITIONAL PARAGRAPH FOR CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION TO ENGLISH:

The accounting principles summarized in Note I Section Three, differ from the accounting principles generally accepted in countries in which the accompanying unconsolidated financial statements are to be distributed and International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). Accordingly, the accompanying unconsolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in such countries of users of the unconsolidated financial statements and IFRS.

KPMG Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik Anonim Şirketi A member firm of KPMG International Cooperative



28 January 2021 Istanbul, Turkey

Our Value Creation Financial Health

> Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Levent Nispetiye Mah. Aytar Cad. No:2 Beşiktaş 34340 İstanbul Telefon: 212 318 18 18 Faks: 212 216 64 22 www.garanti.com.tr investorrelations@garanti.com.tr

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL REPORT AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

The unconsolidated year-end financial report prepared in accordance with the communiqué of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks as regulated by Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency, is comprised of the following sections:

- 1. General Information about the Bank
- 2. Unconsolidated Financial Statements of the Bank
- 3. Disclosures Related to Accounting Policies Applied in the Related Period
- 4. Financial Position and Risk Management Applications of the Bank
- 5. Disclosures and Footnotes on Unconsolidated Financial Statements
- 6. Other Disclosures and Footnotes
- 7. Independent Auditors' Report

The unconsolidated financial statements and related disclosures and footnotes that were subject to independent audit, are prepared in accordance with the Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents, Turkish Accounting Standards, Turkish Financial Reporting Standards and the related statements and guidances, and in compliance with the financial records of our Bank and, unless stated otherwise, presented in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL).



AYDIN GÜLER Executive Vice President Responsible of Financial Reporting

AVNI AYDIN DÜREN Audit Committee Member

HAKAN ÖZDEMIR Financial Reporting and Accounting Director

IS SEMA RDUM Committee Member

The authorized contact person for questions on this financial report: Name-Surname/Title: Handan SAYGIN/Director of Investor Relations

AZCUNAGA

Tel No: (0212) 318 23 50 Fax No: (0212) 216 59 02

JORGE

AENZ

BRANZA

Audit Committee Member

	ReachingOperationalData andThe Best and MostCorporateFinancial Reportsre CustomersExcellenceTechnologyEngaged TeamGovernanceand Appendix	264
	Convenience Translati Statements and Related D Footnotes Originally Iss	isclosures and
	SECTION ONE - GENERAL INFORMATION	PAGE NO
I. II.	History of the bank including its incorporation date, initial legal status, amendments to legal status Bank's shareholder structure, management and internal audit, direct and indirect shareholders, change in shareholder structure during the period and information on bank's risk group	265 265
	Information on the bank's board of directors chairman and members, audit committee members, chief executive officer, executive vice presidents and their responsibilities and	266
IV.	shareholdings in the bank Information on the bank's qualified shareholders	267
V.	Summary information on the bank's qualined shareholders	267
VI.	Current or likely actual or legal barriers to immediate transfer of equity or repayment of debts between the bank and its subsidiaries	267
	SECTION TWO - UNCONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
I.	Balance sheet - Assets	268
II. III.	Balance sheet - Liabilities Off-balance sheet items	269 270
IV.	Statement of profit or loss	270
V.	Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income	272
VI.	Statement of changes in shareholders' equity	273
VII. VIII.	Statement of cash flows Statement of profit distribution	274 275
I.	SECTION THREE - ACCOUNTING POLICIES Basis of presentation	276
ı. II.	Basis of presentation Strategy for use of financial instruments and foreign currency transactions	276
III.	Investments in associates and subsidiaries	278
IV. V.	Forwards, options and other derivative transactions	278 279
VI.	Interest income and expenses Fees and commissions	277
VII.	Financial instruments	280
VIII.	Disclosures on impairment of financial instruments	284
IX. X.	Netting and derecognition of financial instruments Repurchase and resale agreements and securities lending	289 291
XI.	Assets held for sale, discontinued operations and related liabilities	291
XII.	Goodwill and other intangible assets	291
XIII. XIV.	Tangible assets Leasing activities	292 293
XV.	Provisions and contingent liabilities	294
XVI.	Contingent assets	294
XVII. XVIII.	Liabilities for employee benefits Taxation	294 295
XIX.	Funds borrowed	297
XX.	Share issuances	297
XXI. XXII.	Confirmed bills of exchange and acceptances Government incentives	298 298
XXIII.	Segment reporting	298
XXIV.	Profit reserves and profit appropriation	299
XXV. XXVI.	Earnings per share Related parties	299 300
	Cash and cash equivalents	300
XXVIII.	Other disclosures	300
	SECTION FOUR - FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT	
I.	Total capital	300
II. III.	Credit risk Currency risk	306 315
IV.	Interest rate risk	317
V.	Position risk of equity securities	320
VI. VII.	Liquidity risk management and liquidity coverage ratio Leverage ratio	322 328
VIII.	Fair values of financial assets and liabilities	328
IX.	Transactions carried out on behalf of customers and items held in trust	331
Х.	Risk management objectives and policies	331
	SECTION FIVE - DISCLOSURES AND FOOTNOTES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
l.	Assets	351
Ш.	Liabilities	376
III. IV.	Off-balance sheet items Statement of profit or loss	385 389
V.	Statement of profit of loss Statement of changes in shareholders' equity	389
VI.	Statement of cash flows	396
VII. VIII.	Related party risks Domestic, foreign and off-shore branches or equity investments, and foreign representative offices	398 400
IX.	Matters arising subsequent to balance sheet date	400
	SECTION SIX - OTHER DISCLOSURES ON ACTIVITIES OF BANK	
I.	Bank's latest international risk ratings	401
П.	Dividends	402
III.	Other disclosures	402
	SECTION SEVEN - INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	
I.	Disclosures on independent auditors' report	402
11.	Disclosures and footnotes prepared by independent auditors	402

Our Value Creation Our 2020 Materia Issue: COVID-19

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Sustainability

1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Introduction

1.1 HISTORY OF THE BANK INCLUDING ITS INCORPORATION DATE, INITIAL LEGAL STATUS, AMENDMENTS TO LEGAL STATUS

Türkiye Garanti Bankası Anonim Şirketi (the Bank) was established by the decree of Council of Ministers numbered 3/4010 dated 11 April 1946 as a "private bank" and its "Articles of Association" was issued in the Official Gazette dated 25 April 1946.

Following the acquisition on 27 July 2015, Banco Bilbao Vizcaya Argentaria SA (BBVA)'s stake in the Bank reached to 39.90% and BBVA become the main shareholder. Accordingly, the Bank was moved to the "Foreign Deposit Banks" category from the "Private Deposit Bank" category by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency (the BRSA).

The Bank provides banking services through 884 domestic branches, 8 foreign branches and 2 representative offices abroad (31 December 2019: 904 domestic branches, 8 foreign branches and 2 representative offices). The Bank's head office is located in Istanbul.

1.2 BANK'S SHAREHOLDER STRUCTURE, MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL AUDIT, DIRECT AND INDIRECT SHAREHOLDERS, CHANGE IN SHAREHOLDER STRUCTURE DURING THE PERIOD AND INFORMATION ON BANK'S RISK GROUP

As of 31 December 2020, group of companies under BBVA that currently owns 49.85% shares of the Bank, is defined as the BBVA Group (the Group) and it is the main shareholder.

On 22 March 2011, BBVA had acquired; 78.120.000.000 shares of the Bank owned by GE Capital Corporation at a total nominal value of TL 781,200 representing 18.60% ownership, and 26.418.840.000 shares of the Bank owned by Doğuş Holding AŞ at a total nominal value of TL 264,188 representing 6.29% ownership. BBVA, purchasing 24.89% shares of the Bank, had joint control on the Bank's management together with group of companies under Doğuş Holding AŞ (the Doğuş Group).

On 7 April 2011, BBVA had acquired 503.160.000 shares at a nominal value of TL 5,032 and increased its ownership in the Bank's share capital to 25.01%.

In accordance with the terms of the agreement between BBVA and the Doğuş Group which was previously disclosed on 19 November 2014, the sale of shares representing 14.89% of the share capital of the Bank with a face value of TL 625,380 and 62.538.000.000 shares by the Doğuş Group to BBVA, was completed on 27 July 2015. Following the acquisition, BBVA's stake in the Bank reached to 39.90% and BBVA became the main shareholder. The Bank was moved to "Foreign Deposit Banks" category from "Private Deposit Bank" category by the BRSA.

On 21 February 2017, BBVA agreed with Doğuş Group to acquire 41.790.000.000 shares at a nominal value of TL 417,900 representing 9.95% ownership and on 22 March 2017 in accordance with the terms of the agreements share transfer had been finalized. After the share transfer BBVA's interest in the share capital of the Bank is at 49.85%.

As of balance sheet date, the Doğuş Group's interest in the share capital of the Bank is at 0.05%.

BBVA GROUP

BBVA is operating for more than 160 years, providing variety of wide spread financial and non-financial services to 80 million retail and commercial customers.

The Group's headquarter is in Spain, where the Group has concrete leadership in retail and commercial markets. BBVA adopting innovative, and customer and community oriented management style, besides banking, operates in insurance sector in Europe and portfolio management, private banking and investment banking in global markets.

BBVA which is the largest financial institution in Mexico and also the market leader in South America, operates in more than 30 countries with more than 124 thousand employees.

Data and Technology

The Best and Most Engaged Team

and Appendix

266

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

1.3 INFORMATION ON THE BANK'S BOARD OF DIRECTORS CHAIRMAN AND MEMBERS, AUDIT COMMITTEE MEMBERS, CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER, EXECUTIVE VICE PRESIDENTS AND THEIR RESPONSIBILITIES AND SHAREHOLDINGS IN THE BANK

BOARD OF DIRECTORS CHAIRMAN AND MEMBERS:

NAME AND SURNAME	RESPONSIBILITY	APPOINTMENT DATE	EDUCATION	EXPERIENCE IN BANKING AND BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION
Süleyman Sözen	Chairman	29.05.1997	University	40 years
Jorge Saenz Azcunaga Carranza	Vice Chairman Independent Member and Member of Audit Committee	24.03.2016	University	28 years
Recep Baştuğ	Member and CEO	06.09.2019	University	31 years
Sait Ergun Özen	Member	14.05.2003	University	34 years
Dr. Muammer Cüneyt Sezgin	Member	30.06.2004	PhD	33 years
Jaime Saenz de Tejada Pulido	Member	02.10.2014	University	29 years
Javier Bernal Dionis	Member	27.07.2015	Master	31 years
Rafael Salinas Martinez de Lecea	Member	08.05.2017	Master	30 years
Belkıs Sema Yurdum	Independent Member and Member of Audit Committee	30.04.2013	University	40 years
Avni Aydın Düren	Independent Member and Member of Audit Committee	17.06.2020	Master	29 years
Mevhibe Canan Özsoy	Independent Member	04.04.2019	Master	32 years

CEO AND EXECUTIVE VICE PRESIDENTS:

NAME AND SURNAME	RESPONSIBILITY	APPOINTMENT DATE	EDUCATION	EXPERIENCE IN BANKING AND BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION
Recep Baştuğ	CEO	06.09.2019	University	31 years
İlker Kuruöz	EVP - Engineering Services and Data	14.03.2018	Master	29 years
Betül Ebru Edin	EVP - Corporate, Investment Banking and Global Markets	25.11.2009	University	27 years
İşil Akdemir Evlioğlu	EVP - Customer Solutions and Digital Banking	01.03.2020	Master	15 years
Selahattin Güldü (**)	EVP - Commercial Banking	20.04.2018	University	30 years
Didem Başer	EVP - Talent and Culture	01.03.2020	Master	26 years
Aydın Güler	EVP - Finance and Treasury	03.02.2016	University	30 years
Ali Temel (*)	Head of Credit Risk Management	03.02.2016	University	30 years
Mahmut Akten	EVP - Retail Banking	17.01.2017	Master	21 years
Cemal Onaran (**)	EVP - SME Banking	17.01.2017	University	30 years

(*)As of 1 January 2021, Murat Atay is assigned as Head of Credit Risk Management. (**) At the Board of Directors meeting dated 18 January 2021 it was decided to appoint Cemal Onaran to replace Selahattin Güldü as the Executive Vice President in charge of Commercial Banking and Sibel Kaya to replace Cemal Onaran as the Executive Vice President in charge of SME Banking. These appointments will be effective following the completion of necessary legal procedures and obtaining of legal approvals.

The top management listed above does not hold any material unquoted shares of the Bank.

Our Value Creation

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

1.4 INFORMATION ON THE BANK'S QUALIFIED SHAREHOLDERS

NAME / COMPANY	SHARES	OWNERSHIP	PAID-IN CAPITAL	UNPAID PORTION
Banco Bilbao Vizcaya Argentaria SA	2,093,700	49.85%	2,093,700	-

1.5 SUMMARY INFORMATION ON THE BANK'S ACTIVITIES AND SERVICES

Activities of the Bank as stated at the third clause of its Articles of Association are as follows:

- All banking operations,
- Participating in, establishing, and trading the shares of enterprises at various sectors within the limits set forth by the Banking Law;
- · Providing attorneyship, insurance agency, brokerage and freight services in relation with banking activities,
- Purchasing/selling debt securities, treasury bills, government bonds and other share certificates issued by Turkish government and other official and private institutions on the condition that completion of the necessary approvals and permits by Capital Markets Board of Turkey,
- Developing economical and financial relations with foreign organizations,
- Dealing with all economic operations in compliance with the Banking Law

The Bank's activities are not limited to those disclosed in that third clause, but whenever the Board of Directors deems any operations other than those stated above to be of benefit to the Bank, it is recommended in the general meeting, and the launching of the related project depends on the decision taken during the General Assembly which results in a change in the Articles of Association and on the approval of this decision by the Ministry of Industry and Commerce. Accordingly, the approved decision is added to the Articles of Association.

The Bank is not a specialized bank but deals with all kinds of banking activities. Deposits are the main sources of the lendings to the customers. The Bank grants loans to companies operating in various sectors while aiming to maintain the required level of efficiency.

The Bank also grants non-cash loans to its customers; especially letters of guarantee, letters of credit and acceptance credits.

1.6 CURRENT OR LIKELY ACTUAL OR LEGAL BARRIERS TO IMMEDIATE TRANSFER OF EQUITY OR REPAYMENT OF DEBTS BETWEEN THE BANK AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

None.



268

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ

Balance Sheet (Statement of Financial Position) At 31 December 2020

2 UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

			THOUSANDS OF TURKISH LIRA (TL) CURRENT PERIOD PRIOR PERIOD						
	ASSETS		CURRENT PERIOD 31 DECEMBER 2020			P 31 D	9		
		FOOTNOTES	TL	FC	TOTAL	TL	FC	TOTAL	
I.	FINANCIAL ASSETS (Net)		40,531,365	80,554,683	121,086,048	33,776,385	62,458,332	96,234,717	
1.1	Cash and Cash Equivalents	5.1.1	15,068,077	62,724,448	77,792,525	13,719,095	50,054,007	63,773,102	
1.1.1	Cash and Balances with Central Bank		6,997,122	48,169,467	55,166,589	3,285,976	38,390,532	41,676,508	
1.1.2	Banks		254,194	14,541,451	14,795,645	275,625	11,593,863	11,869,488	
1.1.3	Money Market Placements		8,003,922	239,378	8,243,300	10,193,163	183,283	10,376,446	
1.1.4	Expected Credit Losses (-)		187,161	225,848	413,009	35,669	113,671	149,340	
1.2	Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Profit/Loss (FVTPL)	5.1.2	578,558	6,929,395	7,507,953	380,115	4,510,763	4,890,878	
1.2.1	Government Securities		518,067	2,077,532	2,595,599	340,037	91,126	431,163	
1.2.2	Equity Securities		29,086	54,021	83,107	40,078	20,428	60,506	
1.2.3	Other Financial Assets		31,405	4,797,842	4,829,247	-	4,399,209	4,399,209	
1.3	Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVOCI)	5.1.3	22,424,484	8,933,994	31,358,478	18,133,071	6,549,979	24,683,050	
1.3.1	Government Securities		22,255,104	8,691,269	30,946,373	18,051,257	6,216,429	24,267,686	
1.3.2	Equity Securities		58,305	242,725	301,030	32,328	333,550	365,878	
1.3.3	Other Financial Assets		111,075	-	111,075	49,486	-	49,486	
1.4	Derivative Financial Assets	5.1.4	2,460,246	1,966,846	4,427,092	1,544,104	1,343,583	2,887,687	
1.4.1	Derivative Financial Assets Measured at FVTPL		2,013,085	1,966,846	3,979,931	1,131,692	1,334,234	2,465,926	
1.4.2	Derivative Financial Assets Measured at FVOCI		447,161		447,161	412,412	9,349	421,761	
II.	FINANCIAL ASSETS MEASURED AT AMORTIZED COST		227,790,391	102,188,728	329,979,119	177,953,331	86,015,238	263,968,569	
2.1	Loans	5.1.5	215,622,779	99,461,744	315,084,523	166,955,553	84,209,820	251,165,373	
2.2	Lease Receivables	5.1.6	-	-	-	-	-		
2.3	Other Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost	5.1.7	22,653,295	11,687,924	34,341,219	20,732,279	7,884,639	28,616,918	
2.3.1	Government Securities		22,619,714	10,541,868	33,161,582	20,591,464	6,967,172	27,558,636	
2.3.2	Other Financial Assets		33,581	1,146,056	1,179,637	140,815	917,467	1,058,282	
2.4	Expected Credit Losses (-)		10,485,683	8,960,940	19,446,623	9,734,501	6,079,221	15,813,722	
III.	ASSETS HELD FOR SALE AND ASSETS OF DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (Net)	5.1.8	768,033	-	768,033	1,291,274	-	1,291,274	
3.1	Asset Held for Resale		768,033		768,033	1,291,274		1,291,274	
3.2	Assets of Discontinued Operations							1,271,27	
IV.	INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES, SUBSIDIARIES AND JOINT VENTURES		3,436,942	7,980,844	11,417,786	2,905,123	5,681,755	8,586,878	
4.1	Associates (Net)	5.1.9	45,780	-	45,780	35,158		35,158	
4.1.1	Associates Consolidated Under Equity Accounting	5.1.7		_	45,700			55,150	
4.1.2	Unconsolidated Associates		45,780		45,780	35,158		35,158	
4.2	Subsidiaries (Net)	5.1.10	3,391,162	7,980,844	11,372,006	2,869,965	5,681,755	8,551,720	
4.2.1	Unconsolidated Financial Investments in Subsidiaries	3.1.10	3,287,142	7,980,844		2,765,945	5,681,755	8,447,700	
4.2.2	Unconsolidated Non-Financial Investments in Subsidiaries		104,020		104,020	104,020		104,020	
4.3	Joint Ventures (Net)	5.1.11				104,020		10-7,020	
4.3.1	Joint-Ventures Consolidated Under Equity Accounting	5.1.11							
4.3.2	Unconsolidated Joint-Ventures								
V.	TANGIBLE ASSETS (Net)	5.1.12	5,319,194	267	5,319,461	4,990,953	271	4,991,224	
VI.	INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Net)	5.1.12		- 207					
6.1	Goodwill	3.1.13	454,552	-	454,552	350,882		350,882	
6.2	Others		454,552	-	454,552	350,882	-	350,882	
		5.1.14	454,552 704,701	-		,	-		
	INVESTMENT PROPERTY (Net)	3.1.14	704,701	-	704,701	703,141	-	703,141	
	CURRENT TAX ASSET	E 1 1F	3 500 500	-	3 500 500	1 710 510	-	1 710 510	
IX.	DEFERRED TAX ASSET	5.1.15	3,509,508	-	3,509,508	1,710,519		1,710,519	
X.	OTHER ASSETS (Net)	5.1.16	8,036,017	11,522,595	19,558,612	5,212,339	8,102,727	13,315,066	
	TOTAL ASSETS		290,550,703	202,247,117				391,152,270	

Our Value Creation

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ

Balance Sheet (Statement of Financial Position) At 31 December 2020

			THOUSANDS OF TURKISH LIRA (TL) CURRENT PERIOD PRIOR PERIOD					
	LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	FOOTNOTES		ECEMBER 2020			DECEMBER 201	
l.	DEPOSITS	FOOTNOTES 5.2.1	TL 143,602,381	FC 177,909,214	TOTAL 321 511 595	TL 114,481,908	FC 134,269,183	TOTAL
 II.	FUNDS BORROWED	5.2.2	1,558,595	23.879.846	25,438,441	1,687,332	23,435,491	25,122,823
	MONEY MARKET FUNDS	5.2.3	71,830		71,830	67,803	436,372	504,175
IV.	SECURITIES ISSUED (NET)	5.2.4	6,088,978	12,901,692	18,990,670	6,036,084	10,371,648	16,407,732
4.1	Bills	5.2.4	4,661,251	12,701,072	4,661,251	4,825,540	10,371,040	4,825,540
4.2	Asset Backed Securities			-			-	1,020,010
4.3	Bonds		1,427,727	12,901,692	14,329,419	1,210,544	10,371,648	11,582,192
v.	FUNDS		.,,					
5.1	Borrowers' Funds			-	-	-		
5.2	Others				-			
VI.	FINANCIAL LIABILITIES MEASURED AT FVTPL	5.2.5	-	15,980,865	15,980,865		14,292,878	14,292,878
VII.	DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL LIABILITIES	5.2.6	4,310,977	4,033,168	8,344,145	1,876,549	2,208,025	4,084,574
7.1	Derivative Financial Liabilities Measured at FVTPL	5.2.0	4,250,654	3,798,190	8,048,844	1,282,689	2,139,130	3,421,819
7.2	Derivative Financial Liabilities Measured at FVOCI		60,323	234,978	295,301	593,860	68,895	662,755
VIII.	FACTORING PAYABLES		00,323	234,770	273,301	373,000		002,733
IX.	LEASE PAYABLES (Net)	5.2.7	830,788	42,233	873,021	949.775	56,373	1,006,148
X.	PROVISIONS	5.2.8	5,985,404	3,065,706	9,051,110	4,685,257	1,046,489	5,731,746
10.1	Restructuring Reserves	5.2.0	3,703,404	3,003,700	7,031,110	4,005,257	1,040,407	3,731,740
10.1	Reserve for Employee Benefits		1,223,831	110,082	1,333,913	1,073,537	71,419	1,144,956
10.2	Insurance Technical Provisions (Net)		1,223,031	110,002	1,333,713	1,075,557	/1,41/	1,144,750
10.3	Other Provisions		4,761,573	2,955,624	7,717,197	3,611,720	975,070	4,586,790
XI.	CURRENT TAX LIABILITY	5.2.9	2,132,278	31,882	2,164,160	1,081,878	51,672	1,133,550
XII.	DEFERRED TAX LIABILITY	3.2.7	2,132,270		2,104,100	1,001,070	51,072	1,155,550
<u></u>			-					
XIII.	LIABILITIES FOR ASSETS HELD FOR SALE AND ASSETS OF DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (Net)	5.2.10	-	-	-	-	-	
13.1	Asset Held for Sale		-	-	-	-	-	-
13.2	Assets of Discontinued Operations		-	-	-	-	-	
XIV.	SUBORDINATED DEBTS	5.2.11	1,029,532	5,569,437	6,598,969	261,478	4,468,229	4,729,707
14.1	Borrowings		-	-	-	-	-	
14.2	Other Debt Instruments		1,029,532	5,569,437	6,598,969	261,478	4,468,229	4,729,707
XV.	OTHER LIABILITIES	5.2.12	18,337,471	3,353,820	21,691,291	13,992,137	1,630,043	15,622,180
XVI.	SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	5.2.13	61,783,033	298,690	62,081,723	53,281,263	484,403	53,765,666
16.1	Paid-in Capital		4,200,000	-	4,200,000	4,200,000	-	4,200,000
16.2	Capital Reserves		784,434	-	784,434	784,434	-	784,434
16.2.1	Share Premium		11,880	-	11,880	11,880	-	11,880
16.2.2	Share Cancellation Profits		-	-	-	-	-	
16.2.3	Other Capital Reserves		772,554	-	772,554	772,554	-	772,554
16.3	Other Comprehensive Income/Expense Items not to be Recycled to Profit or Loss		1,487,187	114,358	1,601,545	1,275,384	267,781	1,543,165
16.4	Other Comprehensive Income/Expense Items to be Recycled to Profit or Loss		3,745,069	(85,252)	3,659,817	1,962,812	(54,458)	1,908,354
16.5	Profit Reserves		45,131,892	269,584	45,401,476	38,899,792	271,080	39,170,872
16.5.1	Legal Reserves		1,465,374	-	1,465,374	1,465,374	-	1,465,374
16.5.2	Status Reserves		-	-	-	-	-	
1/ 5 2	Extraordinary Reserves		43,428,505	-	43,428,505	37,201,842	-	37,201,842
16.5.3	Other Profit Reserves		238,013	269,584	507,597	232,576	271,080	503,656
16.5.4			(10.1.151	-	6,434,451	6,158,841	-	6,158,841
	Profit/Loss		6,434,451	-	0,101,101	0,100,011		
16.5.4 16.6	Profit/Loss Prior Periods' Profit/Loss		196,448	-	196,448	-	-	
16.5.4						6,158,841		6,158,841

	Reaching More Customers	Operational Excellence	Data and Technology	The Best and Most Engaged Team	Corporate Governance	Financial Reports and Appendix	270
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TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ

Off-Balance Sheet Items At 31 December 2020

	THOUSANDS OF TURKISH CURRENT PERIOD								
			CURRENT PERIOD 31 DECEMBER 2020			PRIOR PERIOD 31 DECEMBER 2019			
		FOOTNOTES	TL	FC	TOTAL		FC	, ТОТА	
A	OFF-BALANCE SHEET COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (I+II+III)		250,438,359	381,495,813	631,934,172	186,024,138		476,350,94	
	GARANTİ ve KEFALETLER	5.3.1	31,824,340	44,535,398	76,359,738	23,655,572	36,838,728	60,494,30	
.1.	Letters of guarantee		31,475,024	32,453,565	63,928,589	23,555,242	25,924,721	49,479,96	
.1.1.	Guarantees subject to State Tender Law		-	1,368,856	1,368,856	-	1,252,136	1,252,13	
.1.2.	Guarantees given for foreign trade operations		2,489,512	624,418	3,113,930	1,408,118	535,596	1,943,71	
.1.3.	Other letters of guarantee		28,985,512 70,194	30,460,291 2,103,257	59,445,803	22,147,124 35,845	24,136,989	46,284,11	
.2.	Bank acceptances Import letter of acceptance		70,194	2,103,257	2,173,451 2,173,451	35,395	1,543,198 1,521,807	1,579,04	
1.2.2.	Other bank acceptances			2,103,237	2,173,431	450	21,391	21,84	
1.3.	Letters of credit		279,122	9,858,696	10,137,818	64,485	9,296,630	9,361,11	
1.3.1.	Documentary letters of credit							.,	
1.3.2.	Other letters of credit		279,122	9,858,696	10,137,818	64,485	9,296,630	9,361,11	
1.4.	Guaranteed prefinancings		-	-	-	-	-		
1.5.	Endorsements		-	-	-	-	-		
1.5.1.	Endorsements to the Central Bank of Turkey		-	-	-	-	-		
1.5.2. 1.6.	Other endorsements		-	-	-	-	-		
1.6.	Underwriting commitments Factoring related guarantees		-	-		-	-		
1.7.	Other guarantees			119,880	119,880		74,179	74,17	
1.9.	Other sureties		_			-		/	
I.	COMMITMENTS	5.3.1	75,536,622	25,847,305	101,383,927	62,612,512	12,855,966	75,468,47	
2.1.	Irrevocable commitments		75,525,720	23,850,201	99,375,921	62,597,467	11,407,314	74,004,78	
2.1.1.	Asset purchase and sale commitments		4,789,187	21,980,460	26,769,647	5,305,681	10,055,183	15,360,86	
2.1.2.	Deposit purchase and sale commitments		-		-				
2.1.3.	Share capital commitments to associates and affiliates		-	2,780	2,780	-	6,336	6,33	
2.1.4.	Loan granting commitments		21,120,921	1,866,961	22,987,882	16,444,587	1,345,795	17,790,38	
2.1.5.	Securities issuance brokerage commitments		=	-	=	-	-		
2.1.6. 2.1.7.	Commitments for reserve deposit requirements Commitments for cheque payments		3,174,209		3,174,209	3,184,727		3,184,72	
2.1.7.	Tax and fund obligations on export commitments		143,224		143,224	137,121	-	<u> </u>	
1.0.	Commitments for credit card limits		46,297,211	-	46,297,211	37,522,327	-	37,522,32	
2.1.10.	Commitments for credit cards and banking services related promotions		968	-	968	3,024	-	3,02	
2.1.11.	Receivables from "short" sale commitments on securities		,00	-			-	5,02	
2.1.12.	Payables from "short" sale commitments on securities		-	-	-	-	-		
2.1.13.	Other irrevocable commitments		-	-	-	-	-		
2.2.	Revocable commitments		10,902	1,997,104	2,008,006	15,045	1,448,652	1,463,69	
2.2.1.	Revocable loan granting commitments		10,902	1,995,025	2,005,927	15,045	1,446,989	1,462,03	
2.2.2.	Other revocable commitments		-	2,079	2,079		1,663	1,66	
II.	DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS	5.3.2	143,077,397	311,113,110	454,190,507	99,756,054	240,632,108	340,388,16	
3.1	Derivative financial instruments held for risk management		4,115,260	32,298,462	36,413,722	21,712,536	38,829,691	60,542,22	
3.1.1 3.1.2	Fair value hedges Cash flow hedges		469,986 3,645,274	7,576,457	8,046,443	4,835,016	16,046,285	20,881,30 39,660,92	
3.1.2	Net foreign investment hedges		3,043,274		20,307,277	10,077,320		37,000,72	
3.2	Trading derivatives		138,962,137	278,814,648	417,776,785	78,043,518	201,802,417	279,845,93	
3.2.1	Forward foreign currency purchases/sales		9,048,430	9,869,949	18,918,379	7,301,938	8,068,206	15,370,14	
3.2.1.1	Forward foreign currency purchases		6,508,291	3,145,496	9,653,787	3,682,456	4,054,139	7,736,59	
3.2.1.2	Forward foreign currency sales		2,540,139	6,724,453	9,264,592	3,619,482	4,014,067	7,633,54	
3.2.2	Currency and interest rate swaps		126,227,468	217,752,253	343,979,721	60,693,410	151,509,069	212,202,47	
3.2.2.1	Currency swaps-purchases		8,969,356	84,033,085	93,002,441	10,023,967	61,232,134	71,256,10	
3.2.2.2	Currency swaps-sales		65,502,474	39,504,650	105,007,124	43,714,007	24,234,403	67,948,41	
3.2.2.3	Interest rate swaps-purchases		25,878,025	47,107,259	72,985,284	3,477,718	33,021,266	36,498,98	
3.2.2.4 3.2.3	Interest rate swaps-sales Currency, interest rate and security options		25,877,613 2,589,981	47,107,259	72,984,872 9,310,598	9,982,384	33,021,266 21,935,096	36,498,98 31,917,48	
	Currency call options		1,671,606	1,196,735	2,868,341	5,408,521	5,781,135	11,189,65	
	Currency put options		918,375	2,108,244	3,026,619	4,573,863	7,252,760	11,826,62	
3.2.3.3			-	1,846,602	1,846,602		6,649,121	6,649,12	
3.2.3.4			-	1,569,036	1,569,036	-	2,252,080	2,252,08	
3.2.3.5	Security call options		-	-	-	-	-		
3.2.3.6			-	-	-	-	-		
3.2.4	Currency futures		1,096,258	1,278,030	2,374,288	65,786	471,118	536,90	
3.2.4.1	Currency futures-purchases		567,391	611,740	1,179,131	61,892	208,060	269,95	
3.2.4.2			528,867	666,290	1,195,157	3,894	263,058	266,95	
3.2.5 3.2.5.1	Interest rate futures Interest rate futures-purchases		-		-	-	29,604	29,60	
3.2.5.2	Interest rate futures sales		-	-			29,604	29,60	
3.2.6	Others		-	43,193,799	43,193,799	-	19,789,324	19,789,32	
B	CUSTODY AND PLEDGED ITEMS (IV+V+VI)		871,288,654		1,963,305,301	781,260,644	805,490,181		
IV.	ITEMS HELD IN CUSTODY		49,252,335	56,050,432	105,302,767	43,409,744	42,261,767	85,671,51	
4.1.	Customers' securities held		11,346,140	-	11,346,140	9,529,381	-	9,529,38	
4.2.	Investment securities held in custody		14,459,589	17,679,389	32,138,978	15,270,202	12,493,790	27,763,99	
4.3.	Checks received for collection		17,546,040	6,928,003	24,474,043	15,595,071	5,756,410	21,351,48	
1.4.	Commercial notes received for collection		2,483,134	1,064,265	3,547,399	2,701,590	914,041	3,615,63	
1.5.	Other assets received for collection		3,320,118	26,718,602	30,038,720	250,510	20,775,992	21,026,50	
1.6. 1.7.	Assets received through public offering		- 07 21/	181,367	181,367		144,496	2 240 02	
+. <i>7.</i> 4.8.	Other items under custody Custodians		97,314	3,478,806	3,576,120	62,990	2,177,038	2,240,02	
+.o. /.	PLEDGED ITEMS				1,858,002,534	737,850,900	763,228,414	1.501 079 21	
5.1.	Securities		5,755,288	2,036,084	7,791,372	3,562,837	1,433,797	4,996,63	
5.2.	Guarantee notes		23,242,788	13,837,997	37,080,785	23,696,036	11,082,043	34,778,07	
5.3.	Commodities		65,681	-		3,371		3,37	
5.4.	Warranties		-	-		-	-		
5.5.	Real estates		186,467,015	170,167,248	356,634,263	174,794,481	134,473,134	309,267,61	
5.6.	Other pledged items		606,505,547	849,924,755	1,456,430,302	535,794,175	616,239,344	1,152,033,51	
5.7.	Pledged items-depository		-	131	131	-	96	9	
	CONFIRMED BULLS OF EVOLUANCE AND SUBSTICS		-	-	-	-	-		
	CONFIRMED BILLS OF EXCHANGE AND SURETIES								
/I.	TOTAL OFF-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS (A+B)				2,595,239,473		1,095,816,983		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

Our Value Creation Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19

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TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ

Statement of Profit or Loss For the period ended at 31 December 2020

			THOUSANDS OF TURKISH LI	RA (TL)
	INCOME AND EXPENSE ITEMS		CURRENT PERIOD 1 JANUARY 2020- 31 DECEMBER 2020	PRIOR PERIOD 1 JANUARY 2019- 31 DECEMBER 2019
		FOOTNOTES		
Ι.	INTEREST INCOME	5.4.1	37,228,620	39,684,410
1.1	Interest income on loans		29,565,695	32,292,575
1.2	Interest income on reserve deposits		81,711	366,711
1.3	Interest income on banks		80,749	548,770
1.4 1.5	Interest income on money market transactions Interest income on securities portfolio		6,404,166	382,138
1.5.1	Financial assets measured at FVTPL		117,865	99,964
1.5.2	Financial assets measured at FVOCI		2,995,164	2,674,214
1.5.3	Financial assets measured at amortised cost		3,291,137	2,812,065
1.6	Financial lease income			_/= · - /
1.7	Other interest income		356,095	507,973
	INTEREST EXPENSE	5.4.2	13,460,416	20,657,218
2.1	Interest on deposits		9,265,731	16,382,233
2.2	Interest on funds borrowed		1,501,682	1,952,440
2.3	Interest on money market transactions		239,660	35,170
2.4	Interest on securities issued		1,903,586	2,014,356
2.5	Lease interest expense		129,771	185,655
2.6	Other interest expenses		419,986	87,364
III.	NET INTEREST INCOME (I - II)		23,768,204	19,027,192
IV.	NET FEES AND COMMISSIONS INCOME/EXPENSES		5,978,016	6,088,510
4.1	Fees and commissions received		7,550,842	8,364,406
4.1.1	Non-cash loans		714,449	678,317
4.1.2	Others		6,836,393	7,686,089
4.2	Fees and commissions paid		1,572,826	2,275,896
4.2.1	Non-cash loans		1,943	584
4.2.2	Others		1,570,883	2,275,312
V.	DIVIDEND INCOME	5.4.3	18,994	8,893
VI.	NET TRADING INCOME/LOSSES (Net)	5.4.4	181,487	(1,939,519)
6.1	Trading account income/losses		625,177	(205,827)
6.2	Income/losses from derivative financial instruments		(6,385,074)	(2,872,920)
6.3	Foreign exchange gains/losses	5.4.5	5,941,384	1,139,228
VII. VIII.		5.4.5	4,567,722	3,965,073
IX.	TOTAL OPERATING PROFIT (III+IV+V+VI+VII)	5.4.6	34,514,423	27,150,149
<u>х.</u>	EXPECTED CREDIT LOSSES (-)	5.4.6	13,394,295	10,701,394
<u>л.</u> XI.	OTHER PROVISIONS (-) PERSONNEL EXPENSES (-)	5.4.0	3,766,103 3,706,612	820,604 3,523,682
XII.	OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES (-)	5.4.7	6,331,031	5,182,131
XIII.	NET OPERATING PROFIT/LOSS (VIII-IX-X-XI-XII)	5.4.7	7,316,382	6,922,338
XIV.	INCOME RESULTED FROM MERGERS		7,510,502	0,722,330
XV.	INCOME/LOSS FROM INVESTMENTS UNDER EQUITY ACCOUNTING		1,323,028	893,943
XVI.	GAIN/LOSS ON NET MONETARY POSITION			
XVII.	OPERATING PROFIT/LOSS BEFORE TAXES (XIII++XVI)	5.4.8	8,639,410	7,816,281
XVIII.	PROVISION FOR TAXES OF CONTINUED OPERATIONS (±)	5.4.9	2,401,407	1,657,440
18.1	Current tax charge		4,168,731	2,118,360
18.2	Deferred tax charge (+)		288,613	217,852
18.3	Deferred tax credit (-)		(2,055,937)	(678,772)
XIX.	NET OPERATING PROFIT/LOSS AFTER TAXES (XVII±XVIII)	5.4.10	6,238,003	6,158,841
XX.	INCOME FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS			
20.1	Income from assets held for sale		-	-
20.2	Income from sale of associates, subsidiaries and joint-ventures		-	-
20.3	Others		-	-
XXI.	EXPENSES FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (-)		-	
21.1	Expenses on assets held for sale		-	
21.2	Expenses on sale of associates, subsidiaries and joint-ventures		-	
21.3	Others		-	
XXII.	PROFIT/LOSS BEFORE TAXES ON DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (XX-XXI)	5.4.8	-	
XXIII.	PROVISION FOR TAXES OF DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (±)	5.4.9	-	
23.1	Current tax charge		-	
23.2	Deferred tax charge (+)		=	
23.3	Deferred tax credit (-)			
XXIV.	NET PROFIT/LOSS AFTER TAXES ON DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (XXII±XXIII)	5.4.10	-	-
XXV.	NET PROFIT/LOSS (XIX+XXIV)	5.4.11	6,238,003	6,158,841
	Earnings per Share		0.01485	0.01466

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ

Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income For the period ended at 31 December 2020

		THOUSANDS OF TU	IRKISH LIRA (TL)
	STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	CURRENT PERIOD 1 JANUARY 2020- 31 DECEMBER 2020	PRIOR PERIOD 1 JANUARY 2019- 31 DECEMBER 2019
I.	CURRENT PERIOD PROFIT/LOSS	6,238,003	6,158,841
II.	OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	2,006,291	892,559
2.1	Other Income/Expense Items not to be Recycled to Profit or Loss	254,828	130,162
2.1.1	Revaluation Surplus on Tangible Assets	406,692	(268)
2.1.2	Revaluation Surplus on Intangible Assets	-	-
2.1.3	Defined Benefit Plans' Actuarial Gains/Losses	(158,177)	(15,708)
2.1.4	Other Income/Expense Items not to be Recycled to Profit or Loss	51,220	151,893
2.1.5	Deferred Taxes on Other Comprehensive Income not to be Recycled to Profit or Loss	(44,907)	(5,755)
2.2	Other Income/Expense Items to be Recycled to Profit or Loss	1,751,463	762,397
2.2.1	Translation Differences	2,025,712	502,294
2.2.2	Income/Expenses from Valuation and/or Reclassification of Financial Assets Measured at FVOCI	328,433	1,160,130
2.2.3	Gains/losses from Cash Flow Hedges	223,145	(697,745)
2.2.4	Gains/Losses on Hedges of Net Investments in Foreign Operations	(968,059)	(237,150)
2.2.5	Other Income/Expense Items to be Recycled to Profit or Loss	55,553	84,959
2.2.6	Deferred Taxes on Other Comprehensive Income to be Recycled to Profit or Loss	86,679	(50,091)
	TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (I+II)	8,244,294	7,051,400

Procession Procession Consistencies<							Ŧ	IOUSANDS	OF TURKIS	THOUSANDS OF TURKISH LIRA (TL)					
And the formation of the formation						OTHER CC INCOME/I NOT TO TO PRC	DMPREHEN EXPENSE IT BE RECYCL DFIT OR LOS	SIVE EMS S	OTHER C EXPENSI TO	OMPREHENSIVE IN E ITEMS TO BE REC O PROFIT OR LOSS	ICOME/ YCLED				
International memoryanyanyanyanyanyanyanyanyanyanyanyanyany		OTNOTES PAID-IN CAPI	ITAL PREMIUM	SHARE CANCELLATION PROFITS	CAPITAL TA CAPITAL TA RESERVES I	EVALUATION SURPLUS ON ANGIBLE AND ANGIBLE ASSETS			ANSLATION FR 6FERENCES 0	INCOME/EXPENSES OM VALLATION AND/ R RECLASSIFICATION F FINANCIAL ASSETS MASURED AT FVOCI				CURRENT RIOD'S NET 9 ROFIT/LOSS	тотаL shareholders' еquity
Mathematical and services Accordition 177.54 1.2.56 (1.3.6.67) <th< td=""><td>PRIOR PERIOD (01/01/2019-31/12/2019)</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th<>	PRIOR PERIOD (01/01/2019-31/12/2019)														
Concretation Sig <t< td=""><td> Balances at Beginning of Period </td><td>4,200,00</td><td></td><td></td><td>772,554</td><td></td><td>(158,829)</td><td></td><td>2,857,876</td><td>(889,345)</td><td>(773,998) 32</td><td>2,108,914</td><td>7,035,545</td><td></td><td>46,687,853</td></t<>	 Balances at Beginning of Period 	4,200,00			772,554		(158,829)		2,857,876	(889,345)	(773,998) 32	2,108,914	7,035,545		46,687,853
International S International <thinternational< th=""> <thinternational< th=""></thinternational<></thinternational<>	II. Correction made as per TAS 8	5.5			•		•	48,576	•	(239,158)	190,582				
	2.1 Effect of Corrections							48,576		(239,158)	190,582				
Adjunctal Balanceas t Bejoning of Priord (14) 4,00000 1,800 -77,254 1,72,864 1,72,84 <td></td> <td>1</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>		1													
Tell Componentie Income . (2.4) (1.3.4) (4.2.70) (6.2.3.6) (6.3.3.0) (7.3.3.3.0) Returble Returble 1	1	4,200,00			772,554		(158,829)		2,857,876	(1,128,503)	(583,416) 32	2,108,914	7,035,545		46,687,853
Copiel Increasin Cash C <thc< th=""> C <thc< th=""> <thc< th=""></thc<></thc<></thc<>						(241)	(12,567)	142,970	502,294	918,603	(658,500)			6,158,841	7,051,400
Capital Interna Fouriera Form Infation Alguarments Capital Interna Fouriera Form Infation Alguarments C <thc< th=""> C C C</thc<>					•		•								
Cubella learner for inflution Adjuarments to chance learner for inflution Adjuarment learner for influtinflution Adjuarm					•	•	•	•	•				•		
• Convertisite Bonda • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •							•								
Subordinated Liabilitie Subordinated L	/III. Convertible Bonds					•	•	•	•				•		
Other Change Other Change Solution	1														
						•	•	•	•			26,413	•		26,413
					•		•	•	•				(7,035,545)		
Interfacto Reserved Interfacto Reserved Interfacto Reserved Interfacto Reserved Interfactor R	1.1 Dividends				1										
Other Other Solution S	1.2 Transfers to Reserves										1	7,029,129	(7,029,129)		
Balances at end of the period (III+VX+XI) 4,200,000 11,880 772,554 1,423,653 (171,396) 3360,170 (1241,916) 39,170,872 6,158,841 current rearo (nonzoos) 1240,000 11,880 772,554 1,423,653 (171,396) 3360,170 (141,286) (96,778) 39,170,872 6,158,841 Currention mode as per TAS 8	1.3 Others	I			1	1				1		6,416	(6,416)		
distribution of period Balance at Beginning of Period Balance at Beginning of Period Balance at Beginning of Period Certection made as per TAS 8 (414,286) (414,286) (414,286) (414,286) (414,286) (418,0,10) (414,286,41) (414,286,41) (414,286,41) (414,286,41) (414,286,41) (414,286,41) (414,286,41) (414,486,42) (414,416,41)	Balances at end of the period (III+IV+X+XI)	4,200,00			772,554	1,423,653			3,360,170	(209,900)		9,170,872		6,158,841	53,765,666
Balances at Beginning of Period Carrection made as per TAS 8 (41,286) (41,286) (41,286) (41,286) (41,61,91) c Carrection made as per TAS 8 (276,198) (276,198) c c Carrection made as per TAS 8 (276,198) (276,198) c	CURRENT PERIOD (01/01/2020-31/12/2020)														
Correction made as per TAS 8 4,200,000 11,880 \cdot ,771,554 1,423,653 (71,396) 236,170 (41,286) (663,718) 337,176,972 6,158,841 Effect of Corrections 5.5 \cdot <t< td=""><td> Balances at Beginning of Period </td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	 Balances at Beginning of Period 														
Effect of Changes in Accounting Policies 5.3 5.4	L. Correction made as per TAS 8				772,554		(171,396)		3,360,170	(414,286)	(963,718) 39	9,170,872	6,158,841		53,765,666
$ \begin{array}{l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l $								710/2/		204,380	(2/0,170)				
$\begin{tabular}{transformed and the served and th$								10/01		000/1007	(0/1/0/7)				
Capital Increase in Cash · <td></td> <td>4.200.00</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>772</td> <td>423,653</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>3,360,170</td> <td>(209.900)</td> <td>(1.241.916) 3</td> <td>9.170.872</td> <td>6,158,841</td> <td></td> <td>53,765,666</td>		4.200.00			772	423,653			3,360,170	(209.900)	(1.241.916) 3	9.170.872	6,158,841		53,765,666
Capital Increase from Inflation Adjustments to ·<					•	1			2,025,712	268,644	(542,893)			5,238,003	8,244,294
Capital Reserves from Inflation Adjustments to Capital Reserves from Inflation Adjustments to Capital Reserves from Inflation Adjustments to Capital Reserves from Inflation Adjustments to Capital Reserves from Inflation Adjustments to Capital Reserves from Inflation Adjustments to Capital Reserves from Inflation Adjustments to Capital Reserves from Inflation Adjustments to Capital Reserves from Inflation Adjustments to Capital Reserves from Inflation Adjustments to Capital Reserves from Provide Adjustments to Capital Reserves from Proves from Provide Adjustments to Capital					•	•	•	•	•	•					
I. Convertible Bonds I. Convertible Bonds I. Convertible Bonds I. Convertible Bonds Subordinated Liabilities I. I. I. I. I. I. I. I. I. I. I. I. I. I												•			
Subordinated Liabilities · <td>/III. Convertible Bonds</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	/III. Convertible Bonds														
Others Changes · · · · · 71,763 ·					•									•	
Profit Distribution								•		•		71,763			71,763
					•		•	•	•		I I	6,158,841	(6,158,841)		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity For the period ended at 31 December 2020

About Garanti BBVA

Our Value Creation

. . . 196,448 6,238,003 62,081,723

58,744 (1,784,809) 45,401,476

161,751 5,385,882

- 772,554 1,737,731 (297,937)

11,880

4,200,000

Balances at end of the period (III+IV...+X+XI)

11.2 Transfers to Reserves

11.3 Others

Dividends

11.1

(5,437) (6,153,404)

6,153,404 5,437 Statement of Cash Flows For the period ended at 31 December 2020

			THOUSANDS OF TUR	KISH LIRA (TL)
		FOOTNOTES	CURRENT PERIOD 1 JANUARY 2020 - 31 DECEMBER 2020	PRIOR PERIOD 1 JANUARY 2019 31 DECEMBER 2019
Α.	CASH FLOWS FROM BANKING OPERATIONS			
1.1	Operating profit before changes in operating assets and liabilities		21,903,644	15,876,583
1.1.1	Interests received		35,563,397	38,112,26
1.1.2	Interests paid		(13,545,207)	(21,370,896
1.1.3	Dividend received		18,994	8,89
1.1.4	Fees and commissions received		7,550,842	8,364,406
1.1.5	Other income		4,567,722	3,715,07
1.1.6	Collections from previously written-off receivables		682,228	681,62
1.1.7	Cash payments to personnel and service suppliers		(8,774,218)	(7,526,315
1.1.8	Taxes paid		(3,138,121)	(1,550,777
1.1.9	Others	5.6	(1,021,993)	(4,557,685
1.2	Changes in operating assets and liabilities		(3,979,033)	(4,979,356
1.2.1	Net (increase) decrease in financial assets measured at FVTPL		(2,366,093)	(976,537
1.2.2	Net (increase) decrease in due from banks		(2,280,497)	612,14
1.2.3	Net (increase) decrease in loans		(72,843,035)	(27,048,033
1.2.4	Net (increase) decrease in other assets		(7,603,770)	(3,354,194
1.2.5	Net increase (decrease) in bank deposits		(1,576,516)	(2,083,930
1.2.6	Net increase (decrease) in other deposits		74,469,494	34,487,443
1.2.7	Net (increase) decrease in financial liabilities measured at FVTPL			,
1.2.8	Net increase (decrease) in funds borrowed	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2,163,065	(4,570,153
1.2.9	Net increase (decrease) in matured payables			
1.2.10	Net increase (decrease) in other liabilities	5.6	6,058,319	(2,046,097
Ι.	Net cash flow from banking operations		17,924,611	10,897,222
в.	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
II.	Net cash flow from investing activities		(10,394,002)	(1,526,120
			(10/07 1/002)	(1,020,120)
2.1	Cash paid for purchase of associates, subsidiaries and joint-ventures		(6,921)	
2.2	Cash obtained from sale of associates, subsidiaries and joint-ventures		-	
2.3	Purchases of tangible assets		(1,174,989)	(527,675
2.4	Sales of tangible assets		576,962	296,180
2.5	Cash paid for purchase of financial assets measured at FVOCI		(18,348,400)	(6,111,155
2.6	Cash obtained from sale of financial assets measured at FVOCI		12,608,994	5,886,156
2.7	Cash paid for purchase of financial assets measured at amortised cost		(7,300,654)	(1,248,680
2.8	Cash obtained from sale of financial assets measured at amortised cost		3,251,006	179,054
2.9	Others	5.6	-	
с.	CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
III.	Net cash flow from financing activities		2,128,343	(3,923,211
3.1	Cash obtained from funds borrowed and securities issued		19,534,573	21,413,34
3.2	Cash used for repayment of funds borrowed and securities issued		(16,951,267)	(25,012,967
3.3	Equity instruments issued			
3.4	Dividends paid		-	
3.5	Payments for financial leases		(454,963)	(323,585
3.6	Others	5.6	-	
IV.	Effect of translation differences on cash and cash equivalents	5.6	2,345,379	1,480,204
V.	Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (I+II+III+IV)		12,004,331	6,928,100
			27 475 425	30,547,325
VI.	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		37,475,425	30,347,323
VI. VII.	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period Cash and cash equivalents at end of period (V+VI)		49,479,756	37,475,425

Our Value Creation

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TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ

Statement of Profit Distribution For The Year Ended 31 December 2020

		THOUSANDS OF TUR	(ISH LIRA (TL)
		CURRENT PERIOD (*) 31 DECEMBER 2020	PRIOR PERIOE 31 DECEMBER 2019
I.	DISTRIBUTION OF CURRENT YEAR PROFIT		
1.1	CURRENT PERIOD PROFIT	8,639,410	7,816,28
1.2	TAXES AND LEGAL DUTIES PAYABLE (-)	2,401,407	1,657,44
	Corporate tax (income tax)	2,401,407	1,657,44
	2 Withholding tax	-	1
	3 Other taxes and duties	-	
A.	NET PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD (1.1-1.2)	6,238,003	6,158,84
1.3	ACCUMULATED LOSSES (-)		
1.4	FIRST LEGAL RESERVES (-)		
1.5	OTHER STATUTORY RESERVES (-)	-	5,43
В.	NET PROFIT AVAILABLE FOR DISTRIBUTION [(A-(1.3+1.4+1.5)]		6,153,40
			0,100,40
1.6	FIRST DIVIDEND TO SHAREHOLDERS (-)	-	
1.6.1	To owners of ordinary shares	-	
1.6.2	2 To owners of privileged shares	-	
1.6.3	3 To owners of redeemed shares	-	
1.6.4	4 To profit sharing bonds	-	
1.6.5	5 To holders of profit and loss sharing certificates	-	
1.7	DIVIDENDS TO PERSONNEL (-)	-	
1.8	DIVIDENDS TO BOARD OF DIRECTORS (-)	-	
1.9	SECOND DIVIDEND TO SHAREHOLDERS (-)	-	
1.9.1	To owners of ordinary shares	-	
1.9.2	2 To owners of privileged shares	-	
1.9.3	3 To owners of redeeemed shares	-	
1.9.4	4 To profit sharing bonds	-	
	5 To holders of profit and loss sharing certificates	-	
1.10	STATUS RESERVES (-)	-	
1.11	EXTRAORDINARY RESERVES	-	6,153,40
1.12	OTHER RESERVES	-	
1.13	SPECIAL FUNDS		
II.	DISTRIBUTION OF RESERVES		
2.1	APPROPRIATED RESERVES	-	
2.2	DIVIDENDS TO SHAREHOLDERS (-)	-	
2.2.1	1 To owners of ordinary shares	-	
2.2.2	2 To owners of privileged shares	-	
2.2.3	3 To owners of redeemed shares	-	
	4 To profit sharing bonds	-	
2.2.5	5 To holders of profit and loss sharing certificates	-	
2.3		-	
2.4	DIVIDENDS TO BOARD OF DIRECTORS (-)		
	EARNINGS PER SHARE		

3.1	TO OWNERS OF ORDINARY SHARES	0.01485	0.01466
3.2	TO OWNERS OF ORDINARY SHARES (%)	148.52	146.64
3.3	TO OWNERS OF PRIVILEGED SHARES	-	-
3.4	TO OWNERS OF PRIVILEGED SHARES (%)	-	-
_			

IV. DIVIDEND PER SHARE

		-
4.1	TO OWNERS OF ORDINARY SHARES	-
4.2	TO OWNERS OF ORDINARY SHARES (%)	-
4.3	TO OWNERS OF PRIVILEGED SHARES	-
4.4	TO OWNERS OF PRIVILEGED SHARES (%)	-

Reaching

Data and Technology The Best and Most Engaged Team Corporate Governance

Financial Reports and Appendix

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

3 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

3.1 BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The Bank prepares its financial statements in accordance with the Banking Regulation and Supervision Authority ("BRSA") Accounting and Reporting Regulation which includes the regulation on "The Procedures and Principles Regarding Banks' Accounting Practices and Maintaining Documents" published in the Official Gazette dated 1 November 2006 with No. 26333, and other regulations on accounting records of banks published by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Board and circulars and pronouncements published by the BRSA and Turkish Financial Reporting Standards ("TFRS") published by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority ("POA") for the matters not regulated by the aforementioned legislations.

The accompanying unconsolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with the historical cost basis except for financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value through profit/loss, financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, real estates and subsidiaries accounted based on equity method.

Prepared in accordance with the "Communique amending the Communique on the Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks" published in the Official Gazette dated 1 February 2019 with No. 30673.

The accounting policies and the valuation principles applied in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements are explained in Notes 3.2 to 3.29.

3.1.1 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES

New and revised Turkish Accounting Standards effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021 have no material effect on the financial statements, financial performance and on the Bank's accounting policies. New and revised Turkish Accounting Standards issued but not yet effective as of the finalization date of the financial statements have no material effect on the financial statements, financial performance and on the Bank's accounting policies.

On the other hand, the Indicator Interest Rate Reform - 2nd Phase, which brings changes in TFRS 9, TAS 39, TFRS 7, TFRS 4 and TFRS 16, effective from 1 January 2021, was published in December 2020 and early implementation of the changes is allowed. With the modifications made, certain exceptions are provided for the basis used in the determination of contractual cash flows and hedge accounting implementations. The effects of the changes on the Bank's financials have been evaluated and it has been concluded that there is no need for early application. On the other hand, the process for the Indicative Interest Rate Reform is expected to be completed as of 31 December 2021, and the Bank's studies continues within the scope of compliance with the changes.

3.1.2 OTHER

A new type of coronavirus (COVID-19), first emerging in China, has been classified by the World Health Organization as an epidemic affecting countries globally. The COVID-19 outbreak not only affects economic conditions both regionally and globally, as it causes disruptions in operations, especially in countries that are exposed to the epidemic. The effects of COVID-19 on the Bank's financial statements are regularly monitored by the risk units and the Bank's Management.

While preparing the year end financial statements dated 31 December 2020, the Bank reflected the possible effects of the COVID-19 outbreak on the estimates and judgments used in the preparation of the financial statements and disclosed in the related accounting policies.

Our Value Creation Our 2020 Materia Issue: COVID-19

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Introduction

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Sustainability

3.2 STRATEGY FOR USE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSACTIONS

3.2.1 STRATEGY FOR USE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The liability side of the Bank's balance sheet is intensively composed of short-term deposits in line with the general trend in the banking sector. In addition to deposits, the Bank has access to longer-term borrowings via the borrowings from abroad.

In order to manage the interest rate risk arising from short-term deposits, the Bank is keen on maintaining floating rate instruments such as government bonds with quarterly coupon payments and instruments like credit cards and consumer loans providing regular cash inflows.

A portion of the fixed-rate securities and loans, and the bonds of the Bank are hedged under fair value hedges. The fair value risks of such fixed-rate assets and financial liabilities are hedged with interest rate swaps and cross currency swaps. The fair value changes of the hedged fixed-rate financial assets and financial liabilities together with the changes in the fair value of the hedging instruments, namely interest rate swaps and cross currency swaps, are accounted under net trading income/losses in the statement of profit or loss. At the inception of the hedged risk for which the hedge is designated, and accordingly, the hedge effectiveness tests are performed.

The Bank may classify its financial assets and liabilities as at fair value through profit or loss, at the initial recognition in order to eliminate any accounting inconsistency.

The fundamental strategy to manage the liquidity risk that may incur due to short-term structure of funding, is to expand the deposit base through customer-oriented banking philosophy, and to increase customer transactions and retention rates. The Bank's widespread and effective branch network, advantage of primary dealership and strong market share in the treasury and capital markets, are the most effective tools in the realisation of this strategy. For this purpose, serving customers by introducing new products and services continuously and reaching the customers satisfaction are very important.

Another influential factor in management of interest and liquidity risks on balance sheet is product diversification both on asset and liability sides. Exchange rate risk, interest rate risk and liquidity risk are controlled and measured by various risk management systems, and the balance sheet is managed under the limits set by these systems and the limits legally required. Asset-liability management and value at risk models, stress tests and scenario analysis are used for this purpose.

Purchase and sale of short and long-term financial instruments are allowed within the pre-determined limits to generate risk-free return on capital.

The foreign currency position is controlled by the equilibrium of a currency basket to eliminate the foreign exchange risk.

3.2.2 FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSACTIONS

Foreign exchange gains and losses arising from foreign currency transactions are recorded at transaction dates. At the end of the periods, foreign currency assets and liabilities evaluated with the Bank's spot purchase rates and the differences are recorded as foreign exchange gain or loss in the statement of profit or loss.

In the unconsolidated financial statements, the financial subsidiaries are accounted for using the equity method in accordance with the Communique published on the Official Gazette dated 9 April 2015 no. 29321 related to the amendments to the Turkish Accounting Standard 27 (TAS 27) "Separate Financial Statements". In this context, foreign subsidiaries' asset and liability items in the balance sheet are translated into Turkish Lira by using foreign exchange rates as of the balance sheet date whereas income and expense items are translated into Turkish Lira by using average foreign exchange rates for the related period. Foreign exchange differences arising from translation of income and expense items and other equity items are accounted under capital reserves under Shareholders' equity.

From 1 September 2015, it has been started to apply net investment hedge amounting to EUR 419,127,526 (31 December 2019: EUR 401,703,512) in total among investments in Garanti Bank International NV and Garanti Holding BV having capitals denominated in foreign currencies and long term foreign currency borrowings. Foreign exchange losses in the amount of TL 2,172,707 (31 December

Reaching More Customers Operational Excellence

Data and Technology The Best and Most Engaged Team Corporate Governance

Financial Reports and Appendix

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

2019: TL 1,204,648), arising from conversion of both foreign currency investments and long term foreign currency borrowings are accounted under capital reserves and other comprehensive income/expense items to be recycled to profit/loss, respectively under equity as of 31 December 2020. There is no ineffective portion arising from net investment hedge accounting.

3.3 INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES AND SUBSIDIARIES

In the unconsolidated financial statements, the financial subsidiaries are accounted for using the equity method in accordance with the Communique published on the Official Gazette dated 9 April 2015 no. 29321 related to the amendments to the Turkish Accounting Standard 27 (TAS 27) "Separate Financial Statements".

In accordance with the Turkish Accounting Standard 28 (TAS 28) for "Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures" through the equity method, the carrying value of financial subsidiaries are accounted in the financial statements with respect to the Bank's share in these investments' net asset value. While the Bank's share on profits or losses of financial subsidiaries are accounted in the Bank's statement of profit or loss, the Bank's share in other comprehensive income of financial subsidiaries are accounted in the Bank's statement of other comprehensive income.

Non-financial subsidiaries and associates are accounted at cost in the financial statements after provisions for impairment losses deducted, if any, in accordance with TAS 27.

3.4 FORWARDS, OPTIONS AND OTHER DERIVATIVE TRANSACTIONS

3.4.1 DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL ASSETS

Derivative financial assets measured at fair value through profit/loss

The Bank's derivative transactions mainly consist of foreign currency and interest rate swaps, foreign currency options and forward foreign currency purchase/sale contacts.

Derivatives are initially recorded at their fair values. The related transaction costs are recognized in statement of profit or loss at the date they incur. The changes in their fair values are recorded on balance sheet under "derivative financial assets measured at fair value through profit/loss" or "derivative financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit/loss", respectively depending on the fair values being positive or negative. Fair value changes for derivatives are recorded in the account of "income/losses from derivative transactions" under statement of profit or loss.

Within the scope of TFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement standard; (i) if there is a significant decrease in the volume or level of activity for that asset or liability in relation to normal market activity for the asset or liability (or similar assets or liabilities); (ii) when the transaction or quoted price does not represent fair value; and / or (iii) when a price for a similar asset requires significant adjustment to make it comparable to the asset being measured, or (iv) when the price is stale, an adjustment to the transactions or quoted prices is made and this adjustment is reflected to the fair value measurement. In this context, the point is determined within the range that is most representative of fair value under current market conditions. As of 30 June 2020, the Bank started to use TLREF OIS ("Overnight Indexed Swap") curves to reflect its fair valuation more accurately for the CBRT swap transactions and made the necessary fair value measurement adjustments.

The spot legs of currency swap transactions are recorded on the balance sheet and the forward legs in the off-balance sheet accounts as commitment. In the initial phase of currency swaps, the currency exchange transactions to realise at value dates are recorded and followed as irrevocable commitments in the off-balance sheet accounts up to their value dates.

Liabilities and receivables arising from the derivative instruments are recorded under the off-balance sheet accounts at their contractual values.

An embedded derivative is a component of a hybrid contract that also includes a non-derivative host with the effect that some of the cashflows of the combined instrument vary in a way similar to stand alone derivative. An embedded derivative causes some or all of the cash flows that otherwise would be required by the contract to be modified according to a specified interest rate, financial instrument price, commodity price, foreign exchange rate, index of prices or rates, credit rating or credit index, or other variable, provided in the case of a non-financial variable that the variable is not specific to contract. A derivative that is attached to a financial

278

279

Our Value Creation Our 2020 Materia Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Introduction

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Sustainability

instrument but is contractually transferable independently of that instrument, or has a different counterparty, is not an embedded derivative but a separate financial instrument. If a hybrid contract contains a host that is an asset within the scope of this standard, it is applied the standard's requirements about classification of financial assets to the entire hybrid contract. The Bank does not have either any hybrid contract contains a host that is not an asset within the scope of this standard or a financial instrument which shall be separated from the host and accounted for as derivative under this standard.

Credit derivatives are capital market tools designed to transfer credit risk from one party to another. The Bank's credit derivatives portfolio included in the off-balance sheet accounts composes of total return swaps and credit default swaps resulted from protection buying or selling.

Credit default swap is a contract, in which the protection seller commits to pay the protection value to the protection buyer in case of certain credit risk events in return for the premium paid by the buyer for the contract. Credit default swaps are valued daily at their fair values. Total return swap is a contract, in which the protection seller commits to make a certain payment and compensate the decreases in market values of the reference assets to the buyer under the condition that the protection buyer will transfer all the cash flows to be created by and the increases in market values of the reference asset. The Bank enters into total return swap contract for the purpose of generating long-term funding.

3.4.2 DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS HELD FOR HEDGING PURPOSE

TFRS 9 permits to defer implementation of TFRS 9 hedge accounting and continue to apply hedge accounting in accordance with TAS 39 as a policy choice. Accordingly, the Bank continues to apply hedge accounting in accordance with TAS 39 in this context.

The Bank enters into interest rate and cross currency swap transactions in order to hedge the changes in fair values of fixed-rate financial instruments. The changes in fair values of derivative instruments held for fair value hedges are recognised in "income/ losses from derivative financial instruments". If the hedging is effective, the changes in fair value of the hedged item is presented in statement of financial position together with the fixed-rate loan. In case of fixed-rate financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, such changes are reclassified from shareholders' equity to statement of profit or loss.

Derivative financial instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income

The Bank enters into interest rate and cross currency swap transactions in order to hedge the changes in cash flows of the floatingrate financial instruments. While applying cash flow hedge accounting, the effective portion of the changes in the fair value of the hedging instrument is accounted for under other comprehensive income or expense to be recycled to profit/loss in shareholders' equity, and the ineffective portion is recognised in statement of profit or loss. The changes recognised in shareholders' equity is removed and included in statement of profit or loss in the same period when the hedged cash flows effect the income or loss.

The Bank performs effectiveness test at the beginning of the hedge accounting period and at each reporting period. The effectiveness tests are carried out using the "Dollar off-set model" and the hedge accounting is applied as long as the test results are between the range of 80%-125% of effectiveness.

The hedge accounting is discontinued when the hedging instrument expires, is exercised, sold or no longer effective. When discontinuing fair value hedge accounting, the cumulative fair value changes in carrying value of the hedged item arising from the hedged risk are amortised to statement of profit or loss under trading account income/loss caption over the maturity of the hedged item from that date of the hedge accounting is discontinued. While expiring, sale, discontinuing cash flow hedge accounting or when no longer effective the cumulative gains/losses recognised in shareholders' equity and presented under other comprehensive income or expense to be recycled to profit or loss, are continued to be kept in this account. When the cash flows of hedged item incur, the gain/losses accounted for under shareholders' equity, are recognised in statement of profit or loss considering the original maturity.

3.5 INTEREST INCOME AND EXPENSES

Interest is recorded according to the effective interest rate method (rate equalizing future cash flows of financial assets or liabilities to net present value) defined in the TFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" standard by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset except for: purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets or financial assets. In

Operational Excellence

Data and Technology

The Best and Most Engaged Team

Corporate Governance

Financial Reports and Appendix

280

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

applying the effective interest method, the Bank identifies fees that are an integral part of the effective interest rate of a financial instrument. Fees that are an integral part of the effective interest rate of a financial instrument are treated as an adjustment to the effective interest rate, unless the financial instrument is measured at fair value, with the change in fair value being recognised in profit or loss. In those cases, such fees are accounted as revenue or expense when the financial instrument is initially recognised in the financial statements.

When applying the effective interest method, The Bank amortises any fees, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts that are included in the calculation of the effective interest rate over the expected life of the financial instrument.

In case an interest was accrued on a security before its acquisition, the collected interest is divided into two parts as interest before and after the acquisition and only the interest of the period after the acquisition is recorded as interest income in the financial statements.

If the expectation for the cash flows from financial asset is revised for reasons other than the credit risk, the change is reflected in the carrying amount of asset and in the related statement of profit or loss line and is amortized over the estimated life of financial asset.

If the financial asset is impaired and classified as a non-performing receivable, the Bank applies the effective interest rate on the amortized cost of the asset for subsequent reporting periods. Such interest income calculation is made on an individual contract basis for all financial assets subject to impairment calculation. It is used effective interest rate during calculation of loss given default rate in expected credit loss models and accordingly, the calculation of expected credit losses includes an interest amount. Therefore, a reclassification is made between the accounts of "expected credit losses" expense and "interest income from loans" for such calculated interest amount. If the credit risk of the financial instrument improves to the extent that the financial asset is no longer considered as impaired and the improvement can be attributed to an incident that eventually takes place (such as an increase in the loan's credit rating), the system calculates interest income at subsequent reporting periods by applying the effective interest rate to the gross amount.

3.6 FEES AND COMMISSIONS

Fees and commissions except for which are integral part of the effective interest rates of financial instruments measured at amortized costs, are accounted for in accordance with TFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers. Except for certain fees related with certain banking transactions and recognized when the related service is given, fees and commissions received or paid, and other fees and commissions paid to financial institutions are accounted under accrual basis of accounting throughout the service period. The income derived from agreements or asset purchases from real-person or corporate third parties are recognized as income when realized.

3.7 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

3.7.1 INITIAL RECOGNITION OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Bank shall recognise a financial asset or a financial liability in its statement of financial position when, and only when, the entity becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. A regular way purchase or sale of financial assets shall be recognised and derecognised, as applicable, using trade date accounting or settlement date accounting. Purchase and sale transactions of securities are accounted at the settlement date.

3.7.2 INITIAL MEASUREMENT OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The classification of financial instruments at initial recognition depends on the contractual conditions and the relevant business model. Except for the assets in the scope of TFRS 15 Revenue from contracts with customers, at initial recognition, the Bank measures financial asset or financial liabilities at fair value. At initial recognition, financial asset or liability excluding the ones at fair value through profit or loss are accounted at its fair value plus or minus transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial asset or financial liability.

3.7.3 CLASSIFICATION OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

On which category a financial instruments shall be classified at initial recognition depends on both the business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

Our Value Creation

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Introduction

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Sustainabilitv

3.7.3.1 ASSESSMENT OF BUSINESS MODEL

As per TFRS 9, the Bank's business model is determined at a level that reflects how groups of financial assets are managed together to achieve a particular business objective.

The entity's business model does not depend on management's intentions for an individual instrument. Accordingly, this condition is not an instrument-by-instrument approach to classification and should be determined on a higher level of aggregation.

During assessment of the business model for management of financial assets, it must be considered all relevant evidence that is available at the date of the assessment. Such relevant evidence includes below:

- how the performance of the business model and the financial assets held within that business model are evaluated and reported to the Bank's key management personnel;
- the risks that affect the performance of the business model (and the financial assets held within that business model) and, in particular, the way in which those risks are managed; and
- how managers of the business are compensated (for example, whether the compensation is based on the fair value of the assets managed or on the contractual cash flows collected).

Assessment of the business model is not performed on the basis of scenarios that the entity does not reasonably expect to occur, such as so-called 'worst case' or 'stress case' scenarios.

If cash flows are realised in a way that is different from the Bank's expectations at the date that the Bank assessed the business model, that does not give rise to a prior period error in the Bank's financial statements nor does it change the classification of the remaining financial assets held in that business model as long as the Bank considered all relevant information that was available at the time that it made the business model assessment. However, when the Bank assesses the business model for newly originated or newly purchased financial assets, it must consider information about how cash flows were realised in the past, along with all other relevant information.

The Bank's business models are divided into three categories. These categories are defined below:

- A business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows: a business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows are managed to realise cash flows by collecting contractual payments over the life of the instrument. The financial assets that are held within the scope of this business model are measured at amortised cost when the contractual terms of the financial asset meet the condition of giving rise on specified dates to contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.
- A business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets: the Bank
 may hold financial assets in a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling
 financial assets. Fair value change of the financial assets that are held within the scope of this business model are accounted
 under other comprehensive income when the contractual terms of the financial asset meet the condition of giving rise on
 specified dates to contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.
- Other business models: Financial assets are measured at fair value through profit or loss if they are not held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows or within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets.

3.7.3.2 CONTRACTUAL CASH FLOWS THAT ARE SOLELY PAYMENTS OF PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST ON THE PRINCIPAL AMOUNT OUTSTANDING

As per TFRS 9, the Bank classifies a financial asset on the basis of its contractual cash flow characteristics if the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows or within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets.

In a basic lending arrangement, consideration for the time value of money and credit risk are typically the most significant elements of interest. In order to assess whether the element provides consideration for only the passage of time, an entity applies judgement and considers relevant factors such as the currency in which the financial asset is denominated and the period for which the interest

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Operational

Excellence

Reaching

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

rate is set. When the contractual conditions are exposed to the risks which are not consistent with the basic lending arrangement or variability of cashflows, the relevant financial asset is measured at fair value through profit or loss.

3.7.4 MEASUREMENT CATEGORIES OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

The Bank classified all its financial assets based on the business model for managing the financial assets. Accordingly, financial assets are classified in three main categories as listed below:

- · Financial assets measured at amortized cost,
- · Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income and
- Financial assets measured at fair value through profit/loss.

Financial investments and loans measured at amortised cost

The Bank may measure its financial investments and loans at amortised cost if both of the following conditions are met:

- financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and
- contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial investments measured at amortised cost: Subsequent to the initial recognition, financial investments measured at amortised cost calculated by using the effective interest rate method. The expected loss calculated for the relevant financial assets in accordance with TFRS 9 is presented in Note 5.1.7.5.

Loans: Financial assets other than those held for trading in short term or generated through providing money, commodity and services to debtors.

Loans are financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and not quoted in an active market.

Loans are recognized at cost and measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Duties paid, transaction costs and other similar expenses on assets received against such risks are considered as a part of transaction cost and charged to customers. The expected loss calculated for the relevant financial assets in accordance with TFRS 9 is presented in Note 5.1.5.11.

Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income

As per TFRS 9, the financial investments are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if both of the following conditions are met.

- financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and
- contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

A gain or loss on a financial asset measured at fair value through other comprehensive income shall be recognised in other comprehensive income, except for impairment gains or losses and foreign exchange gains and losses, until the financial asset is derecognised or reclassified. If the financial asset is reclassified as financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss, the related cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment at the reclassification date.

Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income are measured at their fair values subsequently. However, assets for which fair values could not be determined reliably are valued at amortized costs by using the discounting method with effective interest rate, that approximates to fair value, of return for floating-rate securities; and by using valuation models or discounted cash flow techniques for fixed-rate securities. Unrecognised gain/losses derived from the difference between

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

282

The B Engag Most Corporate n Governance

nology

Convenience Translation of Fina

Financial Reports

and Appendix

Our Value Creation Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Introduction

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Sustainability

their fair value and the discounted values are recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income or expense to be reclassified to profit or loss under the shareholders' equity. In case of sales, the gain/losses arising from fair value measurement accumulated under shareholders' equity are recognized in statement of profit or loss.

Interests calculated and/or earned by using the effective interest method during holding of financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income are recorded primarily in interest income. In case of sale of such debt securities are sold before maturity date, the difference between the sales income calculated as difference between the cost in accordance with the uniform chart of accounts and the sale price and the recognized interest income is transferred to "trading income/losses".

The Bank also owns in its securities portfolio; consumer price indexed government bonds (CPI) reclassified as financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss and financial assets measured at amortised cost. CPI's are valued and accounted according to the effective interest rate method which is calculated according to the real coupon rate and the reference inflation index on the issue date. As it is mentioned in the Undersecretariat of Treasury's Investor Guide of CPI, the reference index used during the calculation of the actual coupon payment amount is the previous two months CPI's. The Bank determines its expected inflation rates in compliance with this guide. The estimated inflation rate according to the Central Bank of Turkey and the Bank's expectations, is updated during the year when it is considered necessary.

As of 31 December 2020, due to adverse effects of the COVID-19 outbreak, the Bank has reviewed the valuation of its financial assets whose fair value difference is reflected in other comprehensive income, and deemed that no change is required in the fair valuation measurement as of the reporting date.

Equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income

At initial recognition, the Bank may make an irrevocable election to present in other comprehensive income subsequent changes in the fair value of an investment in an equity instrument within the scope of TFRS 9 that is neither held for trading nor contingent consideration recognised by an acquirer in a business combination to which TFRS 3 applies. The Bank makes the election on an instrument by instrument basis.

Amounts presented in other comprehensive income shall not be subsequently transferred to profit/loss. However, the cumulative gain or loss shall be transferred to prior periods' profit/loss. Dividends on such investments are recognised in profit/loss unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. TFRS 9 impairment requirements are not applicable for equity instruments.

As of 31 December 2020, due to the adverse effects of the COVID-19 outbreak, the Bank has reviewed the valuation of its equity instruments whose fair value difference is recognized in other comprehensive income, and no change is required in the fair valuation measurement as of the reporting date.

Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets valued at fair value through profit or loss are valued at their fair values and gain/loss arising on those assets is recorded in the statement of profit or loss. Interest income earned on trading securities and the difference between their acquisition costs and amortized costs are recorded as interest income in the statement of profit or loss. The differences between the amortized costs and the fair values of such securities are recorded under trading account income/losses in the statement of profit or loss. In cases where such securities are sold before their maturities, the gains/losses on such sales are recorded under trading account income/losses.

The Bank classifies certain loans and securities issued at their origination dates, as financial assets/liabilities at fair value through profit/loss, irrevocably in order to eliminate any accounting mismatch in compliance with TFRS 9.

The interest income/expense earned and the difference between the acquisition costs and the amortized costs of financial liabilities are recorded under interest income/expense in statement of profit or loss, the difference between the amortized costs and the fair values of financial liabilities are recorded under trading account income/losses in statement of profit or loss. The amount of change in the fair value of the financial liability at fair value through profit or loss that is attributable to changes in the credit risk of that liability shall be presented in other comprehensive income unless it creates accounting mismatch or increase the accounting mismatch.

Reaching More Customers

Operational Excellence

Data and Technology

The Best and Most Engaged Team

Corporate Governance

Financial Reports and Appendix

284

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Excluding the change in credit risk of the liability, the change in the fair value of the liability shall be recognized in profit or loss. As of 31 December 2020, due to the adverse effects of the COVID-19 outbreak, the Bank has reviewed the valuation of its financial assets and liabilities which are measured at fair value through profit or loss, and deemed that no change is required in the fair valuation measurement as of the reporting date.

On the other hand, the Bank has assessed the effects of the COVID-19 outbreak with respect to its financial instruments which are classified in Level 3 as inputs for these instruments are highly dependent on estimates and judgments and deemed that no change is required as of the reporting date.

3.8 DISCLOSURES ON IMPAIRMENT OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Bank recognises a loss allowance for expected credit losses on financial assets and loans measured at amortised cost, financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, loan commitments and financial guarantee contracts not measured at fair value through profit/loss based on TFRS 9 and the regulation published in the Official Gazette no. 29750 dated 22 June 2016 in connection with "Procedures and Principals regarding Classification of Loans and Allowances Allocated for Such Loans" effective from 1 January 2018. TFRS 9 impairment requirements are not applicable for equity instruments.

At each reporting date, the Bank shall assess whether the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition. When making the assessment, the Bank shall use the change in the risk of a default occurring for the financial instrument.

As of the reporting date, if the credit risk on a financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Bank shall measure the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses. However, if there is a significant increase in credit risk of a financial instrument since initial recognition, the Bank measures loss allowance regarding such instrument at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses.

The Bank calculates the expected credit loss on a collective basis by means of grouping the financial assets having common credit risk features or on an individual basis.

The Bank constituted a policy in order to make an assessment whether the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition by taking into consideration change in the risk of a default occuring over the expected life of the financial instrument. The Bank's aforementioned policy is presented in Note 3.8.3.

The Bank's impairment model having 3 stages based on the change in credit quality since initial recognition based on TFRS 9 is explained below.

3.8.1 CALCULATION OF EXPECTED CREDIT LOSSES

The Bank calculates expected credit losses based on a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses (i.e. the present value of all cash shortfalls) over the expected life of the financial instrument. A cash shortfall is the difference between the cash flows that are due based on the contract and the cash flows that are expected to be received.

Probability of Default (PD): PD refers to the likelihood that a loan will default within a specified time horizon, which is usually set at 12 months, given certain characteristics. Based on TFRS 9, the Bank uses two different PDs in order to calculate expected credit losses:

- 12-month PD: as the estimated probability of default occurring within the next 12 months following the balance sheet date.
- Lifetime PD: as the estimated probability of default occurring over the remaining life of the financial instrument.

The Bank uses internal rating systems for both retail and commercial portfolios. The internal rating models used for the commercial portfolio include customer financial information and qualitative survey responses. Whereas behavioral and application scorecards used in the retail portfolio include; (i) the behavioral data of the customer and the product in the Bank, (ii) the demographic information of the customer, and (iii) the behavioral data of the customer in the sector. Probability of default calculation has been carried out based on past information, current conditions and forward looking macroeconomic parameters.

Loss Given Default (LGD): If a loan default occurs, it represents the economic loss incurred on the loan. It is expressed as a percentage.

285

Our Value Creation Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Introduction

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Sustainability

LGD calculations are performed using historical data which best reflects current conditions, by formation of segments based on certain risk factors that are deemed important for each portfolio and inclusion of forward-looking information and macroeconomic expectations. LGD summarizes all cash flows from customers subsequent to default. It covers all costs and collections that occur during the collection cycle, including collections from collaterals. It also includes the "time value of money" calculated by means of deducting costs and additional losses from the present value of collections.

Exposure at Default (EAD): For cash loans, it corresponds to the amount of loan granted as of the reporting date. For non-cash loans and commitments, it is the value calculated through using credit conversion factors. Credit conversion factor corresponds to the factor which adjusts the potential increase of the exposure between the current date and the default date.

When expected credit losses are estimated, the Bank considers three scenarios (base scenario, bad scenario, good scenario). Each of these three scenarios is associated with different probability of default and loss given default. When relevant, the assessment of multiple scenarios also incorporates how defaulted loans are expected to be recovered, including the probability that the loans will cure and the value of collateral or the amount that might be received for selling the asset.

With the exception of credit cards and other revolving facilities, the maximum period for which the credit losses are determined is the contractual life of a financial instrument unless the Bank has the legal right to call it earlier.

Stage 1: 12-month expected credit loss represents the expected credit losses that result from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within the 12 months after the reporting date and calculated as the portion of lifetime expected credit losses. The Bank calculates 12-month expected credit loss based on a probability of default realized within 12 months after the reporting date. Such expected 12-month probability of default is applied on an expected exposure at default, multiplied with loss given default rate and discounted with the original effective interest rate. Such calculation is performed for each of three scenarios explained above.

In accordance with the BRSA Decision numbered 8970 dated 27 March 2020, the Bank records a loss allowance for loans which have days past due between 30 to 90 days and classified under Stage 1 at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses until 31 December 2020. Based on the BRSA Decision numbered 9312 dated 8 December 2020, this period was extended until 30 June 2021. However, according to the Bank's risk models, since the number of days past due in such loans exceed 30 days, higher probability of default and loss given default parameters are taken into consideration compared to other loans in Stage 1.

Stage 2: When a loan has shown a significant increase in credit risk since origination, the Bank calculates an allowance for the lifetime expected credit losses. Including multiple scenario usage, it is similar to descriptions above, but probability of default and loss given default rates are estimated through the life of the instrument. Estimated cash shortfalls are discounted by using the original effective interest rate.

In accordance with the BRSA Decision numbered 8948 dated 17 March 2020, starting from 17 March 2020, the Bank records a loss allowance for loans which have days past due between 90-180 days and classified under Stage 2 at an amount equal to their lifetime expected credit losses where the probability of default is taken into account as 100% until 31 December 2020. Based on the BRSA Decision numbered 9312 dated 8 December 2020, this period was extended until 30 June 2021. According to Bank's risk models, Stage 3 parameters are used for loss given default as well as for the probability of default.

Stage 3: For the loans considered as impaired, the Bank accounts lifetime expected credit losses. The methodology is similar to stage 2 and the probability of default is taken into account as 100%.

The Bank considers a debt as default on these two below conditions;

1. Objective Default Definition: It means debt having past due more than 90 days. Current definition of default in the Bank is based on a more than 90 days past due definition. If a loan is exactly 90 days past due, it will not be considered as default. Default status starts on the 91st day. Moreover, in accordance with the BRSA Decision numbered 8948 dated 17 March 2020 and Decision numbered 9312 dated 8 December 2020, starting from 17 March 2020, current definition of default in the Bank is based on a more than 180 days past due instead of a 90 days past due until 30 June 2021.

2. Subjective Default Definition: It means the Bank considers that a debt is unlikely to be paid. Whenever the Bank considers that an obligor is unlikely to pay its credit obligations, it should be considered as defaulted regardless of the existence of any past-due amount or of the number of days past due.

TÜRKİYE	GARANTİ	BANKASI AŞ

Operational

Excellence

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Data and

Technology

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Financial Reports

For the purpose of determining significant increases in credit risk and recognising a loss allowance on a collective basis, the Bank Group's financial instruments on the basis of shared credit risk characteristics. In this context, the methodology developed for the estimation of expected credit losses should include the risk features which meet the criteria for carrying the same credit risk characteristics. Examples of the Bank's common credit risk characteristics include, but are not limited to, the following:

Product type

Reaching

More Customers

- Credit risk rating notes /scores
- Sector / market segmentation
- Collateral type
- Loan to value ratio
- Duration since origination of a loan
- Remaining time to maturity
- Exposure at default

In addition, the Bank assesses a certain portion of commercial and corporate loans individually in accordance with the internal policies in the calculation of the expected credit losses based on TFRS 9. The Bank makes such calculation by discounting the expected cash deficits from the individual financial instrument to its present value using the effective interest rate.

When measuring expected credit losses, the Bank shall consider the risk or probability that a credit loss occurs by reflecting the possibility that a credit loss occurs and the possibility that no credit loss occurs, even if the possibility of a credit loss occurring is very low. The Bank makes such assessment by reflecting the estimate of expected credit loss which is unbiased and probabilityweighted determined by evaluating a range of possible outcomes.

As of 31 December 2020, the Bank has revised the cash flow expectations and scenario weights for its commercial and corporate loans, due to the negative effects of the COVID-19 outbreak, and reflected the related effects in its expected credit losses with the best estimation approach.

In accordance with the Bank's internal policies, TFRS 9 models are updated once a year. The related model update was made in the 4th guarter of 2020 and the Bank calculated expected credit losses provision based on the mentioned updated model at the year end of 2020.

3.8.1.1 LOAN COMMITMENTS AND NON-CASH LOANS

The expected credit losses on a loan commitment shall be discounted using the effective interest rate, or an approximation thereof, that will be applied when recognising the financial asset resulting from the loan commitment. This is because for the purpose of applying the impairment requirements, a financial asset that is recognised following a draw down on a loan commitment shall be treated as a continuation of that commitment instead of as a new financial instrument. The expected credit losses on the financial asset shall therefore be measured considering the initial credit risk of the loan commitment from the date that the Bank became a party to the irrevocable commitment.

Expected credit losses on financial guarantee contracts or on loan commitments for which the effective interest rate cannot be determined shall be discounted by applying a discount rate that reflects the current market assessment of the time value of money and the risks that are specific to the cash flows but only if, and to the extent that, the risks are taken into account by adjusting the discount rate instead of adjusting the cash shortfalls being discounted.

3.8.1.2 DEBT INSTRUMENTS MEASURED AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

The Bank shall apply the impairment requirements for the recognition and measurement of a loss allowance for financial assets that are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income in accordance with TFRS 9. However, the loss allowance shall be recognised in other comprehensive income and shall not reduce the carrying amount of the financial asset in the statement of financial position. The expected credit loss is reflected in other comprehensive income and the accumulated amount is recycled to statement of profit/loss following the derecognition of related financial asset.

The Best and Most Engaged Team

Governance

Our Value Creation Our 2020 Materia Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Introduction

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Sustainability

3.8.1.3 CREDIT CARDS AND OTHER REVOLVING LOANS

The Bank offers credit card and overdraft products which give ability to corporate and commercial customers demand repayment and cancel the undrawn commitment. Such products do not limit the period that the Bank is exposed to credit losses with the contractual notice. For this reason, the Bank calculates the expected credit losses for these products over a period of time reflecting the anticipation of customer behavior, the likelihood of default, and future risk mitigation procedures such as the Bank's reduction or removal of undrawn limits.

When determining the period over which the Bank is expected to be exposed to credit risk, but for which expected credit losses would not be mitigated by the Bank's normal credit risk management actions, the Bank considers factors such as historical information and experience about the below items:

- the period over which the entity was exposed to credit risk on similar financial instruments;
- the length of time for related defaults to occur on similar financial instruments following a significant increase in credit risk; and
- the credit risk management actions that the Bank expects to take once the credit risk on the financial instrument has increased, such as the reduction or removal of undrawn limits.

The Bank calculates expected credit losses on the revolving products of retail and corporate customers by considering 3-5 years.

The Bank makes assessment of significant increase in credit risk of revolving loans by considering qualitative and quantitative criteria considered for other credit products as explained in Note 3.8.3.

3.8.2 FORWARD-LOOKING MACROECONOMIC INFORMATION

The Bank incorporates forward-looking macroeconomic information into credit risk parameters during assessment of significant increase in credit risk and expected credit loss calculation. The incorporation of forward-looking information into the Bank's credit risk parameters consists of the following steps:

Step 1: The Bank makes specifications and estimates of econometric models that reveal past relationships between credit risk parameters and macroeconomic variables in order to be able to generate estimates based on macroeconomic information. Macroeconomic variable prevailing during these estimates is mainly the Gross Domestic Product (GDP).

Step 2: Where macroeconomic scenarios do not include longer maturity, a process called "convergence to the mean" is applied.

Step 3: In order to estimate the ultimate parameters to be used in the calculation of the expected credit losses, the Bank applies the methods of credit risk parameters reflection and forward-looking impact inclusion into the parameters.

The Bank updates its macroeconomic parameters incorporated into significant increase in credit risk and expected credit loss assessments in every three months, in February, May, August and November. The Bank has assessed the adverse impacts of the COVID-19 outbreak in its models by updating the macroeconomic parameters as of 31 March 2020 in addition to the February period.

After March, the Bank is carried out its quarterly routine procedure by updating the macroeconomic parameters for the third quarter.

The Bank takes into account different scenarios in the calculation of expected credit loss by evaluating the current economic conditions and expert opinions. Accordingly, the macroeconomic value estimates taken into account in the expected loss provision calculation are presented below.

DATE	GDP
31.12.2020	0.0%
31.12.2021	5.5%
31.12.2022	4.5%
31.12.2023	4.0%
31.12.2024	4.0%
31.12.2025	4.0%
31.12.2025	4.0%

Data and Technology

The Best and Most Engaged Team

Corporate Governance

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

288

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

3.8.3 SIGNIFICANT INCREASE IN CREDIT RISK

The Bank makes qualitative and quantitative assessments regarding assessment of significant increase in credit risk.

Qualitative assessment:

The Bank classifies the financial asset as Stage 2 (Significant Increase in Credit Risk) where any of the following conditions are satisfied as a result of a qualitative assessment.

- Loans overdue more than 30 days as of the reporting date (In accordance with the BRSA Decision numbered 8970 dated 27 March 2020 and Decision numbered 9312 dated 8 December 2020, as of the reporting date loans with an overdue more than 90 days instead of 30 days are taken into consideration until 30 June 2021.)
- Loans classified as watchlist
- When there is a change in the payment plan due to refinancing, restructuring or concession, the loan is not considered as default or written off and the change is not due to any commercial reason

Quantitative assessment:

The quantitative reason explaining the significant increase in the credit risk is based on a comparison of the probability of default calculated at the origination of the loan and the probability of default assigned for the same loan as of the reporting date.

The absolute and relative thresholds used for the probability of default are differantiated on the basis of segment/ loan group.

The Bank classifies the related financial asset as stage 2 (Significant Increase in Credit Risk) where both of the following criteria are satisfied as a result of quantitative assessment.

- Relative change in the PD: If the "relative difference" between the probability of defaults as of the reporting date and the date when the loan is initially recognized in the financial statements is above the specified threshold.
- Absolute change in the PD: If the "absolute difference" between the probability of defaults as of the reporting date and the date when the loan is initially recognized in the financial statements is above the specified threshold (different from the threshold for the relative change).

3.8.4 LOW CREDIT RISK

As per TFRS 9, the Bank considers the credit risk on a financial instrument as low if the financial instrument has a low risk of default, the borrower has a strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term and adverse changes in economic and business conditions in the longer term may, but will not necessarily, reduce the ability of the borrower to fulfil its contractual cash flow obligations. The Bank is not considering financial instruments to have low credit risk when they are regarded as having a low risk of loss simply because of the value of collateral and the financial instrument without that collateral would not be considered low credit risk. Financial instruments are also not considered to have low credit risk simply because they have a lower risk of default than the Bank's other financial instruments or relative to the credit risk of the jurisdiction within which the Bank operates.

If the Bank determines that a financial instrument has a low credit risk as of the reporting date, it assumes that the credit risk on the financial instrument has not increased significantly following its first recognition in the financial statements.

The Bank defines the definition of low credit risk based on the definition of "High Quality Liquid Asset" given in the Regulation on the Liquidity Coverage Ratio Calculation and the principles of the risk weight calculation based on the external rating note of the receivables from the Central Banks and the Central Governments in accordance with the Regulation on the Measurement and Assessment of Banks' Capital Adequacy.

The financial instruments that the Bank defines as having low credit risk based on TFRS 9 are as follows:

- Receivables from the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey (required reserves, free reserves, placement, etc.)
- Loans with counterparty of Treasury of the Republic of Turkey
- Receivables (reserves, free reserves, placements, etc.) from the central banks of the branches of the Bank or its subsidiaries, securities issued or guaranteed by these central banks and securities issued / guaranteed by the treasury of these countries

Our Value Creation Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Introduction

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

- Loans granted to the treasury of countries having rating note of AA- and above and the securities issued or guaranteed by the treasury of these countries
- Local currency loans granted to the treasury of countries having rating below AA-, and securities in local currency issued or guaranteed by the treasury of these countries
- Securities exported or guaranteed by multilateral development banks or international organizations having rating of AA- and above.

3.8.5 DISCLOSURES ON WRITE DOWN POLICY

The amendment with respect to the regulation on the Principles and Procedures Regarding the Classification of Loans and Reserves Set Aside for These Loans entered into force with its publication in the Official Gazette No.30961 on November 27, 2019. Pursuant to the regulation, the banks are enabled to write down and move off the balance sheet the portion of a loan which is classified as "Group V Loan" (Loans Classified as Loss) if it cannot reasonably be expected to be recovered. The Bank performs objective and subjective assessments whether there is reasonable expectation.

In accordance with TFRS9, a provision is provided for the portions of the loans, that are not expected to be recovered as explained in the accounting policies 3.8 Disclosures on impairment of financial instruments and 3.8.1 Calculation of expected credit losses. Accordingly, the loans which cannot be reasonably expected to be recovered regarding the opinions of the related department responsible from the collection and the portion up to the provision amount of the loans, that are classified as "Group V Loan" (Loans Classified as Loss), can be subject to write-down operation.

In addition, all of the loans that meet the conditions in the below are assessed by the Bank as having completely lost their ability to collect and can be written down based on the positive opinion of the related departments.

i. Being monitored as a non-performing loan at least for 2 years,

- ii. Not having any collection in the last 6 months,
- iii. Not having any tangible collaterals other than a pledge over movable assets.

The write-down of these loans, which are not possible to be collected, is an accounting policy and this policy does not result in waiving the right of receivables.

3.9 NETTING AND DERECOGNITION OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

3.9.1 NETTING OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet when the Bank has a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and to collect/pay related financial assets and liabilities on a net basis, or there is an intention to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

3.9.2 DERECOGNITION OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

3.9.2.1 DERECOGNITION OF FINANCIAL ASSETS DUE TO CHANGE IN CONTRACTUAL TERMS

Based on TFRS 9, the renegotiation or modification of the contractual cash flows of a financial asset can lead to the derecognition of the existing financial asset. When the modification of a financial asset results in the derecognition of the existing financial asset and the subsequent recognition of the modified financial asset, the modified asset is considered a 'new' financial asset.

The Bank shall assess the characteristics of the new contractual terms of the financial asset based on quantitative and qualitative criteria. When the contractual cash flows of a financial asset are renegotiated or otherwise modified and the renegotiation or modification does not result in the derecognition of that financial asset, it is recalculated the gross carrying amount of the financial asset and in case a significant change is determined, it is recognized a modification gain or loss in profit or loss.

Where all risks and rewards of ownership of the asset have not been transferred to another party and the Bank retains control of the asset, the Bank continues to recognize the remaining portion of the asset and liabilities arising from such asset.

When the Bank retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the transferred asset, the transferred asset continues to be recognised in its entirety and the consideration received is recognised as a liability.

Data and Technology The Best and Most Engaged Team Corporate Governance

290

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

3.9.2.2 DERECOGNITION OF FINANCIAL ASSETS WITHOUT ANY CHANGE IN CONTRACTUAL TERMS

The Bank derecognises the asset if the contractual rights to cash flows from the financial asset are expired or the related financial asset and all risks and rewards of ownership of the asset are transferred to another party.

Except for equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, the total amount consisting of the gain or loss arising from the difference between the book value and the amount obtained and any accumulated gain directly accounted in equity shall be recognized in profit/loss.

3.9.2.3 DERECOGNITION OF FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

It shall be removed a financial liability (or a part of a financial liability) from the statement of financial position when, and only when, it is extinguished—i.e. when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.

3.9.3 RECLASSIFICATION OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Based on TFRS 9, the Bank shall reclassify all affected financial assets at amortised cost to financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income and fair value through profit or loss in the subsequent accounting when, and only when, it changes its business model for managing financial assets.

3.9.4 RESTRUCTURING AND REFINANCING OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Bank may change the original contractual terms of a loan (maturity, repayment structure, guarantees and sureties) which were previously signed, in case the loan cannot be repaid or if a potential payment difficulty is encountered based on the new financing power and structure of the borrower.

Restructuring is to change the financial terms of existing loans in order to facilitate the payment of debt. Refinancing is granting a new loan by the Bank which will cover either the principal or the interest payment in whole or in part of one or a few existing loans due to the anticipated financial difficulty which the customer or group encounter currently or will encounter in the future.

Changes in the original terms of a credit risk can be made in the current contract or through a new contract.

Corporate and commercial companies which have been restructured and refinanced can be removed from the watchlist when the following conditions are met:

- Subsequent to the thorough review of company's financial data and its owners' equity position, at circumstances when it is not anticipated that the owner of the company will face financial difficulties; and it is assessed that the restructured debt will be paid on time (starting from the date when the debt is restructured all due principal and interest payments are made on time)
- At least 2 years should pass over the date of restructuring (or if it is later), the date of removal from non-performing loan category, at least 10% (or the ratio specified in the legislation) of the total principal amount at the time restructuring /refinancing shall be paid and no overdue amount (principal and interest) shall remain at the date of restructuring / refinancing

In order for the restructured non-performing corporate and commercial loans to be classified to the watchlist category, the following conditions must be met:

- Recovery in debt service.
- At least one year should pass over the date of restructuring
- Payment of all accrued and overdue amounts by debtor (interest and principal) since the date of restructuring /refinancing or the date when the debtor is classified as non-performing (earlier date to be considered) and fulfillment of the payment condition of all overdue amounts as of the date of restructuring /refinancing
- Collection of all overdue amounts, disappearance of the reasons for classification as non-performing receivable (based on the conditions mentioned above) and having no overdue more than 30 days as of the date of reclassification

During the follow-up period of at least two years following the date of restructuring / refinancing, if there is a new restructuring / refinancing or a delay of more than 30 days, the transactions which were non-performing at the beginning of the follow-up period

Our Value Creation Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Introduction

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

are classified as non-performing loans again. In accordance with the BRSA Decision numbered 8970 dated 27 March 2020 and numbered 9312 and dated 8 December 2020 , The Bank will not apply the above-mentioned 30 days past due rule until 30 June 2021.

The performing or non-performing retail loans being subject to restructuring shall be removed from the watchlist only if the debt is paid in full.

3.10 REPURCHASE AND RESALE AGREEMENTS AND SECURITIES LENDING

Securities sold under repurchase agreements are recorded on the balance sheet in compliance with the uniform chart of accounts. Accordingly, government bonds and treasury bills sold to customers under repurchase agreements are classified as "Investments Subject to Repurchase Agreements" and valued based on the Bank management's future intentions, either at market prices or using discounting method with internal rate of return. The funds received through repurchase agreements are classified separately under liability accounts and the related interest expenses are accounted for on an accrual basis.

Securities purchased under resale agreements are classified under "Money Market Placements" separately. An income accrual is accounted for the positive difference between the purchase and resale prices earned during the period on such securities.

Securities lending transactions are classified under "Money Market Funds" and the related expense accruals are accounted.

3.11 ASSETS HELD FOR SALE, DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS AND RELATED LIABILITIES

According to the Turkish Financial Reporting Standard 5 (TFRS 5) "Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations", a tangible asset (or a group of assets to be disposed) classified as "asset held for sale" is measured at lower of carrying value and fair value less costs to sell. An asset (or a group of assets to be disposed) is regarded as "asset held for sale" only when the sale is highly probable and the asset (or a group of assets to be disposed) is available for immediate sale in its present condition. For a highly probable sale, there must be a valid plan prepared by the management for the sale of asset including identification of possible buyers and completion of sale process. Furthermore, the asset should be actively in the market at a price consistent with its fair value. Assets held for sale consist of tangible assets and investments in associates to be disposed that were acquired against non-performing receivables.

A discontinued operation is a part of the Bank's business classified as sold or held-for-sale. The operating results of the discontinued operations are disclosed separately in statement of profit or loss. The Bank has no discontinued operations.

3.12 GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

The Bank's intangible assets consist of softwares, intangible rights and other intangible assets.

Goodwill and other intangible assets are recorded at cost in compliance with the Turkish Accounting Standard 38 (TAS 38) "Intangible Assets".

The costs of other intangible assets purchased before 31 December 2004 are restated from the purchasing dates to 31 December 2004, the date the hyperinflationary period is considered to be ended. The intangible assets purchased after this date are recorded at their initial purchase costs.

As per TAS 38, internally-generated softwares should be recognised as intangible assets if they meet the below listed criteria:

- · The technical feasibility of completing the intangible asset so that it will be available for use,
- · Availability of the Bank's intention to complete and use the intangible asset,
- The ability to use the intangible asset,
- · Clarity in probable future economic benefits to be generated from the intangible asset,
- The availability of adequate technical, financial and other resources to complete the development phase and to start using the intangible asset,
- The availability to measure reliably the expenditure attributable to the intangible asset during the development phase.

The directly attributable development costs of intangible asset are included in the cost of such assets, however the research costs are recognised as expense as incurred.

Data and Technology The Best and Most Engaged Team Corporate Governance

Financial Reports and Appendix

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

The intangible assets are amortised by the Bank over their estimated useful lives based on their inflation adjusted costs on a straight-line basis. Estimated useful lives of the Bank's intangible assets are 3-15 years, and amortisation rates are 6.67-33.3%.

If there is objective evidence of impairment, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated in accordance with the Turkish Accounting Standard 36 (TAS 36) "Impairment of Assets" and if the recoverable amount is less then the carrying value of the related asset, a provision for impairment loss is provided

3.13 TANGIBLE ASSETS

The cost of the tangible assets purchased before 31 December 2004 are restated from the purchasing dates to 31 December 2004, the date the hyperinflationary period is considered to be ended. The tangible assets purchased after this date are recorded at their historical costs.

As of 1 November 2015, changing the existing accounting policy, it has been decided to apply revaluation model for properties recorded under tangible assets instead of cost model in accordance with the Turkish Accounting Standard 16 (TAS 16) "Property, Plant and Equipment". Within this framework, the revaluation difference arising from the valuations performed by independent expertise firms for all real estates registered in the ledger is accounted under revaluation surplus on tangible and intangible assets under equity. As of the reporting period, the Bank has made a fair valuation of all its real estates, considering the current market conditions and the changes are recognized in financial statements.

If there is objective evidence of impairment, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated in accordance with the Turkish Accounting Standard 36 (TAS 36) "Impairment of Assets" and if the recoverable amount is less than the carrying value of the related asset, a provision for impairment loss is provided.

Gains/losses arising from the disposal of the tangible assets are calculated as the difference between the net book value and the net sale price.

Maintenance and repair costs incurred for tangible assets, are recorded as expense.

There are no restrictions such as pledges, mortgages or any other restriction on tangible assets. The depreciation rates and the estimated useful lives of tangible assets are presented below. Depreciation method in use was not changed in the current period.

TANGIBLE ASSETS	ESTIMATED USEFUL LIVES (YEARS)	DEPRECIATION RATES %
Buildings	50	2
Vaults	50	2
Motor Vehicles	5-7	15-20
Other Tangible Assets	4-20	5-25

The depreciation of an asset held for a period less than a full financial year is calculated as a proportion of the full year depreciation charge from the date of acquisition to the financial year end.

Useful lives of buildings are reviewed at least once a year and if current estimates are different than previous estimates, then the revised estimates are considered as accounting policy change in accordance with Turkish Accounting Standard 8 (TAS 8) "Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors".

Investment properties

Land and buildings that are held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or both rather than for use in production, supply of goods or services, administrative purposes or sale in the ordinary course of business are classified as investment property. As of 1 November 2015, changing the existing accounting policy, it has been decided to apply fair value model for investment properties instead of cost model in accordance with the Turkish Accounting Standard 40 (TAS 40) "Investment Property". Accordingly, for all the investment properties registered in the ledger, a valuation study was performed by independent expertise firms. As of the reporting period, the Bank has made a fair valuation of all its Investment properties, considering the current market conditions and the changes are recognized in financial statements.

Investment properties accounted at fair value are not depreciated.

About Garanti BBVA Our Value Creation

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Introduction

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Sustainability

Right-of-use assets

Based on the Bank's assessment, lease branches and buildings are recognized in compliance with TFRS 16 whereas ATM places, lease cars and other leases are considered out of TFRS 16 scope as a result of materiality assessment. Therefore, these leases are recognized under Other Operating Income.

At the commencement date, the Bank shall measure the right-of-use properties at cost in compliance with TFRS 16. The cost of the right-of-use asset comprises the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability, any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received, any initial direct costs incurred by the lessee and an estimate of costs to be incurred by the lessee in dismantling and removing the underlying asset, restoring the site on which it is located or restoring the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease, unless those costs are incurred to produce inventories.

After the commencement date, the Bank measures the right-of-use asset applying a cost model. To apply the cost model, the Bank measures the right-of-use asset at cost less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses; and adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liability.

The Bank applies the depreciation requirements in TAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment in depreciating real assets considered as right-of-use asset.

The Bank applies TAS 36 Impairment of Assets to determine whether the real estates considered as right-of-use assets are impaired and to account for any impairment loss identified.

3.14 LEASING ACTIVITIES

Leases, in which the majority of risks and returns of the related asset belong to the lessor, are classified as operational lease. The rent payments for leases that meet the conditions of exemptions stated in TFRS 16, are recognized as expense in related periods' statement of profit or loss over the lease term in accordance with periodicity principle.

Based on TFRS 16, at the commencement date, the Bank measures the lease liability at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at that date. The lease payments shall be discounted using the incremental borrowing interest rate.

After the commencement date, the Bank measures the lease liability by increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability, reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made; and remeasuring the carrying amount to reflect any reassessment or lease modifications, or to reflect revised in-substance fixed lease payments.

Interest on the lease liability in each period during the lease term shall be the amount that produces a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the lease liability.

After the commencement date, the Bank remeasures the lease liability to reflect changes to the lease payments. The Bank recognises the amount of the remeasurement of the lease liability as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset.

The Bank remeasures the lease liability by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate, if either there is a change in the lease term or there is a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset. However, if there is a change in future lease payments resulting from a change in an index or a rate used to determine those payments or if there is a change in the amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, the Bank uses an unchanged discount rate.

For a lease modification that is not accounted for as a separate lease, at the effective date of the lease modification, the Bank remeasures the lease liability by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate. The revised discount rate is determined as the incremental borrowing interest rate at the effective date of the modification. The Bank decreases the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease for lease modifications that decrease the scope of the lease. The Bank recognises any gain or loss relating to the partial or full termination of the lease in profit or loss. A corresponding adjustment to the right-of-use asset is made for all other lease modifications.

The Best and Most Engaged Team

Governance

Financial Reports and Appendix

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Operational

Excellence

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

3.15 PROVISIONS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Provisions and contingent liabilities resulted from past events, if it is probable that the commitment will be settled and a reliable estimate can be made for the amount of the obligation, are accounted for in accordance with the Turkish Accounting Standard 37 (TAS 37) "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets".

3.16 CONTINGENT ASSETS

Reaching

The contingent assets usually arise from unplanned or other unexpected events that give rise to the possibility of an inflow of economic benefits to the Bank. If an inflow of economic benefits to the Bank has become probable, then the contingent asset is disclosed in the footnotes to the financial statements. If it has become virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits will arise, the asset and the related income are recognized in the financial statements of the related period.

3.17 LIABILITIES FOR EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Severance indemnities and short-term employee benefits

As per the existing labour law in Turkey, the Bank is required to pay certain amounts to the employees retired or fired except for resignations or misbehaviours specified in the Turkish Labour Law.

Accordingly, the Bank reserved for employee severance indemnities in the accompanying financial statements using actuarial method in compliance with the Turkish Accounting Standard 19 (TAS 19) "Employee Benefits" for all its employees who retired or whose employment is terminated, called up for military service or died.

The major actuarial assumptions used in the calculation of the total liability are as follows:

	31 DECEMBER 2020	31 DECEMBER 2019
Net Effective Discount Rate	3.01%	3.97%
Discount Rate	13.00%	12.50%
Expected Rate of Salary Increase	11.20%	9.70%
Inflation Rate	9.70%	8.20%

The above rates are effective rates, whereas the rates applied for the calculation differ according to the employees' years-in-service.

The Bank provided for undiscounted short-term employee benefits earned during the financial periods as per services rendered in compliance with TAS 19.

The actuarial gains/losses are recognised under shareholders' equity as per the revised TAS 19.

Retirement benefit obligations

A defined benefit plan is a pension plan that defines an amount of pension benefit that an employee (and his/her dependents) will receive on retirement.

The Bank's defined benefit plan (the "Plan") is managed by "Türkiye Garanti Bankası Anonim Şirketi Memur ve Müstahdemleri Emekli ve Yardım Sandığı Vakfı" (the Fund) established as per the provisional article 20 of the Social Security Law no.506 and the Bank's employees are the members of this Fund.

The Plan is funded through contributions of both by the employees and the employer as required by Social Security Law numbered 506. These contributions are as follows:

	31 DECE	EMBER 2020 31 DECEM		EMBER 2019	
	EMPLOYER	EMPLOYEE	EMPLOYER	EMPLOYEE	
Pension contributions	15.5%	10.0%	15.5%	10.0%	
Medical benefit contributions	6.0%	5.0%	6.0%	5.0%	

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

294

Data and Technology About Garanti BBVA Our Value Creation Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

<u>Sus</u>tainability

Convenience Translation of Financial

The Plan is composed of a) the contractual benefits of the employees, which are subject to transfer to Social Security Foundation ("SSF") as per the Social Security Law no.5754 ("the Law"), and b) other social rights and medical benefits provided by the Bank but not transferable to SSF.

a) Benefits transferable to SSF

Introduction

The first paragraph of the provisional article 23 of Banking Law no.5411, published in the Official Gazette on 1 November 2005, no.25983, which requires the transfer of the members of the funds subject to the provisional article 20 of the Social Security Law no.506, and the persons who are paid under insurance coverage for disablement, old-age and mortality and their right-holders to the SSF within three years following the effective date of the related article was cancelled with the decision of the Constitutional Court dated 22 March 2007, no.2007/33. The reasoned ruling regarding the cancellation of the Constitutional Court was published in the Official Gazette no.26731, dated 15 December 2007. The Constitutional Court stated that the reason behind this cancellation was the possible loss of antecedent rights of the fund members.

Following the publication of the verdict, the Turkish Grand National Assembly ("Turkish Parliament") started to work on the new legal arrangements by taking the cancellation reasoning into account and the articles of the Law no.5754 regulating the principles related with such transfers were accepted and approved by Turkish Parliament on 17 April 2008, and enacted on 8 May 2008 after being published in the Official Gazette no.26870.

As per the Law, the present value of post-employment benefits as at the transfer date for the fund members to be transferred, are to be calculated by a commission composing from the representatives of the SSF, the Ministry of Finance, the Undersecretariat of Treasury, the Undersecretariat of State Planning Organisation, the BRSA, the Savings Deposit Insurance Fund ("SDIF"), the banks and the funds, by using a technical discount rate of 9.80% taking into account the funds' income and expenses as per insurance classes and the transferable contributions and payments of the funds including any salary and income differences paid by the funds above the limits of SSF for such payments. The transfers are to take place within the three-year period starting from 1 January 2008. Subsequently, the transfer of the contributors and the persons receiving monthly or regular income and their right-holders from such funds established for employees of the banks, insurance and reinsurance companies, trade chambers, stock markets and unions that are part of these organizations subject to the provisional article 20 of the Social Security Law no.506 to the SSF, has been postponed for two years. The decision of the Council of Ministers, no.2011/1559, and as per the letter no. 150 of the Ministry of Labor and Social Security dated 24 February 2011 and according to the provisional article 20 of the Social Security and Public Health Insurance Law no.5510.

On 19 June 2008, Cumhuriyet Halk Partisi ("CHP") applied to the Constitutional Court for the cancellation of various articles of the Law including the first paragraph of the provisional Article 20. At the meeting of the Constitutional Court on 30 March 2011, it was decided that the article 73 and the first paragraph of the provisional Article 20 added to the law no. 5510 are not contradictory to the Constitutional Law, and accordingly the dismissal of the cancellation request has been denied with the majority of votes.

Before the completion of two-years period set by the Council of Ministers on 14 March 2011 as explained above, as per the Article no. 51 of the law no. 6645, published in the Official Gazette no. 29335 dated 23 April 2015, the Article no. 20 of the law no. 5510 was amended giving the Council of Ministers the authority to determine the date of transfer without defining any timeline.

b) Other benefits not transferable to SSF

Other social rights and payments provided in the existing trust indenture but not covered through the transfer of the funds' members and their right-holders to the SSF, are to be covered by the funds and the institutions that employ the funds' members.

The actuarial gains/losses are recognised under shareholders' equity as per the revised TAS 19.

3.18 TAXATION

3.18.1 CORPORATE TAX

While the corporate tax rate was at the rate of 20% since 1 January 2006, for all companies, such rate has been set as 22% for the tax bases of the years 2018, 2019, and 2020 based on the legislation of the Amendment on Certain Tax Laws and Other Laws no. 7061. Furthermore, the Council of Ministers has been authorized to reduce the rate of 22% down to 20%.

Operational Excellence

Data and Technology

The Best and Most Engaged Team

Corporate Governance

Financial Reports and Appendix

296

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

This rate is applied to tax base which is calculated by adding certain non-deductible expenses for tax purposes and deducting certain exemptions (like dividend income) and other deductions on accounting income. If there is no dividend distribution, no further tax charges are made.

Dividends paid to the resident institutions and the institutions working through local offices or representatives are not subject to withholding tax. As per the decisions no.2009/14593 and no.2009/14594 of the Council of Ministers published in the Official Gazette no.27130 dated 3 February 2009, certain duty rates included in the articles no.15 and 30 of the new Corporate Tax Law no.5520 are revised. Accordingly, the withholding tax rate on the dividend payments other than the ones paid to the nonresident institutions generating income in Turkey through their operations or permanent representatives and the resident institutions is 15%. In applying the withholding tax rates on dividend payments to the nonresident institutions and the individuals, the withholding tax rates covered in the related Double Tax Treaty Agreements are taken into account. Appropriation of the retained earnings to capital is not considered as profit distribution and therefore is not subject to withholding tax.

The prepaid taxes are calculated and paid at the rates valid for the earnings of the related years. The prepayments can be deducted from the annual corporate tax calculated for the whole year earnings.

In accordance with the tax legislation, tax losses can be carried forward to offset against future taxable income for up to five years. Tax losses cannot be carried back to offset profits from previous periods.

75% of earnings generated through sale of equity shares, founders' shares, redeemed shares and pre-emption rights and 50% of earnings generated through sale of real estates held at least for two years by the institutions are exempt from the corporate tax with the conditions that such earnings shall be held in a special reserve account under equity until the end of five years following the year of sale and shall be collected as cash until the end of the following two fiscal years.

All earnings generated through transfer of equity shares, founders' shares, redeemed shares and pre-emption rights by the companies being under legal proceedings or guarantor and mortgage provider of such companies, to banks, financial leasing companies and finance companies or the Savings Deposit Insurance Fund in connection with liquidation of their liabilities and earnings of banks, financial leasing companies and finance companies through sale of immovable part of such assets or other items are exempt from corporate tax at the rate of 50% and 75%, respectively.

The tax applications for foreign branches;

NORTHERN CYPRUS

According to the Corporate Tax Law of the Turkish Republic of Northern Cyprus no.41/1976 as amended, the corporate earnings (including foreign corporations) are subject to a 10% corporate tax and 15% income tax. This tax is calculated based on the income that the taxpayers earn in an accounting period. Tax base is determined by modifying accounting income for certain exclusions and allowances for tax purposes. The corporations cannot benefit from the rights of offsetting losses, investment incentives and amortisation unless they prepare and have certified their balance sheets, income statements and accounting records used for tax calculations by an auditor authorized by the Ministry of Finance. In cases where it is revealed that the earnings of a corporation were not subject to taxation in prior years or the tax paid on such earnings are understated, additional taxes can be charged in the next seven years following that the related taxation period. The corporate tax returns are filed in the tax administration office in April after following the end of the accounting year to which they relate. The corporate taxes are paid in two equal installments in May and October. According to the Decision of the TRNC Council of Ministers dated 25 March 2020, the prepaid taxes are calculated and paid at the rate of 15% tax on quarterly commercial earnings of the related year. The prepayments can be deducted from the annual corporate tax calculated for the whole year earnings.

MALTA

The corporate earnings are subject to a 35% corporate tax. This rate is determined by modifying accounting income for certain exclusions and allowances for tax purposes. The earnings of the foreign corporations' branches in Malta are also subject to the same tax rate that the resident corporations in Malta are subject to. The earnings of such branches that are transferred to their head offices are not subject to an additional tax. The taxes payable is calculated by the obligating firm and the calculation is presented in the tax declaration form that is due till the following year's month of November.

297

Our Value Creation

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Sustainability

3.18.2 DEFERRED TAXES

Introduction

According to the Turkish Accounting Standard 12 (TAS 12) "Income Taxes"; deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized, using the balance sheet method, on all taxable temporary differences arising between the carrying values of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and their corresponding balances considered in the calculation of the tax base, except for the differences not deductible for tax purposes and initial recognition of assets and liabilities which affect neither accounting nor taxable profit.

As explained in note 3.18.1, this rate is determined as 22% to be applied to corporate earnings for the taxation periods of 2018, 2019 and 2020. In addition, the Council of Ministers is authorized to reduce the corresponding rate 22% to 20%. As deferred tax assets or liabilities within the scope of TAS 12, are calculated by using the tax rates based on the effective tax rates or tax rates (and tax laws) expected to enter into force as of the reporting period (balance sheet date), to be applied in the periods when the assets turn into income or the debts are paid, the Bank made deferred tax calculation according to the rates of 22% or 20% corresponding to the maturity of the assets and liabilities as of 31 December 2020.

If transactions and events are recorded in the statement of profit or loss, then the related tax effects are also recognized in the statement of profit or loss. However, if transactions and events are recorded directly in the shareholders' equity, the related tax effects are also recognized directly in the shareholders' equity.

The deferred tax assets and liabilities are reported as net in the financial statements.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Furthermore, the deferred tax assets are not subject to profit distribution or capital increase as per the BRSA's related circular in cases where there are net asset balances after netting deferred tax assets with deferred tax liabilities.

3.18.3 TRANSFER PRICING

The article no.13 of the Corporate Tax Law describes the issue of transfer pricing under the title of "Disguised Profit Distribution by Way of Transfer Pricing". "The General Communiqué on Disguised Profit Distribution by Way of Transfer Pricing" published at 18 November 2007, explains the application related issues on this topic.

According to this communiqué, if the taxpayers conduct transactions like purchase and sale of goods or services with the related parties where the prices are not determined according to the arm's length principle, then it will be concluded that there is a disguised profit distribution by way of transfer pricing. Such disguised profit distributions will not be deducted from the corporate tax base for tax purposes.

As stated in the "7.1 Annual Documentation" section of this communiqué, the taxpayers are required to fill out the "Transfer Pricing, Controlled Foreign Entities and Thin Capitalization" form for the purchase and sale of goods or services conducted with their related parties in a taxation period, attach these forms to their corporate tax returns and submit to the tax offices.

3.19 FUNDS BORROWED

The Bank, whenever required, generates funds from domestic and foreign sources in the form of borrowings, syndications, securitizations, and bill and bond issuances in the local and international markets. The funds borrowed are recorded at their purchase costs and valued at amortised costs using the effective interest method.

In cases where such funds are valued at their amortised costs but this application results in measurement or accounting mismatch due to having the related financial instruments valued using different methods or the related gains or losses are recognized differently, such fundings are reclassified as financial liabilities at their fair values through profit or loss at initial recognition in order to prevent such mismatch. The interest expenses paid during holding the related financial liabilities and the difference between the amortized cost and the acquisition cost are recorded as interest expense in statement of profit or loss and the difference between the fair values and the amortized costs of the financial liabilities are recorded under trading account income/losses.

3.20 SHARE ISSUANCES

If the Bank issues a share at a price above its nominal value, the difference between the issue price and the nominal value is

Corporate Governance

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Reaching

More Customers

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

accounted for "share premium" under shareholders' equity.

Operational

Excellence

3.21 CONFIRMED BILLS OF EXCHANGE AND ACCEPTANCES

Payments of the confirmed bills of exchange and acceptances are made simultaneously with the payments of the customers. Confirmed bills of exchange and acceptances are recorded in "off-balance sheet accounts" as possible debts and commitments, if any.

3.22 GOVERNMENT INCENTIVES

As of 31 December 2020, the Bank does not have any government incentives or grants (2019: None).

3.23 SEGMENT REPORTING

The Bank operates in corporate, commercial, retail and investment banking. Accordingly, the banking products served to customers are; custody services, time and demand deposits, accumulating deposit accounts, repos, overdraft facilities, spot loans, foreign currency indexed loans, consumer loans, automobile and housing loans, working capital loans, discounted bills, gold loans, foreign currency loans, Eximbank loans, pre-export loans, ECA covered financing, letters of guarantee, letters of credit, export factoring, acceptance credits, draft facilities, forfaiting, leasing, insurance, forward, futures, salary payments, investment account (ELMA), cheques, safety boxes, bill payments, tax collections, payment orders. GarantiCard, BonusCard, Miles&Smiles Card, FlexiCard, MoneyCard, BusinessCard, Shop & Fly, virtual cards under the brand names of Visa and Mastercard and also American Express credit cards and "Paracard" debit cards with Maestro, Electron, Visa and Mastercard brand names, are available.

The Bank provides service packages to its corporate, commercial and retail customers including deposit, loans, foreign trade transactions, investment products, cash management, leasing, factoring, insurance, credit cards, and other banking products. A customer-oriented branch network has been built in order to serve customers' needs effectively and efficiently. The Bank also utilizes alternative delivery channels intensively.

The Bank provides corporate banking products to international and national holdings in Turkey by coordinating regional offices, suppliers and intermediaries, utilizing cross-selling techniques. Mainly, it provides services through its commercial and mixed type of branches to export-revenue earning sectors like tourism and textile and exporters of Turkey's traditional agricultural products.

Additionally, the Bank provides banking services to enterprises and their employees working in retail and service sectors through product packages including overdraft accounts, POS machines, credit cards, cheque books, Turkish Lira and foreign currency deposits, investment accounts, internet banking and call-center, debit cards and bill payment modules.

Retail banking customers form a wide-spread and sustainable deposit base for the Bank. Individual customers' needs are met by diversified consumer banking products through branches and digital banking.

Information on the business segments is as follows:

CURRENT PERIOD	RETAIL BANKING	CORPORATE / COMMERCIAL BANKING	INVESTMENT BANKING	OTHER	TOTAL OPERATIONS
Total Operating Profit	11,663,770	9,906,783	5,947,376	6,977,500	34,495,429
Other	-	-	-	-	-
Total Operating Profit	11,663,770	9,906,783	5,947,376	6,977,500	34,495,429
Net Operating Profit	4,037,889	127,166	5,254,710	(799,349)	8,620,416
Dividend Income	-	-	-	18,994	18,994
Net Operating Profit	4,037,889	127,166	5,254,710	(780,355)	8,639,410
Provision for Taxes	-	-	-	2,401,407	2,401,407
Net Profit	4,037,889	127,166	5,254,710	(3,181,762)	6,238,003
Segment Assets	86,910,050	206,600,805	144,986,519	42,882,660	481,380,034
Investments in Associates and Subsidiaries	-			11,417,786	11,417,786
Total Assets	86,910,050	206,600,805	144,986,519	54,300,446	492,797,820
Segment Liabilities	215,622,818	118,682,843	76,593,778	19,816,658	430,716,097
Shareholders' Equity	-	-	-	62,081,723	62,081,723
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity	215,622,818	118,682,843	76,593,778	81,898,381	492,797,820

298

200	Introduction	About Garanti BBVA	Our Value Creation	
299		Garanti BBVA	Creation	

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

PRIOR PERIOD	RETAIL BANKING	CORPORATE / COMMERCIAL BANKING	INVESTMENT BANKING	OTHER	TOTAL OPERATIONS
Total Operating Profit	12,348,848	9,772,521	(4,622,619)	9,642,506	27,141,256
Other	-	-	-	-	-
Total Operating Profit	12,348,848	9,772,521	(4,622,619)	9,642,506	27,141,256
Net Operating Profit	5,499,594	1,743,498	(5,074,584)	5,638,880	7,807,388
Dividend Income	-	-	-	8,893	8,893
Net Operating Profit	5,499,594	1,743,498	(5,074,584)	5,647,773	7,816,281
Provision for Taxes	-	-	-	1,657,440	1,657,440
Net Profit	5,499,594	1,743,498	(5,074,584)	3,990,333	6,158,841
Segment Assets	71,993,606	163,485,225	118,816,028	28,270,533	382,565,392
Investments in Associates and Subsidiaries	-	-	-	8,586,878	8,586,878
Total Assets	71,993,606	163,485,225	118,816,028	36,857,411	391,152,270
Segment Liabilities	169,796,486	86,694,416	67,961,445	12,934,257	337,386,604
Shareholders' Equity	-	-	-	53,765,666	53,765,666
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity	169,796,486	86,694,416	67,961,445	66,699,923	391,152,270

3.24 PROFIT RESERVES AND PROFIT APPROPRIATION

Retained earnings as per the statutory financial statements other than legal reserves, are available for distribution, subject to the legal reserve requirement explained to below.

Under the Turkish Commercial Code, legal reserves consist of first legal reserve and second legal reserve. First legal reserve, appropriated at the rate of 5%, until the total reserve is equal to 20% of issued and fully paid-in share capital. Second legal reserve, appropriated at the rate of at least 10% of distributions in excess of 5% of issued and fully paid-in share capital, but holding companies are not subject to such transaction. According to the Turkish Commercial Code, legal reserves can only be used to compensate accumulated losses and cannot be used for other purposes unless they exceed 50% of paid-in capital.

In the ordinary General Assembly Meeting dated 17 July 2020, a decision is made regarding distribution of the unconsolidated net profit of the Bank amounting to TL 6,158,841 thousands, and the table considering the distribution made based on the decision is presented in note 5.10.2.

3.25 EARNINGS PER SHARE

Earnings per share disclosed in the statement of profit or loss, are calculated by dividing net profit by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year concerned.

	31 DECEMBER 2020	31 DECEMBER 2019
Distributable net profit for the year	6,238,003	6,158,841
Average number of issued common shares (thousand)	420,000,000	420,000,000
Earnings per share (amounts presented full TL)	0.01485	0.01466

In Turkey, companies can increase their share capital by making a pro-rata distribution of shares ("bonus shares") to existing shareholders from retained earnings. For the purpose of earnings per share computations, the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year has been adjusted in respect of bonus shares issued without a corresponding change in resources by giving them a retroactive effect for the year in which they were issued and for each earlier period. In case bonus shares are distributed after the balance sheet date but before the preparation of the financial statements, earnings per share is calculated considering the new number of shares.

There are no bonus shares issued in 2020 (2019: none).

Operational

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Data and

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Financial Reports

and Appendix

3.26 RELATED PARTIES

Reaching

More Customers

For the purpose of these financial statements, shareholders having control shares of the Bank, key management personnel and board members together with their families and companies controlled by/subsidiary with them, associated companies and joint ventures and the Fund providing post employment benefits are considered and referred to as related parties in accordance with TAS 24 "Related Parties". The transactions with related parties are disclosed in detail in Note 5.7.

The Best and Most

Governance

Engaged Team

3.27 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash includes cash effectives, cash in transit, purchased cheques and demand deposits including balances with the Central Bank of Turkey; and cash equivalents include interbank money market placements, time deposits at banks with original maturity periods of less than three months and investments on marketable securities other than common stocks.

3.28 OTHER DISCLOSURES

The Bank classified the amounts related to gains / losses on cash flow hedges and also the shares of investments valued by equity method recognized in other comprehensive income in the previous period financial statements, in accordance with Accounting Policies, Turkish Accounting Standards ("TAS 8") Regarding Changes and Errors in Accounting Estimates. The effect of the related adjustments is presented in the second section, Equity Change Table for the dates of 31 December 2019, 31 December 2018.

The related classification has no effect on the consolidated statement of profit or loss and consolidated statement of other comprehensive income in current and previous periods.

4 FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT

4.1 TOTAL CAPITAL

The capital items calculated as per the "Regulation on Equities of Banks" published on 5 September 2013, are presented below:

4.1.1 COMPONENTS OF TOTAL CAPITAL

CARİ DÖNEM	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
COMMON EQUITY TIER I CAPITAL		
Paid-in Capital to be Entitled for Compensation after All Creditors	4,972,554	4,972,554
Share Premium	11,880	11,880
Reserves	45,401,476	39,170,872
Other Comprehensive Income according to TAS	7,716,316	5,186,540
Profit	6,434,451	6,158,841
Current Period's Profit	6,238,003	6,158,841
Prior Periods' Profit	196,448	-
Bonus Shares from Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint-Ventures not Accounted in Current Period's Profit	7,636	1,855
Common Equity Tier I Capital Before Deductions	64,544,313	55,502,542
DEDUCTIONS FROM COMMON EQUITY TIER I CAPITAL		
Valuation adjustments calculated as per the article 9. (i) of the Regulation on Bank Capital	-	-
Current and Prior Periods' Losses not Covered by Reserves, and Losses Accounted under Equity according to TAS (-)	2,160,619	1,258,902
Leasehold Improvements on Operational Leases (-)	119,670	163,555
Goodwill Netted with Deferred Tax Liabilities	-	-
Other Intangible Assets Netted with Deferred Tax Liabilities Except Mortgage Servicing Rights	433,162	328,535
Net Deferred Tax Asset/Liability (-)	-	-
Differences arise when assets and liabilities not held at fair value, are subjected to cash flow hedge accounting	-	-
Total credit losses that exceed total expected loss calculated according to the Regulation on Calculation of Credit Risk by Internal Ratings Based Approach		-
Securitization gains	-	-
Unrealized gains and losses from changes in bank's liabilities' fair values due to changes in creditworthiness	-	-

301	Introduction	About Garanti BBVA	

Our Value Creation

Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19

Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Not amount of defined bonefit plans		
Net amount of defined benefit plans Direct and Indirect Investments of the Bank on its own Tier I Capital (-)	-	
		-
Shares Obtained against Article 56, Paragraph 4 of the Banking Law (-)	-	-
Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10% Threshold of above Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns 10% or more of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10% Threshold of above Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
Mortgage Servicing Rights Exceeding the 10% Threshold of Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
Net Deferred Tax Assets arising from Temporary Differences Exceeding the10% Threshold of Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
Amount Exceeding the 15% Threshold of Tier I Capital as per the Article 2, Clause 2 of the Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy Ratios of Banks (-)	-	-
The Portion of Net Long Position of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns 10% or more of the Issued Share Capital not deducted from Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
Excess Amount arising from Mortgage Servicing Rights (-)	-	-
Excess Amount arising from Deferred Tax Assets from Temporary Differences (-)	-	-
Other items to be Defined by the BRSA (-)		-
Deductions from Tier I Capital in cases where there are no adequate Additional Tier I or Tier II Capitals (-)		-
Total Deductions from Common Equity Tier I Capital	2,713,451	1,750,992
Total Common Equity Tier I Capital	61,830,862	53,751,550
ADDITIONAL TIER I CAPITAL		
Preferred Stock not Included in Common Equity Tier I Capital and the Related Share Premiums	-	
Debt Instruments and the Related Issuance Premiums Defined by the BRSA		
Debt Instruments and the Related Issuance Premiums Defined by the BRSA (Covered by Temporary Article 4)		-
Additional Tier I Capital before Deductions		
DEDUCTIONS FROM ADDITIONAL TIER I CAPITAL		
Direct and Indirect Investments of the Bank on its own Additional Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
Investments in Equity Instruments Issued by Banks or Financial Institutions Invested in Bank's Additional Tier I Capital and Having Conditions Stated in the Article 7 of the Regulation	-	-
Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10% Threshold of above Tier I Capital (-)		-
The Total of Net Long Position of the Direct or Indirect Investments in Additional Tier I Capital of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns more than 10% of the Issued Share Capital (-)	-	-
Other items to be defined by the BRSA (-)		-
ITEMS TO BE DEDUCTED FROM TIER I CAPITAL DURING THE TRANSITION PERIOD		
Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets and Related Deferred Taxes not deducted from Tier I Capital as per the Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 of the Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy Ratios of Banks (-)	-	-
Net Deferred Tax Asset/Liability not deducted from Tier I Capital as per the Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 of the Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy Ratios of Banks (-)	-	-
Deduction from Additional Tier I Capital when there is not enough Tier II Capital (-)	-	
Total Deductions from Additional Tier I Capital	-	
Total Additional Tier I Capital	-	
Total Tier I Capital (Tier I Capital= Common Equity Tier I Capital + Additional Tier I Capital)	61,830,862	53,751,550
TIER II CAPITAL	-	
Debt Instruments and the Related Issuance Premiums Defined by the BRSA	6,537,880	4,693,480
Debt Instruments and the Related Issuance Premiums Defined by the BRSA (Covered by Temporary Article 4)	-	-
Provisions (Amounts explained in the first paragraph of the article 8 of the Regulation on Bank Capital)	4,211,065	3,424,763
Total Deductions from Tier II Capital	10,748,945	8,118,243
DEDUCTIONS FROM TIER II CAPITAL		
Direct and Indirect Investments of the Bank on its own Tier II Capital (-)	-	-
Investments in Equity Instruments Issued by Banks and Financial Institutions Invested in Bank's Tier II Capital and Having Conditions Stated in the Article 8 of the Regulation	-	-
Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10% Threshold of above Tier I Capital (-)	-	
Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns 10% or more of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10% Threshold of above Tier I Capital (-)	-	
Other items to be defined by the BRSA (-)	-	
Total Deductions from Tier II Capital	-	
Total Tier II Capital	10,748,945	8,118,243

Reaching	Operational	Data and	The Best and Most	Corporate	Financial Reports	302
More Customers	Excellence	Technology	Engaged Team	Governance	and Appendix	
TÜRKİYE GARA	NTİ BANKAS	I AŞ			Convenience Translation of Fin	

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Total Equity (Total Tier I and Tier II Capital)	72,579,807	61,869,793
TOTAL TIER I CAPITAL AND TIER II CAPITAL (TOTAL EQUITY)		
Loans Granted against the Articles 50 and 51 of the Banking Law (-)	82	109
Other items to be Defined by the BRSA (-)	1,802	7,821
ITEMS TO BE DEDUCTED FROM THE SUM OF TIER I AND TIER II CAPITAL (CAPITAL) DURING THE TRANSITION PERIOD	-	-
The Portion of Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10% Threshold of above Tier I Capital not deducted from Tier I Capital, Additional Tier I Capital or Tier II Capital as per the Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 of the Regulation (-)	-	-
The Portion of Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns more than 10% of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10% Threshold of above Tier I Capital not deducted from Additional Tier I Capital or Tier II Capital as per the Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 of the Regulation (-)	-	-
The Portion of Net Long Position of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns 10% or more of the Issued Share Capital, of the Net Deferred Tax Assets arising from Temporary Differences and of the Mortgage Servicing Rights not deducted from Tier I Capital as per the Temporary Article 2, Clause 2, Paragraph (1) and (2) and Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 of the Regulation (-)	-	-
CAPITAL		
Total Capital (Total of Tier I Capital and Tier II Capital)	72,577,923	61,861,863
Total Risk Weighted Assets	391,512,841	316,152,290
CAPITAL ADEQUACY RATIOS		
CET1 Capital Ratio (%)	15,79	17,00
Tier I Capital Ratio (%)	15,79	17,00
Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	18,54	19,57
BUFFERS		
Total Additional CET1 Capital Requirement Ratio (a+b)	2,53	2,55
a) Capital Conservation Buffer Ratio (%)	2,500	2,500

a) Bank-specific Counter-Cyclical Capital Buffer Ratio (%)	0,03	0,05
Additional CET1 Capital Over Total Risk Weighted Assets Ratio Calculated According to the Article 4 of Capital Conservation and Counter-Cyclical Capital Buffers Regulation (%)	9,79	10,84
AMOUNTS LOWER THAN EXCESSES AS PER DEDUCTION RULES		
Remaining Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital	-	-
Remaining Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Tier I Capital of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns more than 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital	-	
Remaining Mortgage Servicing Rights	-	
Net Deferred Tax Assets arising from Temporary Differences	3,530,898	1,732,866
LIMITS FOR PROVISIONS USED IN TIER II CAPITAL CALCULATION		
General Loan Provisions for Exposures in Standard Approach (before limit of one hundred and twenty five per ten thousand)	12,236,754	5,899,595
General Loan Provisions for Exposures in Standard Approach Limited by 1.25% of Risk Weighted Assets	4,211,065	3,424,763
Total Loan Provision that Exceeds Total Expected Loss Calculated According to Communiqué on Calculation of Credit Risk by Internal Ratings Based Approach	-	
Total Loan Provision that Exceeds Total Expected Loss Calculated According to Communiqué on Calculation of Credit Risk by Internal Ratings Based Approach, Limited by 0.6% Risk Weighted Assets	-	
DEBT INSTRUMENTS COVERED BY TEMPORARY ARTICLE 4 (EFFECTIVE BETWEEN 1.1.2018-1.1.2022)		
Upper Limit for Additional Tier I Capital Items subject to Temporary Article 4	-	-
Amount of Additional Tier I Capital Items Subject to Temporary Article 4 that Exceeds Upper Limit	-	
Upper Limit for Additional Tier II Capital Items subject to Temporary Article 4	-	
Amount of Additional Tier II Capital Items Subject to Temporary Article 4 that Exceeds Upper Limit	-	-

(*) Under this item fully loaded amounts were reported for items that are subject to phasing in according to "Bank Capital Regulation" dated 1 January 2014.

Within the context of the measures that are announced by BRSA on 08 December 2020, in capital adequacy ratio calculation until 30 June 2021 may be calculated with arithmetic average of the Central Bank of Turkey's spot purchase exchange rates for 252 working days before credit risk calculation date and as of the announcement date negative revaluation differences of the securities classified under "Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income" may not be included in capital calculation.

The Bank does not take into consideration the related measures in regulatory capital adequacy ratio calculation as of 31 December 2020. In case of applying the measures, capital adequacy ratio rises to 19.10% as of 31 December 2020.

The Bank plans its Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1) Capital by considering 10% as the minimum target while considering its additional CET 1 requirements during the phase-in period due to aforementioned regulations.

About C Garanti BBVA C

Our Value Creation Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

4.1.2 ITEMS INCLUDED IN CAPITAL CALCULATION

CURRENT PERIOD	INFORMATION ABOUT INSTRUMENTS INCLUDED IN TOTAL CAPITAL CALCULATION					
Issuer	T. Garanti Bankası A.Ş.	T. Garanti Bankası A.Ş.	T. Garanti Bankası A.Ş.			
Identifier (CUSIP, ISIN vb.)	Reg S : ISIN: XS1617531063 Common Code: 161753106 144A : CUSIP: 900148 AE7 ISIN: US900148AE73 Common Code: 161752479	ISIN: TRSGRANE2915	ISIN: TRSGRAN23013			
Governing law (s) of the instrument	Subject to English Law and in terms of certain articles to Turkish Regulations. It is issued within the scope of the Communiqué VII-128.8 on Debt Instruments of the Capital Markets Board and the Regulation on Bank Capital of the BRSA.	It is subject to English Law and in terms of certain articles to Turkish Regulations. It is also issued within the scope of the "Regulation on Equities of Banks" and "the Communique Regarding the Capital Instruments that will be included in own funds of banks" within the legislation of Capital Markets Board of Turkey.	It is subject to English Law and in terms of certain articles to Turkish Regulations. It is also issued within the scope of the "Regulation on Equities of Banks" and "the Communique Regarding the Capital Instruments that will be included in own funds of banks" within the legislation of Capital Markets Board of Turkey.			
REGULATORY TREATMENT						
Subject to 10% deduction as of 1/1/2015	No	No	No			
Eligible on unconsolidated and /or consolidated basis	Eligible on unconsolidated and consolidated	Eligible on unconsolidated and consolidated	Eligible on unconsolidated and consolidated			
Instrument type	Subordinated debt instruments (Notes)	Subordinated debt instruments (Notes)	Subordinated debt instruments (Notes)			
Amount recognized in regulatory capital (Currency in TL million, as of most recent reporting date)	5,535 (31 December 2019: 4,441)	253 (31 December 2019: 253)	750			
Nominal value of instrument (TL million)	5,535 (31 December 2019: 4,441)	253 (31 December 2019: 253)	750			
Accounting classification of the instrument	34701 - Secondary Subordinated Loans	34601- Secondary Subordinated Loans	34601- Secondary Subordinated Loans			
Issuance date of instrument	23.05.2017	09.10.2019	14.02.2020			
Maturity structure of the instrument (demand/time)	Time	Time	Time			
Original maturity of the instrument	24.05.2027	07.10.2029	14.02.2030			
Issuer call subject to prior supervisory (BRSA) approval	Yes	Yes	Yes			
Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	24.05.2022 - USD 750,000,000	07.10.2024 - TL 252,880,000	14.02.2025 - TL 750,000,000			
Subsequent call dates, if applicable	-	-	-			
INTEREST/DIVIDEND PAYMENT						
Fixed or floating coupon/dividend payments	Fixed	Floating	Floating			
Coupon rate and any related index	6.1250%	TLREF + 130 bps	TLREF + 250 bps			
Existence of any dividend payment restriction	None	None	None			
Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	-	-	-			
Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	None	None	None			
Noncumulative or cumulative	None	None	None			
Convertible into equity shares	None	None	None			
If convertible, conversion trigger (s)	-	-	-			
If convertible, fully or partially	-	-	-			
If convertible, conversion rate	-	-	-			
If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	-	-	-			
If convertible, type of instrument convertible into	-	-	-			
If convertible, issuer of instrument to be converted into	-	-	-			
Write-down feature	Yes	Yes	Yes			

Reaching More Customers	Operational Excellence	Data and Technology	The Best and Most Engaged Team	Corporate Governance	Financial Reports and Appendix	304
TÜRKİYE GARAN Jnconsolidated Financial		3	1 December 2020	S	Convenience Translation of F tatements and Related Disclosu Footnotes Originally Issued in	ires and

(Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Due to the losses incurred, where the Bank is at the point at which the BRSA may determine pursuant to Article 71 of the Banking Law that: (i) its operating license is to be revoked Due to the losses incurred, where and the Bank is liquidated or (ii) Due to the losses incurred, where the rights of all of its shareholders (except to dividends), and the the Bank is at the point at which the BRSA may determine pursuant to Article 71 of the Banking Law the Bank is at the point at which the BRSA may determine pursuant management and supervision of the to Article 71 of the Banking Law If bonds can be written-down, write-down trigger(s) Bank, are to be transferred to the that: (i) its operating license is to be that: (i) its operating license is to be revoked or(ii) to be determined the probability of transfer to the SDIF SDIF on the condition that losses revoked or(ii) to be determined the are deducted from the capital of probability of transfer to the SDIF Turkey, the bonds can be written off. existing shareholders (occurrence Turkey, the bonds can be written off. of either condition means the issuer has become non-viable), or (iii) it is probable that the Issuer will become non-viable; then the bonds can be written-down.

If bond can be written-down, full or partial	Partially or fully	Partially or fully	Partially or fully
If bond can be written-down, permanent or temporary	Continuously	Continuously	Continuously
If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism	There are no any temporary write-up mechanisms.	There are no any temporary write-up mechanisms.	There are no any temporary write-up mechanisms.
Position in subordination hierarchy in case of liquidation (instrument type immediately senior to the instrument)	In priority of receivables, it comes after the senior obligations of the Issuer.	In priority of receivables, it comes after the senior obligations of the Issuer.	In priority of receivables, it comes after the senior obligations of the Issuer.
In compliance with article number 7 and 8 of Regulation on Bank Capital	Instrument is in compliant with Article 8 of the Regulation on Bank Capital.	Instrument is in compliant with Article 8 of the Regulation on Bank Capital.	Instrument is in compliant with Article 8 of the Regulation on Bank Capital.
Details of incompliances with article number 7 and 8 of Regulation on Bank Capital	Instrument is not in compliant with Article 7 of the Regulation on Bank Capital.	Instrument is not in compliant with Article 7 of the Regulation on Bank Capital.	Instrument is not in compliant with Article 7 of the Regulation on Bank Capital.

4.1.3 RECONCILIATION OF CAPITAL ITEMS TO BALANCE SHEET

CURRENT PERIOD	CARRYING VALUE	AMOUNT OF CORRECTION	VALUE OF THE CAPITAL REPORT	EXPLANATION OF DIFFERENCES
Paid-in Capital	4,200,000	772,554	4,972,554	Inflation adjustments included in Paid-in Capital according to Regulation's Temporary Article 1
Capital Reserves	784,434	(772,554)	11,880	Inflation adjustments included in Paid-in Capital according to Regulation's Temporary Article 1
Other Capital Reserves	772,554	(772,554)	-	Inflation adjustments included in Paid-in Capital according to Regulation's Temporary Article 1
Bonus Shares of Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint-Ventures	-	-	-	
Share Premium	11,880	-	11,880	
Other Comprehensive Income/Expenses in Shareholders' Equity as per TMS	5,261,362	301,971	5,563,333	Items not included in the calculation as per Regulation's Article 9-1-f
Other Comprehensive Income/Expense Items not to be Recycled to Profit/Loss	1,601,545	-	1,601,545	
Other Comprehensive Income/Expense Items to be Recycled to Profit/Loss	3,659,817	301,971	3,961,788	Items not included in the calculation as per Regulation's Article 9-1-f
Profit Reserves	45,401,476	-	45,401,476	
Profit or Loss	6,434,451	=	6,434,451	
Prior Periods' Profit/Loss	196,448	-	196,448	
Current Period Net Profit/Loss	6,238,003	-	6,238,003	
Deductions from Common Equity Tier I Capital (-)	-		552,832	Deductions from Common Equity Tier 1 Capital as per the Regulation
Common Equity Tier I Capital	62,081,723		61,830,862	
Subordinated Debts	-		-	

305	Introduction	About Garanti BBVA	Our Value Creation	Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19	
-----	--------------	-----------------------	-----------------------	--------------------------------------	--

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Deductions from Tier I Capital (-)	-	-	Deductions from Tier 1 Capital as per the Regulation
Tier I Capital	-	61,830,862	
Subordinated Debts		6,537,880	
12 Month ECL (Stage 1) and Lifetime ECL Significant Increase in Credit Risk (Stage 2)		4,211,065	Stage 1 and Stage 2 expected credit losses added to Tier II Capital as per the Regulation's Article 8
Deductions from Tier II Capital (-)		-	Deductions from Tier II Capital as per the Regulation
Tier II Capital		10,748,945	
Deductions from Total Capital (-)		1,884	Deductions from Capital as per the Regulation
Total		72,577,923	

PRIOR PERIOD	CARRYING VALUE	AMOUNT OF CORRECTION	VALUE OF THE CAPITAL REPORT	EXPLANATION OF DIFFERENCES
Paid-in Capital	4,200,000	772,554		Inflation adjustments included in Paid-in Capital according to Reg- ulation's Temporary Article 1
Capital Reserves	784,434	(772,554)	11,880	Inflation adjustments included in Paid-in Capital according to Regulation's Temporary Article 1
Other Capital Reserves	772,554	(772,554)	-	Inflation adjustments included in Paid-in Capital according to Regulation's Temporary Article 1
Bonus Shares of Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint-Ventures	-	-	-	
Share Premium	11,880	-	11,880	
Other Comprehensive Income/Expenses in Shareholders' Equity as per TMS	3,451,519	477,974	3,929,493	Items not included in the calculation as per Regulation's Article 9-1-f
Other Comprehensive Income/Expense Items not to be Recycled to Profit/Loss	1,543,165	-	1,543,165	
Other Comprehensive Income/Expense Items to be Recy- cled to Profit/Loss	1,908,354	477,974	2,386,328	ltems not included in the calculation as per Regulation's Article 9-1-f
Profit Reserves	39,170,872	-	39,170,872	
Profit or Loss	6,158,841	-	6,158,841	
Prior Periods' Profit/Loss	-	-	-	
Current Period Net Profit/Loss	6,158,841	-	6,158,841	
Deductions from Common Equity Tier I Capital (-)	-		516,805	Deductions from Common Equity Tier 1 Capital as per the Regulation
Common Equity Tier I Capital	53,765,666		53,751,550	
Subordinated Debts	-		-	
Deductions from Tier I Capital (-)	-		-	Deductions from Tier 1 Capital as per the Regulation
Tier I Capital	-		53,751,550	
Subordinated Debts			4,693,480	
12 Month ECL (Stage 1) and Lifetime ECL Significant Increase in Credit Risk (Stage 2)			3,424,763	Stage 1 and Stage 2 expected credit losses added to Tier II Capital as per the Regulation's Article 8

Reaching More Customers	Operational Excellence	Data and Technology	The Best and Most Engaged Team	Corporate Governance	Financial Reports and Appendix	306

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Total	61,861,863	
Deductions from Total Capital (-)	7,930	Deductions from Capital as per the Regulation
Tier II Capital	8,118,243	
Deductions from Tier II Capital (-)	-	Deductions from Tier II Capital as per the Regulation

4.2 CREDIT RISK

Credit risk is defined as risks and losses that may occur if the counterparty fails to comply with the agreement's requirements and cannot perform its obligations partially or completely on the terms set. In compliance with the legislation, the credit limits are set for the financial position and credit requirements of customers within the authorization limits assigned for Branches, Lending Departments, Executive Vice President responsible of Lending, General Manager, Credit Committee and Board of Directors. The limits are subject to revision if necessary.

The debtors or group of debtors are subject to credit risk limits. Sectoral risk concentrations are reviewed on a monthly basis.

Credit worthiness of debtors is periodically reviewed in compliance with the legislation and in case that the risk level of debtor deteriorates, the credit limits are revised and further collateral is required by risk rating models developed and optimized for this purpose. For unsecured loans, the necessary documentation is gathered in compliance with the legislation.

Geographical concentration of credit customers is reviewed monthly. This is in line with the concentration of industrial and commercial activities in Turkey.

In accordance with the Bank's lending policies, the debtor's creditworthiness is analysed and the adequate collateral is obtained based on the financial position of the company and the type of loan; like cash collateral, bank guarantees, mortgages, pledges, bills and personal or corporate guarantees.

The Bank has control limits on the position held through forwards, options and other similar agreements. Credit risk of such instruments is managed together with the risk from market fluctuations. The Bank follows up the risk arising from such instruments and takes the necessary actions to decrease it when necessary.

The liquidated non-cash loans are subject to the same risk weight with the overdue loans.

The Bank performs foreign trade finance and other interbank credit transactions through widespread correspondents network. Accordingly, the Bank assigns limits to domestic and foreign banks and other financial institutions based on review of their credit worthiness, periodically.

The Bank's largest 100 and 200 cash loan customers compose 27.35% (31 December 2019: 26.15%) and 33.49% (31 December 2019: 31.83%) of the total cash loan portfolio, respectively.

The Bank's largest 100 and 200 non-cash loan customers compose 35.82% (31 December 2019: 38.81%) and 47.35% (31 December 2019: 49.82%) of the total non-cash loan portfolio, respectively.

The Bank's largest 100 ve 200 cash and non-cash loan customers represent 8.77% (31 December 2019: 8.80%) and 11.17% (31 December 2019: 11.16%) of the total "on and off balance sheet" assets, respectively.

Stage 1 and Stage 2 expected losses for credit risks of the Bank amount to TL 12,114,805 (general provision as of 31 December 2019: TL 5,816,076).

The Bank developed a statistical-based internal default rate model for its credit portfolio of corporate/commercial/medium-size companies. This internal default rate model is used for expected credit loss of the Bank. Risk rating system which has been used for both to determine branch managers' credit authorization limits and in credit assessment process, is also used in default rate model calculations.

Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

The concentration table of the cash and non-cash loans for the Bank according to the risk rating system for its customers defined as corporate, commercial and medium-size enterprises is presented below:

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
	%	%
Above Average	5.12	4.78
Average	33.28	37.87
Below Average	61.60	57.35
Total	100.00	100.00

	CURRENT	PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD	
EXPOSURE CATEGORIES	RISK AMOUNT ^(*)	AVERAGE RISK AMOUNT (**)	RISK AMOUNT ^(*)	AVERAGE RISK AMOUNT (**)
Conditional and unconditional exposures to central governments or central banks	118.886.544	111.862.804	93.405.432	96.977.533
Conditional and unconditional exposures to regional governments or local authorities	1.312.440	1.050.198	613.724	375.957
Conditional and unconditional exposures to administrative bodies and non-commercial undertakings	197.006	218.017	301.575	324.584
Conditional and unconditional exposures to multilateral development banks	1.477.617	1.323.838	2.081.605	3.194.797
Conditional and unconditional exposures to international organisations	-	-	-	26.322
Conditional and unconditional exposures to banks and brokerage houses	41.518.277	48.100.685	49.190.595	44.286.363
Conditional and unconditional exposures to corporates	206.213.241	187.730.851	151.903.335	147.512.178
Conditional and unconditional retail exposures	119.394.856	107.399.205	95.771.411	89.241.304
Conditional and unconditional exposures secured by real estate property	28.811.770	31.486.300	28.667.346	32.152.125
Past due items	5.048.239	5.812.056	6.234.268	5.220.702
Items in regulatory high-risk categories	533.652	591.792	795.991	999.489
Exposures in the form of bonds secured by mortgages	-	-	-	_
Securitisation positions	-	-	-	-
Short term exposures to banks, brokerage houses and corporates	-	-	-	-
Exposures in the form of collective investment undertakings	-	-	-	7.125
Shares	11.673.036	10.383.607	9.223.300	8.185.958
Other items	22.213.733	21.430.020	15.586.149	15.850.946

(*) Includes total risk amounts before the effect of credit risk mitigation but after credit conversions. (**) Average risk amounts are the arithmetical average of the amounts in monthly reports prepared as per the Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy Ratios of Banks.

Reaching	Operational	Data and	The Best and Most
More Customers	Excellence	Technology	Engaged Team

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

308

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

4.2.1 PROFILE OF SIGNIFICANT EXPOSURES IN MAJOR REGIONS

CURRENT PERIOD (*)	CONDITIONAL AND UNCONDITIONAL EXPOSURES TO CENTRAL GOVERNMENTS OR CENTRAL BANKS	CONDITIONAL AND UNCONDITIONAL EXPOSURES TO BANKS AND BROKERAGE HOUSES	CONDITIONAL AND UNCONDITIONAL EXPOSURES TO CORPORATES	CONDITIONAL AND UNCONDITIONAL RETAIL EXPOSURES	CONDITIONAL AND UNCONDITIONAL EXPOSURES SECURED BY REAL ESTATE PROPERTY	PAST DUE RECEIVABLES	OTHER	TOTAL
Domestic	114,924,068	13,894,984	199,076,836	118,784,922	28,584,807	4,949,105	24,510,933	504,725,655
European Union (EU) Countries	2,222,820	19,160,412	2,394,188	110,514	161,295	95,831	1,367,007	25,512,067
OECD Countries (**)	81	1,076,253	3,425	11,491	13,420	243	-	1,104,913
Off-Shore Banking Regions	-	110,898	6,170	331	312	-	-	117,711
USA, Canada	953	5,815,872	78	14,496	21,547	142	-	5,853,088
Other Countries	1,738,622	344,416	1,084,054	473,102	30,389	2,918	111,758	3,785,259
Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint -Ventures	-	1,115,442	3,648,490	-	-	-	11,417,786	16,181,718
Unallocated Assets/Liabilities (***)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	118,886,544	41,518,277	206,213,241	119,394,856	28,811,770	5,048,239	37,407,484	557,280,411

(*) Includes risk amounts before the effect of credit risk mitigation but after the credit conversion.
(**) Includes OECD countries other than EU countries, USA and Canada.
(***) Includes assets and liability items that can not be allocated on a consistent basis

PRIOR PERIOD (*)	CONDITIONAL AND UNCONDITIONAL EXPOSURES TO CENTRAL GOVERNMENTS OR CENTRAL BANKS	CONDITIONAL AND UNCONDITIONAL EXPOSURES TO BANKS AND BROKERAGE HOUSES	CONDITIONAL AND UNCONDITIONAL EXPOSURES TO CORPORATES	CONDITIONAL AND UNCONDITIONAL RETAIL EXPOSURES	CONDITIONAL AND UNCONDITIONAL EXPOSURES SECURED BY REAL ESTATE PROPERTY	PAST DUE RECEIVABLES	OTHER	TOTAL
Domestic	89,333,826	14,238,900	146,024,608	95,276,164	28,480,883	6,107,127	17,927,788	397,389,296
European Union (EU) Countries	2,657,395	28,917,438	1,675,487	63,572	131,076	123,290	2,057,961	35,626,219
OECD Countries (**)	72	1,142,715	693,803	6,458	11,541	2	334	1,854,925
Off-Shore Banking Regions	=	10,770	1,880	55	1,135	-	310	14,150
USA, Canada	766	3,447,825	40	7,335	12,492	-	155	3,468,613
Other Countries	1,413,373	326,926	1,005,877	417,827	30,219	3,849	28,918	3,226,989
Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint -Ventures	-	1,106,021	2,501,640	-	-	-	8,586,878	12,194,539
Unallocated Assets/Liabilities (***)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	93,405,432	49,190,595	151,903,335	95,771,411	28,667,346	6,234,268	28,602,344	453,774,731

(*) Includes risk amounts before the effect of credit risk mitigation but after the credit conversion.
(**) Includes OECD countries other than EU countries, USA and Canada.
(***) Includes assets and liability items that can not be allocated on a consistent basis.

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

(Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

4.2.2 RISK PROFILE BY SECTORS OR COUNTERPARTIES

CURRENT PERIOD (*)	-	7	ĸ	4	ю	Ŷ	7	œ	6	10	11	12 13 1	14	15	16	17	Ļ	FC	TOTAL
Agriculture						- 1,:	1,151,537	679,329	300,480	18,008	711	•				- 1,4	1,483,648	666,417	2,150,065
Farming and Stockbreeding							515,878	544,454	267,725	12,100	568					- 1	1,257,654	83,071	1,340,725
Forestry	1			ı			133,219	100,957	25,978	4,881	108						123,487	141,656	265,143
Fishery				ı		- 2	502,440	33,918	6,777	1,027	35						102,507	441,690	544,197
Manufacturing		•)	52,833	•		- 94,6	94,688,721 10,814,925		5,724,044 1,871,583		104,938	•				- 50,4	50,402,430	62,854,614	113,257,044
Mining and Quarrying				1		- 3,:	3,742,413	354,883	182,097	3,137	370					-	1,729,781	2,553,119	4,282,900
Production			7	1		- 54,5	54,529,668 10	10,252,827	4,199,807	321,955	20,568					- 39	39,230,135	30,094,697	69,324,832
Electricity, Gas and Water			52,826			- 36,4	36,416,640	207,215	1,342,140	1,546,491	84,000					- 9.	9,442,514	30,206,798	39,649,312
Construction			•	•		- 11,8	11,813,565 3,0	3,047,494	992,463	247,627	214,556	·				- 7,2	7,208,033	9,107,672	16,315,705
Services	96,457		6,966 1,477,617	477,617	- 41,518,277		38,706 99,	200,814 2	95,788,706 99,200,814 20,967,675 2,866,359		128,594	•		- 301,031	031	- 172,5	172,513,883	89,838,613	262,352,496
Wholesale and Retail Trade			144			- 41,8	41,894,684 89	89,664,757	16,188,681	1,201,724	68,633					- 127	127,185,967	21,832,656	149,018,623
Accommodation and Dining	1		2,709	,		- 7,9	7,903,539 2	2,349,137	2,592,362	115,886	3,807					- 5,	5,492,847	7,474,593	12,967,440
Transportation and Telecom.			171	I		- 20,C	20,076,600 3	3,991,207	590,796	545,930	5,633				1	- 8,	8,506,455	16,703,882	25,210,337
Financial Institutions	95,204	ı		1,477,617	- 41,518,277		17,562,063	255,502	168,407	2,234	26,266		ı	- 301,031	031	- 22,	22,890,336	38,516,265	61,406,601
Real Estate and Rental Services	12		4	I		- 6,1	6,541,565 2	2,182,574	950,515	989,566	22,363					- 5,	5,995,503	4,691,096	10,686,599
Professional Services				I			ı	1								ı			
Educational Services			2,365	ı			586,514	262,176	230,281	7,426	1,146						897,318	192,590	1,089,908
Health and Social Services	1,241	1	1,573	ı		- 1,:	1,223,741	495,461	246,633	3,593	746				1	- 1,	1,545,457	427,531	1,972,988
Others	118,790,087 1,312,440 137,207	12,440 1.	37,207			- 2,7	2,770,712 5,	5,652,294	827,108	44,662	84,853	•		- 11,372,	- 11,372,005 22,213,733		62,380,194 1	100,824,907	163,205,101
Total	118,886,544 1,312,440 197,006 1,477,617	12,440 19	97,006 1	,477,617	- 41,518,277		206,213,241 119,394,856	394,856 2	28,811,770 5,048,239		533,652	•		- 11,673,	- 11,673,036 22,213,733 293,988,188	33 293,5		263,292,223	557,280,411

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

((Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Applicationality S	PRIOR PERIOD (*)	۲	2	m	4 5		6	7	ø	6	10	11 1	12 13 14	15	16 17		TL FC	TOTAL
minore independencing · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Agriculture						- 875	,409	612,550	264,098	30,681	6,891	•		•	. 1,195,29	-	
weeky </td <td>Farming and Stockbreeding</td> <td></td> <td>1</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>- 355</td> <td>3,630</td> <td>506,890</td> <td>227,855</td> <td>23,993</td> <td>6,311</td> <td></td> <td>1</td> <td></td> <td>984,05</td> <td></td> <td></td>	Farming and Stockbreeding		1				- 355	3,630	506,890	227,855	23,993	6,311		1		984,05		
ellery 313<	Forestry		1				- 11;	7,784	74,109	33,698	4,597	506		ı		- 118,97		
Interning · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Fishery		1				- 40	3,995	31,551	2,545	2,091	74				92,26		
mingandQuarying c	Manufacturing		•	49,437			- 71,665	68	9,516,872	5,929,709		166,129				. 35,686,35		89,743,597
oduction . 17 . 1 0.00026 3871.00 716.10 5992 . . 2.825.56.50 2.825.56.50 2.825.56.50 2.825.56.56.56 2.825.56.56.56 2.825.56.56.56 2.825.56.56.56 2.825.56.56.56 2.825.56.56.56.56 2.825.56.56.56.56.56.56.56 2.825.56.56.56.56.56.56.56.56.56.56.56.56.56	Mining and Quarrying						- 2,512	2,669	377,003	62,595	9,766	1,568				- 1,230,52		
ectricity/Gas and Water ·	Production		1	17			- 40,806		8,912,010	3,971,609	718,110	59,952		1		28,250,58		
rutcion i </td <td>Electricity, Gas and Water</td> <td></td> <td>1</td> <td>49,420</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>- 28,35;</td> <td>1,045</td> <td>227,859</td> <td>1,895,505</td> <td>1,683,606</td> <td>104,609</td> <td></td> <td>ı</td> <td></td> <td>6,205,25</td> <td></td> <td></td>	Electricity, Gas and Water		1	49,420			- 28,35;	1,045	227,859	1,895,505	1,683,606	104,609		ı		6,205,25		
(a) (a) <td>Construction</td> <td></td> <td>•</td> <td>16</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>- 6,171</td> <td></td> <td>3,369,072</td> <td>1,299,662</td> <td>428,737</td> <td>304,923</td> <td>•</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>7,435,71</td> <td></td> <td></td>	Construction		•	16			- 6,171		3,369,072	1,299,662	428,737	304,923	•			7,435,71		
holesale and Retail Trade · <th>Services</th> <th>2,011,057</th> <th>•</th> <th>1,804 2,0</th> <th></th> <th>49,190,595</th> <th>5 64,394</th> <th></th> <th>,589,442</th> <th>20,456,717</th> <th>3,221,053</th> <th>278,463</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>,328</th> <th>175,743,16</th> <th></th> <th></th>	Services	2,011,057	•	1,804 2,0		49,190,595	5 64,394		,589,442	20,456,717	3,221,053	278,463			,328	175,743,16		
commodationand Dining ·	Wholesale and Retail Trade		1	338			- 30,941	63),638,463	15,715,999	1,550,724	222,297		1		99,708,87		
ansportation · 171 · 10,006,905 3,09,737 531,234 633,025 15,501 · · · 5,347,759 8,929,814 · nancial Institutions 2,010,011 · · 2,013,605 1,1250,641 205,372 42,759 9,583 12,709 · 5,373,602 2,662,001 6 ancial Institutions 2,010,011 · · 2,012,01 · 2,335,320 1,115,635 7/14,129 867,930 9,775 · 2,332,82 2,662,001 5 all Estate and Rental Services · · · 2 2 3,64,958 3,864,958 3,864,958 3,864,958 3,864,958 3,864,958 2,652,010 6 2,733,813 3,864,958	Accommodation and Dining		1	264				1,714	1,877,205	2,967,923	140,208	9,218		1		3,729,47		9,256,532
and call lnstitutions 2/010/011 - - 2/016/55 1/15/56/5 1/15/53 42,759 9,583 12,709 - - 32,328 - 62,173,602 2,662,001 5 all Estate and Rental Services - - - 3,835,320 1,115,535 774,129 867,930 9,775 - - 2,737,631 3,864,958 - - 2,737,631 3,864,958 - - 2,737,631 3,864,958 - - 2,737,631 3,864,958 - - 2,737,631 3,864,958 - - 2,737,631 3,864,958 - - 2,737,831 3,864,958 - - 2,737,831 3,864,958 - - 2,737,831 3,864,958 - <td>Transportation and Telecom.</td> <td></td> <td>1</td> <td>171</td> <td>1</td> <td></td> <td>- 10,006</td> <td></td> <td>3,090,737</td> <td>531,234</td> <td>633,025</td> <td>15,501</td> <td></td> <td>ı</td> <td></td> <td>5,347,75</td> <td></td> <td></td>	Transportation and Telecom.		1	171	1		- 10,006		3,090,737	531,234	633,025	15,501		ı		5,347,75		
all Estate and Rental Services . . 3,835,320 1,115,635 774,129 867/930 9,775 . . 2,737,831 3,864,958 of essional Services . . . 3,835,320 1,115,635 774,129 867/930 9,775 . . 2,737,831 3,864,958 of essional Services 2,737,831 3,864,958 Jucational Services .	Financial Institutions	2,010,011	1),641	205,372	42,759	9,583	12,709		ini I	2,328	. 62,173,60		64,835,603
of escional Services .	Real Estate and Rental Service:	-	1				- 3,835	5,320	1,115,635	774,129	867,930	9,775		I.		2,737,83		
Jucational Services 91,394,375 91,394,375 91,394,375 240,963 240,861 240,368 11,239 6,947 - - 876,369 175,855 ealth and Social Services 1,046 38 - 3,533,942 421,169 178,305 8,344 2,016 - - - 1,169,250 2,995,610 2,995,610 • 91,394,375 613,724 250,318 - 8,344 2,016 - - 9,190,972 15,566,149 59,570,581 71,839,873 133 • 91,405,423 613,724 2081,605 - 95,771,411 28,667,346 6,234,268 795,991 - - 9,405,586,149 59,570,581 71,413,629 45	Professional Services		1											1				
ealth and Social Services 1,046 38 38 8,344 2,016 - - 1,169,250 2,995,610 * 91,394,375 613,724 250,318 - 8,344 2,016 - - 9,160,972 15,586,149 59,570,581 71,839,873 131 * 93,405,432 613,724 301,575 2,081,605 49,190,595 151,903,335 95,771,411 28,667,346 6,234,268 795,991 - - 9,223,300 15,586,149 279,631,102 174,143,629 45 93,405,432 613,724 301,575 2,081,605 491,90,595 151,903,335 95,771,411 28,667,346 6,234,268 795,991 - - 9,223,300 15,586,149 279,631,102 174,143,629 45	Educational Services			993			- 54!	5,816	240,861	246,368	11,239	6,947				. 876,36	-	
	Health and Social Services	1,046		38			- 3,555	3,942	421,169	178,305	8,344	2,016		1		- 1,169,25		
93,405,432 613,724 301,575 2,081,605 - 49,190,595 151,903,335 95,771,411 28,667,346 6,234,268 795,991 9,223,300 15,586,149 279,631,102 174,143,629	Others	91,394,375 6	13,724	250,318			- 8,792		1,683,475	717,160	142,315	39,585	•	- 9,19(,972 15,586,149			
	Total	93,405,432 6	13,724	301,575 2,0		49,190,595			5,771,411	28,667,346	6,234,268	795,991	•	- 9,223	,300 15,586,149			

Conditional and unconditional exposures to central governments or central banks
 Conditional and unconditional exposures to regional governments or local authorities
 Conditional and unconditional exposures to administrative bodies and non-commercial undertakings
 Conditional and unconditional exposures to international organisations
 Conditional and unconditional exposures to international organisations
 Conditional and unconditional exposures to international organisations
 Conditional and unconditional exposures to international organisations
 Conditional and unconditional exposures to corporates
 Conditional and unconditional exposures to corporates
 Conditional and unconditional exposures to corporates
 Conditional and unconditional exposures to corporates
 Conditional and unconditional exposures secured by real estate property
 Past due receivables
 Receivables in regulatory high-risk categories
 Receivables in regulatory high-risk categories
 Securitisation positions
 Securitisation positions
 Securitisation positions
 Short term exposures to banks, brokerage houses and corporates
 Short term exposules to banks, brokerage houses and corporates
 Short term exposules to banks, brokerage houses and corporates
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Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

and Appendix

Our Value Creation Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

4.2.3 ANALYSIS OF MATURITY-BEARING EXPOSURES ACCORDING TO REMAINING MATURITIES

CURRENT PERIOD		TER		Y			
	UP TO 1 MONTH	1-3 MONTHS	3-6 MONTHS	6-12 MONTHS	OVER 1 YEAR	DEMAND	TOTAL
Exposure Categories (*)							
Conditional and unconditional exposures to central governments or central banks	27,765,766	3,722,236	4,260,659	3,353,498	59,795,536	19,988,849	118,886,544
Conditional and unconditional exposures to regional governments or local authorities	-	-	3,026	471,767	837,643	4	1,312,440
Conditional and unconditional exposures to administrative bodies and non-commercial undertakings	605	401	24	16,559	106,679	72,738	197,006
Conditional and unconditional exposures to multilateral development banks	-	111,075	-	58,011	1,308,531	-	1,477,617
Conditional and unconditional exposures to international organisations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Conditional and unconditional exposures to banks and brokerage houses	9,461,343	12,322,877	738,127	1,295,993	13,482,806	4,217,131	41,518,277
Conditional and unconditional exposures to corporates	7,874,588	16,785,739	27,665,107	30,023,429	113,695,489	10,168,889	206,213,241
Conditional and unconditional retail exposures	12,153,200	8,072,997	6,881,815	9,085,131	60,943,513	22,258,200	119,394,856
Conditional and unconditional exposures secured by real estate property	260,205	637,073	1,173,918	1,739,188	23,859,249	1,142,137	28,811,770
Past due items	-	-	-	-	-	5,048,239	5,048,239
Items in regulatory high-risk categories	1,135	38,722	56,503	35,799	187,634	213,859	533,652
Exposures in the form of bonds secured by mortgages	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Securitization gains	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Short term exposures to banks, brokerage houses and corporates	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures in the form of collective investment undertakings	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Shares	-	-	-	-	-	11,673,036	11,673,036
Other items	68,512	781,571	-	-	-	21,363,650	22,213,733
Total	57,585,354	42,472,691	40,779,179	46,079,375	274,217,080	96,146,732	557,280,411

(*) Includes risk amounts before the effect of credit risk mitigation but after the credit conversions.

PRIOR PERIOD		TER	M TO MATURITY	(5514115	
	UP TO 1 MONTH	1-3 MONTHS	3-6 MONTHS	6-12 MONTHS	OVER 1 YEAR	DEMAND	TOTAL
Exposure Categories (*)							
Conditional and unconditional exposures to central governments or central banks	22,777,040	7,134,006	5,233,151	581,576	44,714,935	12,964,724	93,405,432
Conditional and unconditional exposures to regional governments or local authorities	-	2,433	-	141,544	469,747	-	613,724
Conditional and unconditional exposures to administrative bodies and non-commercial undertakings	16,618	51,701	51,914	60,462	111,478	9,402	301,575
Conditional and unconditional exposures to multilateral development banks	51,447	49,486	-	54,663	1,926,009	-	2,081,605
Conditional and unconditional exposures to international organisations	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Conditional and unconditional exposures to banks and brokerage houses	14,527,321	8,748,998	606,075	1,051,750	23,836,667	419,784	49,190,595
Conditional and unconditional exposures to corporates	9,635,020	10,350,168	11,019,253	22,882,755	90,758,622	7,257,517	151,903,335
Conditional and unconditional retail exposures	10,171,106	5,967,722	3,953,731	6,912,928	49,085,901	19,680,023	95,771,411
Conditional and unconditional exposures secured by real estate property	787,261	606,467	876,238	1,720,689	23,433,104	1,243,587	28,667,346
Past due items	-	-	-	-	-	6,234,268	6,234,268
Items in regulatory high-risk categories	1,831	10,575	33,104	92,390	331,718	326,373	795,991
Exposures in the form of bonds secured by mortgages	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Securitization gains							
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures in the form of collective investment undertakings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Shares	-	-	-	-	-	9,223,300	9,223,300
Other items	58,118	985,573	-	-	-	14,542,458	15,586,149
Total	58,025,762	33,907,129	21,773,466	33,498,757	234,668,181	71,901,436	453,774,731

(*) Includes risk amounts before the effect of credit risk mitigation but after the credit conversions.

Reaching

Data and Technology

The Best and Most Engaged Team

Corporate Governance

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

312

4.2.4 EXPOSURE CATEGORIES

An international rating firm, Fitch Ratings' external risk ratings are used to determine the risk weights of the risk categories as per the Article 6 of the "Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy Ratios of Banks".

The international risk ratings are used for the exposures to central governments and central banks, whereas for central governments and central banks that are not rated by Fitch Ratings, the published country ratings as announced by the Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) are used.

According to the regulation on capital adequacy, external risk ratings are used only for the exposures to banks and brokerage houses and to corporates where the counterparties are resident in abroad, to determine their risk weights. Where the counterparties are domestic, the related exposures are included in the calculation of capital adequacy as unrated.

In the determination of risk weights for items that are not included in trading book; if a relevant rating is available then such rating, but if it is an unrated exposure then the rating available for the issuer is used.

Fitch Ratings' risk ratings as per the credit quality grades and the risk weights according to exposure categories are presented below:

			EXPOSURE CA	TEGORIES	
CREDIT	FITCH RATINGS LONG		EXPOSURES TO BANKS AN	D BROKERAGE HOUSES	
QUALITY GRADE	TERM CREDIT RATING	EXPOSURES TO CENTRAL GOVERNMENTS OR CENTRAL BANKS	EXPOSURES WITH ORIGINAL MATURITIES LESS THAN 3 MONTHS	EXPOSURES WITH ORIGINAL MATURITIES MORE THAN 3 MONTHS	EXPOSURES TO CORPORATES
1	AAA to AA-	0%	20%	20%	20%
2	A+ to A-	20%	20%	50%	50%
3	BBB+ to BBB-	50%	20%	50%	100%
4	BB+ to BB-	100%	50%	100%	100%
5	B+ to B-	100%	50%	100%	150%
6	CCC+ and below	150%	150%	150%	150%

4.2.5 EXPOSURES BY RISK WEIGHTS

CURRENT PERIOD												DEDUCTIONS FROM
RISK WEIGHTS	0%	2%	10%	20%	35%	50%	75%	100%	150%	200%	250%	EQUITY
Exposures before Credit Risk Mitigation	126,129,305	8,253,448	-	21,107,821	13,965,843	42,059,579	119,385,504	226,155,902	223,009	-	-	554,716
Exposures after Credit Risk Mitigation	134,982,459	249,526	-	20,461,457	13,955,387	37,505,192	112,149,362	221,367,549	222,893	-	-	554,716
PRIOR PERIOD												DEDUCTIONS FROM
PRIOR PERIOD RISK WEIGHTS	0%	2%	10%	20%	35%	50%	75%	100%	150%	200%	250%	DEDUCTIONS FROM EQUITY
	0% 84,069,183	2%	10%	20% 24,123,229	35% 13,566,981	50% 47,611,291	75% 95,757,930	100% 188,234,915	150% 411,202	200%	250%	

About Garanti BBVA

Our Value Creation Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

4.2.6 INFORMATION BY MAJOR SECTORS AND TYPE OF COUNTERPARTIES

The Bank assesses its financial assets in 3 stages based on TFRS 9 as explained in accounting policy note 3.8.1 "Calculation of expected credit losses". In this respect, the Bank recognizes life time expected credit losses for impaired loans (Stage 3) and considers the probability of default to be 100%.

When the loan is not under default yet, but there is a significant increase in the credit risk since origination date, the Bank calculates life time expected credit losses for these loans (Stage 2).

Regarding the remaining financial assets within the scope of TFRS 9, the Bank calculates 12-month estimated probability of default and measures the loss allowance for these loans (Stage 1) at an amount equal to 12-month (after the reporting date) expected credit losses.

	LOANS		TFRS 9
CURRENT PERIOD	SIGNIFICANT INCREASE IN CREDIT RISK (STAGE 2)	DEFAULTED (STAGE 3)	EXPECTED CREDIT LOSSES
Agriculture	315,808	73,701	83,888
Farming and Stockbreeding	96,856	42,592	38,767
Forestry	21,368	23,861	19,985
Fishery	197,584	7,248	25,136
Manufacturing	20,888,705	5,010,450	7,370,012
Mining and Quarrying	269,017	28,068	42,719
Production	9,796,433	1,365,923	2,979,948
Electricity, Gas and Water	10,823,255	3,616,459	4,347,345
Construction	2,828,046	1,550,749	1,297,292
Services	16,180,223	5,957,621	6,382,951
Wholesale and Retail Trade	6,479,872	1,844,512	2,084,289
Accommodation and Dining	2,125,682	292,787	496,162
Transportation and Telecommunication	1,629,927	1,516,088	1,204,969
Financial Institutions	902,146	29,555	338,313
Real Estate and Rental Services	4,416,551	2,104,146	2,038,504
Professional Services	-	-	-
Educational Services	368,772	142,665	185,802
Health and Social Services	257,273	27,868	34,912
Others	25,890,372	3,224,640	3,795,049
Total	66,103,154	15,817,161	18,929,192

	LOANS		TFRS 9
PRIOR PERIOD	SIGNIFICANT INCREASE IN CREDIT RISK (STAGE 2)	DEFAULTED (STAGE 3)	EXPECTED CREDIT LOSSES
Agriculture	350,602	96,295	88,752
Farming and Stockbreeding	113,673	75,017	56,654
Forestry	47,035	13,449	10,537
Fishery	189,894	7,829	21,561
Manufacturing	16,626,934	6,468,830	5,952,929
Mining and Quarrying	206,311	43,569	49,108
Production	7,875,344	2,094,894	2,381,761
Electricity, Gas and Water	8,545,279	4,330,367	3,522,060
Construction	2,377,750	1,990,029	1,175,473
Services	11,069,693	6,047,538	4,722,369
Wholesale and Retail Trade	5,331,807	2,151,866	1,778,053
Accommodation and Dining	1,114,793	316,819	257,718
Transportation and Telecommunication	1,270,809	1,571,618	1,045,794
Financial Institutions	528,343	42,540	237,198
Real Estate and Rental Services	2,401,070	1,786,442	1,224,293
Professional Services	-	-	-
Educational Services	259,419	135,427	138,003
Health and Social Services	163,452	42,826	41,310
Others	12,539,076	4,235,979	3,633,617
Total	42,964,055	18,838,671	15,573,140

Reaching	Operational	Data and	The Best and Most	Corporate	Financial Reports	314
More Customers	Excellence	Technology	Engaged Team	Governance	and Appendix	

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

4.2.7 MOVEMENTS IN VALUE ADJUSTMENTS AND PROVISIONS

CURRENT PERIOD	OPENING BALANCE	PROVISION FOR PERIOD	PROVISION REVERSALS	OTHER ADJUSTMENTS	CLOSING BALANCE
Stage 3 Provisions	11,360,915	4,367,480	1,272,420	4,526,774	9,929,201
Stage 1 and Stage 2 Provisions	5,816,076	8,948,367	2,649,638	-	12,114,805
PRIOR PERIOD	OPENING BALANCE	PROVISION FOR PERIOD	PROVISION REVERSALS	OTHER ADJUSTMENTS	CLOSING BALANCE
Stage 3 Provisions	7,059,017	7,402,523	962,227	2,138,398	11,360,915
Stage 1 and Stage 2 Provisions	5,119,174	3,193,988	2,497,086	-	5,816,076

4.2.8 EXPOSURES SUBJECT TO COUNTERCYCLICAL CAPITAL BUFFER

CURRENT PERIOD	RWAS OF BANKING BOOK FOR PRIVATE	RWAS OF	TOTAL
COUNTRY	SECTOR LENDING	TRADING BOOK	TOTAL
Turkey	287,422,489	3,067,373	290,489,862
Cayman Islands	1,112,995	-	1,112,995
Turkish Republic of Northern Cyprus	1,059,720	-	1,059,720
Malta	380,751	-	380,751
Switzerland	5,918	-	5,918
The Netherlands	485,014	-	485,014
United Kingdom	1,966,821	137,996	2,104,817
Macedonia	178	-	178
Romania	373,878	-	373,878
Others	438,924	-	438,924

PRIOR PERIOD	RWAS OF BANKING BOOK FOR PRIVATE	RWAS OF	TOTAL
COUNTRY	SECTOR LENDING	TRADING BOOK	TOTAL
Turkey	220,389,441	1,494,888	221,884,329
Cayman Islands	896,573	-	896,573
Turkish Republic of Northern Cyprus	808,362	-	808,362
Malta	417,512	-	417,512
Switzerland	341,644	-	341,644
The Netherlands	312,679	-	312,679
United Kingdom	984,825	117,613	1,102,438
Macedonia	144,149	-	144,149
Romania	183,424	-	183,424
Others	288,529	-	288,529

Our Value Creation

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

4.3 CURRENCY RISK

Foreign currency position limit is set in compliance with the legal standard ratio of net foreign currency position. As of 31 December 2020, the Bank's net 'on balance sheet' foreign currency short position amounts to TL 35,810,911 (31 December 2019: TL 25,694,849), net 'off-balance sheet' foreign currency long position amounts to TL 48,393,293 (31 December 2019: TL 29,642,308), while net foreign currency close position amounts to TL 12,582,382 (31 December 2019: TL 3,947,459).

The foreign currency position risk of the Bank is measured by "standard method" and "value-at-risk (VaR) model". Measurements by standard method are carried out monthly, whereas measurements by "VaR" are done daily. The foreign currency exchange risk is managed through transaction, dealer, desk and stop-loss limits approved by the board of directors for the trading portfolio beside the foreign currency net position standard ratio and the VaR limit.

The Bank's effective exchange rates at the date of balance sheet and for the last five working days of the period announced by the Bank in TL are as follows:

	EUR	USD
Foreign currency purchase rates at balance sheet date	9,0530	7,3800
Exchange rates for the days before balance sheet date;		
Day 1	9,0126	7,3333
Day 2	8,9800	7,3223
Day 3	9,0562	7,4040
Day 4	9,1855	7,5298
Day 5	9,1906	7,5410
	USD	EURO
Last 30-days arithmetical average rates	9,3324	7,6632

The Bank's currency risk:

	EURO	USD	OTHER FCs	TOTAL
CURRENT PERIOD				
Assets				
Cash (Cash on Hand, Money in Transit, Purchased Cheques) and Balances with the Central Bank of Turkey	16,757,170	20,994,556	10,417,741	48,169,467
Banks	3,558,350	6,353,627	4,629,474	14,541,451
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Profit/Loss	89,062	5,156,827	1,683,506	6,929,395
Money Market Placements	-	239,378	-	239,378
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	1,503,120	7,430,874	-	8,933,994
Loans (*)	50,448,140	47,621,920	1,953,174	100,023,234
Investments in Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint-Ventures	7,980,844	-	-	7,980,844
Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost	486,006	11,201,918	-	11,687,924
Derivative Financial Assets Held for Hedging Purpose	-	29	-	29
Tangible Assets	-	267	-	267
Intangible Assets	-	-	-	-
Other Assets (**)	3,759,902	6,160,706	(23,772)	9,896,836
Total Assets	84,582,594	105,160,102	18,660,123	208,402,819

Reaching	Operational	Data and	The Best and Most	Corporate	Financial Reports
More Customers	Excellence	Technology	Engaged Team	Governance	and Appendix

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

316

Liabilities				
Bank Deposits	93,812	34,363	14,441	142,616
Foreign Currency Deposits	50,457,108	100,550,318	4,833,792	155,841,218
Money Market Funds	-	-	-	-
Other Fundings (***)	9,195,963	30,663,132	1,616	39,860,711
Securities Issued (****)	407,818	18,063,311	-	18,471,129
Miscellaneous Payables	203,069	400,849	21,272	625,190
Derivative Financial Liabilities Held for Hedging Purpose	45,127	606,366	-	651,493
Other Liabilities (****)	1,199,905	5,396,532	22,024,936	28,621,373
Total Liabilities	61,602,802	155,714,871	26,896,057	244,213,730
Net 'On Balance Sheet' Position	22,979,792	(50,554,769)	(8,235,934)	(35,810,911)
Net 'Off-Balance Sheet' Position	(15,693,823)	55,884,657	8,202,459	48,393,293
Derivative Financial Assets	8,871,880	86,686,839	12,871,832	108,430,551
Derivative Financial Liabilities	24,565,703	30,802,182	4,669,373	60,037,258
Non-Cash Loans	-	-	-	-
PRIOR PERIOD				
Total Assets	68,872,048	83,456,163	13,671,582	165,999,793
Total Liabilities	52,303,839	129,921,988	9,468,815	191,694,642
Net 'On Balance Sheet' Position	16,568,209	(46,465,825)	4,202,767	(25,694,849)
Net 'Off-Balance Sheet' Position	(12,339,474)	46,188,494	(4,206,712)	29,642,308
Derivative Assets	7,025,665	68,490,485	832,109	76,348,259
Derivative Liabilities	19,365,139	22,301,991	5,038,821	46,705,951
Non-Cash Loans	-	-	-	-

(*) The foreign currency-indexed loans amounting TL 561,490 included under TL loans in the accompanying balance sheet are presented above under the related foreign currency codes. (**) Includes expected credit losses in accordance with TFRS 9. (***) Includes funds presented under financial liabilities amounting TL 15,980,865 measured at fair value through profit or loss in balance sheet.

(****) Includes securities issued having qualification of subordinated loan presented under subordinated debts in balance sheet.

(*****) Other liabilities include gold deposits of TL 21,925,380.

Our Value Creation

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

4.4 INTEREST RATE RISK

The interest rate risk resulting from balance sheet maturity mismatch presents the possible losses that may arise due to the changes in interest rates of interest sensitive assets and liabilities in the on- and off-balance sheet. Interest sensitivity of assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet items is evaluated during the Weekly Assessment Committee and Assets-Liabilities Committee meetings taking into consideration the developments in market conditions.

The Bank's interest rate risk is measured by using economic value, economic capital, net interest income, income at risk, market price sensitivity of marketable securities portfolio, duration-gap and sensitivity analysis.

The results are supported by the sensitivity and scenario analysis performed periodically against the possible instabilities in the markets. Furthermore, the interest rate risk is monitored according to the limits approved by the board of directors.

4.4.1 INTEREST RATE SENSITIVITY OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND OFF BALANCE SHEET ITEMS

(based on repricing dates)

CURRENT PERIOD	UP TO 1 MONTH	1-3 MONTHS	3-12 MONTHS	1-5 YEARS	5 YEARS AND OVER	NON-INTEREST BEARING (*)	TOTAL
Assets							
Cash (Cash on Hand, Money in Transit, Purchased Cheques) and Balances with the Central Bank of Turkey	21,781,892	-	-	-	-	33,384,697	55,166,589
Banks	1,441,095	-	-	-	-	13,354,550	14,795,645
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Profit/Loss	74,891	138,494	6,488,033	423,590	33,336	349,609	7,507,953
Money Market Placements	8,000,000	-	239,363	-	-	3,937	8,243,300
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	3,505,043	5,517,551	4,452,790	7,006,655	5,352,619	5,523,820	31,358,478
Loans	69,278,223	33,611,287	105,046,371	80,750,521	16,802,158	9,595,963	315,084,523
Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost	3,642,229	2,274,122	10,093,607	8,039,157	4,363,794	5,928,310	34,341,219
Other Assets (**)	147,246	-	-	-	-	26,152,867	26,300,113
Total Assets	107,870,619	41,541,454	126,320,164	96,219,923	26,551,907	94,293,753	492,797,820
Liabilities							
Bank Deposits	193,298	718	-	-	-	711,567	905,583
Other Deposits	140,558,329	32,326,831	8,638,324	2,241,433	-	136,841,095	320,606,012
Money Market Funds	71,748	58	=	-	-	24	71,830
Miscellaneous Payables	-	-	-	-	-	14,824,201	14,824,201
Securities Issued (***)	2,767,896	2,856,407	4,485,170	9,447,694	5,715,164	317,308	25,589,639
Other Fundings	11,594,179	6,364,244	10,517,742	3,089,286	9,831,122	22,733	41,419,306
Other Liabilities	17,897	39,922	104,253	533,275	184,406	88,501,496	89,381,249
Total Liabilities	155,203,347	41,588,180	23,745,489	15,311,688	15,730,692	241,218,424	492,797,820
On Balance Sheet Long Position	-	-	102,574,675	80,908,235	10,821,215	-	194,304,125
On Balance Sheet Short Position	(47,332,728)	(46,726)	-	-		(146,924,671)	(194,304,125)
Off-Balance Sheet Long Position	28,880,331	23,142,759	22,279,273	7,853,708	15,555,453	-	97,711,524
Off-Balance Sheet Short Position	(12,863,650)	(16,413,723)	(21,223,904)	(24,726,782)	(22,264,121)	-	(97,492,180)
Total Position	(31,316,047)	6,682,310	103,630,044	64,035,161	4,112,547	(146,924,671)	219,344

(*) Interest accruals are also included in non-interest bearing column.

(**) Includes expected credit losses in accordance with TFRS 9.
(***) Includes subordinated securities issued and presented under subordinated debts in balance sheet.

Reaching	Operational	Data and	The Best and Most	Corporate
More Customers	Excellence	Technology	Engaged Team	Governance

Financial Reports and Appendix

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

PRIOR PERIOD	UP TO 1 MONTH	1-3 MONTHS	3-12 MONTHS	1-5 YEARS	5 YEARS AND OVER	NON-INTEREST BEARING ^(*)	TOTAL
Assets							
Cash (Cash on Hand, Money in Transit, Purchased Cheques) and Balances with the Central Bank of Turkey	18,669,286	-	-	-	-	23,007,222	41,676,508
Banks	964,677	-	28,000	-	-	10,876,811	11,869,488
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Profit/Loss	141,354	622	4,546,854	99,953	47,443	54,652	4,890,878
Money Market Placements	10,189,999	-	183,057	-	-	3,390	10,376,446
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	1,836,846	7,591,477	3,050,473	2,887,303	4,887,613	4,429,338	24,683,050
Loans	55,343,938	24,737,336	76,720,974	69,502,472	12,560,736	12,299,917	251,165,373
Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost	2,592,856	2,031,797	9,178,118	1,719,979	5,550,466	7,543,702	28,616,918
Other Assets (**)	-	-	115,730	-	-	17,757,879	17,873,609
Total Assets	89,738,956	34,361,232	93,823,206	74,209,707	23,046,258	75,972,911	391,152,270
Liabilities							
Bank Deposits	184,262	2,588	-	-	-	2,295,958	2,482,808
Other Deposits	140,492,052	18,793,830	11,921,429	206,912	-	74,854,060	246,268,283
Money Market Funds	67,728	436,147	-	-	-	300	504,175
Miscellaneous Payables	-	-	-	-	-	11,323,258	11,323,258
Securities Issued (***)	2,269,407	2,785,828	444,060	10,772,346	4,572,712	293,086	21,137,439
Other Fundings	11,862,514	5,255,248	10,595,086	3,441,085	8,220,764	41,004	39,415,701
Other Liabilities	21,602	51,352	154,743	569,144	223,363	69,000,402	70,020,606
Total Liabilities	154,897,565	27,324,993	23,115,318	14,989,487	13,016,839	157,808,068	391,152,270
On Balance Sheet Long Position	-	7,036,239	70,707,888	59,220,220	10,029,419	-	146,993,766
On Balance Sheet Short Position	(65,158,609)	-		-	-	(81,835,157)	(146,993,766)
Off-Balance Sheet Long Position	18,825,171	27,453,300	7,422,157	6,261,442	11,700,050	-	71,662,120
Off-Balance Sheet Short Position	(2,155,964)	(15,559,267)	(8,811,523)	(24,605,860)	(20,249,017)	-	(71,381,631)
Total Position	(48,489,402)	18,930,272	69,318,522	40,875,802	1,480,452	(81,835,157)	280,489

(*) Interest accruals are also included in non-interest bearing column.
(**) Includes expected credit losses in accordance with TFRS 9.
(***) Includes subordinated securities issued and presented under subordinated debts in balance sheet.

	About	0.
319 Introduction	Garanti BBVA	Ci

ur Value Creation

Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19

Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

4.4.2 AVERAGE INTEREST RATES ON MONETARY FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (%)

	EUR	USD	JPY	TL
CURRENT PERIOD				
Assets				
Cash (Cash on Hand, Money in Transit, Purchased Cheques) and Balances with the Central Bank of Turkey	(0,07)	-	-	5,40
Banks	0,30	0,25	-	14,25
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Profit/Loss	2,53	5,02	-	15,52
Money Market Placements	-	0,08	-	17,96
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	2,83	6,08	-	15,11
Loans	3,80	5,65	-	15,31
Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost	1,39	5,31	-	14,56
Liabilities				
Bank Deposits	0,01	-	-	14,42
Other Deposits	0,14	0,49	-	10,55
Money Market Funds	-	-	-	7,48
Miscellaneous Payables	-	-	-	-
Securities Issued	5,27	5,76	-	15,12
Other Fundings	1,63	2,53	-	5,32
	EUR	USD	JPY	TL
PRIOR PERIOD				
Assets				
Cash (Cash on Hand, Money in Transit, Purchased Cheques) and Balances with the Central Bank of Turkey	-	-		
Banks			-	-
	0,07		-	8,64
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Profit/Loss	0,07	- 4,42		8,64
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Profit/Loss Money Market Placements		4,42	-	
			-	13,51
Money Market Placements	1,74	1,62	-	13,51
Money Market Placements Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	1,74 - 3,15	1,62 5,85	-	13,51 11,33 15,50
Money Market Placements Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income Loans	1,74 - 3,15 4,28	1,62 5,85 6,77		13,51 11,33 15,50 19,22
Money Market Placements Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income Loans Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost	1,74 - 3,15 4,28	1,62 5,85 6,77		13,51 11,33 15,50 19,22
Money Market Placements Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income Loans Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost Liabilities	1,74 - 3,15 4,28 1,41	1,62 5,85 6,77 5,19	- - - - - -	13,51 11,33 15,50 19,22 16,22
Money Market Placements Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income Loans Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost Liabilities Bank Deposits	1,74 - 3,15 4,28 1,41 -	1,62 5,85 6,77 5,19 1,70	- - - - - - - -	13,51 11,33 15,50 19,22 16,22 8,68
Money Market Placements Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income Loans Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost Liabilities Bank Deposits Other Deposits	1,74 - 3,15 4,28 1,41 -	1,62 5,85 6,77 5,19 1,70 1,36	- - - - - - - 0,17	13,51 11,33 15,50 19,22 16,22
Money Market Placements Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income Loans Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost Liabilities Bank Deposits Other Deposits Money Market Funds	1,74 - 3,15 4,28 1,41 -	1,62 5,85 6,77 5,19 1,70 1,36	- - - - - - - 0,17	13,51 11,33 15,50 19,22 16,22



Corporate Governance

Financial Report and Appendix

320

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

4.5 POSITION RISK OF EQUITY SECURITIES

4.5.1 EQUITY SHARES IN ASSOCIATES AND SUBSIDIARIES

Accounting policies for equity shares in associates and subsidiaries are disclosed in Note 3.3.

4.5.2 COMPARISON OF CARRYING, FAIR AND MARKET VALUES OF EQUITY SHARES

	CURRENT PERIOD		COMPARISON			
	EQUITY SECURITIES (SHARES)	CARRYING VALUE	FAIR VALUE(*)	MARKET VALUE		
1	Investment in Shares- Grade A	11,302,321	11,184,644	445,672		
	Quoted Securities	91,417	91,417	445,672		
2	Investment in Shares- Grade B	108,783	83,342	439,163		
	Quoted Securities	83,342	83,342	439,163		
3	Investment in Shares- Grade C	5,620	-	-		
	Quoted Securities	-	-	_		
4	Investment in Shares- Grade D	-		-		
	Quoted Securities	-	-	-		
5	Investment in Shares- Grade E	1,014	-	-		
	Quoted Securities	-	-	_		
6	Investment in Shares- Grade F	48		-		
	Quoted Securities	-	-	-		

(*) The balances are as per the results of equity accounting application.

	PRIOR PERIOD		COMPARISON	
	EQUITY SECURITIES (SHARES)	CARRYING VALUE	FAIR VALUE(*)	MARKET VALUE
1	Investment in Shares- Grade A	8,495,606	8,383,709	154,964
	Quoted Securities	70,191	70,191	154,964
2	Investment in Shares- Grade B	89,548	63,991	152,701
	Quoted Securities	63,991	63,991	152,701
3	Investment in Shares- Grade C	662	-	-
	Quoted Securities	-	-	-
4	Investment in Shares- Grade D	-		-
	Quoted Securities	-	-	-
5	Investment in Shares- Grade E	1,014		-
	Quoted Securities	-	-	-
6	Investment in Shares- Grade F	48		-
	Quoted Securities	-	-	-

(*) The balances are as per the results of equity accounting application.

		About
321	Introduction	Garanti B

About C ranti BBVA 0 Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

4.5.3 REALISED GAINS/LOSSES, REVALUATION SURPLUSES AND UNREALISED GAINS/LOSSES ON EQUITY SECURITIES AND RESULTS INCLUDED IN CORE AND SUPPLEMENTARY CAPITALS

CURRENT PERIOD			REVALUATIC	ON SURPLUSES	UNREALISED GAINS AND LOSSES		
		GAINS/LOSSES IN CURRENT PERIOD	TOTAL	AMOUNT IN TIER I CAPITAL ^(*)	TOTAL	AMOUNT IN TIER I CAPITAL ^(*)	
1	Private Equity Investments	-	-				
2	Quoted Shares		89,507	89,507	- 89,507	-	
3	Other Shares	-	6,155,727	6,155,727	- 6,155,727	-	
	Total	-	6,245,234	6,245,234	- 6,245,234	-	

(*) The balances are as per the results of equity accounting application.

PRIOR PERIOD PORTFOLIO		0.1110 <i>//</i> 00070	REVALUATION SU		I SURPLUSES UNREALISED GAINS AND LOSS	
		GAINS/LOSSES IN CURRENT PERIOD	TOTAL	AMOUNT IN TIER I CAPITAL ^(*)	TOTAL	AMOUNT IN TIER I CAPITAL ^(*)
1	Private Equity Investments	-	-	-	-	-
2	Quoted Shares	-	48,929	48,929	48,929	-
3	Other Shares	-	4,907,853	4,907,853	4,907,853	-
	Total		4,956,782	4,956,782	4,956,782	-

(*) The balances are as per the results of equity accounting application.

4.5.4 CAPITAL REQUIREMENT AS PER EQUITY SHARES

	CURRENT PERIOD			
	PORTFOLIO	CARRYING VALUE	RWA TOTAL	MINIMUM CAPITAL REQUIREMENT
1	Private Equity Investments	-	-	-
2	Quoted Shares	174,759	174,759	13,981
3	Other Shares	11,243,027	11,243,027	899,442
	Total	11,417,786	11,417,786	913,423

	PRIOR PERIOD			
	PORTFOLIO	CARRYING VALUE	RWA TOTAL	MINIMUM CAPITAL REQUIREMENT
1	Private Equity Investments	-	-	-
2	Quoted Shares	134,182	134,182	10,735
3	Other Shares	8,452,696	8,452,696	676,216
	Total	8,586,878	8,586,878	686,951

Reaching More Customers

Operational Excellence

Data and Technology

The Best and Most Engaged Team

Corporate Governance

Financial Reports and Appendix

322

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

4.6 LIQUIDITY RISK MANAGEMENT AND LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO

Liquidity risk is managed by Asset and Liability Management Department (ALMD), Weekly Review Committee and Asset and Liability Committee (ALCO) in line with liquidity and funding policies and risk appetite approved by the board of directors in order to take the necessary measures in a timely and correct manner against possible liquidity shortages that may result from market conditions and balance sheet structure. Under stressed conditions, liquidity risk is managed within the contingency funding plan framework.

The Board of Directors reviews the liquidity risk management policy and approves the liquidity and funding risk policies, ensures the effective of practice of policies and integrations with the Bank's risk management system. The board of directors determines the basic metrics in liquidity risk measurement and monitoring. The board of directors establishes risk appetite of the Bank in liquidity risk management and identifies the risk limits in accordance with the risk appetite and reviews it regularly.

ALCO takes necessary decisions which will be executed by related departments by assessing the liquidity risk that the Bank is exposed to and considering the Bank's strategy and conditions of competition and pursues the implementations.

ALMD, performs daily liquidity management by ensuring compliance with regulatory and internal liquidity limits and monitoring related early warning indicators in case of probable liquidity squeezes. The medium and long term liquidity and funding management is performed by ALMD in accordance with ALCO decisions.

Head of Risk management defines the Bank's liquidity risk, measures and monitors the risks with liquidity risk measurement methods that are in compliance with international standards, presents measurement results periodically to related departments, committees and senior management. Head of Risk management coordinates related parties in order to ensure compliance of risk management process in accordance with the Bank's risk profile, operation environment and strategic plan with regulations. Head of Risk management analyses, develops and revises relevant liquidity risk measurement in accordance with changing market conditions and the Bank's structure. Head of Risk management reviews assumptions and parameters used in liquidity risk analysis.

The liquidity risk analysis and the important liquidity indicators are reported monthly to related senior management. Additionally, analysis and monitored internal ratios related to liquidity risk are presented in ALCO report. Internal liquidity metrics are monitored with limit and alert levels approved by the Board of Directors/ the Board of Directors Risk Committee and reported regularly to related parties.

Decentralized management approach is adopted in the Bank's liquidity management. Each subsidiary controlled by the Bank performs daily, medium and long term liquidity management independently from the Bank by the authorities in each subsidiary responsible for managing liquidity risk. In addition, within the scope of consolidated risk management, liquidity and funding risk of each subsidiary in control are monitored via the liquidity risk management methods identified by the Bank by considering the operations, risk profile and regulations of the related subsidiary.

The Bank's funding management is carried out in compliance with the ALCO decisions. Funding and placement strategies are developed by assessing liquidity of the Bank.

In liquidity risk management actions that will be taken and procedures are determined by considering normal economic conditions and stress conditions.

Diversification of assets and liabilities is assured so as to be able to continuously meet the obligations, also taking into account the relevant currencies. Funding sources are monitored actively during identification of concentration risk related to funding. The Bank's funding base of customer deposits, interbank and other borrowing transactions are diversified in order to prevent the concentration of a particular funding source. Factors that could trigger the sudden and significant run off in funds or impair the accessibility of the funding sources are analyzed. Additionally, in order to have a healthy liquidity buffer, most of the securities which are eligible as collateral at CBRT issued by Republic of Turkey Ministry of Treasury and Finance and have active secondary market are comprised in the Bank's assets.

In the context of TL and foreign currencies liquidity management, the Bank monitors the cash flows regarding assets and liabilities and forecasts the required liquidity in future periods. In cash flow analysis, stress is applied to items that affect the liquidity by volume and rate of change from a liquidity management point of view.

323

Our Value Creation

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Introduction

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Sustainability

Liquidity risk exposed by the Bank is managed by establishing risk appetite, risk mitigation according to the liquidity and funding policies (diversification of funding sources, holding high quality liquid assets reserve) and effective control environment and closely monitoring by limits. For those risks that cannot be reduced, the adoption of the current level of risk, reduction or termination of the activities that cause the risk is considered.

In liquidity risk stress testing framework, the level of the Bank's ability to cover cash outflows in liquidity crisis scenario based on the Bank's current cash flow structure, by high quality liquid assets is calculated. Scenario analysis are performed by assessing changing balance sheet structure, liquidity requirements and market conditions.

The results of liquidity risk stress testing are taken into consideration in the assessment of liquidity adequacy and identification of policy regarding liquidity risk and contingency funding plan is prepared within this framework.

There exists "Liquidity Contingency Plan" in the Bank approved by the Board or Directors, including mechanisms to prevent increase in liquidity risk scenarios for different conditions and levels. Available liquidity sources are determined by considering the liquidity squeezes. Within the framework of this plan, the Bank monitors liquidity risk in terms of early warning indicators and probable scenarios where liquidity risk crisis and possible actions that can be taken.

In the scope of contingency plan within the framework of intraday liquidity risk management in liquidity and funding risk procedure, situations requiring the activation of contingency plan and indicating an intraday liquidity stress, and intraday liquidity metrics are monitored and intraday liquidity risk stress testing is performed.

The Bank's liabilities consist of TL and foreign currency funding, of which a large portion is USD/EUR. Customers' gold deposit also increases in high level and becomes an important funding source in 2020. Deposits and capital constitute most of TL funding. For the reasons like real person customers cannot use foreign currency credit but are able to deposit foreign currency funds, TL and foreign currency deposit and credit amount may differ. Long term funding obtained from foreign banks and creditors are mainly in foreign currency. For these reasons overall foreign currency liabilities are usually more than foreign currency assests and unused portion of USD, Euro and gold are used in TL funding via currency swap transactions. Swap transactions which is made for TL funding are made with CBRT, however swap transactions with foreign banks are also started to grow again due to increases in swap limits in the recent period. On the other hand, repo lines by open market operations and Borsa Istanbul ("OMO / BİST") aren't used to full extent, unused limits and high quality liquid asset stock is held is kept to use in the case of a liquidity scarcity in market. Also T.C. Eurobonds aren't used to secure funding and kept as reserve to use in the case of a foreign currency liquidity scarcity in market. In TL and foreign currency liquidity management, regulatory ratios, internally set warnings, limits and other liquidity and funding metrics are monitored.

The Bank keeps liquidity buffer in high level by taking liquidity risk increased periods into consideration. With this approach, the effect of volatility in the markets due to the adverse effects of COVID-19 outbreak on the Bank's liquidity need is in minimum level.

Also there is an increase in loan demands within the effects of COVID-19 outbreak and customers prefers to extend their existing loans maturities. On the other hand, the Banks is well-prepared for similar scenarios that matured loans are not presented as cash out flow in the Bank's internal liquidity metrics and therefore this not create a significant effect from the point of the Bank. On the contrary, metrics such as Bank's Liquidity Coverage Ratio are in extremely healthy level and this liquidity is used for the increase in loan demands.

4.6.1 LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO

Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR), aims for the banks having the ability to cover 30 days of liquidity needs with their own cash and high quality liquid assets that are easy to convert to cash during liquidity shortages in the markets. With that perspective and according to "Regulation for Banks' Liquidity Coverage Ratio Calculations" (the Regulation) terms LCR ratio is calculated by having high quality liquid assets divided by net cash outflows. In both bank-only and consolidated basis, LCR ratio should be at least 80% for foreign currency and 100% for total.

Items in balance sheet and off balance sheet items are taken into account after being multiplied by the coefficients advised in the Regulation. In LCR calculation cash inflows are limited by 75% of cash outflows and cash inflows from high quality liquid assets aren't included.

Operational Excellence

Data and Technology

The Best and Most Engaged Team

Corporate Governance

Financial Report and Appendix

324

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

High quality liquid assets consist of cash, deposits in central banks and securities considered as high quality liquid assets. Reserve deposits are included in high quality liquid assets, limited by the amount that is allowed by central bank to use in liquidity shortages. The Bank's high quality liquid assets are composed of 7.68% cash, 37.42% deposits in central banks and 54.73% securities considered as high quality liquid assets.

The Bank's main funding sources are deposits, funds borrowed, money market borrowings and securities issued. Funding source composition in report date is 79.70% deposits, 10.28% funds borrowed and money market borrowings, 6.34% securities issued and 3.67% other liabilities.

In LCR calculation, cash outflows are mainly consist of deposits, secured and unsecured borrowings, securities issued and off balance sheet items.

The cash flows from derivative financial instruments are included in LCR calculations according to Regulation's terms. The Bank also considers changes in fair value of the liabilities that result in margin calls when calculating cash outflows.

	TOTAL UNWEIGHTED VALUE	(AVERAGE) (*)	TOTAL WEIGHTED VALUE (A	AVERAGE) (*)
CURRENT PERIOD	TL+FC	FC	TL+FC	FC
HIGH-QUALITY LIQUID ASSETS			115,025,954	59,481,266
1 Total high-quality liquid assets (HQLA)	115,025,954	59,481,266	115,025,954	59,481,266
CASHOUTFLOWS				
2 Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers, of which:	236,181,502	138,559,703	21,612,360	13,855,970
3 Stable deposits	40,115,799	-	2,005,790	-
4 Less stable deposits	196,065,703	138,559,703	19,606,570	13,855,970
5 Unsecured wholesale funding, of which:	91,259,357	48,150,706	46,128,922	23,186,149
6 Operational deposits	-	-	-	-
7 Non-operational deposits	74,243,380	43,622,672	33,613,977	18,785,802
8 Unsecured funding	17,015,977	4,528,034	12,514,945	4,400,347
9 Secured wholesale funding			-	-
10 Other cash outflows of which:	145,381,803	50,076,913	23,490,030	19,459,753
11 Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements	11,225,434	14,245,985	11,225,434	14,245,985
12 Outflows related to restructured financial instruments	-	-	-	-
13 Payment commitments and other off-balance sheet commitments granted for debts to financial markets	134,156,369	35,830,928	12,264,596	5,213,768
14 Other revocable off-balance sheet commitments and contractual obligations	2,207	2,207	109	109
15 Other irrevocable or conditionally revocable off- balance sheet obligations	14,127,372	13,697,912	706,369	684,896
16 TOTAL CASH OUTFLOWS			91,937,790	57,186,877
CASHINFLOWS				
17 Secured receivables	-	-	-	-
18 Unsecured receivables	28,575,307	12,422,517	21,136,076	10,347,300
19 Other cash inflows	1,233,418	24,977,232	1,233,417	24,977,232
20 TOTAL CASH INFLOWS	29,808,725	37,399,749	22,369,493	35,324,532
21 TOTAL HQLA			115,025,954	59,481,266
22 TOTAL NET CASH OUTFLOWS			69,568,297	22,762,422
23 LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (%)			165,50	285,68

(*) The average of last three months' liquidity coverage ratio calculated by weekly simple averages.

About anti BBVA

Our Value Creation Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19

Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

The table below presents highest, lowest and average liquidity coverage ratios of the second quarter of 2020:

CURRENT PERIOD	HIGHEST	DATE	LOWEST	DATE	AVERAGE
TL+FC	184.93	25.11.2020	151.36	25.10.2020	165.50
FC	452.40	08.12.2020	169.15	24.10.2020	285.68

	TOTAL UNWEIGHTED VALUE	(AVERAGE) (*)	TOTAL WEIGHTED VALUE (AVERAGE) (*)		
CURRENT PERIOD	TL+FC	FC	TL+FC	FC	
HIGH-QUALITY LIQUID ASSETS			92,639,807	48,575,984	
1 Total high-quality liquid assets (HQLA)	92,639,807	48,575,984		48,575,984	
CASHOUTFLOWS					
2 Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers, of which:	179,055,682	94,617,690	16,144,686	9,461,769	
3 Stable deposits	35,217,639	-	1,760,882	-	
4 Less stable deposits	143,838,043	94,617,690	14,383,804	9,461,769	
5 Unsecured wholesale funding, of which:	63,876,262	33,812,508	34,825,579	17,720,638	
6 Operational deposits	-	-	=	-	
7 Non-operational deposits	48,236,982	30,538,057	23,666,850	14,638,763	
8 Unsecured funding	15,639,280	3,274,451	11,158,729	3,081,875	
9 Secured wholesale funding			-	-	
10 Other cash outflows of which:	111,222,491	32,803,965	14,410,695	10,134,820	
11 Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements	4,706,646	6,182,153	4,706,646	6,182,153	
12 Outflows related to restructured financial instruments	-	-	-	-	
13 Payment commitments and other off-balance sheet commitments granted for debts to financial markets	106,515,845	26,621,812	9,704,049	3,952,667	
14 Other revocable off-balance sheet commitments and contractual obligations	1,615	1,615	81	81	
15 Other irrevocable or conditionally revocable off- balance sheet obligations	11,851,054	11,620,598	592,553	581,029	
16 TOTAL CASH OUTFLOWS			65,973,594	37,898,337	
CASH INFLOWS					
17 Secured receivables	-	-	-	-	
18 Unsecured receivables	24,820,872	8,069,690	17,258,937	6,483,303	
19 Other cash inflows	149,800	4,382,359	149,800	4,382,359	
20 TOTAL CASH INFLOWS	24,970,672	12,452,049	17,408,737	10,865,662	
21 TOTAL HQLA			92,639,807	48,575,984	

21	TOTAL HQLA	92,639,807	48,575,984
22	TOTAL NET CASH OUTFLOWS	48,564,857	27,032,675
23	LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (%)	191,52	181,08

(*) The average of last three months' liquidity coverage ratio calculated by weekly simple averages.

The table below presents highest, lowest and average liquidity coverage ratios of the last quarter of 2019:

PRIOR PERIOD	HIGHEST	DATE	LOWEST	DATE	AVERAGE
TL+FC	236.53	26.12.2019	172.10	02.12.2019	191.52
FC	242.41	26.12.2019	147.62	01.10.2019	181.08

Operational Excellence

Reaching More Customers

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

and Appendix

4.6.2 CONTRACTUAL MATURITY ANALYSIS OF LIABILITIES ACCORDING TO REMAINING MATURITIES

Data and Technology

The remaining maturities table of the contractual liabilities includes the undiscounted future cash outflows for the principal amounts of the Bank's financial liabilities as per their earliest likely contractual maturities.

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	CARRYING VALUE	GROSS NOMINAL OUTFLOWS	DEMAND	UP TO 1 MONTH	1-3 MONTHS	3-12 MONTHS	1-5 YEARS	5 YEARS AND OVER
CURRENT PERIOD								
Bank Deposits	905,583	905,462	711,446	193,298	718	-	-	-
Other Deposits	320,606,012	319,963,148	136,198,232	140,556,238	32,323,174	8,617,436	2,262,320	5,748
Other Fundings	41,419,306	42,464,349	-	983,318	1,075,498	16,055,618	11,539,631	12,810,284
Interbank Money Market Takings	71,830	71,806	-	71,748	58	-	-	-
Securities Issued(*)	25,589,639	25,272,331	-	1,340,705	3,280,718	3,931,670	10,001,194	6,718,044
Lease payables (net)	873,021	1,258,111	-	24,371	50,032	146,506	768,505	268,697
Total	389,465,391	389,935,207	136,909,678	143,169,678	36,730,198	28,751,230	24,571,650	19,802,773

(*) Includes subordinated securities issued and presented under subordinated debts in balance sheet.

	CARRYING VALUE	GROSS NOMINAL OUTFLOWS	DEMAND	UP TO 1 MONTH	1-3 MONTHS	3-12 MONTHS	1-5 YEARS	5 YEARS AND OVER
PRIOR PERIOD								
Bank Deposits	2,482,808	2,481,979	2,295,128	184,263	2,588	-	-	-
Other Deposits	246,268,283	245,493,652	74,079,431	140,489,564	18,789,208	11,900,975	229,142	5,332
Other Fundings	39,415,701	39,844,354	-	800,851	330,771	15,463,984	10,330,883	12,917,865
Interbank Money Market Takings	504,175	503,875	-	67,728	436,147	-	-	-
Securities Issued(*)	21,137,439	20,844,352	-	289,127	3,763,228	750,000	11,216,405	4,825,592
Lease payables (net)	1,006,148	1,646,031	-	34,962	84,260	229,129	926,980	370,700
Total	310,814,554	310,814,243	76,374,559	141,866,495	23,406,202	28,344,088	22,703,410	18,119,489

(*) Includes subordinated securities issued and presented under subordinated debts in balance sheet.

Our Value Creation Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

4.6.3 MATURITY ANALYSIS OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ACCORDING TO REMAINING MATURITIES:

	DEMAND	UP TO 1 MONTH	1-3 MONTHS	3-12 MONTHS	1-5 YEARS	5 YEARS AND OVER	UNDISTRIBUTED	TOTAL
CURRENT PERIOD								
ASSETS								
Cash (Cash on Hand, Money in Transit, Purchased Cheques) and Balances with the Central Bank of Turkey	29,156,289	26,010,300	-	-	-	-	-	55,166,589
Banks	13,354,461	1,441,184	-	-	-	-	=	14,795,645
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Profit/Loss	310,272	36,157	34,011	6,283,982	808,261	35,270	-	7,507,953
Money Market Placements	-	8,003,922	-	239,378	-	-	-	8,243,300
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	301,030	1,170,758	565,043	2,767,396	18,030,109	8,524,142	-	31,358,478
Loans	416,655	44,267,672	29,402,258	93,557,621	104,001,087	24,447,295	18,991,935	315,084,523
Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost	-	248,147	143,453	3,127,162	21,078,875	9,743,582	-	34,341,219
Other Assets (*)	15,277,712	3,039,047	609,981	608,155	753,174	1,544,699	4,467,345	26,300,113
Total Assets	58,816,419	84,217,187	30,754,746	106,583,694	144,671,506	44,294,988	23,459,280	492,797,820
LIABILITIES								
Bank Deposits	711,446	193,412	725	-	-	-		905,583
Other Deposits	136,198,231	141,032,365	32,422,088	8,680,349	2,267,219	5,760	-	320,606,012
Other Fundings	-	1,140,614	1,107,077	16,074,985	11,525,224	11,571,406	_	41,419,306
Money Market Funds	-	71,772	58	-	-	-	-	71,830
Securities Issued (**)	-	1,341,505	3,319,745	3,999,309	10,147,792	6,781,288	-	25,589,639
Miscellaneous Payables	14,824,199	1	-	-	-	-	-	14,824,200
Other Liabilities (***)	3,676,276	1,975,084	4,110,665	512,608	1,470,200	3,602,944	74,033,473	89,381,250
Total Liabilities	155,410,152	145,754,753	40,960,358	29,267,251	25,410,435	21,961,398	74,033,473	492,797,820
Liquidity Gap	(96,593,733)	(61,537,566)	(10,205,612)	77,316,443	119,261,071	22,333,590	(50,574,193)	
Net Off-Balance Sheet Position		(728,625)	(2,207,626)	37,185	462,595	(85,148)		(2,521,619)
Derivative Financial Assets	-	62,363,705	39,207,952	15,490,998	5,929,805	1,621,783		124,614,243
Derivative Financial Liabilities			41,415,578	15,453,813	5,467,210	1,706,931		127,135,862
Non-Cash Loans	-	26,794,333	3,876,595	1,870,011	271,319	-	144,931,407	177,743,665
PRIOR PERIOD								
Total Assets	40,420,274	76,134,113	22,463,826	74,134,823	114,351,217	39,393,090	24,254,927	391,152,270
Total Liabilities	90,776,446	143,368,560	24,118,826	29,344,621	23,422,970	19,138,596	60,982,251	391,152,270
Liquidity Gap	(50,356,172)	(67,234,447)	(1,655,000)	44,790,202	90,928,247	20,254,494	(36,727,324)	-
Net Off-Balance Sheet Position	-	384,646	(752,558)	409,449	591,094	25,751	-	658,382
Derivative Financial Assets	-	47,423,055	26,884,501	18,247,514	8,051,501	2,049,957	-	102,656,528
Derivative Financial Liabilities	-	47,038,409	27,637,059	17,838,065	7,460,407	2,024,206		101,998,146
				, ,	, ,			- / -/ -

 $(\ensuremath{^*})$ Includes expected credit losses in accordance with TFRS 9.

(**) Includes securities issued having qualification of subordinated loan presented under subordinated debts in balance sheet.

(***) Shareholders' equity is included in "other liabilities" line under "undistributed" column.

Data and Technology

The Best and Most Engaged Team

Corporate Governance

Financial Repor and Appendix

328

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

4.7 LEVERAGE RATIO

The leverage ratio table prepared in accordance with the communiqué "Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Leverage Ratios of Banks" published in the Official Gazette no. 28812 dated 5 November 2013 is presented below:

The Bank's leverage ratio calculated by taking average of end of month leverage ratios for the last three-month period is 8.96% (31 December 2019: 9.70%). While the capital increased by 16.45% mainly as a result of increase in net profits, total risk amount increased by 26.15%. Therefore, the current period leverage ratio decreased by 74 basis points compared to prior period

	ON-BALANCE SHEET ASSETS	CURRENT PERIOD (*)	PRIOR PERIOD (*)
1	On-balance sheet items (excluding derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives but including collateral)	497,325,327	383,691,696
2	(Assets deducted in determining Tier I capital)	(545,188)	(496,261)
3	Total on-balance sheet risks (sum of lines 1 and 2)	496,780,139	383,195,435
	DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND CREDIT DERIVATIVES		
4	Replacement cost associated with all derivative instruments and credit derivatives	6,739,854	3,048,365
5	Add-on amounts for PFE associated with all derivative instruments and credit derivatives	20,235,044	17,063,813
6	Total risks of derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives (sum of lines 4 to 5)	26,974,898	20,112,178
	SECURITIES OR COMMODITY FINANCING TRANSACTIONS (SCFT)		
7	Risks from SCFT assets (excluding on-balance sheet)	247,006	388,502
8	Risks from brokerage activities related exposures	-	
9	Total risks related with securities or commodity financing transactions (sum of lines 7 to 8)	247,006	388,502
	OTHER OFF-BALANCE SHEET TRANSACTIONS		
10	Gross notional amounts of off-balance sheet transactions	167,913,189	144,057,717
11	(Adjustments for conversion to credit equivalent amounts)	(2,533,857)	(1,266,554)
12	Total risks of off-balance sheet items (sum of lines 10 and 11)	165,379,332	142,791,163
	CAPITAL AND TOTAL RISKS		
13	Tier I capital	61,754,721	53,030,842
14	Total risks (sum of lines 3, 6, 9 and 12)	689,381,375	546,487,278
	LEVERAGE RATIO		
15	Leverage ratio	8.96	9.70

(*) Amounts in the table are three-month average amounts.

4.8 FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

CURRENT PERIOD	CARRYING VALUE	FAIR VALUE
Financial Assets	456,050,784	453,204,763
Interbank Money Market Placements	8,243,300	8,242,961
Banks (*)	59,515,311	59,514,703
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value Through Profit/Loss	7,507,953	7,507,953
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	31,358,478	31,358,478
Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost	34,341,219	34,974,868
Loans	315,084,523	311,605,800
Financial Liabilities	394,230,966	392,942,775
Bank Deposits	905,583	905,818
Other Deposits	320,606,012	319,183,097
Other Fundings from Financial Institutions	25,438,441	25,416,667
Securities Issued (**)	25,589,639	25,745,902
Other Liabilities	21,691,291	21,691,291

 $(\ensuremath{^*})$ Including the balances at the Central Bank of Turkey

(**) Including subordinated securities issued and presented under subordinated debts in balance sheet.

Introdu	ction About Garanti BBVA	Our Value Creation	Our 2020 Issue: CC
329	Garanti BBVA	Creation	issue: CC

Material

0VID-19

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

PRIOR PERIOD	CARRYING VALUE	FAIR VALUE
Finansal Assets	367,236,445	362,137,088
Interbank Money Market Placements	10,376,446	10,376,446
Banks (*)	47,503,780	47,503,780
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value Through Profit/Loss	4,890,878	4,890,878
Financial Assets Available-for-Sale	24,683,050	24,683,050
Investments Held-to-Maturity	28,616,918	28,402,028
Loans	251,165,373	246,280,906
Financial Liabilities	310,633,533	310,633,533
Bank Deposits	2,482,808	2,482,808
Other Deposits	246,268,283	246,268,283
Other Fundings	25,122,823	25,122,823
Securities Issued (**)	21,137,439	21,137,439
Miscellaneous Payables	15,622,180	15,622,180

(*) Including the balances at the Central Bank of Turkey
(**) Including subordinated securities issued and presented under subordinated debts in balance sheet.

The estimated fair value of banks, other fundings from Financial institutions, securities issued and deposits is calculated by finding discounted cash flows using current market interest rates.

Fair value of financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income and financial assets measured at amortised cost are derived from market prices or in case of absence of such prices, market prices of other securities quoted in similar qualified markets and having substantially similar characteristics in terms of interest, maturity and other conditions.

Fair values of loans are calculated discounting future cash flows at current market interest rates for fixed-rate loans. The carrying values of floating-rate loans are deemed an approximation for their fair values.

Fair values of other financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost of financial assets or liabilities calculating by effective interest method.

The table below analyses financial instruments carried at fair value, by valuation method:

CURRENT PERIOD	LEVEL 1	LEVEL 2	LEVEL 3	TOTAL
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	28,466,204	2,773,344	118,930	31,358,478
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Profit/Loss	970,676	1,982,531	4,554,746	7,507,953
Derivative Financial Assets Held for Trading	5,315	3,909,801	64,815	3,979,931
Derivative Financial Assets Held for Hedging Purpose	-	447,161	-	447,161
Financial Assets at Fair Value	29,442,195	9,112,837	4,738,491	43,293,523
Derivative Financial Liabilities Held for Trading	-	6,329,470	1,237,104	7,566,574
Funds Borrowed (*)	-	-	15,980,865	15,980,865
Derivative Financial Liabilities Held for Hedging Purpose	-	777,571	-	777,571
Financial Liabilities at Fair Value	-	7,107,041	17,217,969	24,325,010

(*) Funds borrowed includes financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit/loss.

Reaching More Customers	Operational Excellence	Data and Technology	The Best and Most Engaged Team	Corporate Governance	Financial Reports and Appendix	330

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

PRIOR PERIOD	LEVEL 1	LEVEL 2	LEVEL 3	TOTAL
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	23,022,482	1,654,804	5,764	24,683,050
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Profit/Loss	447,773	25,918	4,417,187	4,890,878
Derivative Financial Assets Held for Trading	8,978	2,344,037	94,891	2,447,906
Derivative Financial Assets Held for Hedging Purpose	-	439,781	-	439,781
Financial Assets at Fair Value	23,479,233	4,464,540	4,517,842	32,461,615
Derivative Financial Liabilities Held for Trading	156	2,216,441	752,246	2,968,843
Funds Borrowed (*)	-	-	14,292,878	14,292,878
Derivative Financial Liabilities Held for Hedging Purpose	-	1,115,731	-	1,115,731
Financial Liabilities at Fair Value	156	3,332,172	15,045,124	18,377,452

(*) Funds borrowed includes financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit/loss.

Level 1 : Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (as prices) or indirectly (derived from prices) Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs)

The movement of financial assets in Level 3 is presented below.

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Balances at Beginning of Period	4,517,842	4,136,826
Purchases during the Period	449,380	185,909
Disposals through Sale/Redemptions	(185,909)	(18,069)
Valuation Effect	(42,822)	213,176
Transfers	-	-
Balances at End of Period	4,738,491	4,517,842

The loans measured at fair value through profit or loss include the loan granted to the special purpose entity as detailed in note 5.1.2.2. This loan is classified under financial assets measured at fair value through profit/loss as per TFRS 9. The fair value of this loan is determined by the independent valuation company based on the weighted average of different methodologies (discounted cash flows, similar market multipliers, same sector transaction multipliers, market value and analyst reports). Upon the result of the independent valuation, the Bank management also evaluated the discounted cash flows and reflected its internal evaluation on the relevant valuation result. In this internal valuation, the Bank has determined to use the interest, depreciation and pre-tax profit (EBITDA) profit margin rates which are observed in previous periods and additional risk premium has added in discounted cash flow model. The corresponding loan is considered as Level 3 based on TFRS 13 "Fair Value Measurement" standard.

Valuation techniques considered in the valuation work and any possible changes in the basic assumptions may affect the carrying value of the related asset. For discounted cash flows method, significant unobservable inputs are EBITDA, growth rate and weighted average cost of capital. The estimated fair value of the asset would increase if growth rate and EBITDA are higher and decrease if the weighted average cost of capital is higher. Trading multiples and transaction multiples for the companies operating in the same sector are the other valuation techniques for pricing the assets. Transaction multiples for the companies operating in the same sector are based on similar transactions based on geographical features, industry, size, target market and other factors. Transaction multiples are derived by dividing the enterprise values of the companies to EBITDAs. The estimated fair value of the asset would increase if the multiples were higher and decrease if multiples were lower.

In the case of 0.25% increase / (0.25% decrease) in the assumptions used in the based discounted cash flow method and 0.25% decrease / (0.25% increase) in the risk-free return on investment, assuming that all other variables remain constant, the assets and profit for the period are approximately will increase by TL 91 million (will decrease TL 91 million).

Based on TFRS 9, in order to eliminate the accounting mismatch, the securitized borrowings are measured at fair value and it is used the values of the Turkish Republic's credit default swap (CDS) and Eurobonds together with the Z-spread of the Turkish Republic (TC) and the Bank. The credit default swap (CDS) level is determined based on the remaining maturity.

Regarding valuation of the related securitization transactions, it is determined a reference level which indicates the correlation among the transaction spread at inception date with either of the followings: TC CDS, TC eurobonds, and Z-spreads of the Bank and TC and considered the impact of daily changes in relevant parameters with variation in reference level. Therefore, the fair value of both the securitization transactions and the corresponding Total Return Swap (TRS) transactions are determined as Level 3.

Our Value Creation Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Introduction

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Sustainability

4.9 TRANSACTIONS CARRIED OUT ON BEHALF OF CUSTOMERS AND ITEMS HELD IN TRUST

None.

4.10 RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The notes under this caption are prepared as per the "Regulation on Risk Management Disclosures" published in the Official Gazette no. 29511 dated 23 October 2015.

4.10.1 RISK MANAGEMENT STRATEGY AND WEIGHTED AMOUNTS

4.10.1.1 RISK MANAGEMENT STRATEGY

Risk Management ensures that; risk management policies and principles are applied and adopted throughout the Bank and its consolidated subsidiaries and that risk management system is maintained and improved which pursues risk-return relationship, and measures all risks together and which is in compliance with applicable regulation, bank strategies and policies and where limits determined in connection with the risk appetite approved by the Board of Directors are not breached. Risk Management defines, measures, reports, monitors the risks and ensure the activities executed in order to control these risks thoroughly and timely; also monitors the results.

Policies and procedures regarding risk management are established for consolidated subsidiaries. Policies and procedures are prepared in compliance with applicable legislations that the subsidiaries subject to and the parent Bank's risk management strategy, reviewed regularly and revised if necessary. The parent Bank ensures that risk management system is applied in subsidiaries where risks are defined, measured, monitored and controlled.

Risk management activities are structured under the responsibility of the Board of Directors. Besides oversight of corporate risk management policies and practices, capital adequacy and planning with liquidity adequacy subjects, management of various risks that the Bank may be exposed to is the responsibility of the Risk Committee, which consists of members of the Board of Directors. Accordingly, the Risk Management, which performs risk management functions, reports to the Board of Directors via the Risk Committee, whereas the Internal Audit Department, performing internal audit functions, the Internal Control Unit, performing internal control functions, and the Compliance Department, which implements compliance controls and performs activities to prevent laundering proceeds of crime, and financing of terrorism, report directly to the Board of Directors. Senior managements responsibility is to report to Board of Directors about the significant risk the Bank encounters, ensure the compliance with the risk management about own duties, eliminate the risks, deficiencies and errors occurring in the units responsible or take the necessary measures, participate in design and implementation of internal capital adequacy assessment process (ICAAP); participate in process of assessing the adequacy and appropriateness of the underlying assumptions, data sources and principles used to measure the assumptions and risks associated with the models. The Bank's main approach for the implementation of risk management model is establishing risk culture throughout the Bank, and aims that the importance of risk management for maintaining business operations is understood and risk awareness and sensitivity is ensured for decision making and implementation mechanisms process by all employees.

Compliant with legislation, the Bank measures and monitors risks that exposed to, considering methods suitable with international standards. Risk measuring and reporting are performed via advanced methods and risk management softwares. Risk based detailed reports are prepared for management of significant risks, in order to determine strategies and take decisions, in this scope, reports are prepared for board of directors, relevant committees and senior management.

The Bank manages all exposed crisis situations within the framework of business continuity policy and business continuity program formed by strategic goals which designate The Bank's business continuity vision and principles; takes necessary actions.

The Bank's risk appetite framework determines the risk level that the board of directors is prepared to accept in order to accomplish the goals and strategies with the consideration of the capacity of the institution to safely absorbs those risks and the Bank monitors regularly risk appetite metrics regarding capital, liquidity, income recurrence and risk based limits.

Risks that the Bank is exposed is managed by providing effective control environment and monitoring limits. Unmitigated risks are either accepted with current risk levels or decreasing/ terminating the activity that causes the risk.

Operational Excellence

Data and Technology

The Best and Most Engaged Team

Corporate Governance

Financial Report and Appendix

332

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

The Risk Management function conducts the ICAAP report, to be sent to the BRSA by coordinating relevant parties. Stress test report is also reported to the BRSA, which evaluates how adverse effects on macroeconomic parameters, in the scope of determined scenarios, affect the Bank's three year budget plan and results, and certain ratios, including capital adequacy.

Training programs for employees, risk reports to the board of directors, senior management and committees, risk appetite framework established by the Bank and ICAAP generate significant inputs to ensure that risk management culture is widely embraced.

The effects of developments in COVID-19 on Bank's risk profile and risk appetite framework are closely monitored within risk measurement, reporting and management processes.

4.10.1.2 RISK WEIGHTED AMOUNTS

		RISK WEIGHTED AI	RISK WEIGHTED AMOUNTS	
		CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD	CURRENT PERIOD
1	Credit risk (excluding counterparty credit risk) (CCR) (*)	327,533,984	269,298,816	26,202,720
2	Of which standardised approach (SA)	327,533,984	269,298,816	26,202,720
3	Of which internal rating-based (IRB) approach	-	-	-
4	Counterparty credit risk	9,351,236	4,682,076	748,099
5	Of which standardised approach for counterparty credit risk (SA-CCR)	9,351,236	4,682,076	748,099
6	Of which internal model method (IMM)	-	-	-
7	Equity position in banking book under basic risk weighting or internal rating-based	-	-	-
8	Equity investments in funds - look-through approach	-	-	-
9	Equity investments in funds - mandate-based approach	-	-	-
10	Equity investments in funds - 1250% risk weighting Approach	-	-	-
11	Settlement risk	-	-	-
12	Securitisation exposures in banking book	-	-	-
13	Of which IRB ratings-based approach (RBA)	-	-	-
14	Of which IRB supervisory formula approach (SFA)	-	-	-
15	Of which SA/simplified supervisory formula approach (SSFA)	-	-	-
16	Market risk	15,475,634	9,100,469	1,238,051
17	Of which standardised approach (SA)	15,475,634	9,100,469	1,238,051
18	Of which internal model approaches (IMM)	-	-	-
19	Operational risk	39,151,987	33,070,929	3,132,159
20	Of which basic indicator approach	39,151,987	33,070,929	3,132,159
21	Of which standardised approach	-	-	-
22	Of which advanced measurement approach	-	-	-
23	Amounts below the thresholds for deduction from capital (subject to 250% risk weight)	-	-	-
24	Floor adjustment	-	-	-
25	Total (1+4+7+8+9+10+11+12+16+19+23+24)	391,512,841	316,152,290	31,321,029

(*) Excluding equity investments in funds and amounts below the thresholds for deductions from capital.

Our Value Creation Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19

CARRYING VALUES OF ITEMS IN ACCORDANCE WITH TURKISH ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

4.10.2 LINKAGES BETWEEN FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND RISK AMOUNTS

4.10.2.1 DIFFERENCES AND MATCHING BETWEEN ASSET AND LIABILITIES' CARRYING VALUES IN FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND RISK AMOUNTS IN CAPITAL ADEQUACY CALCULATION

CARRYING VALUES OF ITEMS IN ACCORDANCE WITH TURKISH ACCOUNTING STAN						STANDARDS
CURRENT PERIOD	CARRYING VALUES IN FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PREPARED AS PER TAS	SUBJECT TO CREDIT RISK	SUBJECT TO COUNTERPARTY CREDIT RISK	SUBJECT TO MARKET RISK (*)	SUBJECT TO CAPITAL CALCULATION	NOT SUBJECT TO CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS
ASSETS	121,086,048	115,802,078	5,543,018	4,262,954	(413,009)	-
Cash and cash equivalents	77,792,525	78,205,534	-	-	(413,009)	-
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit/loss (FVTPL)	7,507,953	6,238,066	-	1,269,887	-	-
Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)	31,358,478	31,358,478	1,115,926	-	-	-
Derivative financial assets	4,427,092	-	4,427,092	2,993,067	-	-
Loans (net)	329,979,119	340,335,160	72,084	-	(11,409,061)	(30,455)
Loans	315,084,523	315,113,206	=	-	1,884	(30,455)
Lease receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non performing receivables	34,341,219	34,341,219	72,084	-	-	-
Expected credit losses (-)	19,446,623	9,119,265	-	-	11,410,945	-
Assets held for sale and assets of discontinued operations (net)	768,033	768,033	-	-	-	-
Ownership investments (net)	11,417,786	11,417,786	-	-	-	-
Tangible assets (net)	5,319,461	5,199,790	=	-	119,671	-
Intangible assets (net)	454,552	21,390	-	-	433,162	-
Investment property (net)	704,701	704,701	-	-	-	-
Current tax asset	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deferred tax asset	3,509,508	3,509,508	-	-	-	-
Other assets	19,558,612	20,895,609	-	-	(6,720)	(1,330,277)
Total assets	492,797,820	498,654,055	5,615,102	4,262,954	(11,275,957)	(1,360,732)
Deposits	321,511,595	-	_	-	-	321,511,595
Funds borrowed	25,438,441	-	1,515,138	-	-	23,923,303
Money market funds	71,830	-	71,830	-	-	-
Securities issued (net)	18,990,670	-	-	-	-	18,990,670
Funds	-	-	=	-	-	-
Financial liabilities measured at fvtpl	15,980,865	-	=	-	-	15,980,865
Derivative financial liabilities	8,344,145	-	=	-	-	8,344,145
Factoring payables	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lease payables (net)	873,021	-	-	-	-	873,021
Provisions	9,051,110	809,936	=	-	1,367,718	6,873,456
Current tax liability	2,164,160	-	=	-	-	2,164,160
Deferred tax liability	-	=	-		-	
Liabilities for assets held for sale and assets of discontinued operations (net)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Subordinated debts	6,598,969	-	-	-	6,537,880	61,089
Other liabilities	21,691,291	-	-	26,314	-	21,664,977
Shareholders' equity	62,081,723	-	-	-	62,383,694	(301,971)
Total liabilities	492,797,820	809,936	1,586,968	26,314	70,289,292	420,085,310

(*) Disclosed based on gross position amounts subject to general market risk and specific risk.

Data and Technology The Best and Most Engaged Team Corporate Governance

334

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

CARRYING VALUES OF ITEMS IN ACCORDANCE WITH TURKISH ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

PRIOR PERIOD	CARRYING VALUES IN FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PREPARED AS PER TAS	SUBJECT TO CREDIT RISK	SUBJECT TO COUNTERPARTY CREDIT RISK	SUBJECT TO MARKET RISK (*)	SUBJECT TO CAPITAL CALCULATION	NOT SUBJECT TO CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS
ASSETS	96,234,717	92,928,334	4,259,276	2,456,619	(149,340)	-
Cash and cash equivalents	63,773,102	63,922,442	-	-	(149,340)	-
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit/loss (FVTPL)	4,890,878	4,227,951	-	662,927	-	-
Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)	24,683,050	24,683,050	1,466,481	-	-	-
Derivative financial assets	2,887,687	94,891	2,792,795	1,793,692	-	-
Loans (net)	263,968,569	269,082,228	720,035	-	(5,067,559)	(46,100)
Loans	251,165,373	251,203,652	-	-	7,821	(46,100)
Lease receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non performing receivables	28,616,918	28,616,918	720,035	-	-	-
Expected credit losses (-)	15,813,722	10,738,342	-	-	5,075,380	-
Assets held for sale and assets of discontinued operations (net)	1,291,274	1,291,274	-	-	-	-
Ownership investments (net)	8,586,878	8,586,878	-	-	-	-
Tangible assets (net)	4,991,224	4,827,668	-	-	163,556	-
Intangible assets (net)	350,882	22,348	-	-	328,534	-
Investment property (net)	703,141	703,141	-	-	-	-
Current tax asset	=	=	-	=	=	-
Deferred tax asset	1,710,519	1,710,519	-	=	=	=
Other assets	13,315,066	14,138,034	-	-	(2,776)	(820,192)
Total assets	391,152,270	393,290,424	4,979,311	2,456,619	(4,727,585)	(866,292)
Deposits	248,751,091	-	-	-		248,751,091
Funds borrowed	25,122,823	-	1,867,232	-	-	23,255,591
Money market funds	504,175	-	504,175	-	-	-
Securities issued (net)	16,407,732	-	-	-	-	16,407,732
Funds	-	-	-	-	-	-
Financial liabilities measured at fvtpl	14,292,878	-	-	-	-	14,292,878
Derivative financial liabilities	4,084,574	-	-	-	-	4,084,574
Factoring payables	=	=	-	=	=	-
Lease payables (net)	1,006,148	-	-	-	-	1,006,148
Provisions	5,731,746	622,573	-	-	588,581	4,520,592
Current tax liability	1,133,550	-	-	-	-	1,133,550
Deferred tax liability	-	-	-	-	-	-
Liabilities for assets held for sale and assets of discontinued operations (net)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Subordinated debts	4,729,707	-	-	-	4,693,480	36,227
Other liabilities	15,622,180	-	-	34,163	-	15,588,017
Shareholders' equity	53,765,666	-	-	-	54,243,640	(477,974)
Total liabilities	391,152,270	622,573	2,371,407	34,163	59,525,701	328,598,426

 $(\ensuremath{^*})$ Disclosed based on gross position amounts subject to general market risk and specific risk.

	Introduction	About
335	Introduction	Garanti BB

Our V VA Crea Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

4.10.2.2 MAJOR ITEMS CAUSING DIFFERENCES BETWEEN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES' CARRYING VALUES IN FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND RISK AMOUNTS IN CAPITAL ADEQUACY CALCULATION

	CURRENT PERIOD	TOTAL	CREDIT RISK	COUNTERPARTY CREDIT RISK	MARKET RISK (*)
1	Carrying Value of Assets in Accordance with Communiqué "Preparation of Financial Statements" (as per 4.10.2.1)	502,885,766	497,466,045	4,427,092	4,262,954
2	Carrying Value of Debt Instruments that are Subjected to Counterparty Credit Risk as per TAS (as per 4.10.2.1)	1,188,010	1,188,010	1,188,010	-
3	Carrying Value of Liabilities that are Subjected to Counterparty Credit Risk as per TAS (as per 4.10.2.1)	1,586,968	-	1,586,968	-
4	Carrying Value of Other Liabilities as per TAS (as per 4.10.2.1)	26,314	-	-	26,314
5	Total Net Amount within the Scope of Statutory Consolidation	502,460,494	498,654,055	4,028,134	4,236,640
6	Off-balance Sheet Amounts (**)	631,934,170	48,643,992	4,367,264	144,329,145
7	Differences Resulted from the BRSA's Applications		(15,558,980)	(23,304)	-
8	Repurchase Transactions		-	782,667	-
9	Risk Amounts		531,739,067	9,154,761	148,565,785

	PRIOR PERIOD	TOTAL	CREDIT RISK	COUNTERPARTY CREDIT RISK	MARKET RISK (*)
1	Carrying Value of Assets in Accordance with Communiqué "Preparation of Financial Statements" (as per 4.10.2.1)	393,687,788	391,103,908	2,792,795	2,456,619
2	Carrying Value of Debt Instruments that are Subjected to Counterparty Credit Risk as per TAS (as per 4.10.2.1)	2,186,516	2,186,516	2,186,516	-
3	Carrying Value of Liabilities that are Subjected to Counterparty Credit Risk as per TAS (as per 4.10.2.1)	2,371,407	-	2,371,407	-
4	Carrying Value of Other Liabilities as per TAS (as per 4.10.2.1)	34,163	-	-	34,163
5	Total Net Amount within the Scope of Statutory Consolidation	393,468,734	393,290,424	2,607,904	2,422,456
6	Off-balance Sheet Amounts (**)	476,350,943	53,784,508	1,720,490	143,457,602
7	Differences Resulted from the BRSA's Applications	-	(30,269,917)	(18,979)	_
8	Repurchase Transactions	-	-	750,216	_
9	Risk Amounts	-	416,805,015	5,059,631	145,880,058

(*) Disclosed based on gross position amounts subject to general market risk and specific risk. (**) Off-balance sheet amounts subject to capital adequacy ratios.

4.10.2.3 EXPLANATIONS ON DIFFERENCES BETWEEN CARRYING VALUES IN FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND RISK AMOUNTS IN CAPITAL ADEQUACY CALCULATION OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

There is no material differences between the carrying values in financial statements and the risk amounts in capital adequacy calculation of assets and liabilities.

Reaching More Customers Operational Excellence

Data and Technology The Best and Most Engaged Team Corporate Governance

Financial Reports and Appendix

336

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

4.10.3 CREDIT RISK

4.10.3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION ON CREDIT RISK

4.10.3.1.1 GENERAL QUALITATIVE INFORMATION ON CREDIT RISK

The Bank's credit risk management policies; under the relevant legislation in line with the Bank's credit strategy approved by the board of directors are created based on the prudence, sustainability and customer credit worthiness principles. Credit risk is managed on a portfolio basis considering the risk/return balance and asset quality of the Bank in the scope of the principles specified in the credit risk policy documents.

Credit risk management is a structured process where credit risks are consistently assessed, quantified and monitored. In order to take the right decision, during the credit process which begins with the application of the customer and includes the phases of determination of the customer's credibility, collateralization, loan configuration, approval and usage, monitoring and closing the exposure, all required financial and non-financial information and documents intended to identify the customer are collected in a centralized database, with this information the customer's financial strength is analyzed, credit risk analysis is done. The customers are graded according to their segment and activity fields and the information is kept updated by inquiring the customers. Thus before a loan is granted, it is ensured that risks are well-understood, sufficient evaluation has been done and after the loan is granted the loan is monitored, controlled and reported.

Diversification to avoid concentrations are performed while determining the Bank's credit risk profile. Credit portfolios are evaluated depending upon the credit type, managed aggregately during their life cycle. Customer selection is made in accordance with the policies and strategies, affordability of the borrower to fulfil on a timely basis all financial obligations with his expected cash flows from foreseeable specific transactions or from its regular operations; without depending upon guarantors, bails or pledged assets is predicated. Necessary risk rating/scoring models are developed, reviewed, and validated for the different portfolios of the Bank. These models are created by ensuring the best separation of the customers in terms of their credibility and grading them using the objective criteria. The outputs of the internal rating and scoring models that developed based on the each portfolio are an important part of the loan approval process.

Loan based assessment, allocation and monitoring are carried out within the framework of related processes by related units in the credit group. Credit proposals, on the basis of the determined amount and in the framework of levels of authority, are concluded after being evaluated by the regional offices, loans units and committees of head office, if required by the credit committee and the board of directors. The credit approval authority can be transferred starting from the board of directors by notifying in written form.

Each unit operating in credit risk management is responsible for identifying risks arising from its own process, activities and systems, informing senior management and taking necessary action to reduce risk level.

The general risk policy including the risk appetite and indicators is determined by the board of directors. Risk management is handled, in order to reach the determined targets, by carrying out a continuous monitoring process with a proper classification of risks and customers in scope of the effective management mentality. The limit framework and delegation rules are specified by establishing proper decision systems in order to assess the risks correctly. Optimum limit levels are determined by taking into account the loss and returns during the limit setting process.

Organizational structure related to credit risk management and control functions is detailed below: Units within the scope of credit risk management; Corporate and Specialized Loans, Commercial Loans, Corporate and Commercial Loans Restructuring, Commercial Products Collection, Bank and Country Risk, Retail and SME Risk Management, Retail Loans Risk Strategies, SME Loans Risk Strategies, Retail and SME Loans Evaluation, Retail Products Collection, Risk Planning Monitoring and Reporting, Credit Risk Management Data and Advanced Analytics, Validation, Credit Risk Control and Regional Loans Coordination.

In addition, decisions regarding the credit policy in the corporate governance framework are taken by the relevant committees. In this context, there are Wholesale Credit, Risk Committee, Retail Credit, Risk Committee, Risk Management Committee, Risk Technology and Analytics Committee, Credit Restructuring Committee, Credit Admission Committee and Board of Risk Committee. Allocated limits and conditions that exceeding the limits with their usage, evaluations regarding major risks and nonperforming loans with high risk, information regarding NPLs, the data regarding the portfolios of subsidiaries are reported to senior management on a regular basis.

Our Value Creation Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Introduction

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Sustainability

The Risk Management measures, monitors and reports credit risks by using validated probability of defaults obtained from the Bank's rating models, loss that is caused by defaulted customer and credit conversion factors. The Bank's internal capital is calculated and adequacy is assessed by considering stress tests and scenario analysis. Also, by considering optimum risk return balance, expectations regarding economic outlook the limits are determined for credit portfolios. Risk based analyses are executed, credit concentrations are monitored and the results are presented to senior management.

The Bank carries out on-site and central controls regarding credit risk by the first level control officers in the Bank's business / support units. First-level control officers periodically report the results of the controls they conduct to the management of the related units and the Internal Unit in accordance with the dual reporting obligation. On-site collateral and contract controls at the branches and functioning controls at the regions regarding credit risk are carried out by branch control team of Internal Control Unit located in the second line of defense. In addition, Risk Management Control which reports to the Risk Management Department conducts periodic controls and assessments on credit risk management as a second level control specialist on compliance with the Bank's credit risk policies, rules and procedures.

4.10.3.1.2 CREDIT QUALITY OF ASSETS

CURRENT PERIOD	GROSS CARRYING	G VALUE AS PER TAS	ALLOWANCES/ AMORTISATION AND	NET VALUES
	DEFAULTED	NON-DEFAULTED EXPOSURES	IMPAIRMENTS	NET VALUES
1 Loans	14,383,132	372,990,998	9,119,265	378,254,865
2 Debt securities	=	67,082,177	-	67,082,177
3 Off-balance sheet exposures	1,434,029	81,711,066	809,936	82,335,159
4 Total	15,817,161	521,784,241	9,929,201	527,672,201

PRIOR PERIOD	GROSS CARRYING	ALLOWANCES/		
	DEFAULTED	NON-DEFAULTED EXPOSURES	AMORTISATION AND IMPAIRMENTS	NET VALUES
1 Loans	17,298,981	296,000,239	10,738,342	302,560,878
2 Debt securities	-	52,934,090	-	52,934,090
3 Off-balance sheet exposures	1,539,690	81,630,427	622,573	82,547,544
4 Total	18,838,671	430,564,756	11,360,915	438,042,512

4.10.3.1.3 CHANGES IN STOCK OF DEFAULT LOANS AND DEBT SECURITIES

		CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
1	Defaulted loans and debt securities at end of the previous reporting period	17,298,981	11,407,073
2	Loans and debt securities defaulted since the last reporting period	2,096,698	9,393,049
3	Receivables back to non-defaulted status	-	-
4	Amounts written off	(4,021,241)	(1,665,537)
5	Other changes	(991,306)	(1,835,604)
6	Defaulted loans and debt securities at end of the reporting period	14,383,132	17,298,981

4.10.3.1.4 ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURE RELATED TO THE CREDIT QUALITY OF ASSETS

4.10.3.1.4.1 QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES RELATED TO THE CREDIT QUALITY OF ASSETS

As explained in accounting policy notes of 3.8 "Disclosures on impairment of financial assets" and 3.8.1 "Calculation of expected credit losses", the Bank calculates the expected credit losses in accordance with TFRS 9. At each reporting date, the Bank assesses whether there is a significant increase in the credit risk of the financial instrument within the scope of impairment since it was initially recognized in the financial statements. In making this assessment, it uses the change in the estimated probability of default of the financial instrument.

A refinancing/restructuring refers to; extending a new loan with the purpose of repayment of a part or whole of the outstanding loans or related interest payments granted previously or, amending the conditions of such outstanding loans in order to facilitate the repayment capacity; due to current or foreseeable financial difficulties of the borrower or the related risk group.

The Best and Most Engaged Team

Corporate Governance

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

338

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

4.10.3.1.4.2 BREAKDOWN OF EXPOSURES BY GEOGRAPHICAL AREAS, INDUSTRY AND AGEING

Disclosed under section 4.2 credit risk.

4.10.3.1.4.3 EXPOSURES PROVISIONED AGAINST BY MAJOR REGIONS AND SECTORS

		CURRENT PERIOD			PRIOR PERIOD		
	NON-PERFORMING LOANS	EXPECTED CREDIT LOSSES-STAGE 3	WRITE-OFFS	NON-PERFORMING LOANS	EXPECTED CREDIT LOSSES-STAGE 3	WRITE-OFFS	
Domestic	14,164,005	9,000,181	3,811,494	16,953,029	10,524,489	1,594,835	
European Union (EU) Countries	197,683	101,389	206,131	321,806	196,730	69,851	
OECD Countries	15	6	16	15	2	7	
Off-Shore Banking Regions	-	-	-	-	-	-	
USA, Canada	237	95	33	177	20	-	
Other Countries	21,192	17,594	3,567	23,954	17,101	844	
Total	14,383,132	9,119,265	4,021,241	17,298,981	10,738,342	1,665,537	

		CURRENT PERIOD			PRIOR PERIOD				
	NON-PERFORMING LOANS	EXPECTED CREDIT LOSSES-STAGE 3	WRITE-OFFS	NON-PERFORMING LOANS	EXPECTED CREDIT LOSSES-STAGE 3	WRITE-OFFS			
Agriculture	76,802	57,977	8,330	90,860	56,066	5,222			
Farming and Stockbreeding	45,799	32,953	7,635	72,430	43,782	3,965			
Forestry	24,259	19,310	184	11,344	7,222	1,189			
Fishery	6,744	5,714	511	7,086	5,062	68			
Manufacturing	4,731,884	2,889,129	1,845,376	6,135,136	3,713,890	424,625			
Mining and Quarrying	26,669	23,484	884	43,520	30,629	396			
Production	1,278,047	990,414	359,402	1,947,403	1,223,803	423,812			
Electricity, Gas and Water	3,427,168	1,875,231	1,485,090	4,144,213	2,459,458	417			
Construction	719,669	420,012	133,737	979,888	528,931	237,038			
Services	5,847,130	3,723,799	897,844	5,861,734	3,365,483	203,999			
Wholesale and Retail Trade	1,794,304	1,355,138	231,896	2,101,050	1,264,480	84,360			
Accommodation and Dining	300,957	181,933	88,237	283,413	152,050	8,673			
Transportation and Telecommunication	1,508,035	957,421	226,948	1,522,446	888,986	81,187			
Financial Institutions	29,444	27,067	848	40,909	31,580	20,413			
Real Estate and Rental Services	2,055,296	1,056,299	343,680	1,752,054	891,947	7,558			
Professional Services	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Educational Services	137,350	127,909	4,672	126,885	110,714	747			
Health and Social Services	21,744	18,032	1,563	34,977	25,726	1,061			
Others	3,007,647	2,028,348	1,135,954	4,231,363	3,073,972	794,653			
Total	14,383,132	9,119,265	4,021,241	17,298,981	10,738,342	1,665,537			

339	Introduction	About Garanti BBVA	Our Valu Creatior

Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19

Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

4.10.3.1.4.4 AGEING OF PAST-DUE EXPOSURES

CURRENT PERIOD	UP TO 3 MONTHS	3-12 MONTHS	1-3 YEARS	3-5 YEARS	5 YEARS AND OVER
Corporate and Commercial Loans	242,179	807,735	9,523,232	741,384	543,285
Retail Loans	164,799	407,220	1,041,562	75,683	47,973
Credit Cards	54,206	180,703	514,632	22,126	16,413
Others	-	-	-	-	-
Total	461,184	1,395,658	11,079,426	839,193	607,671
PRIOR PERIOD	UP TO 3 MONTHS	3-12 MONTHS	1-3 YEARS	3-5 YEARS	5 YEARS AND OVER
Corporate and Commercial Loans	2.313.686	4.933.546	5.337.143	732.713	396.265
Retail Loans	326,296	937,091	673,500	236,559	154,312
Credit Cards	176,322	451,042	328,221	166,908	135,377
Others	-	-	-	-	-
Total	2,816,304	6,321,679	6,338,864	1,136,180	685,954

4.10.3.2 CREDIT RISK MITIGATION

4.10.3.2.1 QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURE ON CREDIT RISK MITIGATION TECHNIQUES

The Bank assesses the cash flow of the activity or investment subject to credit as the primary repayment source during the credit assignment process.

Calculating the value of the collateral depends on margins determined according to market and FX risks. Standard margins in use throughout the Bank are specific to type of the collateral and changes according to the currency of the collateral.

If credit assignment is conditioned to a collateral extension, the data of the collaterals must be entered to the banking information system. Operational transactions are handled by centralized Operation unit (ABACUS). During the credit utilization, compliance of all conditions between credit decision and credit utilization (such as collateral conditions) are controlled systematically.

In the scope of capital adequacy ratio calculations, The Bank monitors up to date value of the collaterals by type. Credit monitoring process involves the control of the balance between the value of the collateral and risk besides creditworthiness of the customer.

The Bank's credit risk exposure and mitigation techniques used in order to reduce the exposure level are taken into account according to the principles stated in the related regulation. The Bank applies credit risk mitigation according to the comprehensive method that includes risk mitigation calculations considering the volatility-adjusted values of financial collaterals. The standardized risk weights are applied to the rest of the loans and receivables that remained unprotected after credit risk mitigation techniques. Financial collaterals, that are composed of cash or cash equivalents, real estate mortgages, high quality securities and Credit Guarantee Fund suretyship having Treasury guarantee, have been used in credit risk mitigation.

Reaching	Operational	Data and	The Best and Most	Corporate	Financial Reports	340
More Customers	Excellence	Technology	Engaged Team	Governance	and Appendix	

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

4.10.3.2.2 CREDIT RISK MITIGATION TECHNIQUES

	CURRENT PERIOD	EXPOSURES UNSECURED: CARRYING AMOUNT AS PER TAS	EXPOSURES SECURED BY COLLATERAL	COLLATERALIZED AMOUNT OF EXPOSURES SECURED BY COLLATERAL	C EXPOSURES SECURED BY FINANCIAL GUARANTEES	COLLATERALIZED AMOUNT OF EXPOSURES SECURED BY FINANCIAL GUARANTEES	C EXPOSURES SECURED BY CREDIT DERIVATIVES	OLLATERALIZED AMOUNT OF EXPOSURES SECURED BY CREDIT DERIVATIVES
1	Loans	352,702,701	25,552,164	24,541,602	8,959,316	8,959,316	-	-
2	Debt securities	66,815,590	266,587	31,236	=	-	-	-
3	Total	419,518,291	25,818,751	24,572,838	8,959,316	8,959,316	-	-
4	Of which defaulted	14,383,132	-	88,86592	-	-	-	-
	PRIOR PERIOD	EXPOSURES UNSECURED: CARRYING AMOUNT AS PER	EXPOSURES SECURED BY COLLATERAL	COLLATERALIZED AMOUNT OF EXPOSURES SECURED BY	C EXPOSURES SECURED BY FINANCIAL GUARANTEES	COLLATERALIZED AMOUNT OF EXPOSURES SECURED BY FINANCIAL	C EXPOSURES SECURED BY CREDIT DERIVATIVES	OLLATERALIZED AMOUNT OF EXPOSURES SECURED BY CREDIT

PRIOR PERIOD	AMOUNT AS PER TAS	COLLATERAL	SECURED BY COLLATERAL	FINANCIAL GUARANTEES	SECURED BY FINANCIAL GUARANTEES	BY CREDIT DERIVATIVES	SECURED BY CREDIT DERIVATIVES
1 Loans	260,065,860	42,495,018	41,259,490	10,970,595	10,970,595	-	-
2 Debt securities	52,854,280	79,810	17,292	-	-	=	-
3 Total	312,920,140	42,574,828	41,276,782	10,970,595	10,970,595	-	-
4 Of which defaulted	17,298,953	28	583	-	-	-	-

4.10.3.3 CREDIT RISK UNDER STANDARDISED APPROACH

4.10.3.3.1 QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ON BANKS' USE OF EXTERNAL CREDIT RATINGS UNDER THE STANDARDISED APPROACH FOR CREDIT RISK

An international rating firm, Fitch Ratings' external risk ratings are used to determine the risk weights of the risk categories as per the Article 6 of the "Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy Ratios of Banks".

The international risk ratings are used for the exposures to central governments and central banks, whereas for central governments and central banks that are not rated by Fitch Ratings, the published country ratings as announced by the Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) are used.

According to the regulation on capital adequacy, external risk ratings are used only for the exposures to banks and brokerage houses and to corporates where the counterparties are resident in abroad, to determine their risk weights. Where the counterparties are domestic, the related exposures are included in the calculation of capital adequacy as unrated.

In the determination of risk weights; if a relevant rating is available then such rating, but if it is an unrated exposure then the rating available for the issuer is used.

Rating notes issued by Fitch Ratings are presented in the table below, as per credit quality levels and risk weights per risk classes:

			RISK CLA	SSES	
CREDIT	FITCH RATINGS		EXPOSURES TO BANKS A	AND BROKERAGE HOUSES	
QUALITY LEVEL	VEL CREDIT RATING CENTRAL GOVERNM	EXPOSURES TO CENTRAL GOVERNMENTS OR CENTRAL BANKS	EXPOSURES WITH ORIGINAL MATURITIES LESS THAN 3 MONTHS	EXPOSURES WITH ORIGINAL MATURITIES MORE THAN 3 MONTHS	EXPOSURES TO CORPORATES
1	AAA to AA-	0%	20%	20%	20%
2	A+ to A-	20%	20%	50%	50%
3	BBB+ to BBB-	50%	20%	50%	100%
4	BB+ to BB-	100%	50%	100%	100%
5	B+ to B-	100%	50%	100%	150%
6	CCC+ and below	150%	150%	150%	150%

Our Value Creation Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

4.10.3.3.2 CREDIT RISK EXPOSURE AND CREDIT RISK MITIGATION TECHNIQUES

	CURRENT PERIOD	EXPOSURES AND		EXPOSURES AND		RWA AND RWA DENSITY		
	RISK CLASSES	ON-BALANCE SHEET AMOUNT	OFF-BALANCE SHEET AMOUNT	ON-BALANCE SHEET AMOUNT	OFF-BALANCE SHEET AMOUNT	RWA	RWA DENSITY	
1	Exposures to sovereigns and their central banks	117,916,269	2,378,841	126,869,995	195,890	2,125,616	1.67%	
2	Exposures to regional and local governments	1,312,439	23	1,312,439	1	656,220	50.00%	
3	Exposures to administrative bodies and non-commercial entities	175,106	54,968	175,068	14,042	189,110	100.00%	
4	Exposures to multilateral development banks	1,361,267	-	1,361,267	-	-	0.00%	
5	Exposures to international organizations	-	-	-	-	-	0.00%	
6	Exposures to banks and brokerage houses	31,477,592	27,503,139	23,252,349	4,483,233	9,521,200	34.33%	
7	Exposures to corporates	166,966,692	70,365,398	159,772,638	35,291,573	190,335,403	97.58%	
8	Retail exposures	112,984,798	73,581,388	106,161,639	5,985,363	84,106,582	75.00%	
9	Exposures secured by residential property	13,965,597	494	13,955,140	247	4,884,385	35.00%	
10	Exposures secured by commercial property	13,345,421	2,425,680	13,277,497	1,492,470	9,512,165	64.40%	
11	Past-due items	5,048,237	143	5,048,237	-	3,518,113	69.69%	
12	Exposures in high-risk categories	213,868	623,788	213,868	319,621	575,447	107.86%	
13	Exposures in the form of bonds secured by mortgages	=	-	-	-	-	0.00%	
14	Short term exposures to banks, brokerage houses and corporates	-	-	-	-	-	0.00%	
15	Exposures in the form of collective investment undertakings	=	-	-	-	-	0.00%	
16	Other exposures	22,213,735	-	20,883,454	-	10,436,707	49.98%	
17	Shares	11,673,036	-	11,673,036	-	11,673,036	100.00%	
18	Total	498,654,057	176,933,862	483,956,627	47,782,440	327,533,984	61.60%	

	PRIOR PERIOD	EXPOSURES AND		EXPOSURES AND		RWA AND RWA DENSITY		
	RISK CLASSES	ON-BALANCE — SHEET AMOUNT	OFF-BALANCE SHEET AMOUNT	ON-BALANCE SHEET AMOUNT	OFF-BALANCE SHEET AMOUNT	RWA	RWA DENSITY	
1	Exposures to sovereigns and their central banks	93,272,031	256,199	104,226,090	117,192	18,585,303	17.81%	
2	Exposures to regional and local governments	613,721	15	613,721	3	369,966	60.28%	
3	Exposures to administrative bodies and non-commercial entities	266,879	93,617	262,678	10,130	272,808	100.00%	
4	Exposures to multilateral development banks	1,403,169	-	1,403,169	-	-	0.00%	
5	Exposures to international organizations	-	-	-	-	-	0.00%	
6	Exposures to banks and brokerage houses	26,961,881	31,274,358	16,519,886	3,167,499	6,832,394	34.70%	
7	Exposures to corporates	122,277,661	55,320,001	115,740,841	26,995,462	139,282,675	97.58%	
8	Retail exposures	89,901,182	60,061,404	81,923,326	5,457,381	65,529,784	74.99%	
9	Exposures secured by residential property	13,566,424	1,115	13,559,917	557	4,746,166	35.00%	
10	Exposures secured by commercial property	13,657,076	2,287,332	13,532,232	1,436,139	9,591,919	64.08%	
11	Past-due items	6,234,266	-	6,234,265	-	4,322,746	69.34%	
12	Exposures in high-risk categories	326,684	916,887	326,642	468,435	997,731	125.49%	
13	Exposures in the form of bonds secured by mortgages	-	-	-	-	-	0.00%	
14	Short term exposures to banks, brokerage houses and corporates	-	-	-	-	-	0.00%	
15	Exposures in the form of collective investment undertakings	-	-	-	-	-	0.00%	
16	Other exposures	15,586,150	-	15,586,151	-	9,544,024	61.23%	
17	Shares	9,223,300	-	9,223,300	-	9,223,300	100.00%	
18	Total	393,290,424	150,210,928	379,152,218	37,652,798	269,298,816	64.61%	

The Best and Most Engaged Team

Corporate Governance

342

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

4.10.3.3.3 EXPOSURES BY ASSET CLASSES AND RISK WEIGHTS

	CURRENT PERIOD					35%						TOTAL RISK
	REGULATORY PORTFOLIO	0%	2%	10%	20%	SECURED BY PROPERTY MORTGAGE	50%	75%	100%	150% 200%	OTHERS	AMOUNT (POST-CCF AND CRM)
1	Exposures to sovereigns and their central banks	123,162,117	-	-	2,222,661	-	45	-	1,681,062			127,065,885
2	Exposures to regional and local government	-	-	-	-	-	1,312,440	-	-		-	1,312,440
3	Exposures to administrative bodies and non-commercial entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	189,110		-	189,110
4	Exposures to multilateral development banks	1,361,267	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			1,361,267
5	Exposures to international organizations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-
6	Exposures to banks and brokerage houses	- 2	211,554	-	16,064,368	-	10,311,129	-	1,148,531		-	27,735,582
7	Exposures to corporates	-	-	-	944,446	-	7,946,502	-	186,173,263		-	195,064,211
8	Retail exposures	-	-	-	4,922	-	3,863	112,138,217	-			112,147,002
9	Exposures secured by residential property	-	-	-	-	13,955,387	-	-	-		-	13,955,387
10	Exposures secured by commercial property	-	-	-	-	-	10,515,603	-	4,254,364			14,769,967
11	Past-due items	-	-	-	-	-	3,060,250	-	1,987,987			5,048,237
12	Exposures in high-risk categories	-	-	-	-	-	138,974	-	171,623	222,892 -	-	533,489
13	Exposures in the form of bonds secured by mortgages	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			-
14	Short term exposures to banks, brokerage houses and corporates	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-
15	Exposures in the form of collective investment undertakings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-
16	Shares	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,673,036			11,673,036
17	Other exposures	10,446,043	-	-	879	-	-	-	10,436,532		-	20,883,454
18	Total	134,969,427 2	11,554	-	19,237,276	13,955,387	33,288,806	112,138,217	217,715,508	222,892 -	-	531,739,067

	PRIOR PERIOD					35%						TOTAL RISK
	REGULATORY PORTFOLIO	0%	2%	10%	20%	SECURED BY PROPERTY MORTGAGE	50%	75%	100%	150% 20	0% OTHERS	AMOUNT (POST-CCF AND CRM)
1	Exposures to sovereigns and their central banks	85,757,928	-	-	19	-	70	-	18,585,265	-		104,343,282
2	Exposures to regional and local government	-	-	-	-	-	487,517	-	126,207	-		613,724
3	Exposures to administrative bodies and non-commercial entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	272,808	-		272,808
4	Exposures to multilateral development banks	1,403,169	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	-		1,403,169
5	Exposures to international organizations	=	-	-	-	-	-	=	0	-		-
6	Exposures to banks and brokerage houses	8,164	-	-	11,331,633	-	7,563,042	=	784,546	-		19,687,385
7	Exposures to corporates	1,129,757	-	-	1,121,761	-	2,852,922	-	137,631,863	-		142,736,303
8	Retail exposures	-	-	-	8,205	-	5,162	87,367,226	114	-		87,380,707
9	Exposures secured by residential property	-	-	-	-	13,560,474	-	-	-	-		13,560,474
10	Exposures secured by commercial property	-	-	-	-	-	10,752,905	-	4,215,466	-		14,968,371
11	Past-due items	-	-	-	-	-	3,823,040	-	2,411,225	-		6,234,265
12	Exposures in high-risk categories	-	-	-	-	-	5,376	-	379,022	410,679		795,077
13	Exposures in the form of bonds secured by mortgages	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
14	Short term exposures to banks, brokerage houses and corporates	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
15	Exposures in the form of collective investment undertakings	-	-	-	=	-	=	-	=	-		
16	Shares	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,223,300	-		9,223,300
17	Other exposures	6,041,775	-	-	441	-	-	-	9,543,935	-		15,586,151
18	Total	94,340,793	-	- 1	12,462,059	13,560,474	25,490,034	87,367,226	183,173,751	410,679		416,805,016

Our Value Creation Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

4.10.4 COUNTERPARTY CREDIT RISK

4.10.4.1 QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURE ON COUNTERPARTY CREDIT RISK

Counterparty credit risk management policies include evaluating and monitoring risk developments, taking necessary measures, setting risk limits, ensuring that the risks remain within the limits, and establishing required reporting, control and audit mechanisms by using the methods aligned with both international standards and local regulations. The policies regarding counterparty credit risk measurement, monitoring, and limit settings are defined by the board of directors.

Counterparty credit risk arising from derivative transactions is periodically being monitored and reported by the Market and Structural Risk Department on product, country, counterparty and counterparty type basis.

International framework agreements (ISDA, CSA, GMRA, etc.) are being used through collateral and margin call mechanisms in order to mitigate the counterparty credit risk.

4.10.4.2 COUNTERPARTY CREDIT RISK (CCR) APPROACH ANALYSIS

	CURRENT PERIOD	REPLACEMENT COST	POTENTIAL FUTURE EXPOSURE	EEPE (EFFECTIVE EXPECTED POSITIVE EXPOSURE)	ALPHA USED FOR COMPUTING REGULATORY EAD	EAD POST-CRM	RWA
1	Standardised Approach -CCR (for derivatives)	4,427,092	4,367,264		1,4	8,771,051	5,936,664
2	Internal Model Method (for repo transactions, securities or commodity lending or borrowing transactions, long settlement transactions and secu- rities financing transactions)			-	-	-	-
3	Simple Approach for credit risk mitigation (for repo transactions, securities or commodity lending or borrowing transactions, long settlement transactions and securities financing transactions)					-	_
4	Comprehensive Approach for credit risk mitigation (for repo transactions, securities or commodity lending or borrowing transactions, long settle- ment transactions and securities financing transactions)					383,708	77,528
5	Value-at-Risk (VaR) for repo transactions, securities or commodity lending or borrowing transactions, long settlement transactions and securities fi- nancing transactions					-	-
6	Total						6,014,192

	PRIOR PERIOD	REPLACEMENT COST	POTENTIAL FUTURE EXPOSURE	EEPE (EFFECTIVE EXPECTED POSITIVE EXPOSURE)	USED FOR COMPUTING REGULATORY	EAD POST-CRM	RWA
1	Standardised Approach -CCR (for derivatives)	2,792,795	1,720,489		1,4	4,494,306	2,930,300
2	Internal Model Method (for repo transactions, securities or commodity lending or borrowing transactions, long settlement transactions and secu- rities financing transactions)			-	-	-	
3	Simple Approach for credit risk mitigation (for repo transactions, securities or commodity lending or borrowing transactions, long settlement transac- tions and securities financing transactions)					-	_
4	Comprehensive Approach for credit risk mitigation (for repo transactions securities or commodity lending or borrowing transactions, long settlement transactions and securities financing transactions)					565,325	203,959
5	Value-at-Risk (VaR) for repo transactions, securities or commodity lending or borrowing transactions, long settlement transactions and securities fi- nancing transactions					-	
6	Total						3,134,259

Reaching	Operational	Data and	The Best and Most	Corporate	Financial Reports	344
More Customers	Excellence	Technology	Engaged Team	Governance	and Appendix	

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

4.10.4.3 CAPITAL REQUIREMENT FOR CREDIT VALUATION ADJUSTMENT (CVA)

	CURRENT	PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD		
	EAD POST-CRM	RWA	EAD POST-CRM	RWA	
Total portfolios subject to the Advanced CVA capital obligation	-	-	-	-	
1 (i) VaR component (including the 3×multiplier)				-	
2 (ii) Stressed VaR component (including the 3×multiplier)		-		-	
3 All portfolios subject to the Standardised CVA capital obligation	8,771,051	3,337,044	4,494,306	1,547,817	
4 Total subject to the CVA capital obligation	8,771,051	3,337,044	4,494,306	1,547,817	

4.10.4.4 CCR EXPOSURES BY RISK CLASS AND RISK WEIGHTS

CURRENT PERIOD					RISK WEIGH	нт				
REGULATORY PORTFOLIO	0%	2%	10%	20%	50%	75%	100%	150%	OTHER	TOTAL CREDIT EXPOSURE
Exposures to sovereigns and their central banks	-	-	-	-	466,803	-	310,329	-	-	777,132
Exposures to regional and local governments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures to administrative bodies and non-com- mercial entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	-	-	11
Exposures to multilateral development banks	13,031	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13,031
Exposures to international organizations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures to banks and brokerage houses	-	37,972	-	1,214,275	3,639,382	-	17,888	-	-	4,909,517
Exposures to corporates	-	-	-	9,905	110,200	-	3,323,818	-	-	3,443,923
Retail exposures	-	-	-	-	-	11,145	-	-	-	11,145
Exposures secured by mortgage property	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Past-due items	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures in high-risk categories	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures in the form of bonds secured by mort- gages	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Securitization positions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Short term exposures to banks, brokerage houses and corporates	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures in the form of collective investment undertakings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Shares	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other exposures		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	13,031	37,972	-	1,224,180	4,216,385	11,145	3,652,046	-		9,154,759

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Our Value Creation Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

PRIOR PERIOD					RISK	WEIGHT				
REGULATORY PORTFOLIO	0%	2%	10%	20%	50%	75%	100%	150%	OTHER	TOTAL CREDIT XPOSURE
Exposures to sovereigns and their central banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	26,543	-		26,543
Exposures to regional and local governments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Exposures to administrative bodies and non-commercial entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,914	-		11,914
Exposures to multilateral development banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Exposures to international organizations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Exposures to banks and brokerage houses	37	-	-	957,664	2,269,706	-	82,994	-		3,310,401
Exposures to corporates	14,310	-	-	8	16,009	-	1,672,324	=	-	1,702,651
Retail exposures	-	-	-	-	-	8,122	-	-	-	8,122
Exposures secured by mortgage property	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Past-due items	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures in high-risk categories	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	=	-	-
Exposures in the form of bonds secured by mortgages	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	=	-	-
Securitization positions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	=	-	-
Short term exposures to banks, brokerage houses and corporates	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures in the form of collective investment undertakings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Shares	-	-	-	=	-	-	=	=	-	-
Other exposures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total	14,347	-	-	957,672	2,285,715	8,122	1,793,775	-	-	5,059,631

4.10.4.5 COLLATERALS FOR CCR

	CO	LLATERAL FOR DERIVA	TIVE TRANSACTIONS		COLLATERAL FOR OTH	IER TRANSACTIONS
CURRENT PERIOD	FAIR VALUE OF COLLA	FERAL RECEIVED	FAIR VALUE OF COLL	ATERAL GIVEN	FAIR VALUE OF	FAIR VALUE OF
	SEGREGATED	UNSEGREGATED	SEGREGATED	UNSEGREGATED	COLLATERAL RECEIVED	COLLATERAL GIVEN
Cash-domestic currency	15,573	-	-	-	71,806	-
Cash-foreign currency	7,732	-	-	-	1,515,138	-
Domestic sovereign debts	-	-	-	-	-	1,187,977
Other sovereign debts	-	-	-	-	-	-
Government agency debts	-	-	-	-	-	-
Corporate debts	-	-	-	-	-	-
Equity securities	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other collateral	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	23,305	-	-	-	1,586,944	1,187,977

	CO	LLATERAL FOR DERIVA	TIVE TRANSACTIONS		COLLATERAL FOR OTHER TRANSACTIONS	
PRIOR PERIOD	FAIR VALUE OF COLLA	TERAL RECEIVED	FAIR VALUE OF COLLATERAL GIVEN		FAIR VALUE OF	FAIR VALUE OF
	SEGREGATED	UNSEGREGATED	SEGREGATED	UNSEGREGATED	COLLATERAL RECEIVED	COLLATERAL GIVEN
Cash-domestic currency	1,960	-	-	-	67,762	-
Cash-foreign currency	17,019	-	-	-	2,303,329	-
Domestic sovereign debts	-	-	-	-		2,177,535
Other sovereign debts	-	-	-	-	=	-
Government agency debts	-	-	-	-	=	-
Corporate debts	-	-	-	-	=	-
Equity securities	-	-	-	-	=	-
Other collateral	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	18,979		-	-	2,371,091	2,177,535

Reaching	Operational	Data and	The Best and Most	Corporate	Financial Reports	346
More Customers	Excellence	Technology	Engaged Team	Governance	and Appendix	

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

4.10.4.6 CREDIT DERIVATIVES

	CURRENT P	CURRENT PERIOD		IOD
	PROTECTION BOUGHT	PROTECTION SOLD	PROTECTION BOUGHT	PROTECTION SOLD
Notionals				
Single-name credit default swaps	-	-	-	-
Index credit default swaps	-	-	-	-
Total return swaps	-	17,147,156	-	14,870,724
Credit options	-	-	-	-
Other credit derivatives	-	-	-	-
Total Notionals	-	17,147,156	-	14,870,724
Fair Values		(1,172,291)		(657,355)
Positive fair values (asset)	-	64,814	-	94,891
Negative fair values (liability)	-	(1,237,105)	-	(752,246)

4.10.5 SECURITISATIONS

None.

4.10.6 MARKET RISK

4.10.6.1 QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURE ON MARKET RISK

Market risk is managed in accordance with the strategies and policies defined by the Bank. The Bank takes economic climate, market and liquidity conditions and their effects on market risk, the structure of portfolio subject to market risk, the sufficiency of the Bank's definition, measurement, evaluation, monitoring, reporting, control and mitigation of market risk and the availability of the related processes into account while defining the market risk management. Market risk strategies and policies are reviewed by the board of directors and related top management by considering financial performance, capital required for market risk, and the existing market developments. Market risk for internal use, implementation fundamentals and procedures are being developed on bank-only and consolidated level in consideration of the size and complexity of the operations.

Market risk is managed through measuring the risks in parallel with the international standards, setting the limits, capital reserving and additionally through mitigating via hedging transactions.

The Market Risk function under Market and Structural Risk Department monitors the activities of Global Markets Trading Department via risk reports and the limits approved by the board of directors.

Market Risk, which is defined as the risk arising from the price fluctuations in balance sheet and off-balance sheet trading positions, is being calculated and reported daily via Value at Risk (VaR) Model.

347	Introduction	About Garanti BBVA	Our Value Creation

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

4.10.6.2 MARKET RISK UNDER STANDARDISED APPROACH

			RWA
		CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
	Outright products	15,387,046	9,069,732
1	Interest rate risk (general and specific)	1,959,950	1,642,838
2	Equity risk (general and specific)	527,546	80,156
3	Foreign exchange risk	12,814,500	7,183,800
4	Commodity risk	85,050	162,938
	Options	88,588	30,737
5	Simplified approach	-	-
6	Delta-plus method	88,588	30,737
7	Scenario approach	-	-
8	Securitisation	-	-
9	Total	15,475,634	9,100,469

4.10.7 OPERATIONAL RISK

The value at operational risk is calculated according to the basic indicator approach as per the Article 24 of "Regulation regarding Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy Ratios of Banks".

The annual gross income is composed of net interest income and net non-interest income after deducting realised gains/losses from the sale of securities classified under financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income and financial assets measured at amortised cost, extraordinary income and income derived from insurance claims.

CURRENT PERIOD						
BASIC INDICATOR APPROACH	31.12.2017	31.12.2018	31.12.2019	TOTAL/ NO. OF YEARS OF POSITIVE GROSS INCOME	RATE (%)	TOTAL
Gross Income	16,281,044	23,096,234	23,265,901	20,881,060	15	3,132,159
Value at Operational Risk (Total x % 12.5)						39,151,987
PRIOR PERIOD				TOTAL/ NO. OF YEARS OF		
BASIC INDICATOR APPROACH	31.12.2016	31.12.2017	31.12.2018	POSITIVE GROSS INCOME	RATE (%)	TOTAL
Gross Income	13,536,209	16,281,044	23,096,234	17,637,829	15	2,645,674
Value at Operational Risk (Total x % 12.5)						33,070,929

4.10.8 BANKING BOOK INTEREST RATE RISK

4.10.8.1 NATURE OF INTEREST RATE RISK RESULTING FROM BANKING BOOK, MAJOR ASSUMPTIONS ON EARLY REPAYMENT OF LOANS AND MOVEMENTS IN DEPOSITS OTHER THAN TERM DEPOSITS AND FREQUENCY OF MEASURING INTEREST RATE RISK

The interest rate risk resulting from the banking book is assessed in terms of repricing risk, yield-curve risk, base risk and option risk, measured as per international standards and managed through limitations and mitigations through hedging transactions.

The interest sensitivity of assets, liabilities and off balance-sheet items are evaluated at the Weekly Review Committee and Monthly Asset-Liability meetings considering also the market developments.

The measurement process of interest rate risk resulting from the banking book, is designed and managed by the Bank on a bankonly basis to include the interest rate positions defined as banking book by the Bank and to consider the relevant repricing and maturity data. Reaching More Customers

Operational Excellence

Data and Technology The Best and Most Engaged Team Corporate Governance

Financial Reports and Appendix

348

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Within the scope of monitoring the re-pricing risk arising from maturity mismatch, the sensitivity of the durations/gap, economic value, economic capital, net interest income, earnings at risk, market price of securities portfolio are measured and the internal early warning and limit levels in this context are monitored and reported regularly. Calculated risk metrics and generated reports are used in the management of the balance sheet interest risk under the supervision of the Asset and Liability Committee. In the said analyses, the present value and the net interest income are calculated over the cash flows of the sensitive assets and liability items by using the yield curves constructed by using the market interest rates. For non-matured products, maturity is determined based on interest rate determination frequency and customer behaviour. These results are supported by periodic sensitivities and scenario analyses against fluctuations that may be experienced in the markets.

Early loan payments under the option risk are considered as unusual payments affecting the repayment of the principal above the regular payment plan, which changes the number and amount of the current payment plan. Within the scope of the early payment model studies, early payment data is based on total early payment and partial early payment distinction. Within the framework of internal net interest income and economic value calculations, early payment option is reflected in monthly reports considering the early payment assumption.

The interest rate risk resulting from the banking book is measured legally as per the "Regulation on Measurement and Evaluation of Interest Rate Risk Resulting from Banking Book as per Standard Shock Method" published in the Official Gazette no.28034 dated 23 August 2011, and the legal limit as per this measurement is monitored and reported monthly. The capital level is maintained considering the interest rate risk resulting from the banking book.

The interest rate risk on the interest-rate-sensitive financial instruments of the trading portfolio is evaluated as part of the market risk.

Branches and lines of business are eliminated from interest rate risk through the transfer pricing system and these risks are transferred to the Asset and Liability Management Department (ALM) and managed by ALM in a central structure.

4.10.8.2 ECONOMIC VALUE DIFFERENCES RESULTED FROM INTEREST RATE INSTABILITIES CALCULATED ACCORDING TO REGULATION ON MEASUREMENT AND EVALUATION OF INTEREST RATE RISK RESULTED FROM BANKING BOOK AS PER STANDARD SHOCK METHOD

	CURRENT PERIOD	SHOCKS APPLIED	CAINS/LOSSES	
	TYPE OF CURRENCY	(+/- BASIS POINTS)	GAINS/LOSSES	GAINS/EQUITY-LOSSES/EQUITY
1	TL	(+) 500bp	(6,209,372)	(8.56)%
2	TL	(-) 400bp	5,872,483	8.09%
3	USD	(+) 200bp	401,784	0.55%
4	USD	(-) 200bp	(629,807)	(0.87)%
5	EUR	(+) 200bp	1,446,619	1.99%
6	EUR	(-) 200bp	(1,707,593)	(2.35)%
	Total (of negative shocks)		3,535,083	4.87 %
	Total (of positive shocks)		(4,360,969)	(6.02) %

	PRIOR PERIOD	SHOCKS APPLIED	GAINS/LOSSES	
	TYPE OF CURRENCY	(+/- BASIS POINTS)	GAINS/LOSSES	GAINS/EQUITY-LOSSES/EQUITY
1	TL	(+) 500bp	(4,463,035)	(7.21)%
2	TL	(-) 400bp	4,159,132	6.72%
3	USD	(+) 200bp	158,722	0.26%
4	USD	(-) 200bp	(124,234)	(0.20)%
5	EUR	(+) 200bp	65,395	0.11%
6	EUR	(-) 200bp	(46,952)	(0.08)%
	Total (of negative shocks)		3,987,946	6.45%
	Total (of positive shocks)		(4,238,918)	(6.85)%

310			0	

Our Value Creation

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Sustainability

4.10.9 REMUNERATION POLICY

Introduction

4.10.9.1 QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES REGARDING REMUNERATION POLICIES

4.10.9.1.1 DISCLOSURES RELATED WITH REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Bank's Remuneration Committee is comprised of two non-executive members of the board. The committee convenes for seven times during the year. The duties and responsibilities of the Committee include the following:

- To conduct the necessary monitoring and audit process in order to ensure that the remuneration policy and practices are implemented in accordance with the related laws and regulations and risk management principles;
- To review and if necessary, revise the remuneration policy at least once a year in order to ensure its compliance with the laws and regulations or market practices in Turkey;
- To determine and approve remuneration packages of the executive and non-executive Board of Directors, Chief Executive Officer and Executive Vice Presidents;
- To follow up the revision requirements of the policies, procedures and regulations related with its areas of responsibility and to take actions in order to ensure that they are kept updated.

The Bank has received consultancy service for compliance with the Guidelines on Sound Remuneration Practices in Banks.

The fundamental principles of the remuneration policy are applicable for all bank employees.

The Bank board members, senior management and the Bank staff deemed to perform the functions having material impact on the Bank's risk profile are considered as identified staff; and by the end of 2019, the number of identified staff is 28.

4.10.9.1.2 INFORMATION ON THE DESIGN AND STRUCTURE OF REMUNERATION PROCESS

The Bank relies on the following values while managing its Remuneration Policy. These values are considered in all compensation practices.

- a. Fair
- b. Transparent
- c. Based on measurable and balanced performance targets
- d. Encouraging sustainable success
- e. In line with the Bank Risk Management Principles

The main objective of the Remuneration Policy is to maintain the internal and external balances in the remuneration structure. Internal balance is ensured with the principles of "equal pay for equal work" and performance-based remuneration". As for external balance, the data obtained from employee reward and benefit researches conducted by independent research organizations are taken into account.

The Remuneration Policy of 2020 is consistent with the previous period and no change was made in the Policy by the decision of Remuneration Committee. Increases in the remuneration of employees working in the units responsible for internal systems are determined depending on the basic rate of increase specified by the Bank and their personal performances. In the variable remuneration, only the performance criteria associated with their personal performance or the performance of the unit that they work in are taken into account independently of the performance of the business units that they control.

4.10.9.1.3 EVALUATION ABOUT HOW THE BANK'S REMUNERATION PROCESSES TAKE THE CURRENT AND FUTURE RISKS INTO ACCOUNT

The Bank follows the Risk Management Principles while implementing the remuneration processes. It adopts the remuneration policies that are in line with Bank's long-term objectives and risk management structures and avoiding excessive risk-taking.

Reaching More Customers Operational Excellence

Data and Technology The Best and Most Engaged Team Corporate Governance

Financial Reports and Appendix

350

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

4.10.9.1.4 EVALUATION ABOUT HOW THE BANK ASSOCIATES VARIABLE REMUNERATIONS WITH PERFORMANCE

In the association of variable remunerations with performance, various indicators considered among financial and non-financial performance criteria specified by the Bank such as return on regulatory capital, efficiency, profitability, customer satisfaction (NTS), digital sales are taken into account.

In the variable remuneration for the identified staff, personal performance criteria, the Bank's performance criteria and BBVA Group's performance criteria are collectively taken into account. The weightings of such performances taken into account as such may vary according to the position of the identified staff member.

In case of occurrence of risky situations regarding capital adequacy or if and when necessary, Bank may pursue a more conservative policy in relation to all remuneration issues, particularly regarding variable remunerations. In this context, methodological changes such as deferral, retention, malus and clawback may be applied in relation to variable remunerations in accordance with the principles set out by the applicable laws.

4.10.9.1.5 EVALUATION ABOUT THE BANK'S METHODS TO ADJUST REMUNERATIONS ACCORDING TO LONG-TERM PERFORMANCE

Regarding variable remunerations of identified staff, it has been adopted based on the principles in the "Guidelines on Sound Remuneration Practices in Banks" that at least 40% of variable remunerations will be deferred for at least 3 years and at least 50% of it will be paid in non-cash instruments.

Remuneration Committee decided on that variable remuneration of identified staff is subject to cancellation and clawback.

4.10.9.1.6 EVALUATION ABOUT THE INSTRUMENTS USED BY THE BANK FOR VARIABLE REMUNERATIONS AND THE PURPOSES OF USE OF SUCH INSTRUMENTS

The variable remunerations of identified staff are paid using cash and share-linked non-cash instruments. Considering the principles in the "Guidelines on Sound Remuneration Practices in Banks" variable remunerations of identified staff are paid both with cash and non-cash(share-linked) instruments. Regarding variable remunerations of identified staff for the financial period of 2020, BBVA shares are taken as reference for payments based on non-cash instruments.

The type and weight of non-cash instruments used in payment of variable remuneration are same for all identified staff.

351	
331	

Our Value Creation Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

5 DISCLOSURES AND FOOTNOTES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

5.1 ASSETS

5.1.1 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

5.1.1.1 CASH AND BALANCES WITH CENTRAL BANK

	CURR	CURRENT PERIOD		DR PERIOD
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Cash in TL/Foreign Currency	2,722,172	6,403,283	1,594,581	2,400,426
Central Bank of Turkey	4,274,948	40,444,718	1,691,395	33,942,897
Others	2	1,321,466	-	2,047,209
Total	6,997,122	48,169,467	3,285,976	38,390,532

Balances with the Central Bank of Turkey

CURRENT PERIOD		PRIOR PERIOD	
TL	FC	TL	FC
4,274,948	14,434,418	1,691,395	10,531,841
=	-	-	-
-	26,010,300	-	23,411,056
4,274,948	40,444,718	1,691,395	33,942,897
	TL 4,274,948 - -	TL FC 4,274,948 14,434,418 - - - 26,010,300	TL FC TL 4,274,948 14,434,418 1,691,395 - - - - 26,010,300 -

The reserve deposits kept as per the Communique no. 2005/1 "Reserve Deposits" of the Central Bank of Turkey in Turkish Lira, foreign currencies and gold, are included in the table above.

5.1.1.2 BANKS

	CURRENT PERIOD		PRIOR PERIOD	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Banks				
Domestic banks	334	124,050	30,136	25,667
Foreign banks	253,860	14,417,401	245,489	11,568,196
Foreign head offices and branches	-		-	-
Total	254,194	14,541,451	275,625	11,593,863

The placements at foreign banks include blocked accounts amounting TL 2,423,914 (31 December 2019: TL 2,818,396) of which TL 2,222,619 (31 December 2019: TL 2,657,254) and TL 201,295 (31 December 2019: TL 161,142) are kept at the central banks of Malta and Turkish Republic of Northern Cyprus, respectively as reserve deposits.

DUE FROM FOREIGN BANKS

	CUF	PRIOR PERIOD		
	RESTRICTED BALANCES	UNRESTRICTED BALANCES	RESTRICTED BALANCES	UNRESTRICTED BALANCES
EU Countries	606,412	2,222,619	4,185,870	2,657,254
USA and Canada	5,690,572	-	3,330,695	-
OECD Countries (*)	4,430,749	-	45,266	-
Off-Shore Banking Regions	-		-	-
Other	1,519,614	201,295	1,433,458	161,142
lotal	12,247,347	2,423,914	8,995,289	2,818,396

(*) OECD countries other than the EU countries, USA and Canada

Reaching More Customers	Operational Excellence	Data and Technology	The Best and Most Engaged Team	Corporate Governance	Financial Reports and Appendix	352	

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

5.1.1.3 RECEIVABLES FROM RESERVE REPO TRANSACTIONS

	CURREN	PRIOR PERIOD		
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Domestic Transactions	8,003,922		10,193,163	-
Central Bank of Turkey	-	=	-	-
Banks	8,003,922	=	10,193,163	-
Others	-	=	=	-
Foreign Transactions	-	239,378	-	183,283
Central banks	-	-	-	-
Banks	-	239,378	-	183,283
Others	-	=	-	-
Total	8,003,922	239,378	10,193,163	183,283

5.1.1.4 EXPECTED CREDIT LOSSES FOR CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

CURRENT PERIOD	STAGE 1	STAGE 2	STAGE 3	TOTAL
Balances at Beginning of Period	149,340	-	-	149,340
Additions during the Period (+)	1,497,485	-	-	1,497,485
Disposals (-)	(1,285,501)	-	-	(1,285,501)
Transfer to 12 month ECL (Stage1)	-	-	-	-
Transfer to lifetime ECL Significant Increase in Credit Risk (Stage 2)	-	-	-	-
Transfer to lifetime ECL Impaired Credits (Stage 3)	-	-	-	-
Foreign Currency Differences	51,685	-	-	51,685
Balances at End of Period	413,009	-	-	413,009
PRIOR PERIOD	STAGE 1	STAGE 2	STAGE 3	TOTAL
Balances at Beginning of Period	67,276		-	67,276
Additions during the Period (+)	405,011	2	-	405,013
Disposals (-)	(333,027)	-	-	(333,027)
Transfer to 12 month ECL (Stage1)	2	(2)	-	-
Transfer to lifetime ECL Significant Increase in Credit Risk (Stage 2)	-	-	-	-
Transfer to lifetime ECL Impaired Credits (Stage 3)	-	-	-	-
Foreign Currency Differences	10,078	-	-	10,078
Balances at End of Period	149,340		-	149,340

5.1.2 INFORMATION ON FINANCIAL ASSETS MEASURED AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT/LOSS

5.1.2.1 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT/LOSS SUBJECT TO REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS AND PROVIDED AS COLLATERAL/BLOCKED

None.

5.1.2.2 FINANCIAL ASSETS MEASURED AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	CURRENT PERIOD		PRIOR PERIOD	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Government Securities	518,067	2,077,532	340,037	91,126
Equity Securities	29,086	54,021	40,078	20,428
Other Financial Assets (*)	31,405	4,797,842	-	4,399,209
Total	578,558	6,929,395	380,115	4,510,763

(*)Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss include loan amounting to USD 756,288,034 (31 December 2019: USD 710,182,828) provided to a special purpose entity. As detailed in Note 5.1.8.2, according to the decision made at the 2018 annual general assembly of related special purpose entity, it was decided to increase the capital of the special purpose entity by TL 3,982,230, all of which will be covered by common receivables. After the capital increase, USD 154,885,708 of the related loan, which corresponds to the share of receivables in the Bank, has been paid off. About C Garanti BBVA C Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

5.1.3 FINANCIAL ASSETS MEASURED AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

5.1.3.1 FINANCIAL ASSETS SUBJECT TO REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS AND PROVIDED AS COLLATERAL/BLOCKED

	CURRENT PERIOD		PRIOR PERIOD	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Collateralised/Blocked Assets	12,661,189	2,546,991	1,387,632	1,915,735
Assets subject to Repurchase Agreements	-	=	12,674	-
Total	12,661,189	2,546,991	1,400,306	1,915,735

5.1.3.2 DETAILS OF FINANCIAL ASSETS MEASURED AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Debt Securities	25,910,988	20,291,894
Quoted at Stock Exchange	25,910,988	20,291,894
Unquoted at Stock Exchange	-	-
Common Shares/Investment Fund	8,376	132,961
Quoted at Stock Exchange	4,491	4,491
Unquoted at Stock Exchange	3,885	128,470
Value Increase/Impairment Losses (-)	5,439,114	4,258,195
Total	31,358,478	24,683,050

Expected losses of TL 121,949 (31 December 2019: TL 83,518). is accounted under shareholders' equity for financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income.

5.1.4 DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL ASSETS

5.1.4.1 POSITIVE DIFFERENCES ON DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL ASSETS MEASURED AT FVTPL

	CURRE	PRIOR PERIOD		
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Forward Transactions	372,953	17,972	182,744	14,033
Swap Transactions	1,616,431	1,887,781	848,183	1,040,808
Futures	-	5,315	-	8,488
Options	23,701	55,778	89,420	264,230
Others	-	-	-	-
Total	2,013,085	1,966,846	1,120,347	1,327,559

5.1.4.2 DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL ASSETS HELD FOR HEDGING PURPOSE

DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL ASSETS HELD FOR HEDGING PURPOSE	CURRENT	PRIOR PERIOD		
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Fair Value Hedges	-	-	11,345	6,675
Cash Flow Hedges	447,161	-	412,412	9,349
Net Foreign Investment Hedges	-	-	-	-
Total	447,161	-	423,757	16,024

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URKIYE	GARANTI	BANKASI	AŞ

Operational Excellence

Reaching More Customers

Т

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

As of 31 December 2020, the face values and the net fair values, recognised in the balance sheet, of the derivative financial instruments held for hedging purpose, are summarized below:

	CURRENT PERIOD			PRIOR PERIOD		
	FACE VALUE	ASSET	LIABILITY	FACE VALUE	ASSET	LIABILITY
Interest Rate Swaps	35,260,261	26,295	710,133	57,756,260	24,851	1,092,187
-TL	3,860,000	26,295	61,946	21,365,030	14,243	698,842
-FC	31,400,261	-	648,187	36,391,230	10,608	393,345
Cross Currency Swaps	1,153,461	420,866	67,438	2,785,967	414,930	23,544
-TL	255,260	420,866	-	347,506	409,515	-
-FC	898,201	-	67,438	2,438,461	5,415	23,544
Currency Forwards	-	-	-	-	-	-
-TL	-	-	-	-	-	-
-FC	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	36,413,722	447,161	777,571	60,542,227	439,781	1,115,731

5.1.4.3 FAIR VALUE HEDGE ACCOUNTING

CURRENT PERIOD Hedging Item	HEDGED ITEM	TYPE OF RISK	FAIR VALUE CHANGE OF HEDGED ITEMI	NET FAIR VALUE CHANGE OF HEDGING ITEM		STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS EFFECT (GAINS/LOSSES FROM DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS)
				Asset	Liability	
Interest Rate Swaps	Fixed-rate commercial loans	Interest rate risk	12,559	-	(27,070)	(14,511)
Interest Rate Swaps	Fixed-rate mortgage loans	Interest rate risk	-	-	-	-
Interest Rate Swaps	Fixed-rate securities	Interest rate risk	368,153	-	(387,762)	(19,609)
Cross Currency Swaps	Fixed-rate securities	Interest rate and foreign currency exchange rate risk	3,228	-	(67,438)	(64,210)

PRIOR PERIOD Hedging Item	HEDGED ITEM	TYPE OF RISK	FAIR VALUE CHANGE OF HEDGED ITEMI	NET FAIR VALUE CHANGE OF HEDGING ITEM		STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS EFFECT (GAINS/LOSSES FROM DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS)
				Asset	Liability	
Interest Rate Swaps	Fixed-rate commercial loans	Interest rate risk	147,422	6,224	(186,490)	(32,844)
Interest Rate Swaps	Fixed-rate mortgage loans	Interest rate risk	14,063	1,691	(15,774)	(20)
Interest Rate Swaps	Fixed-rate securities	Interest rate risk	199,511	4,690	(227,168)	(22,967)
Cross Currency Swaps	Fixed-rate securities	Interest rate and foreign currency exchange rate risk	6,809	5,415	(23,544)	(11,320)

354

and Appendix

Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

The Best and Most Engaged Team

Corporate Governance

355	Introduction	About Garanti BBV	A

Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19

Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

5.1.4.4 CASH FLOW HEDGE ACCOUNTING

HEDGED ITEM	TYPE OF RISK	CHAN	GE OF	GAINS/LOSSES ACCOUNTED UNDER SHAREHOLDERS'	GAINS/LOSSES ACCOUNTED UNDER STATEMENT OF PROFIT/LOSS IN THE	INEFFECTIVE PORTION (NET) ACCOUNTED UNDER STATEMENT OF PROFIT/LOSS
				•	PERIOD	PROFIT/LOSS
		Asset	Liability			
Floating-rate funds borrowed	Cash flow risk resulted from change in market interest rates	-	(87,019)	(106,402)	(15,855)	(9,009)
Floating-rate deposit	Cash flow risk resulted from change in market interest rates	26,295	(208,282)	(36,543)	(61,559)	(19,436)
Floating-rate funds borrowed	Cash flow risk resulted from change in market interest rates and foreign currency exchange rates	420,866	-	(22,079)	(19,599)	-
Mile payments	Cash flow risk resulted from foreign currency exchange rates	-	-	(3,338)	-	-
Excpected invest- ment expenditures	Cash flow risk resulted from foreign currency exchange rates	-	-	(24,655)	-	-
Excpected eurobond coupon revenues	Cash flow risk resulted from foreign currency exchange rates	-	-	24,655	-	-
	Floating-rate funds borrowed Floating-rate deposit Floating-rate funds borrowed Mile payments Excpected invest- ment expenditures Excpected eurobond coupon	Floating-rate funds borrowed Cash flow risk resulted from change in market interest rates Floating-rate deposit Cash flow risk resulted from change in market interest rates Floating-rate deposit Cash flow risk resulted from change in market interest rates Floating-rate funds borrowed Cash flow risk resulted from change in market interest rates and foreign currency exchange rates Mile payments Cash flow risk resulted from foreign currency exchange rates Excpected invest- ment expenditures Cash flow risk resulted from foreign currency exchange rates Excpected eurobond coupon Cash flow risk resulted from foreign currency exchange rates	HEDGED ITEM TYPE OF RISK CHAN HEDGE Floating-rate funds borrowed Cash flow risk resulted from change in market interest rates - Floating-rate deposit Cash flow risk resulted from change in market interest rates 26,295 Floating-rate deposit Cash flow risk resulted from change in market interest rates 420,866 Floating-rate funds borrowed Cash flow risk resulted from change in market interest rates and foreign currency exchange rates 420,866 Mile payments Cash flow risk resulted from foreign currency exchange rates - Excpected invest- ment expenditures Cash flow risk resulted from foreign currency exchange rates - Excpected invest- ment expenditures Cash flow risk resulted from foreign currency exchange rates - Excpected eurobond coupon Cash flow risk resulted from foreign currency exchange rates -	HEDGED ITEM Asset Liability Floating-rate funds borrowed Cash flow risk resulted from change in market interest rates - (87,019) Floating-rate deposit Cash flow risk resulted from change in market interest rates 26,295 (208,282) Floating-rate funds borrowed Cash flow risk resulted from change in market interest rates 26,295 (208,282) Floating-rate funds borrowed Cash flow risk resulted from change in market interest rates and foreign currency exchange rates 420,866 - Mile payments Cash flow risk resulted from foreign currency exchange rates - - Excpected invest- ment expenditures Cash flow risk resulted from foreign currency exchange rates - - Excpected Cash flow risk resulted from foreign currency exchange rates - - Excpected Cash flow risk resulted from foreign currency exchange rates - -	HEDGED ITEMTYPE OF RISKPAR VALUE CHANGED F HEDGED ITEMACCOUNTED UNDERS' SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY IN THE PERIODFloating-rate funds borrowedCash flow risk resulted from change in market interest rates-(87,019)(106,402)Floating-rate depositCash flow risk resulted from change in market interest rates-(87,019)(106,402)Floating-rate depositCash flow risk resulted from change in market interest rates and foreign currency exchange rates26,295(208,282)(36,543)Floating-rate funds borrowedCash flow risk resulted from change in market interest rates and foreign currency exchange rates420,866-(22,079)Mile paymentsCash flow risk resulted from foreign currency exchange rates(3,338)Excpected invest- ment expendituresCash flow risk resulted from foreign currency exchange rates(24,655)ExcpectedCash flow risk resulted from foreign currency exchange rates24,655ExcpectedCash flow risk resulted from foreign currency exchange rates24,655	HEDGED ITEMTYPE OF RISKFAIR VALUE HEDGED ITEMCOUNTED UNDER ACCOUNTED UNDER SHAREHOLDERSCCOUNTED UNDER STATEMENT OF PROFIT/LOSS IN THE PERIODImage: Image:

(*) Consists of foreign currency items on the asset side of the balance sheet.
(**) Consists of foreign currency items on the liabilities side of the balance sheet.

In the current period, the amount reclassified from the shareholders' equity to the statement of profit or loss due to the ceased hedging transactions is TL (163,017) and the amount recognized in equity is TL 131,477.

PRIOR PERIOD Hedging Item	HEDGED ITEM	TYPE OF RISK	FAIR V CHANC HEDGEE	GE OF	GAINS/LOSSES ACCOUNTED UNDER SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY IN THE PERIOD	GAINS/LOSSES ACCOUNTED UNDER STATEMENT OF PROFIT/LOSS IN THE	INEFFECTIVE PORTION (NET) ACCOUNTED UNDER STATEMENT OF PROFIT/LOSS
			Asset	Liability	- -	PERIOD	
Interest Rate Swaps	Floating-rate funds borrowed	Cash flow risk resulted from change in market interest rates	7,075	(554)	(51,189)	36,151	831
Interest Rate Swaps	Floating-rate deposit	Cash flow risk resulted from change in market interest rates	5,171	(662,201)	(189,384)	414,895	(12,174)
Cross Currency Swaps	Floating-rate funds borrowed	Cash flow risk resulted from change in market interest rates and foreign currency exchange rates	409,515	-	(57,784)	(11,946)	-

In the current period, the amount reclassified from the shareholders' equity to the statement of profit or loss due to the ceased hedging transactions is TL (29,045) and the amount recognized in equity is TL 10,677.

Reaching	Operational	Data and	The Best and Most	Corporate	Financial Reports	356
More Customers	Excellence	Technology	Engaged Team	Governance	and Appendix	

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

5.1.5 LOANS

5.1.5.1 LOANS AND ADVANCES TO SHAREHOLDERS AND EMPLOYEES OF THE BANK

C	CURRENT PERIOD PRIOR PI			
CASH LOANS	NON-CASH LOANS	CASH LOANS	NON-CASH LOANS	
-	722,425	62	591,046	
-	722,425	62	591,046	
-	-	-	-	
106,352	46,804	605	42,165	
376,633	-	340,289	-	
482,985	769,229	340,956	633,211	
	CASH LOANS	CASH LOANS NON-CASH LOANS - 722,425 - 722,425 - 722,425 - 106,352 376,633 -	CASH LOANS NON-CASH LOANS CASH LOANS - 722,425 62 - 722,425 62 106,352 46,804 605 376,633 - 340,289	

5.1.5.2 PERFORMING LOANS AND LOANS UNDER FOLLOW-UP INCLUDING RESTRUCTURED LOANS, AND PROVISIONS ALLOCATED FOR SUCH LOANS

CURRENT PERIOD			LOANS UNDER FOLLOW-UP				
			RESTRUCTUR	ED			
CASH LOANS (*) (**)	PERFORMING LOANS	NON-RESTRUCTURED	REVISED CONTRACT TERMS	REFINANCED			
Loans	245,008,958	36,078,494	14,545,750	5,068,189			
Working Capital Loans	48,061,611	5,582,329	1,044,559	2,632,728			
Export Loans	22,385,308	1,190,085	121,912	134,943			
Import Loans	-	-	-	-			
Loans to Financial Sector	9,133,209	108,542	540	-			
Consumer Loans	47,554,627	15,071,526	2,871,650	40,025			
Credit Cards	28,943,815	3,628,390	422,390	-			
Others	88,930,388	10,497,622	10,084,699	2,260,493			
Specialization Loans	-	-	-	-			
Other Receivables		-	-	-			
Total	245,008,958	36,078,494	14,545,750	5,068,189			

(*) Non-performing loans are not included. (**) As of 31 December 2020, based on the resolution of the BRSA dated 27 March 2020 and numbered 8970 and dated 8 December 2020 and numbered 9312; starting from 17 March 2020 until 30 June 2021, the total amount of the loans that continued to be classified as stage 1 which have past due days between 30 days and 90 days is amounting to TL 176,155 thousands.

		LOANS UNDER FOLLOW-UP				
	_	RESTRUCTUR	ED			
PERFORMING LOANS	NON-RESTRUCTURED	REVISED CONTRACT TERMS	REFINANCED			
198,547,804	24,054,827	2,490,160	8,773,601			
35,637,880	3,816,315	154,395	2,693,560			
15,544,542	1,127,858	68,174	166,605			
-	-	-	-			
6,966,225	114	-	-			
45,885,510	4,639,770	978,953	20,863			
23,725,641	2,976,009	476,277	-			
70,788,006	11,494,761	812,361	5,892,573			
-	-	-	-			
	-	-	-			
198,547,804	24,054,827	2,490,160	8,773,601			
	LOANS 198,547,804 35,637,880 15,544,542 6,966,225 45,885,510 23,725,641 70,788,006	LOANS NON-RESTRUCTURED 198,547,804 24,054,827 35,637,880 3,816,315 15,544,542 1,127,858 15,544,542 1,127,858 - - 6,966,225 114 45,885,510 4,639,770 23,725,641 2,976,009 70,788,006 11,494,761 - - - -	PERFORMING LOANS NON-RESTRUCTURED REVISED CONTRACT TERMS 198,547,804 24,054,827 2,490,160 35,637,880 3,816,315 154,395 15,544,542 1,127,858 68,174 - - - 6,966,225 114 - 45,885,510 4,639,770 978,953 70,788,006 11,494,761 812,361 - - -			

(*) Non-performing loans are not included.

357 Introduction	About	Our Value	Our 2020 Material
	Garanti BBVA	Creation	Issue: COVID-19

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

CURRENT PERIOD	CORPORATE/ COMM	IERCIAL LOANS	CONS	UMER LOANS	тс	DTAL
	TL	FC	TL	FC	TL	FC
Performing Loans (Stage 1)	101,860,295	72,472,341	70,568,515	107,807	172,428,810	72,580,148
Loans under Follow-up (Stage 2)	14,332,038	20,303,992	21,034,699	21,704	35,366,737	20,325,696
Total Stage 1 and 2 Loans	116,192,333	92,776,333	91,603,214	129,511	207,795,547	92,905,844
Expected Credit losses-Stage 1-2 (-)	3,011,972	5,417,680	1,718,989	901	4,730,961	5,418,581
Total Non-performing Loans	5,549,537	6,555,900	2,277,695	-	7,827,232	6,555,900
Expected Credit losses-Stage 3 (-)	4,175,931	3,477,013	1,466,321	-	5,642,252	3,477,013

PRIOR PERIOD	CORPORATE/ COMM	IERCIAL LOANS	CONS	UMER LOANS	тс	DTAL
	TL	FC	TL	FC	TL	FC
Performing Loans (Stage 1)	71,676,726	61,675,434	64,990,445	205,199	136,667,171	61,880,633
Loans under Follow-up (Stage 2)	11,382,083	15,600,131	8,326,340	10,034	19,708,423	15,610,165
Total Stage 1 and 2 Loans	83,058,809	77,275,565	73,316,785	215,233	156,375,594	77,490,798
Expected Credit losses-Stage 1-2 (-)	1,546,648	2,592,454	811,454	390	2,358,102	2,592,844
Total Non-performing Loans	7,287,770	6,719,022	3,292,189	-	10,579,959	6,719,022
Expected Credit losses-Stage 3 (-)	5,056,944	3,450,489	2,230,909	-	7,287,853	3,450,489

		CURRENT PERIOD		PRIOR PERIOD	
	PERFORMING LOANS	LOANS UNDER FOLLOW-UP	PERFORMING LOANS	LOANS UNDER FOLLOW-UP	
12-Month ECL (Stage 1)	1,980,761	-	1,711,406	-	
Significant Increase in Credit Risk (Stage 2)	-	8,168,781	-	6,666,464	

As of 31 December 2020, loans amounting to TL 3,723,673 are benefited as collateral under funding transactions (31 December 2019: TL 3,873,550).

Collaterals received for loans under follow-up;

CURRENT PERIOD	CORPORATE/ COMMERCIAL LOANS	CONSUMER LOANS	CREDIT CARDS	TOTAL
Loans Collateralized by Cash	800,981	85,045	-	886,026
Loans Collateralized by Mortgages/Shares	16,507,391	4,420,193	-	20,927,584
Loans Collateralized by Pledged Assets	2,836,699	283,672	-	3,120,371
Loans Collateralized by Cheques and Notes	85,723	8,413	-	94,136
Loans Collateralized by Other Collaterals	10,639,675	12,536,739	-	23,176,414
Unsecured Loans	2,787,983	649,139	4,050,780	7,487,902
Total	33,658,452	17,983,201	4,050,780	55,692,433

PRIOR PERIOD	CORPORATE/ COMMERCIAL LOANS	CONSUMER LOANS	CREDIT CARDS	TOTAL
Loans Collateralized by Cash	419,168	18,009	-	437,177
Loans Collateralized by Mortgages/Shares	13,428,115	2,929,471	-	16,357,586
Loans Collateralized by Pledged Assets	1,855,642	186,050	-	2,041,692
Loans Collateralized by Cheques and Notes	104,960	3,402	-	108,362
Loans Collateralized by Other Collaterals	7,975,191	2,004,392	-	9,979,583
Unsecured Loans	2,443,640	498,262	3,452,286	6,394,188
Total	26,226,716	5,639,586	3,452,286	35,318,588

Reaching	Operational	Data and	The Best and Most	Corporate
More Customers	Excellence	Technology	Engaged Team	Governance

358

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Delinquency periods of loans under follow-up;

CURRENT PERIOD (*)	CORPORATE/ COMMERCIAL LOANS	CONSUMER LOANS	CREDIT CARDS	TOTAL
31-60 days	202,962	642,567	109,308	954,837
61-90 days	196,168	252,004	48,359	496,531
Others	33,259,322	17,088,630	3,893,113	54,241,065
Total	33,658,452	17,983,201	4,050,780	55,692,433

(*) As of 31 December 2020, based on the resolution of the BRSA dated 17 March 2020 and numbered 8948 and dated 8 December 2020 and numbered 9312; starting from 17 March 2020 until 30 June 2021, the total amount of the loans that continued to be classified as stage 2 which have past due days between 90 days and 180 days is amounting to TL 1,300,763.

PRIOR PERIOD	CORPORATE/ COMMERCIAL LOANS	CONSUMER LOANS	CREDIT CARDS	TOTAL
31-60 days	399,676	922,656	168,270	1,490,602
61-90 days	391,059	278,429	62,244	731,732
Others	25,435,981	4,438,501	3,221,772	33,096,254
Total	26,226,716	5,639,586	3,452,286	35,318,588

5.1.5.3 MATURITY ANALYSIS OF CASH LOANS

	PERFORMING LOANS AN	PERFORMING LOANS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES		LOANS UNDER FOLLOW-UP AND OTHER RECEIVABLES		
CURRENT PERIOD	LOANS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES	LOANS AND RECEIVABLES WITH REVISED CONTRACT TERMS	LOANS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES	LOANS AND RECEIVABLES WITH REVISED CONTRACT TERMS		
Short-term Loans	98,683,762	261,332	7,321,509	496,583		
Loans	98,683,762	261,332	7,321,509	496,583		
Specialization Loans	-	-	-	-		
Other Receivables	-	-	-	-		
Medium and Long-term Loans	134,746,944	11,316,920	24,590,492	23,283,849		
Loans	134,746,944	11,316,920	24,590,492	23,283,849		
Specialization Loans	-	-	-	-		
Other Receivables	-	-	-	-		

PERFORMING LOANS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES		LOANS UNDER FOLLOW-UP AND OTHER RECEIVABLES		
LOANS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES	LOANS AND RECEIVABLES WITH REVISED CONTRACT TERMS	LOANS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES	LOANS AND RECEIVABLES WITH REVISED CONTRACT TERMS	
65,206,521	50,478	5,974,235	468,752	
65,206,521	50,478	5,974,235	468,752	
-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	
128,422,822	4,867,983	17,926,021	10,949,580	
128,422,822	4,867,983	17,926,021	10,949,580	
-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	
	LOANS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES 65,206,521 65,206,521	LOANS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES LOANS AND RECEIVABLES WITH REVISED CONTRACT TERMS 65,206,521 50,478 65,206,521 50,478 65,206,521 50,478 128,422,822 4,867,983 128,422,822 4,867,983	LOANS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES LOANS AND RECEIVABLES WITH REVISED CONTRACT TERMS LOANS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES 65,206,521 50,478 5,974,235 65,206,521 50,478 5,974,235 65,206,521 50,478 5,974,235 128,422,822 4,867,983 17,926,021 128,422,822 4,867,983 17,926,021	

359	Introduction	Gar

Our Value Creation

Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

5.1.5.4 CONSUMER LOANS, RETAIL CREDIT CARDS, PERSONNEL LOANS AND PERSONNEL CREDIT CARDS

CURRENT PERIOD	SHORT-TERM	MEDIUM AND LONG-TERM	TOTAL
Consumer Loans - TL	1,312,986	61,142,502	62,455,488
Housing Loans	18,390	21,264,889	21,283,279
Automobile Loans	150,350	1,941,950	2,092,300
General Purpose Loans	1,144,246	37,935,663	39,079,909
Other	-	-	-
Consumer Loans - FC-indexed	-	148,475	148,475
Housing Loans	-	148,475	148,475
Automobile Loans	-	-	-
General Purpose Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Consumer Loans - FC	29	68,908	68,937
Housing Loans	-	40,814	40,814
Automobile Loans	-	16,709	16,709
General Purpose Loans	29	11,385	11,414
Other	-	-	-
Retail Credit Cards - TL	25,699,907	290,857	25,990,764
With Installment	12,675,471	290,857	12,966,328
Without Installment	13,024,436	-	13,024,436
Retail Credit Cards - FC	59,737	-	59,737
With Installment	-	-	-
Without Installment	59,737	-	59,737
Personnel Loans - TL	38,381	179,691	218,072
Housing Loan	-	808	808
Automobile Loans	-	-	-
General Purpose Loans	38,381	178,883	217,264
Other	-	-	-
Personnel Loans - FC-indexed	-	-	
Housing Loans	-	-	-
Automobile Loans	-	-	-
General Purpose Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Personnel Loans - FC	-	-	
Housing Loans	-	-	-
Automobile Loans	-	-	-
General Purpose Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Personnel Credit Cards - TL	142,946	613	143,559
With Installment	50,521	613	51,134
Without Installment	92,425	-	92,425
Personnel Credit Cards - FC	837		837
With Installment	-	-	-
Without Installment	837	-	837
Deposit Accounts- TL (Real persons)	2,632,691		2,632,691
Deposit Accounts- TL (Personnel)	14,165		14,165
Deposit Accounts- FC (Real persons)	-		

Reaching	Operational	Data and	The Best and Most	Corp
More Customers	Excellence	Technology	Engaged Team	Gove

Corporate Governance

360

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

PRIOR PERIOD	SHORT-TERM	MEDIUM AND LONG-TERM	TOTAL
Consumer Loans - TL	1,593,022	47,435,809	49,028,831
Housing Loans	16,384	19,452,893	19,469,277
Automobile Loans	148,863	1,675,140	1,824,003
General Purpose Loans	1,427,775	26,307,776	27,735,551
Other	-	-	-
Consumer Loans - FC-indexed	-	153,013	153,013
Housing Loans	-	153,013	153,013
Automobile Loans	-	-	-
General Purpose Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Consumer Loans - FC	209	74,254	74,463
Housing Loans	-	46,576	46,576
Automobile Loans	185	18,319	18,504
General Purpose Loans	24	9,359	9,383
Other	-	-	-
Retail Credit Cards - TL	21,363,651	370,358	21,734,009
With Installment	9,822,361	370,358	10,192,719
Without Installment	11,541,290	-	11,541,290
Retail Credit Cards - FC	138,938	-	138,938
With Installment	-	-	-
Without Installment	138,938	-	138,938
Personnel Loans - TL	36,453	156,398	192,851
Housing Loan	-	724	724
Automobile Loans	-	19	19
General Purpose Loans	36,453	155,655	192,108
Other	-	-	-
Personnel Loans - FC-indexed	-		-
Housing Loans	-	-	-
Automobile Loans	-	-	-
General Purpose Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Personnel Loans - FC	18	120	138
Housing Loans	-	-	-
Automobile Loans	-	-	-
General Purpose Loans	18	120	138
Other	-	-	-
Personnel Credit Cards - TL	131,752	529	132,281
With Installment	46,745	529	47,274
Without Installment	85,007	-	85,007
Personnel Credit Cards - FC	1,694		1,694
With Installment	-	-	-
Without Installment	1,694	-	1,694
Deposit Accounts- TL (Real persons)	2,062,475		2,062,475
Deposit Accounts- TL (Personnel)	13,325		13,325
Deposit Accounts- FC (Real persons)			-
Total	25,341,537	48,190,481	73,532,018

Our Value Creation Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

5.1.5.5 INSTALLMENT BASED COMMERCIAL LOANS AND CORPORATE CREDIT CARDS

CURRENT PERIOD	SHORT-TERM	MEDIUM AND LONG-TERM	TOTAL
Installment-based Commercial Loans - TL	1,201,606	10,357,196	11,558,802
Real Estate Loans	797	684,036	684,833
Automobile Loans	322,558	3,238,507	3,561,065
General Purpose Loans	878,251	6,434,653	7,312,904
Other	-	-	-
Installment-based Commercial Loans - FC-indexed	-	352,872	352,872
Real Estate Loans	-	47,604	47,604
Automobile Loans	-	50,229	50,229
General Purpose Loans	-	255,039	255,039
Other	-	-	-
Installment-based Commercial Loans - FC	2,937	269,152	272,089
Real Estate Loans	-	-	-
Automobile Loans	2,937	180,419	183,356
General Purpose Loans	-	88,733	88,733
Other	-	-	-
Corporate Credit Cards - TL	6,532,632	248,274	6,780,906
With Installment	3,209,845	248,274	3,458,119
Without Installment	3,322,787	-	3,322,787
Corporate Credit Cards - FC	18,792	-	18,792
With Installment	-	-	-
Without Installment	18,792	-	18,792
Deposit Accounts- TL (Corporates)	1,739,236	-	1,739,236
Deposit Accounts- FC (Corporates)	-	-	-
Total	9,495,203	11,227,494	20,722,697
PRIOR PERIOD	SHORT-TERM	MEDIUM AND LONG-TERM	TOTAL
Installment-based Commercial Loans - TL	698,237	10,937,099	11,635,336
	1,532	541,123	542,655
Automobile Loans	128,728	2,008,812	2,137,540
General Purpose Loans	567,977	8,387,164	8,955,141
Other			
Installment-based Commercial Loans - FC-indexed	-	768,231	768,231
	_	48,785	48,785
Automobile Loans		155,719	155,719
General Purpose Loans		563,727	563,727
Other		-	
Installment-based Commercial Loans – FC	222	243,166	243,388
	-		
Automobile Loans		140,909	1/0 909

Automobile Loans	-	140,909	140,909
General Purpose Loans	222	102,257	102,479
Other	-	-	-
Corporate Credit Cards - TL	5,002,179	135,481	5,137,660
With Installment	1,830,025	135,481	1,965,506
Without Installment	3,172,154	-	3,172,154
Corporate Credit Cards - FC	33,345		33,345
With Installment	-	-	-
Without Installment	33,345	-	33,345
Deposit Accounts- TL (Corporates)	1,336,839		1,336,839
Deposit Accounts- FC (Corporates)	-	-	
Total	7,070,822	12,083,977	19,154,799

Reaching	Operational	Data and	The Best and Most	Corporate	Financial Reports	362
More Customers	Excellence	Technology	Engaged Team	Governance	and Appendix	

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

5.1.5.6 ALLOCATION OF LOANS BY CUSTOMERS (*)

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Public Sector	936,271	293,742
Private Sector	299,765,120	233,572,650
Total	300,701,391	233,866,392

(*) Non-performing loans are not included.

5.1.5.7 ALLOCATION OF DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN LOANS (*)

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Domestic Loans	297,936,898	230,820,811
Foreign Loans	2,764,493	3,045,581
Total	300,701,391	233,866,392

(*) Non-performing loans are not included.

5.1.5.8 LOANS TO ASSOCIATES AND SUBSIDIARIES

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Direct Lending	3,341,934	2,100,490
Indirect Lending	-	-
Total	3,341,934	2,100,490

5.1.5.9 SPECIFIC PROVISIONS FOR LOANS

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Substandard Loans - Limited Collectibility	22,682	968,572
Doubtful Loans	436,042	3,153,609
Uncollectible Loans	8,660,541	6,616,161
Total	9,119,265	10,738,342

5.1.5.10 NON-PERFORMING (NPLS) (NET)

Non-performing loans and loans restructured from this category

GROUP III SUBSTANDARD LOANS	GROUP IV	GROUP V
		UNCOLLECTIBLE LOANS
20,463	287,105	3,747,246
20,463	287,105	3,747,246
724,143	2,759,751	760,577
724,143	2,759,751	760,577
	SUBSTANDARD LOANS 20,463 20,463 724,143	SUBSTANDARD LOANS DOUBTFUL LOANS 20,463 287,105 20,463 287,105 724,143 2,759,751

Our Value Creation

Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19

Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Movements in non-performing loans groups

	GROUP III	GROUP IV	GROUP V
URRENT PERIOD	SUBSTANDARD LOANS	DOUBTFUL LOANS	UNCOLLECTIBLE LOANS
Balances at End of Prior Period	1,984,530	5,110,985	10,203,466
Additions (+)	668,478	954,337	473,883
Transfer from Other NPL Categories (+)	-	2,438,151	6,980,855
Transfer to Other NPL Categories (-)	2,438,151	6,980,855	-
Collections during the Period (-)	130,598	956,497	1,768,249
Write down / Write-offs (-)	-	3	4,015,201
Debt Sale (-)	-	-	6,037
Corporate and Commercial Loans	-	-	5,957
Retail Loans	-	-	-
Credit Cards	-	-	80
Other	-	-	-
Foreign Currency Differences	1,033	266,158	1,596,847
Balances at End of Period	85,292	832,276	13,465,564
Provisions (-)	22,682	436,042	8,660,541
Net Balance on Balance Sheet	62,610	396,234	4,805,023

	GROUP III	GROUP IV	GROUP V
RIOR PERIOD	SUBSTANDARD LOANS	DOUBTFUL LOANS	UNCOLLECTIBLE LOANS
Balances at End of Prior Period	2,418,783	4,563,212	4,425,078
Additions (+)	7,870,305	1,301,285	221,459
Transfer from Other NPL Categories (+)	-	7,715,278	7,946,351
Transfer to Other NPL Categories (-)	7,715,278	7,946,351	-
Collections during the Period (-)	632,795	850,014	982,694
Write down / Write-offs (-)	-	-	713,174
Debt Sale (-)	-	4,100	948,263
Corporate and Commercial Loans	-	1,761	168,493
Retail Loans	-	1,652	467,396
Credit Cards	-	687	312,374
Other	-	-	-
Foreign Currency Differences	43,515	331,675	254,709
Balances at End of Period	1,984,530	5,110,985	10,203,466
Provisions (-)	968,572	3,153,609	6,616,161
Net Balance on Balance Sheet	1,015,958	1,957,376	3,587,305

(*) Includes loans for which 100 % provision is provided during the corresponding period.
(**) It all consist of sale of non-performing loans.

364

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Non-performing loans in foreign currencies

	GROUP III	ANS DOUBTFUL LOANS UNCOLLECTIBLE	GROUP V
	SUBSTANDARD LOANS AND RECEIVABLES		
CURRENT PERIOD			
Balance at End of Period	31,306	108,749	7,294,576
Provisions (-)	5,303	97,531	4,056,369
Net Balance at Balance Sheet	26,003	11,218	3,238,207
PRIOR PERIOD			
Balance at End of Period	535,431	1,949,226	5,017,607
Provisions (-)	267,427	1,103,723	2,635,324
Net Balance at Balance Sheet	268,004	845,503	2,382,283

Gross and net non-performing loans as per customer categories

	GROUP III	GROUP IV	GROUP V
	SUBSTANDARD LOANS	DOUBTFUL LOANS	UNCOLLECTIBLE LOANS
CURRENT PERIOD (NET)	62,610	396,234	4,805,023
Loans to Individuals and Corporates (Gross)	85,292	832,276	13,465,564
Provision (-)	22,682	436,042	8,660,541
Loans to Individuals and Corporates (Net)	62,610	396,234	4,805,023
Banks (Gross)	-	=	-
Provision (-)	-	=	-
Banks (Net)	-	-	-
Other loans (gross)	-	-	-
Provision (-)	-	=	-
Other Loans (Net)	-	-	-
Prior Period (Net)	1,015,958	1,957,376	3,587,305
Loans to Individuals and Corporates (Gross)	1,984,530	5,110,985	10,203,466
Provision (-)	968,572	3,153,609	6,616,161
Loans to Individuals and Corporates (Net)	1,015,958	1,957,376	3,587,305
Banks (Gross)	-	-	-
Provision (-)	-	-	-
Banks (Net)	-	-	-
Other loans (gross)	-	-	-
Provision (-)	-	-	-
Other Loans (Net)	-	-	-

Interest accruals, valuation differences and related provisions calculated for non-performing loans

	GROUP III	GROUP IV	GROUP V
	SUBSTANDARD LOANS	DOUBTFUL LOANS	UNCOLLECTIBLE LOANS
CURRENT PERIOD (NET)	3,442	28,808	190,085
Interest accruals and valuation differences	4,451	43,767	519,377
Provision (-)	1,009	14,959	329,292
Prior Period (Net)	15,776	52,745	140,348
Interest accruals and valuation differences	35,966	126,106	318,442
Provision (-)	20,190	73,361	178,094

Ou BVA C Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Collaterals received for non-performing loans

CURRENT PERIOD	CORPORATE/ COMMERCIAL LOANS	CONSUMER LOANS	CREDIT CARDS	TOTAL
Loans Collateralized by Cash	15,438	373	-	15,811
Loans Collateralized by Mortgages	7,673,133	227,732	-	7,900,865
Loans Collateralized by Pledged Assets	1,443,293	37,793	-	1,481,086
Loans Collateralized by Cheques and Notes	138,457	2,975	-	141,432
Loans Collateralized by Other Collaterals	1,549,781	1,309,329	-	2,859,110
Unsecured Loans	1,037,713	159,035	788,080	1,984,828
Total	11,857,815	1,737,237	788,080	14,383,132

PRIOR PERIOD	CORPORATE/ COMMERCIAL LOANS	CONSUMER LOANS	CREDIT CARDS	TOTAL
Loans Collateralized by Cash	13,433	377	-	13,810
Loans Collateralized by Mortgages	8,640,536	322,843	-	8,963,379
Loans Collateralized by Pledged Assets	1,253,995	59,136	-	1,313,131
Loans Collateralized by Cheques and Notes	175,333	5,714	-	181,047
Loans Collateralized by Other Collaterals	2,579,926	1,666,624	-	4,246,550
Unsecured Loans	1,050,130	273,064	1,257,870	2,581,064
Total	13,713,353	2,327,758	1,257,870	17,298,981

5.1.5.11 EXPECTED CREDIT LOSS FOR LOANS

CURRENT PERIOD	STAGE 1	STAGE 2	STAGE 3	TOTAL
Balances at End of Prior Period	1,088,983	3,861,963	10,738,342	15,689,288
Additions during the Period (+)	3,031,839	7,842,126	2,149,156	13,023,121
Disposals (-)	(2,910,181)	(3,156,400)	(1,296,723)	(7,363,304)
Debt Sales (-)	-	-	(5,767)	(5,767)
Write-offs (-)	-	-	(4,015,191)	(4,015,191)
Transfer to Stage1	1,091,226	(1,089,912)	(1,314)	-
Transfer to Stage 2	(437,871)	437,871	-	-
Transfer to Stage 3	(3,363)	(507,898)	511,261	-
Foreign Currency Differences	120,128	781,031	1,039,501	1,940,660
Balances at End of Period	1,980,761	8,168,781	9,119,265	19,268,807

PRIOR PERIOD	STAGE 1	STAGE 2	STAGE 3	TOTAL
Balances at End of Prior Period	769,085	3,858,770	6,776,848	11,404,703
Additions during the Period (+)	1,856,777	5,353,628	4,349,984	11,560,389
Disposals (-)	(2,249,307)	(3,051,000)	(884,338)	(6,184,645)
Debt Sales (-)	-	-	(952,363)	(952,363)
Write-offs (-)	-	-	(713,174)	(713,174)
Transfer to Stage1	1,179,288	(1,176,811)	(2,477)	-
Transfer to Stage 2	(481,642)	491,858	(10,216)	-
Transfer to Stage 3	(6,859)	(1,876,567)	1,883,426	-
Foreign Currency Differences	21,641	262,085	290,652	574,378
Balances at End of Period	1,088,983	3,861,963	10,738,342	15,689,288

5.1.5.12 LIQUIDATION POLICY FOR UNCOLLECTIBLE LOANS AND RECEIVABLES

Loans and other receivables Classified as Loss are collected through legal follow-up and conversion of collaterals into cash.

Reaching	Operational	Data and	The Best and Most	Corporate	Financial Reports	366
More Customers	Excellence	Technology	Engaged Team	Governance	and Appendix	
TÜRKİYE GARA	NTİ BANKAS	I AŞ			Convenience Translation of F	

Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

5.1.5.13 WRITE-OFF POLICY

5.1.5.13.1DISCLOSURES ON WRITE DOWN POLICY

As of 31 December 2020, in accordance with the relevant accounting policy the Bank has written down "Group V Loan" (Loans Classified as Loss) amounting to TL 4,013,937. During the period, the non-performing loan ratio of the Bank decreased from 5.77% to 4.56% after the loans were written off in accordance with the amendment of the relevant Provisions Regulation.

		CURRENT PERIOD
Write down	TL	FC
Corporate/ Commercial Loans	1,388,082	1,505,156
Consumer Loans	616,025	-
Credit Card	504,674	-

5.1.5.13.2 DISCLOSURES ON WRITE-OFF POLICY

The general policy of the Bank regarding write-off process for loans under follow-up is to write-off the loans which are documented as uncollectible during the legal follow-up process. As of 31 December 2020, total loans written-off from assets are TL 1,267 (31 December 2019: TL 647).

5.1.6 LEASE RECEIVABLE

None.

5.1.7 FINANCIAL ASSETS MEASURED AT AMORTISED COST

5.1.7.1 FINANCIAL ASSETS SUBJECT TO REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS AND PROVIDED AS COLLATERAL/BLOCKED

	CURR	ENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD		
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Collateralised/Blocked Investments	11,311,663	5,035,602	3,380,677	4,856,290	
Investments subject to Repurchase Agreements	74,625	-	55,581	679,218	
Total	11,386,288	5,035,602	3,436,258	5,535,508	

5.1.7.2 GOVERNMENT SECURITIES MEASURED AT AMORTISED COST

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Government Bonds	33,066,329	27,558,636
Treasury Bills	95,253	-
Other Government Securities	-	-
Total	33,161,582	27,558,636

5.1.7.3 FINANCIAL ASSETS MEASURED AT AMORTISED COST

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Debt Securities	28,770,189	21,292,404
Quoted at Stock Exchange	27,605,817	20,358,959
Unquoted at Stock Exchange	1,164,372	933,445
Valuation Increase/(Decrease)	5,571,030	7,324,514
Total	34,341,219	28,616,918

About Garanti BBVA

Our Value Creation Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

5.1.7.4 MOVEMENT OF FINANCIAL ASSETS MEASURED AT AMORTISED COST

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Balances at Beginning of Period	28,616,918	25,432,283
Foreign Currency Differences On Monetary Assets	2,114,059	869,946
Purchases during the Period	7,300,654	1,248,680
Disposals through Sales/Redemptions	(3,251,006)	(179,054)
Valuation Effect	(439,406)	1,245,063
Balances at End of Period	34,341,219	28,616,918

5.1.7.5 EXPECTED CREDIT LOSS FOR FINANCIAL ASSETS MEASURED AT AMORTISED COST

CURRENT PERIOD	STAGE 1	STAGE 2	STAGE 3	TOTAL
Balances at End of Prior Period	124,434	•	-	124,434
Additions during the Period (+)	253,815	-	-	253,815
Disposal (-)	(219,538)	-	-	(219,538)
Transfer to Stage1	-	-	-	-
Transfer to Stage 2	-	-	-	
Transfer to Stage 3	-	-		-
Foreign Currency Differences	19,105	-	-	19,105
Balances at End of Period	177,816	-	-	177,816

STAGE 1	STAGE 2	STAGE 3	TOTAL
56,141	-	-	56,141
87,544	-	-	87,544
(22,041)	-	-	(22,041)
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
-	-		-
2,790	-	-	2,790
124,434	-	-	124,434
	56,141 87,544 (22,041) 2,790	56,141 - 87,544 - (22,041) - - - - - - - - - 2,790 -	56,141 - 87,544 - (22,041) - - - - - - - - - 2,790 -

5.1.8 ASSETS HELD FOR SALE AND ASSETS OF DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

5.1.8.1 MOVEMENT OF ASSETS HELD FOR SALE AND ASSETS OF DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

	CURRENT PERIOD	
End of Prior Period		
Cost	1,010,245	799,989
Accumulated Depreciation (-)	(12,171)	(13,291)
Net Book Value	998,074	786,698
End of Current Period		
Additions	158,576	371,559
Disposals (Cost)	(414,172)	(183,350)
Disposals (Accumulated Depreciation)	491	1,120
Impairment Losses	25,064	22,047
Depreciation Expense for Current Period (-)	-	-
Cost	779,713	1,010,245
Accumulated Depreciation (-)	(11,680)	(12,171)
Net Book Value	768,033	998,074

Reaching More Customers	Operational Excellence	The Best and Most Engaged Team	Corporate Governance	Financial Reports and Appendix	368

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

5.1.8.2 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES AND ASSOCIATES TO BE DISPOSED

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
End of Prior Period		
Cost	881,140	11
Impairment Losses (-)	(587,940)	-
Net Book Value	293,200	11
End of Current Period		
Additions(*)	-	881,129
Disposals (Cost)	-	-
Disposals (Accumulated Depreciation)	-	-
Impairment Losses (-)	(293,200)	(587,940)
Depreciation Expense for Current Period	-	-
Cost	881,140	881,140
Impairment Losses (-)	(881,140)	(587,940)
Net Book Value	-	293,200

(*)Within the context of the existing loan agreements, all creditors including the Bank have reached an agreement on restructuring the loans granted to Ojer Telekomünikasyon A.Ş. (OTAŞ) who is the main shareholder of Türk Telekomünikasyon A.Ş. (Türk Telekom) and it is contemplated that Türk Telekom's number of 192,500,000,000 A group shares owned by OTAŞ, representing 55% of its issued share capital corresponding to A group shares have been pledged as a guarantee for the existing facilities would be taken over by a special purpose entity which is incorporated or will be incorporated in the Turkish Republic, and owned by directly or indirectly by all creditors. As per the agreed structure, it is agreed on the special purpose entity incorporated all required corporate and administrative permissions and the transaction is concluded by a transfer of the aforementioned shares to the special purpose entity incorporated in the Turkish Republic, and owned by directly or indirectly by all creditors. In this context, the Bank owned 22.1265% of the founded special purpose entity and the related investment is considered within the scope of TFRS 5 "Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations".

As per the decision made at the 2018 annual general assembly of related special purpose entity, it was decided to increase the capital of the special purpose entity by TL 3,982,230, all of which will be covered by common receivables. The Entity's paid-in capital after the general assembly had been TL 3,982,280. The Bank's shareholding ratios in the Entity's capital did not change as a result of the increase, and the nominal value of the direct shares increased from TL 11 to TL 881.140 and the number of shares increased from 1.106.325 to 88.114.036.863. As explained the details before the capital increase in Note 5.1.2.2, valuation differences recorded on the financial asset are presented as impairment in Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations after capital increase. In the current year, all of the assets acquired under TFRS 5 was impaired.

The main purpose of the lending banks is to transfer the shares of Türk Telekom to an expert investor after the necessary conditions are met. For this purpose, on 19 September 2019, an international investment bank was authorized as a sales consultant, and in this context necessary actions related to sales will be taken and negotiations with potential investors started within the framework of an active sales plan.

5.1.9 INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES

5.1.9.1 INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES

	ASSOCIATE	ADDRESS (CITY/ COUNTRY)	BANK'S SHARE – IF DIFFERENT, VOTING RIGHTS (%)	BANK'S RISK GROUP SHARE (%)
1	Bankalararası Kart Merkezi AŞ (1)	İstanbul/Turkey	4.98	4.98
2	Yatırım Finansman Menkul Değerler AŞ (1)	İstanbul/Turkey	0.77	0.77
3	İstanbul Takas ve Saklama Bankası AŞ (1)	İstanbul/Turkey	4.95	4.97
4	Borsa İstanbul AŞ (2)	İstanbul/Turkey	0.30	0.34
5	KKB Kredi Kayıt Bürosu AŞ (1)	İstanbul/Turkey	9.09	9.09
6	Türkiye Cumhuriyet Merkez Bankası AŞ (2)	Ankara/Turkey	2.48	2.48
7	Kredi Garanti Fonu AŞ (1)	Ankara/Turkey	1.49	1.49
8	JCR Avrasya Derecelendirme A.Ş. (1)	İstanbul/Turkey	2.86	2.86
9	Birleşik İpotek Finansmanı A.Ş. (3)	İstanbul/Turkey	8.33	8.33

369 In	ntroduction	About Garanti BBVA	Our Value Creation	Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19	Financial Health
--------	-------------	-----------------------	-----------------------	--------------------------------------	---------------------

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

	TOTAL ASSETS	SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	TOTAL FIXED ASSETS (*)	INTEREST INCOME	INCOME ON SECURITIES PORTFOLIO	CURRENT PERIOD PROFIT/LOSSI	PRIOR PERIOD PROFIT/LOSS	COMPANY'S FAIR VALUE
1	272,800	217,454	85,960	6,083	-	35,413	28,503	-
2	1,300,509	149,638	12,526	8,675	390	29,865	12,626	
3	24,887,346	2,382,244	114,794	263,916	75,584	359,199	506,603	_
4	18,373,660	3,460,082	631,470	95,859	-	1,009,438	1,173,543	_
5	411,660	265,464	254,612	5,882	227	48,549	26,579	-
6	786,013,203	51,839,421	621,220	30,964,836	3,733,945	44,732,807	56,279,555	
7	1,058,164	762,700	19,911	27,280	-	138,849	96,130	-
8	31,238	25,827	22,785	666	-	6,146	2,082	
9	-	=	-	=	-	=	-	_

(1) Financial information is as of 30 September 2020.
 (2) Financial information is as of 31 December 2019.
 (3) Financial information is not available since the company is newly established in March 2020.
 (*) Total fixed assets include tangible and intangible assets.

5.1.9.2 MOVEMENT OF INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES

CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
35,158	35,158
10,622	
6,921	-
5,782	-
-	-
-	-
	-
(2,081)	-
45,780	35,158
	-
	-
	35,158 10,622 6,921 5,782 - (2,081) 45,780 -

(*) Associates acquired during the current period is presented in Note 5.1.9.7

5.1.9.3 SECTORAL DISTRIBUTION OF INVESTMENTS AND ASSOCIATES

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Banks	25,557	25,557
Insurance Companies	-	-
Factoring Companies	-	-
Leasing Companies	-	-
Finance Companies	10,101	5,935
Other Associates	10,122	3,666

5.1.9.4 QUOTED ASSOCIATES

None.

5.1.9.5 VALUATION METHODS OF INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Valued at Cost	45,780	35,158
Valued at Fair Value	-	-



Corporate Gov<u>ernance</u>

Financial Report and Appendix

370

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

5.1.9.6 INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES SOLD DURING THE CURRENT PERIOD

None.

5.1.9.7 INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES ACQUIRED DURING THE CURRENT PERIOD

The Bank under the supervision of the Banks Association of Turkey, joined the capital of Birleşik İpotek Finansmanı A Ş which was established as a separate enterprise, in partnership with a total of 833,333 shares with a nominal value of TL 833, representing 8.33% of the capital.

The Bank purchased 28,559 shares of JCR Avrasya Rating A.Ş. with a nominal value of TL 29, representing 2.86% of the capital, at a price of TL 2,755.

5.1.10 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

5.1.10.1 INFORMATION ON CAPITAL ADEQUACY OF MAJOR SUBSIDIARIES

The Bank does not have any capital needs for its subsidiaries included in the calculation of its consolidated capital adequacy standard ratio. Information on capital adequacy of major subsidiaries is presented below.

CURRENT PERIOD	GARANTI BANK INTERNATIONAL NV	GARANTI HOLDING BV		GARANTI EMEKLILIK VE HAYAT AŞ	GARANTI YATIRIM MENKUL KIYMETLER AŞ
COMMON EQUITY TIER I CAPITAL					
Paid-in Capital to be Entitled for Compensation after All Creditors	1,243,533	3,488,929	357,848	517,159	13,750
Share Premium	-	117,453	-	-	-
Share Cancellation Profits	-	-	-	-	-
Legal Reserves	1,054,337	160,518	646,432	138,235	308,681
Other Comprehensive Income according to TAS	3,110,694	184,669	-	7,453	-
Current and Prior Periods' Profits	50,370	149,050	146,351	463,149	489,490
Minority interest	-	-	-	-	39,357
Common Equity Tier I Capital Before Deductions	5,458,934	4,100,619	1,150,631	1,125,996	851,278
Deductions From Common Equity Tier I Capital					
Current and Prior Periods' Losses not Covered by Reserves, and Losses Accounted under Equity according to TAS (-)	9,562	1,080,373	1,175	2,189	851
Leasehold Improvements on Operational Leases (-)	-	939	-	1,117	2,288
Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets and Related Deferred Taxes (-)	52,669	492,398	16,154	39,225	4,460
Net Deferred Tax Asset/Liability (-)	-	-	-	-	-
Total Deductions from Common Equity Tier I Capital	62,231	1,573,710	17,329	42,531	7,599
Total Common Equity Tier I Capital	5,396,703	2,526,909	1,133,302	1,083,465	843,679
Total Deductions From Tier I Capital	-	-	-	-	-
Total Tier I Capital	5,396,703	2,526,909	1,133,302	1,083,465	843,679
TIER II CAPITAL	-	90,551	-	-	-
TOTAL CAPITAL	5,396,703	2,617,460	1,133,302	1,083,465	843,679

		Ab
371	Introduction	Garant

About ranti BBVA

Our Value Creation Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

PRIOR PERIOD	GARANTI BANK INTERNATIONAL NV	GARANTI HOLDING BV	GARANTI FINANSAL KIRALAMA AŞ	GARANTI EMEKLILIK VE HAYAT AŞ	GARANTI YATIRIM MENKUL KIYMETLER AŞ
COMMON EQUITY TIER I CAPITAL					
Paid-in Capital to be Entitled for Compensation after All Creditors	913,772	2,560,180	357,848	67,159	13,750
Share Premium	-	86,188	-	-	-
Share Cancellation Profits	-	-	-	-	-
Legal Reserves	1,014,013	(23,430)	545,995	833,940	164,594
Other Comprehensive Income according to TAS	1,990,215	115,005	-	3,130	-
Current and Prior Periods' Profits	40,326	163,815	100,436	454,295	144,087
Minority interest	-	-	-	-	39,174
Common Equity Tier I Capital Before Deductions	3,958,326	2,901,758	1,004,279	1,358,524	361,605
Deductions From Common Equity Tier I Capital					
Current and Prior Periods' Losses not Covered by Reserves, and Losses Accounted under Equity according to TAS (-)	13,067	795,952	668	(66)	95
Leasehold Improvements on Operational Leases (-)	-	164	-	1,197	4,505
Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets and Related Deferred Taxes (-)	35,037	361,254	13,004	42,949	3,560
Net Deferred Tax Asset/Liability (-)	-	-	-	-	-
Total Deductions from Common Equity Tier I Capital	48,104	1,157,370	13,672	44,080	8,160
Total Common Equity Tier I Capital	3,910,222	1,744,388	990,607	1,314,444	353,445
Total Deductions From Tier I Capital	-	-	-	-	
Total Tier I Capital	3,910,222	1,744,388	990,607	1,314,444	353,445
TIER II CAPITAL	332,155	66,346	-	-	
TOTAL CAPITAL	4,242,377	1,810,734	990,607	1,314,444	353,445

5.1.10.2 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

	SUBSIDIARY	ADDRESS (CITY/ COUNTRY)	BANK'S SHARE - IF DIFFERENT, VOTING RIGHTS (%)	BANK'S RISK GROUP SHARE (%)
1	Garanti Bilişim Teknolojisi ve Tic. TAŞ	Istanbul/Turkey	100.00	100.00
2	Garanti Ödeme Sistemleri AŞ	Istanbul/Turkey	99.96	100.00
3	Garanti Kültür AŞ	Istanbul/Turkey	100.00	100.00
4	Garanti Konut Finansmanı Danışmanlık Hiz. AŞ	Istanbul/Turkey	100.00	100.00
5	Garanti Finansal Kiralama AŞ	Istanbul/Turkey	100.00	100.00
6	Garanti Faktoring AŞ	Istanbul/Turkey	81.84	81.84
7	Garanti Yatırım Menkul Kıymetler AŞ	Istanbul/Turkey	100.00	100.00
8	Garanti Portföy Yönetimi AŞ	Istanbul/Turkey	100.00	100.00
9	Garanti Emeklilik ve Hayat AŞ	Istanbul/Turkey	84.91	84.91
10	Garanti Bank International NV	Amsterdam/the Netherlands	100.00	100.00
11	Garanti Holding BV	Amsterdam/the Netherlands	100.00	100.00

Reaching More Customers	Operational Excellence	Data and Technology	The Best and Most Engaged Team	Corporate Governance	Financial Reports and Appendix	372

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

_	TOTAL ASSETS	SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	TOTAL FIXED ASSETS (*)	INTEREST INCOME	INCOME ON SECURITIES PORTFOLIO	CURRENT PERIOD PROFIT/LOSS	PRIOR PERIOD PROFIT/LOSS	COMPANY'S FAIR VALUE
1	124,033	115,665	33	10,821	-	8,311	24,950	-
2	47,642	20,824	453	1,995	-	2,014	(394)	-
3	3,511	1,746	1,030	-	-	(68)	(101)	
4	6,078	4,969	-	477	-	638	596	-
5	5,846,989	1,146,490	22,274	439,394	-	146,351	100,436	_
6	2,912,563	213,590	16,298	298,344	1,689	50,150	24,438	
7	1,484,838	814,432	31,283	29,892	12,484	492,950	144,173	-
8	219,827	199,490	1,206	9,473	4,704	64,266	37,222	-
9	2,855,596	1,123,807	42,625	141,962	87,606	463,150	454,295	-
10	31,053,380	5,439,719	341,505	588,122	13,598	50,367	40,327	-
11	3,081,903	3,079,346	-	-	-	(743)	(537)	-

 $(\ensuremath{^*})$ Total fixed assets include tangible and intangible assets.

5.1.10.3 MOVEMENT OF INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Balances at Beginning of Period	8,551,720	7,024,751
Movements during the Period	2,820,286	1,526,969
Acquisitions	-	-
Bonus Shares Received	382,110	-
Earnings from Current Year Profit	1,323,028	893,943
Sales/Liquidations	-	(352)
Reclassification of Shares	-	-
Increase/(Decrease) in Market Values (*)	(910,565)	131,006
Currency Differences on Foreign Subsidiaries	2,025,713	502,372
Impairment Reversals/(Losses)	-	-
Balance at End of Period	11,372,006	8,551,720
Capital Commitments	-	-
Share Percentage at the End of Period (%)		-

(*) TL 594,393 of this amount is due to the dividend distribution of Garanti Emeklilik AŞ as per the decision made at its Annual General Assembly meeting held on 31 December 2020.

5.1.10.4 SECTORAL DISTRIBUTION OF INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Banks	5,424,807	3,921,883
Insurance Companies	954,245	1,153,607
Factoring Companies	174,759	134,182
Leasing Companies	1,146,060	1,018,498
Finance Companies	3,568,115	2,219,530
Other Subsidiaries	104,020	104,020

5.1.10.5 QUOTED CONSOLIDATED INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Quoted at Domestic Stock Exchange	174,759	134,182
Quoted at Foreign Stock Exchange	-	-

Introduction	About Garanti BBVA	Our Value Creation
373	Garanti BBVA	Creation

Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

5.1.10.6 VALUATION METHODS OF INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Valued at Cost	104,020	104,020
Valued at Fair Value (*)	11,267,986	8,447,700

(*) The balances are as per the results of equity accounting application.

5.1.10.7 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES DISPOSED DURING THE CURRENT PERIOD

None.

5.1.10.8 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES ACQUIRED DURING THE CURRENT PERIOD

None.

5.1.11 INVESTMENTS IN JOINT-VENTURES

None.

5.1.12 TANGIBLE ASSETS

	REAL ESTATES	RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS	VEHICLES	OTHER TANGIBLE ASSETS	TOTAL
AT END OF PRIOR PERIOD:					
Cost	3,206,586	1,229,652	22,132	3,036,532	7,494,902
Accumulated Depreciation (-)	(62,584)	(271,532)	(11,802)	(2,157,760)	(2,503,678)
Net Book Value at End of Prior Period	3,144,002	958,120	10,330	878,772	4,991,224
AT END OF CURRENT PERIOD:					
Additions	37,085	486,969	9,076	772,421	1,305,551
Revaluation Model Difference	350,626	-	-	-	350,626
Revaluation Model Difference (Accumulated Depre- ciation)	55,769	-	-	-	55,769
Transfers to Investment Property	(24,274)	-	-	-	(24,274)
Disposals (Costs)	(5,271)	(342,457)	(1,946)	(617,557)	(967,231)
Disposals (Accumulated Depreciation)	258	47,553	1,945	282,994	332,750
Impairment/Reversal of Impairment Losses	(80,364)	-	-	-	(80,364)
Depreciation Expense for Current Period (-)	(35,154)	(290,607)	(4,112)	(314,717)	(644,590)
Cost at End of Current Period	3,484,388	1,374,164	29,262	3,191,396	8,079,210
Accumulated Depreciation at End of Current Period	(41,711)	(514,586)	(13,969)	(2,189,483)	(2,759,749)
Net Book Value at End of Current Period	3,442,677	859,578	15,293	1,001,913	5,319,461

The Bank accounts its real estates recorded under tangible assets based on the revaluation model in accordance with the Turkish Accounting Standard 16 (TAS 16) "Property, Plant and Equipment". Accordingly, for all real estates registered in the ledger, valuation studies are performed by independent expertise firms.

5.1.13 INTANGIBLE ASSETS

5.1.13.1 USEFUL LIVES AND AMORTISATION RATES

Intangible assets include softwares and other intangible assets. The estimated useful lives of such assets vary between 3 and 15 years.

Reaching	Operational	Data and	The Best and Most	Corporate	Financial Reports	374
More Customers	Excellence	Technology	Engaged Team	Governance	and Appendix	

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

5.1.13.2 AMORTISATION METHODS

Intangible assets are amortised on a straight-line basis from the date of capitalisation.

5.1.13.3 BALANCES AT END OF CURRENT PERIOD

	BEG	INNING OF PERIOD		END OF PERIOD
	Cost	Accumulated Amortisation	Cost	Accumulated Amortisation
Intangible Assets	991,987	537,435	793,134	442,252

5.1.13.4 MOVEMENTS OF INTANGIBLE ASSETS FOR CURRENT PERIOD

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Net Book Value at End of Prior Period	350,882	300,551
Internally Generated Intangibles	-	-
Additions due to Mergers, Transfers and Acquisition	259,904	129,869
Disposals (-)	(61,058)	(339)
Impairment Losses/Reversals to/from Revaluation Surplus		-
Impairment Losses Recorded in Income Statement		-
Impairment Losses Reversed from Income Statement	-	-
Amortisation Expense for Current Period (-)	(95,176)	(78,083)
Currency Translation Differences on Foreign Operations	-	-
Other Movements		(1,116)
Net Book Value at End of Current Period	454,552	350,882

5.1.13.5 DETAILS FOR ANY INDIVIDUALLY MATERIAL INTANGIBLE ASSETS

None.

5.1.13.6 INTANGIBLE ASSETS CAPITALISED UNDER GOVERNMENT INCENTIVES AT FAIR VALUES

None.

5.1.13.7 REVALUATION METHOD OF INTANGIBLE ASSETS CAPITALISED UNDER GOVERNMENT INCENTIVES AND VALUED AT FAIR VALUES AT CAPITALISATION DATES

None.

5.1.13.8 NET BOOK VALUE OF INTANGIBLE ASSET THAT ARE RESTRICTED IN USAGE OR PLEDGED

None.

5.1.13.9 COMMITMENTS TO ACQUIRE INTANGIBLE ASSETS

None.

5.1.13.10 DISCLOSURE ON REVALUED INTANGIBLE ASSETS

None.

5.1.13.11 RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT COSTS EXPENSED DURING CURRENT PERIOD

None.

About Garanti BBVAOur Value CreationOur 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19Financ Healt	
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Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

5.1.13.12 GOODWILL

None.

5.1.13.13 MOVEMENTS IN GOODWILL DURING CURRENT PERIOD

None.

5.1.14 INVESTMENT PROPERTY

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Net Book Value at Beginning Period	703,141	690,700
Additions	441	35,343
Disposals	(81,929)	(268)
Transfers	24,225	-
Fair Value Change	58,823	(22,634)
Net Book Value at End of Current Period	704,701	703,141

The investment property is held for operational leasing purposes. The Bank account its investment property based on the fair value model in accordance with the Turkish Accounting Standard 40 (TAS 40) "Investment Property". Accordingly, for all investment properties registered in the ledger, valuation studies are performed by independent expertise firms every year.

5.1.15 DEFERRED TAX ASSET

As of 31 December 2020, the Bank has a deferred tax asset of TL 3,509,508 (31 December 2019: TL 1,710,519) calculated as the net amount remaining after netting of tax deductible timing differences and taxable timing differences.

The Bank does not have any deferred tax assets on tax losses carried forward or tax deductions and exemptions as of 31 December 2020. However, there is a deferred tax asset of TL 3,849,653 (31 December 2019: TL 2,036,051) and deferred tax liability of TL 340,145 (31 December 2019: TL 325,532) presented as net in the accompanying financial statements on all taxable temporary differences arising between the carrying amounts and the taxable amounts of assets and liabilities on the financial statements that will be considered in the calculation of taxable earnings in the future periods.

For the cases where such differences are related with certain items on the shareholders' equity accounts, the deferred taxes are charged or credited directly to these accounts.

	CURRENT PI	RIOD	PRIOR PER	RIOD
	Tax Base	Deferred Tax Amount	Tax Base	Deferred Tax Amount
Provisions (*)	3,877,683	770,642	2,149,699	446,100
Stages 1&2 Credit Losses	11,843,582	2,368,716	5,636,965	1,181,846
Differences between the Carrying Values and Taxable Values of Financial Assets (**)	2,662,417	603,350	826,480	202,812
Revaluation Differences on Real Estates	(2,395,926)	(296,145)	(1,867,500)	(186,750)
Other	304,547	62,945	292,470	66,511
Deferred Tax Asset	16,292,303	3,509,508	7,038,114	1,710,519

(*) Consists of reserve for employee benefits, provision for promotion expenses of credit cards and other provisions.

**) Calculations are performed at the relevant tax rates applicable in the country of the foreign branches' financial assets.

As of 31 December 2020, TL 1,767,324 deferred tax income (31 December 2019: TL 460,920 deferred tax income) and TL 41,772 (31 December 2019: TL 55,846 deferred tax income) of deferred tax income are recognised in the statement of profit or loss and the shareholders' equity, respectively.

Reaching More Customers	Operational Excellence	Data and Technology	The Best and Most Engaged Team	Corporate Governance	Financial Reports and Appendix	376

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

5.1.16 OTHER ASSETS

5.1.16.1 PREPAID EXPENSES, TAXES AND SIMILAR ITEMS

	CURRENT PERIOD		PRIOR PERIOD	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Derivative Assets (Derivative Quarantees)	587,673	10,191,100	287,270	6,845,390
Receivables From Clearing Transactions	4,473,668	24,134	3,306,061	76,901
Prepaid Expenses	2,101,268	1,320	1,358,175	290
Cash Guarantees Given	12,727	1,011,438	12,496	939,734
Receivables From Forward Sale of Assets	1,137	147,246	1,137	114,592
Other	859,544	147,357	247,200	125,820
Total	8,036,017	11,522,595	5,212,339	8,102,727

5.2 LIABILITIES

5.2.1 MATURITY PROFILE OF DEPOSITS

CURRENT PERIOD	DEMAND	7 DAYS NOTICE	UP TO 1 MONTH	1-3 MONTHS	3-6 MONTHS	6-12 MONTHS	1 YEAR AND OVER	ACCUMULATING DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS	TOTAL
Saving Deposits	21,631,929	-	4,933,740	54,914,729	598,761	327,900	1,273,240	1,719	83,682,018
Foreign Currency Deposits	79,828,517	-	10,225,909	58,837,397	2,022,734	1,666,955	3,222,141	37,565	155,841,218
Residents in Turkey	76,936,560	-	10,096,467	56,484,204	1,823,659	1,363,455	2,263,021	36,302	149,003,668
Residents in Abroad	2,891,957	-	129,442	2,353,193	199,075	303,500	959,120	1,263	6,837,550
Public Sector Deposits	880,139	-	37,809	64,397	136	10	-	-	982,491
Commercial Deposits	12,830,535	-	24,484,188	14,055,824	148,798	872,187	666,525	-	53,058,057
Other	391,099	-	172,403	1,121,142	19,856	176,034	3,236,314	-	5,116,848
Precious Metal Deposits	20,636,012	-	-	160,290	366,278	41,207	721,593	-	21,925,380
Bank Deposits	711,446	-	176,715	15,119		-	2,303	-	905,583
Central Bank of Turkey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Domestic Banks	5,340	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,340
Foreign Banks	684,619	-	176,715	15,119	-	-	2,303	-	878,756
Special Financial Institutions	21,487	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21,487
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	136,909,677	-	40,030,764	129,168,898	3,156,563	3,084,293	9,122,116	39,284	321,511,595
PRIOR PERIOD	DEMAND	7 DAYS NOTICE	UP TO 1 MONTH	1-3 MONTHS	3-6 MONTHS	6-12 MONTHS	1 YEAR AND OVER	ACCUMULATING DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS	TOTAL
Saving Deposits	17,315,932	-	3,109,278	51,643,663	487,482	373,746	1,585,582	2,370	74,518,053
Foreign Currency Deposits	38,704,677	-	12,917,078	66,405,651	2,227,526	2,175,099	3,631,442	34,608	126,096,081
Residents in Turkey	37,099,501	-	12,631,371	63,913,198	2,008,619	1,812,697	1,568,535	33,422	119,067,343
Residents in Abroad	1,605,176	-	285,707	2,492,453	218,907	362,402	2,062,907	1,186	7,028,738
Public Sector Deposits	1,283,224	-	19,396	39,676		11	58	-	1,342,365
Commercial Deposits	11,496,077	-	8,763,991	11,454,640	123,178	80,840	1,215,989	-	33,134,715
Other	320,716	-	142,512	601,501	2,407	246,285	3,730,349	-	5,043,770
Precious Metal Deposits	4,958,792	-	2,342	179,827	343,121	36,038	613,179	-	6,133,299
Bank Deposits	2,295,128	-	176,394	667	902	4,753	4,964	-	2,482,808
Central Bank of Turkey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Domestic Banks	2,959	-	-	-	-	4,753	-	-	7,712
Foreign Banks	331,337	-	176,394	667	902	-	4,964	-	514,264
Special Financial Institutions	1,960,832	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,960,832
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	76,374,546	-	25,130,991	130,325,625	3,184,616	2,916,772	10,781,563	36,978	248,751,091

277	Introduction
377	

About C anti BBVA

Our Value Creation Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

5.2.1.1 SAVING DEPOSITS INSURED BY SAVING DEPOSIT INSURANCE FUND

Information on saving deposits covered by deposit insurance and exceeding insurance coverage limit:

		DEPOSIT INSURANCE T INSURANCE LIMIT	OVER DEPOSI	T INSURANCE LIMIT
	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Saving Deposits	41,063,229	39,635,661	42,071,686	34,348,632
Foreign Currency Saving Deposits	25,573,877	20,431,430	72,868,396	59,516,383
Other Saving Deposits	10,285,722	3,179,119	10,182,644	2,560,389
Foreign Branches' Deposits Under Foreign Insurance Coverage	1,427,705	1,169,315	238	57
Off-Shore Branches' Deposits Under Foreign Insurance Coverage	-		-	-

5.2.1.2 SAVING DEPOSITS AT DOMESTIC BRANCHES OF FOREIGN BANKS IN TURKEY UNDER THE COVERAGE OF FOREIGN INSURANCE

None.

5.2.1.3 SAVING DEPOSITS NOT COVERED BY INSURANCE LIMITS

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Deposits and Other Accounts held at Foreign Branches	19,853	19,694
Deposits and Other Accounts held by Shareholders and their Relatives	-	-
Deposits and Other Accounts of the Chairman and Members of Board of Directors, Chief Executive Officer, Senior Executive Officers and their Relatives	142,150	154,297
Deposits and Other Accounts held as Assets subject to the Crime defined in the Article 282 of the Turkish Criminal Code no. 5237 dated 26 September 2004	-	-
Deposits at Depository Banks established for Off-Shore Banking Activities in Turkey	-	-

5.2.2 FUNDS BORROWED

	CURRI	CURRENT PERIOD		PRIOR PERIOD	
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Central Bank of Turkey	674,365	1,288,090	-	860,923	
Domestic Banks and Institutions	884,230	1,032,449	597,488	783,481	
Foreign Banks, Institutions and Funds	-	21,559,307	1,089,844	21,791,087	
Total	1,558,595	23,879,846	1,687,332	23,435,491	

5.2.2.1 MATURITIES OF FUNDS BORROWED

	CURR	CURRENT PERIOD		R PERIOD
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Short-Term	1,542,177	1,851,955	597,488	1,233,172
Medium and Long-Term	16,418	22,027,891	1,089,844	22,202,319
Total	1,558,595	23,879,846	1,687,332	23,435,491

5.2.2.2 DISCLOSURES FOR CONCENTRATION AREAS OF BANK'S LIABILITIES

The Bank finances its ordinary banking activities through deposits and funds borrowed. Its deposit structure has a balanced TL and foreign currency concentration. The Bank's other funding sources specifically consist of foreign currency funds borrowed from abroad, TL funds obtained through repurchase transactions, and TL and foreign currency securities issued.

Reaching	Operational	Data and	The Best and Most	Corporate	Financial Reports	378
More Customers	Excellence	Technology	Engaged Team	Governance	and Appendix	

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

5.2.3 MONEY MARKET FUNDS

	CUR	CURRENT PERIOD		OR PERIOD
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Domestic Transactions	70,949	-	67,722	-
Financial Institutions and Organizations	29,847	-	16,856	-
Other Institutions and Organizations	16,294	-	15,124	-
Individuals	24,808	-	35,742	-
Foreign Transactions	881	-	81	436,372
Financial Institutions and Organizations	-	-	-	436,372
Other Institutions and Organizations	850	-	-	-
Individuals	31	-	81	-
Total	71,830	-	67,803	436,372

5.2.4 SECURITIES ISSUED

	TL		FC	
CURRENT PERIOD	SHORT-TERM	MEDIUM AND LONG-TERM	SHORT-TERM	MEDIUM AND LONG-TERM
Nominal	4,689,395	2,267,502	-	14,244,885
Cost	4,549,118	2,239,143	-	14,152,997
Carrying Value (*)	4,661,251	1,427,727	-	12,901,692

(*) The Bank repurchased its own TL securities with a total face value of TL 876,948 and foreign currency securities with a total face value of USD 207,348,000 and netted off such securities in the accompanying financial statements.

	TL		FC	
PRIOR PERIOD	SHORT-TERM	MEDIUM AND LONG-TERM	SHORT-TERM	MEDIUM AND LONG-TERM
Nominal	4,832,937	2,032,018	-	11,400,440
Cost	4,822,428	2,030,144	-	11,327,075
Carrying Value (*)	4,825,540	1,210,544	-	10,371,648

(*) The Bank repurchased its own TL securities with a total face value of TL 874,386 and foreign currency securities with a total face value of USD 206,993,000 and netted off such securities in the accompanying financial statements.

5.2.5 FINANCIAL LIABILITIES MEASURED AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT/LOSS

	CURRE	CURRENT PERIOD		PRIOR PERIOD	
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Funds Borrowed	-	15,980,865	-	14,292,878	
Total	-	15,980,865	-	14,292,878	

In accordance with TFRS 9, the Bank classified a part of borrowings obtained through securitisations amounting to USD 2,323,462,798 (31 December 2019: USD 2,511,607,143) as financial liability at fair value through profit/loss at the initial recognition in order to eliminate the accounting mismatch.

As of 31 December 2020, the accumulated fair value change of the related financial liabilities amounted to TL 1,265,467 (31 December 2019: TL 725,306) and the corresponding gains/losses recognised in the statement of profit amounted to TL 540,161 (31 December 2019: TL (205,521)). The carrying value of the related financial liability amounted to TL 15,980,865 (31 December 2019: TL 14,292,878).

379	ntroduction	About Garanti BBVA	Our Value Creation

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

5.2.6 DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

5.2.6.1 NEGATIVE DIFFERENCES ON DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL LIABILITIES MEASURED AT FVTPL

	CURRE	CURRENT PERIOD		PRIOR PERIOD	
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Forward Transactions	146,089	8,756	155,695	5,666	
Swap Transactions	4,058,849	3,273,561	909,755	1,685,533	
Futures	-	-	-	-	
Options	44,093	35,226	112,257	99,937	
Others	-	-	-	-	
otal	4,249,031	3,317,543	1,177,707	1,791,136	

5.2.6.2 DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL LIABILITIES HELD FOR HEDGING PURPOSE

	CURREI	CURRENT PERIOD		PRIOR PERIOD	
DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL LIABILITIES HELD FOR HEDGING PURPOSE	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Fair Value Hedges	1,623	480,647	104,982	347,994	
Cash Flow Hedges	60,323	234,978	593,860	68,895	
Net Foreign Investment Hedges	-	-	-	-	
Total	61,946	715,625	698,842	416,889	

5.2.7 LEASE LIABILITIES (NET)

5.2.7.1 OPERATIONAL LEASE LIABILITIES

	CURR	CURRENT PERIOD		PERIOD
	GROSS	NET	GROSS	NET
Up to 1 Year	220,909	153,292	19,252	16,464
1-4 Years	620,102	430,297	756,435	462,377
More than 4 Years	417,100	289,432	541,245	330,839
Total	1,258,111	873,021	1,646,031	1,006,148

As of 31 December 2020, the weighted average of the incremental borrowing interest rates applied to TL, EUR and USD lease liabilities presented in the statement of financial position of the Bank are 13.9%, 0.6% and 7.0% (31 December 2019: 21.2%, 3.1% and 7%) respectively.

5.2.8 PROVISIONS

5.2.8.1 RESERVE FOR EMPLOYEE SEVERANCE INDEMNITY

CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
538,697	471,126
136,282	135,756
115,741	(2,926)
(52,255)	(65,259)
738,465	538,697
	538,697 136,282 115,741 (52,255)

5.2.8.2 PROVISIONS FOR FOREIGN EXCHANGE DIFFERENCES ON FOREIGN CURRENCY INDEXED LOANS AND FINANCIAL LEASE RECEIVABLES

None (31 December 2019: None).

Reaching More Customers	Operational Excellence	Data and Technology	The Best and Most Engaged Team	Corporate Governance	Financial Reports and Appendix	380

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

5.2.8.3 EXPECTED CREDIT LOSSES (STAGE 3) FOR NON-CASH LOANS THAT ARE NOT INDEMNIFIED OR CONVERTED INTO CASH

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Substandard Loans and Receivables - Limited Collectibility	1,791	50,032
Doubtful Loans and Receivables	3,846	186,431
Uncollectible Loans and Receivables	804,299	386,110
Total	809,936	622,573

5.2.8.4 OTHER PROVISIONS

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Reserve for Employee Benefits	1,333,913	1,144,956
Provision for Promotion Expenses of Credit Cards	219,291	162,688
Provision for Lawsuits	299,662	475,362
Provision for Non-Cash Loans	2,177,654	1,211,155
Other Provisions (*)	5,020,590	2,737,585
Total	9,051,110	5,731,746

(*)Includes total general reserve of TL 4,650,000 (31 December 2019: 2,500,000) consisting of TL 2,150,000 and TL 2,500,000 recognized as expense in the current period and prior periods, respectively.

Recognized liability for defined benefit plan obligations

The Bank obtained an actuarial report dated 28 December 2020 from an independent actuary reflecting the principles and procedures on determining the application of transfer transactions in accordance with the Law and it is determined that the assets of the Plan are above the amount that will be required to be paid to transfer the obligation and the asset surplus amounts to TL 6,118,955 at 31 December 2020 as details are given in the table below.

Furthermore, an actuarial report was prepared as of 31 December 2020 as per the requirements of the Law explained in Note 3.17, the accounting policies related with "employee benefits" for the benefits transferable to the SSF and as per TAS 19 for other benefits not transferable to the SSF and arising from other social rights and payments covered by the existing trust indenture of the Fund and medical benefits provided for employees. Based on the actuary's 28 December 2019 dated report, the asset surplus over the fair value of the plan assets to be used for the payment of the obligations also fully covers the benefits not transferable and still a surplus of TL 3,546,713 remains as of 31 December 2020 as details are given in the table below

	31 DECEMBER 2020	31 DECEMBER 2019
Transferable Pension and Medical Benefits:		
Net present value of pension benefits transferable to SSF	(2,200,812)	(1,846,213)
Net present value of medical benefits and health premiums transferable to SSF	925,296	556,956
General administrative expenses	(74,857)	(64,962)
Present Value of Pension and Medical Benefits Transferable to SSF (1)	(1,350,373)	(1,354,219)
Fair Value of Plan Assets (2)	7,469,328	5,988,881
Asset Surplus over Transferable Benefits ((2)-(1)=(3))	6,118,955	4,634,662
Non-Transferable Benefits:		
Other pension benefits	(1,396,390)	(1,002,495)
Other medical benefits	(1,175,852)	(1,394,042)
Total Non-Transferable Benefits (4)	(2,572,242)	(2,396,537)
Asset Surplus over Total Benefits ((3)-(4)=(5))	3,546,713	2,238,125

381	Introduction
301	

About Garanti BBVA

Our Value Creation Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Movement of recognized liability for asset shortage over the Bank's defined benefit plan

	31 December 2020	31 December 2019
Balance at Beginning of Period	-	-
Actual contributions paid during the period	(127,520)	(91,969)
Total expense recognized in the statement of profit or loss	85,084	73,334
Amount recognized in the shareholders' equity	42,436	18,635
Balance at End of Period	-	-

The major actuarial assumptions used in the calculation of other benefits not transferable to SSF in compliance with TAS 19 are as follows:

	31 December 2020	31 December 2019
	%	%
Discount Rate (*)	13.00	12.50
Inflation Rate (*)	9.70	8.20
Future Real Salary Increase Rate	1.50	1.50
Medical Cost Trend Rate	13.90	12.40
Future Pension Increase Rate (*)	9.70	8.20

(*) The above rates are effective rates, whereas the rates applied for the calculation differ according to the employees' years-in-service.

The sensitivity analysis of defined benefit obligation of excess liabilities and retirement indemnities are as follow:

DEFINED BENEFIT OBLIGATION	PENSION BENEFITS EFFECT	MEDICAL BENEFITS EFFECT	OVERALL EFFECT
Assumption change	%	%	%
Discount rate +0.5%	(7.00)	(9.80)	(8.30)
Discount rate -0.5%	7.90	11.50	9.50
Medical inflation rate +0.5%	-	11.20	5.10
Medical inflation rate -0.5%	-	(9.70)	(4.40)

RETIREMENT INDEMNITIES	SENSITIVITY OF PAST SERVICE LIABILITY	SENSITIVITY OF NORMAL COST
Assumption change	%	%
Discount rate +0.5%	(6.00)	(7.40)
Discount rate -0.5%	6.60	8.30
Inflation rate +0.5%	6.20	(3.80)
Inflation rate -0.5%	(6.00)	4.00

5.2.9 TAX LIABILITY

5.2.9.1 CURRENT TAX LIABILITY

5.2.9.1.1 TAX LIABILITY

As of 31 December 2020, the corporate tax liability amounts to TL 1,756,560 (31 December 2019: TL 609,369) after offsetting with prepaid taxes. If the differences arising between the book value and the tax base value of the assets subject to the current tax liability are related to the shareholders' equity account group, the current tax asset or liability is netted off by the relevant accounts in this group.

Reaching	Operational	Data and	The Best and Most	Corporate	Financial Reports	382
More Customers	Excellence	Technology	Engaged Team	Governance	and Appendix	

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

5.2.9.1.2 TAXES PAYABLE

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Corporate Taxes Payable	1,756,560	609,369
Taxation on Securities Income	102,988	190,677
Taxation on Real Estates Income	8,665	5,321
Banking Insurance Transaction Tax	189,865	201,870
Foreign Exchange Transaction Tax	19,230	10,997
Value Added Tax Payable	12,996	30,622
Others	67,106	79,377
otal	2,157,410	1,128,233

5.2.9.1.3 PREMIUMS

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Social Security Premiums-Employees	107	99
Social Security Premiums-Employer	131	121
Bank Pension Fund Premium-Employees	345	37
Bank Pension Fund Premium-Employer	532	37
Pension Fund Membership Fees and Provisions-Employees	-	-
Pension Fund Membership Fees and Provisions-Employer	-	-
Unemployment Insurance-Employees	1,851	1,653
Unemployment Insurance-Employer	3,743	3,331
Others	41	39
otal	6,750	5,317

5.2.9.2 DEFERRED TAX LIABILITY

None (31 December 2019: None).

5.2.10 LIABILITIES FOR ASSETS HELD FOR SALE AND ASSETS OF DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

None.

5.2.11 SUBORDINATED DEBTS

CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD CU	RRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
TL	FC	TL	FC
-	-	-	-
1,029,532	-	261,478	-
-	-	-	-
-	5,569,437	-	4,468,229
1,029,532	5,569,437	261,478	4,468,229
		TL FC - - 1,029,532 - - - - - - 5,569,437	TL FC TL - - - 1,029,532 - 261,478 - - - - 5,569,437 -

Disclosures on subordinated debts are reported in Note 4.1.2.

383	Introduction	About Garanti BBVA	Our Value Creation

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

5.2.12 OTHER LIABILITIES

	CURR	CURRENT PERIOD		PRIOR PERIOD	
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Payables from credit card transactions	13,340,047	76,790	9,955,158	119,683	
Payables from clearing transactions	3,534,101	23,089	2,978,282	74,119	
Other	1,463,323	3,253,941	1,058,697	1,436,241	
- Total	18,337,471	3,353,820	13,992,137	1,630,043	

5.2.13 SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

5.2.13.1 PAID-IN CAPITAL

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Common Shares	4,200,000	4,200,000
Preference Shares	-	-
5.2.13.2 REGISTERED SHARE CAPITAL SYSTEM		

5.2.13.2 REGISTERED SHARE CAPITAL SYSTEM

CAPITAL	PAID-IN CAPITAL	CEILING PER REGISTERED SHARE CAPITAL
Registered Shares	4,200,000	10,000,000

5.2.13.3 CAPITAL INCREASES IN CURRENT PERIOD

None.

5.2.13.4 CAPITAL INCREASES FROM CAPITAL RESERVES IN CURRENT PERIOD

None.

5.2.13.5 CAPITAL COMMITMENTS FOR CURRENT AND FUTURE FINANCIAL PERIODS

None.

5.2.13.6 POSSIBLE EFFECT OF ESTIMATIONS MADE FOR THE PARENT BANK'S REVENUES, PROFITABILITY AND LIQUIDITY ON EQUITY CONSIDERING PRIOR PERIOD INDICATORS AND UNCERTAINTIES

None.

5.2.13.7 INFORMATION ON PRIVILEGES GIVEN TO STOCKS REPRESENTING THE CAPITAL

None.

Reaching More Customers	Operational Excellence	Data and Technology	The Best and Most Engaged Team	Corporate Governance	Financial Reports and Appendix	384

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

5.2.13.8 SECURITIES VALUE INCREASE FUND

	CURREN	CURRENT PERIOD		PRIOR PERIOD	
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Investments in Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint-Ventures	5,428,074	295,244	3,420,702	211,201	
Valuation difference	5,428,074	295,244	3,420,702	211,201	
Exchange rate difference	-	-	-	-	
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	184,109	(53,356)	(41,778)	48,975	
Valuation difference	190,749	(53,356)	(41,778)	48,975	
Exchange rate difference	(6,640)	-	-	-	
Total	5,612,183	241,888	3,378,924	260,176	

5.2.13.9 REVALUATION SURPLUS

	CURREN	CURRENT PERIOD		PRIOR PERIOD	
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Movables	52,120	27,525	24,125	194,826	
Real Estates	1,737,731	86,833	1,423,652	72,955	
Gain on Sale of Investments in Associates and Subsidiaries and Real Estates allocated for Capital Increases	-	-	-	-	
Other	(302,664)	-	(172,393)	-	
Total	1,487,187	114,358	1,275,384	267,781	

5.2.13.10 BONUS SHARES OF ASSOCIATES, SUBSIDIARIES AND JOINT-VENTURES

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Bankalararası Kart Merkezi A.Ş.	5,781	-
Garanti Yatırım Menkul Değerler AŞ	942	942
Kredi Kayıt Bürosu AŞ	481	481
Garanti Ödeme Sistemleri AŞ	401	401
Doğuş Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı AŞ	22	22
Yatırım Finansman Menkul Değerler AŞ	9	9
Total	7,636	1,855

5.2.13.11 LEGAL RESERVES

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
I. Legal Reserve	961,534	961,534
II. Legal Reserve	503,840	503,840
Special Reserves	-	-
Total	1,465,374	1,465,374

5.2.13.12 EXTRAORDINARY RESERVES

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Legal reserves that was allocated to be in compliance with the decisions made on the Annual General Assembly	43,936,102	37,705,498

385	Introduction	About Garanti BBVA	

Our Value Creation Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

5.3 OFF-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS

5.3.1 OFF-BALANCE SHEET CONTINGENCIES

5.3.1.1 IRREVOCABLE CREDIT COMMITMENTS

The Bank has term asset purchase and sale commitments of TL 26,769,647 (31 December 2019: TL 15,360,864), commitments for cheque payments of TL 3,174,209 (31 December 2019: TL 3,184,727) and commitments for credit card limits of TL 46,297,211 (31 December 2019: TL 37,522,327).

5.3.1.2 POSSIBLE LOSSES, COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES RESULTED FROM OFF-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Letters of Guarantee in Foreign Currency	32,453,565	25,924,721
Letters of Guarantee in TL	31,475,024	23,555,242
Letters of Credit	10,137,818	9,361,115
Bills of Exchange and Acceptances	2,173,451	1,579,043
Prefinancings	-	-
Other Guarantees	119,880	74,179
Total	76,359,738	60,494,300

Expected losses for non-cash loans and irrevocable commitments

CURRENT PERIOD	STAGE 1	STAGE 2	STAGE 3	TOTAL
Balances at Beginning of Period	238,320	350,262	622,573	1,211,155
Additions during the Period (+)	647,512	764,242	348,969	1,760,723
Disposals (-)	(480,007)	(238,442)	(260,524)	(978,973)
Sales (-)	-	-	-	-
Write-offs (-)	-	-	-	-
Transfer to Stage 1	144,361	(143,945)	(416)	=
Transfer to Stage 2	(41,604)	56,584	(14,980)	-
Transfer to Stage 3	(271)	(18,211)	18,482	-
Foreign Currency Differences	28,197	60,720	95,832	184,749
Provisions at End of Period	536,508	831,210	809,936	2,177,654
PRIOR PERIOD	STAGE 1	STAGE 2	STAGE 3	TOTAL
Balances at Beginning of Period	121,505	244,658	282,169	648,332
Additions during the Period (+)	298,618	453,134	341,285	1,093,037
Disposals (-)	(251,787)	(178,793)	(146,355)	(576,935)
Sales (-)	-	-	-	=
Write-offs (-)	-	-	-	=
Transfer to Stage 1	89,164	(88,747)	(417)	=
Transfer to Stage 2	(25,129)	26,439	(1,310)	-
Transfer to Stage 3	(381)	(119,323)	119,704	-
Foreign Currency Differences	6,330	12,894	27,497	46,721
Provisions at End of Period	238,320	350,262	622,573	1,211,155

Lifetime expected credit loss (Stage 3) of TL 809,936 (31 December 2019: TL 622,573) is made for unliquidated non-cash loans of TL 1,434,029 (31 December 2019: TL 1,539,690) recorded under the off-balance sheet items.

The detailed information for commitments, guarantees and sureties are provided under the statement of "off-balance sheet items".

Reaching More Customers	Operational Excellence	Data and Technology	The Best and Most Engaged Team	Corporate Governance	Financial Reports and Appendix	386

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

5.3.1.3 NON-CASH LOANS

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Non-Cash Loans against Cash Risks	14,143,550	11,045,938
With Original Maturity of 1 Year or Less	2,272,692	1,673,837
With Original Maturity of More Than 1 Year	11,870,858	9,372,101
Other Non-Cash Loans	62,216,188	49,448,362
Total	76,359,738	60,494,300

5.3.1.4 SECTORAL RISK CONCENTRATION OF NON-CASH LOANS

		CURRENT PER	lod			PRIOR PE	RIOD	
	TL	(%)	FC	(%)	TL	(%)	FC	(%)
Agriculture	120,752	0.38	66,929	0.15	82,088	0.35	56,468	0.15
Farming and Stockbreeding	78,187	0.25	14,980	0.03	57,843	0.25	45,668	0.12
Forestry	20,634	0.06	35,972	0.08	18,383	0.08	2,861	0.01
Fishery	21,931	0.07	15,977	0.04	5,862	0.02	7,939	0.02
Manufacturing	8,088,269	25.42	21,455,300	48.18	6,260,335	26.46	18,726,875	50.83
Mining and Quarrying	311,013	0.98	249,576	0.56	206,972	0.87	152,293	0.41
Production	5,507,663	17.31	13,874,814	31.15	3,979,058	16.82	12,474,222	33.86
Electricity, Gas, Water	2,269,593	7.13	7,330,910	16.46	2,074,305	8.77	6,100,360	16.56
Construction	3,913,005	12.30	7,887,926	17.71	3,559,594	15.05	4,553,521	12.36
Services	17,526,121	55.07	13,325,629	29.92	11,603,233	49.05	11,224,270	30.47
Wholesale and Retail Trade	10,060,778	31.61	5,466,175	12.27	7,574,285	32.02	4,627,167	12.56
Accommodation and Dining	763,987	2.40	645,917	1.45	508,837	2.15	433,974	1.18
Transportation and Telecommunication	1,562,899	4.91	2,543,159	5.71	939,459	3.97	2,142,586	5.82
Financial Institutions	3,345,100	10.51	4,376,049	9.83	1,989,264	8.41	3,656,972	9.93
Real Estate and Rental Services	1,497,849	4.71	220,544	0.5	361,873	1.53	249,945	0.68
Professional Services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Educational Services	44,668	0.14	2,267	0.01	48,806	0.21	1,678	-
Health and Social Services	250,840	0.79	71,518	0.16	180,709	0.76	111,948	0.3
Others	2,176,193	6.84	1,799,614	4.05	2,150,322	9.09	2,277,594	6.19
Total	31,824,340	100	44,535,398	100	23,655,572	100.00	36,838,728	100.00

387	Introduction	About Garanti BBVA	Our Value Creation	

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

5.3.1.5 NON-CASH LOANS CLASSIFIED UNDER GROUP I AND II

	GROU	GROUPI			
CURRENT PERIOD	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Non-Cash Loans	28,350,984	40,196,745	3,371,337	3,409,653	
Letters of Guarantee	28,015,726	28,448,756	3,357,280	3,077,654	
Bills of Exchange and Bank Acceptances	64,784	1,974,826	5,410	126,586	
Letters of Credit	270,475	9,653,283	8,647	205,413	
Endorsements	-	-	-	-	
Underwriting Commitments	-	-	-	-	
Factoring Related Guarantees	-	-	-	-	
Other Guarantees and Surities	-	119,880	=	-	
	GROU	GROUPI			
PRIOR PERIOD	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Non-Cash Loans	20,778,770	33,846,524	2,544,787	1,978,592	
Letters of Guarantee	20,678,440	23,194,060	2,544,787	1,718,529	
Bills of Exchange and Bank Acceptances	35,845	1,533,885	-	7,833	
Letters of Credit	64,485	9,046,123	-	250,507	
Endorsements	-	-	-	-	
Underwriting Commitments	-	-	-	-	
Factoring Related Guarantees	-	-	-	-	
Other Guarantees and Surities	-	72,456	-	1,723	

5.3.2 FINANCIAL DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS

UP TO 1 MONTH	1-3 MONTHS	3-12 MONTHS	1-5 YEARS 5 \	EARS AND OVER	TOTAL
1,476,000	363,672	2,527,858	22,477,151	9,569,041	36,413,722
-	3,672	108,046	2,732,484	5,202,241	8,046,443
1,476,000	360,000	2,419,812	19,744,667	4,366,800	28,367,279
-	-	=	=	-	-
116,208,218	78,762,415	26,548,574	2,419,948	1,258,037	225,197,192
3,234,406	3,033,146	3,252,464	133,771	-	9,653,787
3,182,685	2,903,147	3,045,813	132,947	-	9,264,592
48,241,405	34,577,356	8,600,269	1,080,104	503,307	93,002,441
57,230,988	36,931,811	9,028,071	1,061,524	754,730	105,007,124
1,588,095	421,555	852,907	5,784	-	2,868,341
1,749,667	434,376	836,758	5,818	-	3,026,619
501,272	235,059	442,800	-	-	1,179,131
479,700	225,965	489,492	-	-	1,195,157
12,638,694	13,844,326	18,443,382	38,526,197	65,933,195	149,385,794
6,319,347	6,922,163	9,221,897	18,241,551	32,280,326	72,985,284
6,319,347	6,922,163	9,221,485	18,241,551	32,280,326	72,984,872
-	-	=	665,802	1,180,800	1,846,602
-	-	=	1,377,293	191,743	1,569,036
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	=	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
8,313,624	379,569	206,295	12,154,311	22,140,000	43,193,799
137,160,536	92,986,310	45,198,251	53,100,456	89,331,232	417,776,785
120 424 524	02 240 002	47 724 100	75 577 407	09 000 272	454,190,507
	1,476,000 1,476,000 1,476,000 116,208,218 3,234,406 3,234,406 3,182,685 48,241,405 57,230,988 1,588,095 1,749,667 501,272 479,700 12,638,694 6,319,347 6,319,347 - <td>1,476,000 363,672 3,672 3,672 1,476,000 360,000 1,476,000 360,000 - - 116,208,218 78,762,415 3,234,406 3,033,146 3,182,685 2,903,147 48,241,405 34,577,356 57,230,988 36,931,811 1,588,095 421,555 1,749,667 434,376 501,272 235,059 479,700 225,965 12,638,694 13,844,326 6,319,347 6,922,163 6,319,347 6,922,163 6,319,347 6,922,163 6,319,347 6,922,163 6,319,347 6,922,163 6,319,347 6,922,163 6,319,347 6,922,163 6,319,347 6,922,163 6,319,347 6,922,163 6,319,347 6,922,163 6,319,347 6,922,163 6,319,347 6,922,163 6,319,347 6,922,163 6,319,347<td>1,476,000 363,672 2,527,858 . 3,672 108,046 1,476,000 360,000 2,419,812 . . .</td><td>1,476,000 363,672 2,527,858 22,477,151 - 3,672 108,046 2,732,484 1,476,000 360,000 2,419,812 19,744,667 - - - - 116,208,218 78,762,415 26,548,574 2,419,948 3,234,406 3,033,146 3,252,464 133,771 3,182,685 2,903,147 3,045,813 132,947 48,241,405 34,577,356 8,600,269 1,080,104 57,230,988 36,931,811 9,028,071 1,061,524 1,588,095 421,555 852,907 5,784 1,749,667 434,376 836,758 5,818 501,272 235,059 442,800 - 479,700 225,965 489,492 - 6,319,347 6,922,163 9,221,897 18,241,551 6,319,347 6,922,163 9,221,485 18,241,551 6,319,347 6,922,163 9,221,485 18,241,551 6,319,347 6,922,163 9,221,485</td><td>1,476,000 363,672 2,527,858 22,477,151 9,569,041 - 3,672 108,046 2,732,484 5,202,241 1,476,000 360,000 2,419,812 19,744,667 4,366,800 - - - - - - 116,208,218 78,762,415 26,548,574 2,419,948 1,258,037 3,234,406 3,033,146 3,252,464 133,771 - 3,182,685 2,903,147 3,045,813 132,947 - 48,241,405 34,577,356 8,600,269 1,080,104 503,307 57,230,988 36,931,811 9,028,071 1,061,524 754,730 1,588,095 421,555 852,907 5,784 - 1,749,667 434,376 836,758 5,818 - 501,272 235,059 442,800 - - 479,700 225,965 489,492 - - 479,700 225,965 489,492 - - 6,319,347</td></td>	1,476,000 363,672 3,672 3,672 1,476,000 360,000 1,476,000 360,000 - - 116,208,218 78,762,415 3,234,406 3,033,146 3,182,685 2,903,147 48,241,405 34,577,356 57,230,988 36,931,811 1,588,095 421,555 1,749,667 434,376 501,272 235,059 479,700 225,965 12,638,694 13,844,326 6,319,347 6,922,163 6,319,347 6,922,163 6,319,347 6,922,163 6,319,347 6,922,163 6,319,347 6,922,163 6,319,347 6,922,163 6,319,347 6,922,163 6,319,347 6,922,163 6,319,347 6,922,163 6,319,347 6,922,163 6,319,347 6,922,163 6,319,347 6,922,163 6,319,347 6,922,163 6,319,347 <td>1,476,000 363,672 2,527,858 . 3,672 108,046 1,476,000 360,000 2,419,812 . . .</td> <td>1,476,000 363,672 2,527,858 22,477,151 - 3,672 108,046 2,732,484 1,476,000 360,000 2,419,812 19,744,667 - - - - 116,208,218 78,762,415 26,548,574 2,419,948 3,234,406 3,033,146 3,252,464 133,771 3,182,685 2,903,147 3,045,813 132,947 48,241,405 34,577,356 8,600,269 1,080,104 57,230,988 36,931,811 9,028,071 1,061,524 1,588,095 421,555 852,907 5,784 1,749,667 434,376 836,758 5,818 501,272 235,059 442,800 - 479,700 225,965 489,492 - 6,319,347 6,922,163 9,221,897 18,241,551 6,319,347 6,922,163 9,221,485 18,241,551 6,319,347 6,922,163 9,221,485 18,241,551 6,319,347 6,922,163 9,221,485</td> <td>1,476,000 363,672 2,527,858 22,477,151 9,569,041 - 3,672 108,046 2,732,484 5,202,241 1,476,000 360,000 2,419,812 19,744,667 4,366,800 - - - - - - 116,208,218 78,762,415 26,548,574 2,419,948 1,258,037 3,234,406 3,033,146 3,252,464 133,771 - 3,182,685 2,903,147 3,045,813 132,947 - 48,241,405 34,577,356 8,600,269 1,080,104 503,307 57,230,988 36,931,811 9,028,071 1,061,524 754,730 1,588,095 421,555 852,907 5,784 - 1,749,667 434,376 836,758 5,818 - 501,272 235,059 442,800 - - 479,700 225,965 489,492 - - 479,700 225,965 489,492 - - 6,319,347</td>	1,476,000 363,672 2,527,858 . 3,672 108,046 1,476,000 360,000 2,419,812 . . .	1,476,000 363,672 2,527,858 22,477,151 - 3,672 108,046 2,732,484 1,476,000 360,000 2,419,812 19,744,667 - - - - 116,208,218 78,762,415 26,548,574 2,419,948 3,234,406 3,033,146 3,252,464 133,771 3,182,685 2,903,147 3,045,813 132,947 48,241,405 34,577,356 8,600,269 1,080,104 57,230,988 36,931,811 9,028,071 1,061,524 1,588,095 421,555 852,907 5,784 1,749,667 434,376 836,758 5,818 501,272 235,059 442,800 - 479,700 225,965 489,492 - 6,319,347 6,922,163 9,221,897 18,241,551 6,319,347 6,922,163 9,221,485 18,241,551 6,319,347 6,922,163 9,221,485 18,241,551 6,319,347 6,922,163 9,221,485	1,476,000 363,672 2,527,858 22,477,151 9,569,041 - 3,672 108,046 2,732,484 5,202,241 1,476,000 360,000 2,419,812 19,744,667 4,366,800 - - - - - - 116,208,218 78,762,415 26,548,574 2,419,948 1,258,037 3,234,406 3,033,146 3,252,464 133,771 - 3,182,685 2,903,147 3,045,813 132,947 - 48,241,405 34,577,356 8,600,269 1,080,104 503,307 57,230,988 36,931,811 9,028,071 1,061,524 754,730 1,588,095 421,555 852,907 5,784 - 1,749,667 434,376 836,758 5,818 - 501,272 235,059 442,800 - - 479,700 225,965 489,492 - - 479,700 225,965 489,492 - - 6,319,347

Reaching	Operational	Data and	The Best and Most	Corporate	Financial Reports	388
More Customers	Excellence	Technology	Engaged Team	Governance	and Appendix	
	ARANTI BANK Financial Report as of an urkish Lira (TL))	3	d 31 December 2020		Convenience Translation of Fi Statements and Related Disclosu Footnotes Originally Issued in	res and

PRIOR PERIOD	UP TO 1 MONTH	1-3 MONTHS	3-12 MONTHS	1-5 YEARS	5 YEARS AND OVER	TOTAL
Derivative Financial Instruments held for Risk Management						
A. Total Derivative Financial Instruments held for Risk Management	200,000	1,078,102	10,689,214	33,554,324	15,020,587	60,542,227
Fair Value Hedges	-	678,102	1,869,214	7,405,971	10,928,014	20,881,301
Cash Flow Hedges	200,000	400,000	8,820,000	26,148,353	4,092,573	39,660,926
Net Foreign Investment Hedges	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trading Derivatives						
Foreign Currency related Derivative Transactions (I)	89,593,479	51,731,241	30,372,670	5,344,404	1,086,044	178,127,838
Currency Forwards-Purchases	2,784,499	1,760,038	3,038,874	153,184	-	7,736,595
Currency Forwards-Sales	2,766,524	1,721,788	2,977,190	168,047	-	7,633,549
Currency Swaps-Purchases	39,537,357	20,471,662	8,858,303	1,902,038	486,741	71,256,101
Currency Swaps-Sales	35,832,940	20,633,510	9,002,834	1,879,823	599,303	67,948,410
Currency Options-Purchases	4,257,046	3,149,744	3,182,866	600,000	-	11,189,656
Currency Options-Sales	4,415,113	3,578,695	3,240,735	592,080	-	11,826,623
Currency Futures-Purchases	-	208,060	36,343	25,549	-	269,952
Currency Futures-Sales	-	207,744	35,525	23,683	-	266,952
Interest Rate related Derivative Transactions (II)	280,080	213,172	9,415,910	18,849,038	53,170,573	81,928,773
Interest Rate Swaps-Purchases	140,040	91,784	1,777,913	8,934,599	25,554,648	36,498,984
Interest Rate Swaps-Sales	140,040	91,784	1,777,913	8,934,599	25,554,648	36,498,984
Interest Rate Options-Purchases	-	-	4,971,964	-	1,677,157	6,649,121
Interest Rate Options-Sales	-	-	888,120	979,840	384,120	2,252,080
Securities Options-Purchases	-	=	-	-	-	-
Securities Options-Sales	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest Rate Futures-Purchases	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest Rate Futures-Sales	-	29,604	-	-	-	29,604
Other Trading Derivatives (III)	3,955,665	624,592	157,288	3,950,269	11,101,510	19,789,324
B. Total Trading Derivatives (I+II+III)	93,829,224	52,569,005	39,945,868	28,143,711	65,358,127	279,845,935
Total Derivative Transactions (A+B)	94,029,224	53,647,107	50,635,082	61,698,035	80,378,714	340,388,162

5.3.3 CREDIT DERIVATIVES AND RISK EXPOSURES ON CREDIT DERIVATIVES

As of 31 December 2020, there are total return swaps of the Bank with a total face value of USD 2,323,462,798 (31 December 2019: USD 2,511,607,143) classified under "other derivative financial instruments", where the Bank is on the selling side of the protection.

5.3.4 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND ASSETS

The Bank made a total provision amounting to TL 299,662 (31 December 2019: TL 475,362) for the lawsuits filed by various customers and institutions against the Bank which are likely to occur and for which cash outflow might be necessary, and disclosed it under Note 5.3.7.4, other provisions. The Bank has various other lawsuits which are unlikely to occur and for which cash outflow is not expected to incur.

It is possible that the Bank may be required to provide additional collateral for the derivative transactions involved due to changes in certain financials indicators such as CDS levels, currency exchange rates, interest rates etc.

5.3.5 SERVICES RENDERED ON BEHALF OF THIRD PARTIES

The Bank acts as an investment agent for banking transactions on behalf of its customers and provides custody services. Such transactions are followed under off-balance sheet accounts.

	Introduction	About	
389		Garanti BBVA	

Our Val Creatio Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

5.4 STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

5.4.1 INTEREST INCOME

5.4.1.1 INTEREST INCOME FROM LOANS (*)

	CURRENT PERIOD		PRIOR PERIOD	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Interest income received from loans				
Short-term loans	7,590,922	478,736	9,890,070	526,684
Medium and long-term loans	15,974,463	4,839,346	16,359,110	4,898,182
Loans under follow-up	479,436	202,792	498,902	119,627
Premiums Received from Resource Utilization Support Fund	-	-	=	-
Total	24,044,821	5,520,874	26,748,082	5,544,493

(*) Includes also the fee and commission income on cash loans

5.4.1.2 INTEREST INCOME FROM BANKS

	CUR	CURRENT PERIOD		PRIOR PERIOD	
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Central Bank of Turkey	292	-	10,979	31,217	
Domestic Banks	43,611	1,393	214,899	3,937	
Foreign Banks	2,385	33,068	5,870	281,868	
Foreign Head Offices and Branches	-	-	-	-	
Total	46,288	34,461	231,748	317,022	

5.4.1.3 INTEREST INCOME FROM SECURITIES PORTFOLIO

	CURRENT PERIOD		PRIOR PERIOD	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Profit or Loss	83,787	34,078	91,788	8,176
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	2,560,617	434,547	2,280,397	393,817
Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost	2,832,744	458,393	2,480,039	332,026
Total	5,477,148	927,018	4,852,224	734,019

As disclosed in the accounting policies, the Bank values CPI-indexed government bonds in its securities portfolio according to the reference index on the issue date and the index that is calculated according to the expected inflation rate. The inflation rate used during the valuation is being updated during the year when it is considered necessary. As of 31 December 2020, the valuation of such securities was made according to annual inflation as of balance sheet date.

5.4.1.4 INTEREST INCOME RECEIVED FROM ASSOCIATES AND SUBSIDIARIES

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Interest Received from Investments in Associates and Subsidiaries	257,809	197,128

Reaching	Operational	Data and	The Best and Most	Corporate	Financial Reports	390
More Customers	Excellence	Technology	Engaged Team	Governance	and Appendix	

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

5.4.2 INTEREST EXPENSES

5.4.2.1 INTEREST EXPENSES ON FUNDS BORROWED (*)

	CURRE	NT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Banks	131,796	587,869	157,180	786,764
Central Bank of Turkey	23,624	1,896	-	4,672
Domestic Banks	68,526	20,335	65,975	34,406
Foreign Banks	39,646	565,638	91,205	747,686
Foreign Head Offices and Branches	-	-	-	-
Other Institutions	-	782,017	-	1,008,496
Total	131,796	1,369,886	157,180	1,795,260

 $(\ensuremath{^*})$ Includes also the fee and commission expenses on borrowings

5.4.2.2 INTEREST EXPENSES PAID TO ASSOCIATES AND SUBSIDIARIES

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Interest Paid to Investments in Associates and Subsidiaries	340,750	435,858

5.4.2.3 INTEREST EXPENSES ON SECURITIES ISSUED

	CURR	PRIC	PRIOR PERIOD	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Interest Paid on Securities Issued	820,201	1,083,385	896,683	1,117,673

5.4.2.4 MATURITY STRUCTURE OF INTEREST EXPENSE ON DEPOSITS

CURRENT PERIOD				TIME	DEPOSITS			
ACCOUNT DESCRIPTION	DEMAND DEPOSITS	UP TO 1 MONTH	1-3 MONTHS	3-6 MONTHS	6-12 MONTHS	1 YEAR AND OVER	ACCUMULATING DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS	TOTAL
Turkish Lira								
Bank Deposits	1,489	58,543	-	-	-	-	-	60,032
Saving Deposits	10	287,696	5,023,674	31,494	26,242	178,182	-	5,547,298
Public Sector Deposits	=	8,734	8,668	1	-	1	-	17,404
Commercial Deposits	3	1,152,512	1,179,187	23,711	25,329	121,706	-	2,502,448
Other	2	43,861	126,184	33,514	14,578	465,143	-	683,282
"7 Days Notice" Deposits	=	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total TL	1,504	1,551,346	6,337,713	88,720	66,149	765,032	-	8,810,464
Foreign Currency								
Foreign Currency Deposits	1	29,075	289,635	11,032	27,647	89,577	339	447,306
Bank Deposits	=	94	-	-	-	-	-	94
"7 Days Notice" Deposits	=	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Precious Metal Deposits	-	-	-	-	21	7,846	-	7,867
Total FC	1	29,169	289,635	11,032	27,668	97,423	339	455,267
Grand Total	1,505	1,580,515	6,627,348	99,752	93,817	862,455	339	9,265,731

2	0	4	
- 3	9		

Our Value Creation Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

PRIOR PERIOD		TIME DEPOSITS						
ACCOUNT DESCRIPTION	DEMAND DEPOSITS	UP TO 1 MONTH	1-3 MONTHS	3-6 MONTHS	6-12 MONTHS	1 YEAR AND OVER	ACCUMULATING DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS	TOTAL
Turkish Lira								
Bank Deposits	3,171	67,054	-	-	-	-	-	70,225
Saving Deposits	77	417,877	8,293,806	417,451	269,149	595,899	=	9,994,259
Public Sector Deposits	-	2,948	6,579	523	106	8	=	10,164
Commercial Deposits	248	1,421,329	1,712,154	84,491	86,575	199,088	=	3,503,885
Other	11	35,436	154,228	7,675	90,085	695,752	-	983,187
"7 Days Notice" Deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total TL	3,507	1,944,644	10,166,767	510,140	445,915	1,490,747	-	14,561,720
Foreign Currency								
Foreign Currency Deposits	38	155,761	1,314,122	65,148	101,458	171,575	441	1,808,543
Bank Deposits	-	4,761	-	-	-	-	=	4,761
"7 Days Notice" Deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Precious Metal Deposits	-	-	23	244	129	6,813	-	7,209
Total FC	38	160,522	1,314,145	65,392	101,587	178,388	441	1,820,513
Grand Total	3,545	2,105,166	11,480,912	575,532	547,502	1,669,135	441	16,382,233

5.4.2.5 INTEREST EXPENSE ON MONEY MARKET TRANSACTIONS

	CURREN	PRIOR PERIOD		
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Interest Paid on Repurchase Agreements	235,375	4,285	21,085	14,085

5.4.2.6 INTEREST EXPENSE ON LEASE LIABILITIES

5.4.2.6.1 INTEREST EXPENSE ON FINANCIAL LEASES

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
- Financial Lease Expenses	-	2,788

5.4.2.6.2 INTEREST EXPENSE ON OPERATIONAL LEASES

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Operational lease expenses	129,771	182,867

5.4.2.7 INTEREST EXPENSES ON FACTORING PAYABLES

None.

5.4.3 DIVIDEND INCOME

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Financial Assets Valued at Fair Value through Profit or Loss	-	-
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	-	=
Others	18,994	8,893
Total	18,994	8,893

Reaching	Operational	Data and	The Best and Most	Corporate	Financial Reports	392
More Customers	Excellence	Technology	Engaged Team	Governance	and Appendix	

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

5.4.4 TRADING INCOME/LOSSES

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Income	152,630,502	113,159,139
Trading Account Income	1,758,882	376,612
Gains from Derivative Financial Instruments	10,688,264	10,465,446
Foreign Exchange Gains	140,183,356	102,317,081
Losses (-)	152,449,015	115,098,658
Trading Account Losses	1,133,705	582,439
Losses from Derivative Financial Instruments	17,073,338	13,338,366
Foreign Exchange Losses	134,241,972	101,177,853
Total	181,487	(1,939,519)

TL 4,289,379 (31 December 2019: TL 2,248,143) of foreign exchange gains and TL 2,415,466 (31 December 2019: TL 2,260,675) of foreign exchange losses are resulted from the exchange rate changes of derivative financial transactions.

The Bank enters into interest rate swap agreements in order to hedge the change in fair values of its fixed rate financial instruments due to fluctuations in market interest rates. In this respect, the Bank applied fair value hedge accounting for the fixed rate eurobonds issued in 2011 with a total face value of USD 500,000,000, maturity of 10 years and maturity date of 20 April 2021 which were priced at 6.375% originally and had a coupon rate of 6.25%, by designating interest rate swaps with the same face values and terms. In June 2012, the Bank ceased to apply hedge accounting and accordingly fair value calculations for these bonds. The accumulated fair value differences incurred starting from the date of hedge accounting up to the date on which it was ceased, are amortized as per the effective interest-rate method in compliance with TFRS 9.

The Bank also enters into interest rate and cross currency swap agreements in order to hedge the change in cash flows of floating rate financial instruments due to fluctuations in market interest rates. In this respect, the Bank applied cash flow hedge accounting for funds borrowed amounting to USD 15,965,405 and EUR 18,421,064 and securitization borrowings amounting to EUR 33,994,728 by designating cross currency swaps with the same face values and terms and securitizations amounting to USD 399,186,992 and EUR 30,000,000 and deposits amounting to TL 1,730,000, USD 610,000,000 and forward EUR 480,000,000 by designating interest rate swaps with the same face values. Accordingly, in the current period, gain of TL 16,656 (31 December 2019: TL 19,136) and loss of TL (247,380) (31 December 2019: loss of TL 623,240) resulting from cross currency and interest rate swap were recognised under shareholders' equity, respectively.

The Bank also applied fair value hedge accounting for its fixed-rate loans with a total principal of TL 200,000, USD 55,544,712 and EUR 43,337,771, for its fixed rate coupons with a total face value of USD 387,500,000 and fixed-rate coupons with a total face value of EUR 23,800,000 by designating interest rate swaps and cross currency swaps with the same face values and terms. Accordingly, the accumulated fair value gain for the hedged loans and bonds is TL 12,559 (31 December 2019: gain of TL 161,485) and TL 371,381 (31 December 2019: gain of TL 206,320) respectively. The part of the related amount that belongs to the current period is accounted for under net trading income/losses in the statement of profit or loss.

The Bank applies cash flow hedge accounting in order to hedge its expected investment expenditures which are considered to have high probability of realization in the future from the exchange rate risk that will occur due to fluctuations in the market exchange rates. Cash flow hedge accounting is applied between the estimated investment expenditures amounting to USD 67,639,959 in total (31 December 2019: None) and foreign currency denominated assets and exchange differences arising from translation of foreign currency denominated assets into Turkish Lira are accounted under "Other Comprehensive Income/Expense Items to be Recycled to Profit or Loss". As of 31 December 2020, TL (24,655) arising from cash flow accounting is accounted under equity. There is no ineffective portion arising from cash flow hedge accounting.

The Bank applies cash flow hedge accounting in order to hedge its foreign Eurobond coupon returns which are considered to have high probability of realization in the future from the exchange rate risk that will occur due to fluctuations in the market exchange rates. Cash flow hedge accounting is applied between the estimated foreign Eurobond coupon returns amounting to USD 67,639,959 in total (31 December 2019: None) and foreign currency denominated liabilities and exchange differences arising from translation

About Garanti BBVA Our Value Creation Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

of foreign currency denominated liabilities into Turkish Lira are accounted under "Other Comprehensive Income/Expense Items to be Recycled to Profit or Loss". As of 31 December 2020, TL 24,655 (31 December 2019: None) arising from cash flow accounting is accounted under equity. There is no ineffective portion arising from cash flow hedge accounting.

The Bank applies cash flow hedge accounting in order to hedge its payment commitments made within the context of a special mile program that the Bank is subject to from the exchange rate risk that will occur due to fluctuations in the market exchange rates. Cash flow hedge accounting is applied between the payment commitments amounting to USD 11,333,460 in total (31 December 2019: None) and foreign currency denominated assets and exchange differences arising from translation of foreign currency denominated assets into Turkish Lira are accounted under "Other Comprehensive Income/Expense Items to be Recycled to Profit or Loss". As of 31 December 2020, TL (3,338) (31 December 2019: None) arising from cash flow accounting is accounted under equity. There is no ineffective portion arising from cash flow hedge accounting.

5.4.5 OTHER OPERATING INCOME

The items under "other operating income" generally consists of collection or reversals of prior years' expected credit loseses, banking services related costs recharged to customers and income on custody services.

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Reversal of Prior Years' Provisions	4,146,680	3,660,801
Stage 1 Provisions	1,123,801	926,455
Stage 2 Provisions	1,557,092	1,624,158
Stage 3 Provisions	1,272,420	962,227
Others	193,367	147,961
Revenues from Term Sale of Assets	114,882	95,841
Others	306,160	208,431
Total	4,567,722	3,965,073

5.4.6 EXPECTED CREDIT LOSSES AND OTHER PROVISIONS

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Expected Credit Losses	13,394,295	10,701,394
12-Month ECL (Stage 1)	2,588,834	1,405,368
Lifetime ECL Significant Increase in Credit Risk (Stage 2)	6,481,718	2,777,564
Lifetime ECL Impaired Credits (Stage 3)	4,323,743	6,518,462
Other Provisions	3,766,103	820,604
Impairment Losses on Securities	8,544	3,819
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Profit/Loss	3,142	2
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	5,402	3,817
Impairment Losses on Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint-ventures	295,281	-
Associates	295,281	-
Subsidiaries	-	-
Joint-ventures	-	-
Others	3,462,278	816,785
Total	17,160,398	11,521,998

Reaching	Operational	Data and	The Best and Most	Corporate	Financial Reports
More Customers	Excellence	Technology	Engaged Team	Governance	and Appendix

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

394

5.4.7 OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Reserve for Employee Termination Benefits	104,984	100,897
Defined Benefit Obligation	-	-
Impairment Losses on Tangible Assets	98,725	24,096
Depreciation Expenses of Tangible Assets	353,983	359,306
Impairment Losses on Intangible Assets	-	-
Impairment Losses on Goodwill	-	-
Amortisation Expenses of Intangible Assets	95,176	78,083
Impairment Losses on Investments Accounted under Equity Method	-	-
Impairment Losses on Assets to be Disposed	7,881	23,167
Depreciation Expenses of Right-of-use Assets	290,607	276,312
Impairment Losses on Assets Held for Sale	-	-
Other Operating Expenses	4,358,215	3,511,819
Operational Lease related Expenses (*)	186,466	168,199
Repair and Maintenance Expenses	65,816	68,053
Advertisement Expenses	159,421	164,757
Other Expenses	3,946,512	3,110,810
Loss on Sale of Assets	882	7,764
Others (**)	1,020,578	800,687
Total	6,331,031	5,182,131

(*) Includes lease related expenses out of the scope of TFRS 16. (**)Includes saving-deposits-insurance-fund related expenses of TL 581,914 (31 December 2019: TL 419,696) in the current period.

5.4.8 INFORMATION ON PROFIT/LOSS BEFORE TAXES FROM CONTINUED AND DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

The profit before taxes includes a net interest income of TL 23,768,204 (31 December 2019: TL 19,027,192), a net fees and commissions income of TL 5,978,016 (31 December 2019: TL 6,088,510) and operating expenses of TL 6,331,031 (31 December 2019: TL 5,182,131). The Bank's profit before taxes realized at TL 8,639,410 (31 December 2019: TL 7,816,281) increasing by 10.53% (31 December 2019: decreasing by 7.45%) as compared to prior year.

The Bank has no discontinued operations

5.4.9 INFORMATION ON PROVISION FOR TAXES FROM CONTINUED AND DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

As of 31 December 2020, the Bank recorded a tax charge of TL 4,168,731 (31 December 2019: TL 2,118,360) and a deferred tax income of TL 1,767,324 (31 December 2019: deferred tax charge of TL 460,920).

Deferred tax benefit/charge on timing differences:

DEFERRED TAX BENEFIT/(CHARGE) ON TIMING DIFFERENCES	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Increase in tax deductible timing differences (+)	1,939,231	260,729
Decrease in tax deductible timing differences (-)	(54,759)	(130,553)
Increase in taxable timing differences (-)	(233,854)	(87,299)
Decrease in taxable timing differences (+)	116,706	418,043
Total	1,767,324	460,920

	Introduction	About	Our Value	Our 2
395	introduction	Garanti BBVA	Creation	lssue

020 Material

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Deferred tax benefit/charge in the statement of profit/loss arising on timing differences, tax losses and tax deductions and exemptions:

DEFERRED TAX BENEFIT/(CHARGE) ARISING ON TIMING DIFFERENCES, TAX LOSSES AND TAX DEDUCTIONS AND EXEMPTIONS	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Increase/(decrease) in tax deductible timing differences (net)	1,884,472	130,176
Increase/(decrease) in taxable timing differences (net)	(117,148)	330,744
Increase/(decrease) in tax losses (net)	-	-
Increase/(decrease) in tax deductions and exemptions (net)	-	-
Total	1,767,324	460,920

5.4.10 INFORMATION ON NET PROFIT/LOSS FROM CONTINUED AND DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

Net profit/loss from continued operations is 6,238,003 TL (31 December 2019: TL 6,158,841).

The Bank has no discontinued operations (31 December 2019: None).

5.4.11 NET PROFIT/LOSS

5.4.11.1 ANY FURTHER EXPLANATION ON OPERATING RESULTS NEEDED FOR BETTER UNDERSTANDING OF THE BANK'S PERFORMANCE

None.

5.4.11.2 ANY CHANGES IN ESTIMATIONS THAT MIGHT HAVE A MATERIAL EFFECT ON CURRENT AND SUBSEQUENT PERIOD RESULTS

None.

5.4.12 COMPONENTS OF OTHER ITEMS IN STATEMENT OF PROFIT/LOSS

The items in others under "Fees and commissions received" and "Fees and commissions paid" in the income statement include mainly fees and commissions related with credit card transactions and other banking services.

5.5 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

5.5.1 ANY CHANGES ARISING FROM APPLICATION OF ACCOUNTING FOR FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS IN CURRENT PERIOD

5.5.1.1 RECONCILIATION OF FOREIGN EXCHANGE DIFFERENCES AT BEGINNING AND END OF CURRENT PERIOD

As of 31 December 2020, an increase of TL 2,025,712 (31 December 2019: TL 502,294) that was resulted from the foreign currency translation of consolidated foreign affiliates performances, is presented under translation differences in the shareholders' equity.

5.5.1.2 INFORMATION ON CHANGES IN FINANCIAL ASSETS MEASURED AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

"Unrealized profits / losses" arising from changes in financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, are not reflected in the income statement until the realization of either the collection of the value corresponding to the relevant financial asset, the sale, disposal of the asset or its weakness, and are accounted under shareholders'equity. After netting with the related deferred tax effect, an increase of TL 268,644 of (31 December 2019: an increase TL 1,028,798) is presented in the shareholders' equity for such transactions.

Data and Technology The Best and Most Engaged Team Corporate Governance

Financial Reports and Appendix

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

5.5.1.3 INFORMATION ON HEDGE FUNDS

Reaching

5.5.1.3.1 INCREASES DUE TO CASH FLOW HEDGES

As disclosed in note 5.4.4 Trading income/losses, the Bank has various cash flow hedges. After netting with the related deferred tax effect, an increase of TL 176,002 (31 December 2019: a decrease of TL 553,739) is presented in the shareholders' equity for such hedge transactions.

5.5.1.3.2 INFORMATION ON CHANGES IN INVESTMENT HEDGING ITEMS RELATED WITH FOREIGN ENTITIES

As disclosed in note 3.2.2 Foreign currency transactions, the Bank applies net investment hedge accounting for foreign exchange differences arising from the conversion of foreign currency investments and foreign currency long term loans to Turkish Lira. After netting with the related deferred tax effect, a increase of TL 774,447 (31 December 2019: a decrease of TL 189,720) is presented in the shareholders' equity for such hedge transactions.

5.5.2 TRANSFERS TO LEGAL AND EXTRAORDINARY RESERVES

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Transfers to Legal Reserves from Prior Year Profits	-	-
Transfers to Extraordinary Reserves from Prior Year Profits	6,153,404	6,631,820

5.5.3 ISSUANCE OF SHARE CERTIFICATES

Please refer to Note 5.2.4.

5.5.4 EFFECTS OF PRIOR YEARS' CORRECTIONS TO BEGINNING BALANCES OF CURRENT PERIOD

Please refer to Note 3.28.

5.5.5 COMPENSATION OF PRIOR PERIOD LOSSES

None (31 December 2019: TL None).

5.6 STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

5.6.1 DISCLOSURES FOR "OTHER" ITEMS AND "EFFECT OF CHANGE IN FOREIGN CURRENCY RATES CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS" IN STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

The net cash inflows arising from banking operations amount to TL 17,924,611 (31 December 2019: TL 10,897,227). TL 3,979,033 (31 December 2019: TL 4,979,356 cash outflow) of the net cash outflow is generated from the cash inflows resulted from the change in operating assets and liabilities and TL 21,903,644 (31 December 2019: TL 15,876,583) from the cash inflows resulted from operating profit. The "net increase/(decrease) in other liabilities" under the changes in operating assets and liabilities is resulted from the changes in the funds obtained through repurchase agreements, miscellaneous payables, other external funding payables and taxes, duties and premiums payables and amounts to a net inflow of TL 6,058,319 (31 December 2019: TL 2,046,096 net cash outflow). The "others" item under operating income composes of fees and commissions paid, foreign exchange gains, other operating income and other operating expenses excluding employee costs, and amounts to TL 1,021,993 (31 December 2019: TL 4,557,685).

The net cash inflows from financing activities is TL 2,128,343 (31 December 2019: TL 3,923,211 net cash outflow).

The effect of changes in foreign exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents includes the foreign exchange differences resulted from the translations of cash and cash equivalents in foreign currencies into TL at the exchange rates prevailing at the beginning and end of the year, and amounts to TL 2,345,379 (31 December 2019: TL 1,480,204).

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

396

Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

5.6.2 CASH OUTFLOWS FROM ACQUISITION OF ASSOCIATES, SUBSIDIARIES AND JOINT-VENTURES

Our Value

Please refer to Note 5.1.10.3 of investments in subsidiaries.

5.6.3 CASH INFLOWS FROM DISPOSAL OF ASSOCIATES, SUBSIDIARIES AND JOINT-VENTURES

None (31 December 2019: None).

5.6.4 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD

	CURRENT PERIOD 31 DECEMBER 2020	PRIOR PERIOD 31 DECEMBER 2019
Cash on Hand	3,995,007	3,818,197
Cash in TL	1,594,581	1,562,382
Cash in Foreign Currency	2,400,426	2,255,815
Cash Equivalents	33,480,418	26,729,128
Other	33,480,418	26,729,128
TOTAL	37,475,425	30,547,325

5.6.5 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD

	CURRENT PERIOD 31 DECEMBER 2020	PRIOR PERIOD 31 DECEMBER 2019
Cash on Hand	9,125,455	3,995,007
Cash in TL	2,722,172	1,594,581
Cash in Foreign Currency	6,403,283	2,400,426
Cash Equivalents	40,354,301	33,480,418
Other	40,354,301	33,480,418
TOTAL	49,479,756	37,475,425

5.6.6 RESTRICTED CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS DUE TO LEGAL REQUIREMENTS OR OTHER REASONS

The placements at foreign banks include blocked accounts amounting TL 2,423,914 (31 December 2019: TL 2,818,396) of which TL 2,222,619 (31 December 2019: TL 2,657,254) and TL 201,295 (31 December 2019: TL 161,142) are kept at the central banks of Malta and Turkish Republic of Northern Cyprus, respectively as reserve deposits.

The blocked account at the Central Bank of Turkey with a principal of TL 26,010,300 (31 December 2019: TL 19,425,196) is for the reserve deposits in foreign currency and gold against the Banks' liabilities in Turkish Lira, foreign currencies and gold.

5.6.7 ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

5.6.7.1 RESTRICTIONS ON THE BANK'S POTENTIAL BORROWINGS

None (31 December 2019: None).

5.6.7.2 CASH INFLOWS PRESENTING INCREASE IN OPERATING CAPACITY OF THE BANK

None (31 December 2019: None).

Reaching	Operational	Data and	The Best and Most	Corporate	Financial Reports	398
More Customers	Excellence	Technology	Engaged Team	Governance	and Appendix	

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

5.7 RELATED PARTY RISKS

5.7.1 TRANSACTIONS WITH THE BANK'S RISK GROUP

5.7.1.1 LOANS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

CURRENT PERIOD

BANK'S RISK GROUP	ASSOCIATES, SUBSIDIARIES AND JOINT-VENTURES		BANK'S DIRECT AND INDIRECT SHAREHOLDERS		OTHER COMPONENTS IN RISK GROUP	
LOANS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES	CASH	NON-CASH	CASH	NON-CASH	CASH	NON-CASH
Balance at beginning of period	7,260,837	1,576,370	1,628	991,046	791	45,586
Balance at end of period	9,505,341	2,096,812	651,108	722,425	113,315	50,868
Interest and Commission Income	263,742	22,075	500	-	7,486	174

PRIOR PERIOD

BANK'S RISK GROUP	ASSOCIATES, SUBSIDIARIES AND JOINT-VENTURES		BANK'S DIRECT AND INDIRECT SHAREHOLDERS		OTHER COMPONENTS IN RISK GROUP	
LOANS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES	CASH	NON-CASH	CASH	NON-CASH	CASH	NON-CASH
Balance at beginning of period	5,638,055	1,498,526	108,221	942,442	83,353	36,351
Balance at end of period	7,260,837	1,576,370	1,628	991,046	791	45,586
Interest and Commission Income	200,424	15,369	2,753	-	6,766	94

5.7.1.2 DEPOSITS

BANK'S RISK GROUP	ASSOCIATES, SUBSIDIARIES AND JOINT-VENTURES		BANK'S DIRECT AND INDIRECT SHAREHOLDERS		OTHER COMPONENTS IN RISK GROUP	
Deposits	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Balance at beginning of period	1,797,896	1,074,063	131,127	108,961	89,892	89,808
Balance at end of period	1,889,426	1,797,896	70,153	131,127	417,657	89,892
Interest Expense	124,285	244,763	120	457	8,999	6,192

5.7.1.3 DERIVATIVE TRANSACTIONS

BANK'S RISK GROUP		ASSOCIATES, SUBSIDIARIES AND JOINT-VENTURES		BANK'S DIRECT AND INDIRECT SHAREHOLDERS		OTHER COMPONENTS IN RISK GROUP	
Transactions at Fair Value Through Profit/(Loss):	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD	
Balance at beginning of period	2,862,339	1,171,385	22,919,062	32,240,075	-		
Balance at end of period	3,000,560	2,862,339	30,664,682	22,919,062	=	=	
Total Profit/(Loss)	8,691	37,698	(262,003)	(66,012)	-	-	
Transactions for Hedging:							
Balance at beginning of period	-	-	643,552	1,004,943	-	-	
Balance at end of period	-	-	565,120	643,552	-	-	
Total Profit/(Loss)	-	-	(2,069)	1,272	-	-	

About Garanti BBVA Our Value Creation Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Sustainability

Based on the decision of the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency dated 22 June 2018 and numbered 7855, the special purpose entity and Türk Telekom A.Ş. have not been included in the risk group in accordance with the articles 3 and 49 of the Banking Law No. 5411.

5.7.2 THE BANK'S RISK GROUP

Introduction

5.7.2.1 RELATIONS WITH COMPANIES IN RISK GROUP OF/OR CONTROLLED BY THE BANK REGARDLESS OF NATURE OF CURRENT TRANSACTIONS

Transactions with the risk group, are held under arm's-length conditions; terms are set according to the market conditions and in compliance with the Banking Law. The Bank's policy is to keep the balances and transaction volumes with the risk group at reasonable levels preventing any high concentration risk on balance sheet.

5.7.2.2 CONCENTRATION OF TRANSACTION VOLUMES AND BALANCES WITH RISK GROUP AND PRICING POLICY

The cash loans of the risk group amounting TL 3,448,287 (31 December 2019: TL 2,101,157) compose 1.09% (31 December 2019: 0.84%) of the Bank's total cash loans and 0.70% (31 December 2019: 0.54%) of the Bank's total assets. The total loans and similar receivables amounting TL 10,269,764 (31 December 2019: TL 7,263,256) compose 2.08% (31 December 2019: 1.86 %) of the Bank's total assets. The non-cash loans of the risk group amounting TL 2,870,105 (31 December 2019: TL 2,613,002) compose 3.76% (31 December 2019: 4.32%) of the Bank's total non-cash loans.

The deposits of the risk group amounting TL 2,377,236 (31 December 2019: TL 2,018,915) compose 0.74% (31 December 2019: 0.81%) of the Bank's total deposits.

The funds borrowed by the Bank from its risk group amounting TL 20,978,790 (31 December 2019: TL 16,239,465) compose 82,47% (31 December 2019: 64.64%) of the Bank's total funds borrowed. The pricing in transactions with the risk group companies is set on an arms-length basis.

The credit card (POS) payables to the related parties, amounted to TL 196,304 (31 December 2019: TL 165,820).

A total rent income of TL 17,681 (31 December 2019: TL 14,210) was recognized for the real estates rented to the related parties.

Operating expenses for TL 101,084 (31 December 2019: TL 35,224) were incurred for the IT services rendered by the related parties. Banking services fees of TL 50,188 (31 December 2019: TL 35,155) were recognized from the related parties.

Insurance brokerage fee of TL 343,954 (31 December 2019: TL 234,614), shares brokerage fee of TL 134,108 (31 December 2019: TL 41,852), and fixed-rate securities brokerage fee of TL 6,367 (31 December 2019: TL 4,883).

Operating expenses of TL 84,759 (31 December 2019: TL 71,254) for operational leasing services rendered by the related parties were recognized as expenses.

Including the payments related to resigners, the net payment provided or to be provided to the key management of the Bank and its consolidated financial subsidiaries amounts to TL 76,902 as of 31 December 2020 (31 December 2019: TL 98,589).

5.7.2.3 OTHER MATTERS NOT REQUIRED TO BE DISCLOSED

None (31 December 2019: None).

5.7.2.4 TRANSACTIONS ACCOUNTED FOR UNDER EQUITY METHOD

Please refer to Note 5.1.10 investments in subsidiaries.

Reaching More Customers

Operational Excellence

Data and Technology The Best and Most Engaged Team Corporate Governance

Financial Reports and Appendix

400

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

5.7.2.5 ALL KIND OF AGREEMENTS SIGNED LIKE ASSET PURCHASES/SALES, SERVICE RENDERING, AGENCIES, LEASING, RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT, LICENSES, FUNDING, GUARANTEES, MANAGEMENT SERVICES

The Bank has agency contracts with Garanti Yatırım Menkul Kıymetler AŞ and Garanti Emeklilik ve Hayat AŞ. Accordingly, all the branches of the Bank serve as agencies to sell the insurance products to customers. Agency services for trading of securities on behalf of the Bank's customers are rendered by specialized branches (Investment Centers).

Purchase of equipments for the Bank's internal use are partly arranged through leasing.

5.8 DOMESTIC, FOREIGN AND OFF-SHORE BRANCHES OR EQUITY INVESTMENTS, AND FOREIGN REPRESENTATIVE OFFICES

5.8.1 DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN BRANCHES AND REPRESENTATIVE OFFICES

CURRENT PERIOD	NUMBER OF BRANCHES	NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES			
DOMESTIC BRANCHES	884	18,540			
			COUNTRY		
FOREIGN REPRESENTATIVE OFFICES	1	1	1-Germany		
	1	1	2- China		
				TOTAL ASSETS	LEGAL CAPITAL
FOREIGN BRANCHES	1	13	1- Malta	30,001,077	-
	7	101	2- NCTR	4,312,995	80,000

PRIOR PERIOD	NUMBER OF BRANCHES	NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES			
DOMESTIC BRANCHES	904	18,657			
			COUNTRY		
FOREIGN REPRESENTATIVE OFFICES	1	1	1-Germany		
	1	1	2- China		
				TOTAL ASSETS	LEGAL CAPITAL
FOREIGN BRANCHES	1	14	1- Malta	26,820,236	-
	7	111	2- NCTR	3,571,210	80,000

5.8.2 OPENING OR CLOSING OF DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN BRANCHES AND REPRESENTATIVE OFFICES AND SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN ORGANISATIONAL STRUCTURE

In 2020, 1 domestic branches were opened and 21 branches were closed. (In 2019, 2 domestic branches were opened and 24 branches were closed.)

5.9 MATTERS ARISING SUBSEQUENT TO BALANCE SHEET DATE

None.

Our Value Creation Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

Sus

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

6 OTHER DISCLOSURES ON ACTIVITIES OF THE BANK

6.1 BANK'S LATEST INTERNATIONAL RISK RATINGS

MOODY'S (DECEMBER 2020)

Outlook	Negative			
Long Term FC Deposit	B2			
Long Term TL Deposit	B2			
Short Term FC Deposit	Not Prime			
Short Term TL Deposit	Not Prime			
Basic Loan Assessment	b3			
Adjusted Loan Assessment	b3			
Senior Unsecured Rating (Regular Bond)	B2 (Negative)			
Senior Unsecured Rating (Medium-Term Note Program)	P (B2)			
Long Term National Scale Rating (NSR)	A1.tr			
Short Term NSR	TR-1			

FITCH RATINGS (SEPTEMBER 2020)

Long Term FC	B+ / Negative Outlook
Short Term FC	В
Long Term TL	BB- / Negative Outlook
Short Term TL	В
Financial Capacity	b+
Support	4
NSR	AA(tur)
Long Term National Scale Rating (NSR)	Stable
Senior Unsecured Long Term Notes	B+
Senior Unsecured Short Term Notes	В
Subordinated Notes	В

JCR EURASIA RATINGS (AUGUST 2020)

Long Term International FC	BBB- (Negative)
Short Term International FC	A-3 (Negative)
Long Term International TL	BBB- (Negative)
Short Term International TL	A-3 (Negative)
Long Term NSR	AAA(Trk) (Stable)
Short Term NSR	A-1+(Trk) (Stable)
Independency from Shareholders	А
Support	1

Reaching	Operational	Data and	The Best and Most	Corporate	Financial Reports
More Customers	Excellence	Technology	Engaged Team	Governance	and Appendix 402

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ

Unconsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

6.2 DIVIDENDS

As per the decision made at the annual general assembly of shareholders of the parent Bank on 17 July 2020, the distribution of the net profit of the year 2019, was as follows;

2019 PROFIT DISTRIBUTION TABLE

2019 Net Profit	6,158,841
A- I. Legal reserve (Turkish Commercial Code 519/1) at 5%	-
Undistributable funds	(5,437)
B- First dividend at 5% of the paid-in capital	-
C- Extraordinary reserves at 5% after above deductions	(307,942)
D- Second dividend to the shareholders	-
E- Extraordinary reserves	(5,845,462)
F- II. Legal reserve (Turkish Commercial Code 519/2)	-

6.3 OTHER DISCLOSURES

None (31 December 2019: None).

7 DISCLOSURES ON INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

7.1 DISCLOSURE ON INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The unconsolidated financial statements of the Bank as of 31 December 2020, have been audited by KPMG Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik AŞ (the Turkish member of KPMG International Cooperative) and the independent auditors' report dated 28 January 2021, is presented before the accompanying financial statements.

7.2 DISCLOSURES AND FOOTNOTES PREPARED BY INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

None.

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

UBLICLY ANNOUNCED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, RELATED DISCLOSURES AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT THEREON AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

(CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND RELATED DISCLOSURES AND FOOTNOTES ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN TURKISH)



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the General Assembly of Türkiye Garanti Bankası Anonim Şirketi

A)REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Türkiye Garanti Bankası A.Ş. ("the Bank") and its consolidated financial subsidiaries (together will be referred as "the Group") which comprise the consolidated balance sheet as at 31 December 2020 and the consolidated statement of profit or loss, consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in shareholders' equity, consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes, comprising significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, except for the effect of the matter described in the Basis For Qualified Opinion section of our report, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of Türkiye Garanti Bankası A.Ş. and its consolidated financial subsidiaries as at 31 December 2020, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the "Banking Regulation and Supervision Board Accounting and Reporting Legislation" which includes the "Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents" published in the Official Gazette No. 26333 dated 1 November 2006, and other regulations on accounting records of Banks, circulars and interpretations published by Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency ("BRSA") and requirements of Turkish Financial Reporting Standards for the matters not regulated by the aforementioned legislations.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

As stated in Note 2.9.4 of Section Five, the accompanying consolidated financial statements as at 31 December 2020 include a general reserve of total of TL 4,650,000 thousands, of which TL 2,150,000 thousands was recognized as expense in the current period and TL 2,500,000 thousands had been recognized as expense in prior periods, which does not meet the requirements of BRSA Accounting and Reporting Legislation. This general reserve is provided by the Bank management for the possible effects of the negative circumstances which may arise in economy or market conditions.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the "Regulation on Independent Audit of the Banks" ("BRSA Audit Regulation") published in the Official Gazette No.29314 dated 2 April 2015 by BRSA and Independent Standards on Auditing which is a component of the Turkish Auditing Standards ("TSA"s) published by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority ("POA"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the POA's Code of Ethics for Independent Auditors ("Code of Ethics") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in Turkey, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. In addition to the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section we have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report. Impairment of loans measured at amortised cost

The details of accounting policies and significant estimates and assumptions for impairment of loans measured at amortised cost are presented in Section III, No: VIII of the consolidated financial statements.



KEY AUDIT MATTER

As of 31 December 2020, loans measured at amortised cost comprise 65% of the Group's total assets. The Group recognizes its loans in accordance with the Regulation on the Procedures and Principles for Classification of Loans by Banks and Provisions to be set aside (the "Regulation") published on the Official Gazette No. 29750 dated 22 June 2016 and TFRS 9 Financial Instruments standard ("Standard").

The Group applies the "expected credit loss model" in determining the impairment of financial assets in accordance with the Regulation and Standard. The model which contains significant assumptions and estimates is reviewed by the Bank management annually.

The significant assumptions and estimates of the Group's management are as follows: - significant increase in credit risk;

- incorporating the forward looking macroeconomic information in calculation of credit risk; and
 - design and implementation of expected credit loss model.

The determination of the impairment of loans measured at amortised cost depends on the (i) credit default status, (ii) the model based on the change in the credit risk at the first recognition date and (iii) the classification of the loans measured at amortised cost according to the model. Establishing an accurate classification is a significant process as the calculation of expected credit loss varies to the staging of the financial assets.

The Group calculates expected credit losses on both an individual and a collective basis. Individual provisions consider the estimated future performance of the business and the fair value of the collateral provided for credit transactions.

The collective basis expected credit loss calculation is based on complex processes which are modelled by using current and past data sets and expectations. The completeness and accuracy of data sets in the model are also considered and the forward looking expectations are reflected by macroeconomic models. Impairment on loans measured at amortised cost was considered to be a key audit matter, due to the significance of the estimates, assumptions, the level of judgements and its complex structure as explained above.

HOW THE MATTER IS ADDRESSED IN OUR AUDIT

Our procedures for testing the impairment of loans included below: • We tested the design and operating effectiveness of the controls on lending, collateralization, collection, follow-up, classification and impairment procedures are tested with the involvement of information risk management specialists.

• We evaluated the Group's business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and we tested the appropriateness of the loan agreements with the model by selecting samples.

• We evaluated the adequacy of the subjective and objective criteria that is defined in the Group's impairment accounting policy compared with the Regulation and Standard.

• We evaluated the Group's business model and methodology and the evaluation of the calculations were carried out with the control testing and detailed analysis by the involvement of specialist.

 We performed loan reviews for selected loan samples which include a detailed examination of loan files and related information and testing their classification. In this context, the current status of the loan customer has been evaluated by including prospective information and macroeconomic variables.

• We evaluated the accuracy of the expected credit loss calculations by selecting sample for the loans which are assessed on individual basis and discussed the assumptions and estimates with the Group management. • We tested the accuracy and completeness of the data in the calculation models for the loans which are assessed on collective basis. The expected credit loss calculation was tested through recalculation. The models used for the calculation of the risk parameters were examined and the risk parameters for the selected sample portfolios were recalculated.

• We assessed the macroeconomic models which are used to reflect forward looking expectations and tested the effect of the risk parameters by recalculation method.

 We evaluated the qualitative and quantitative assessments which are used in determining the significant increase in credit risk.
 Additionally, we also evaluated the adequacy of the consolidated financial statements' disclosures related to impairment provisions.

Measurement of financial instruments (the fair value hierarchy of financial instruments determined as Level 3)

The details of accounting policies and significant judgements of measurement (the fair value hierarchy of financial instruments determined as Level 3) of financial instruments are presented in Section III, No: VII of the consolidated financial statements.

KEY AUDIT MATTER HOW THE MATTER IS ADDRESSED IN OUR AUDIT The classification of the financial assets is based on the Group's business model and characteristics of the Our procedures for testing the fair value hierarchy of the financial instruments (the fair value hierarchy of financial contractual cash flows in accordance with TFRS 9. instruments determined as Level 3) included below The fair value of the loan classified as financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss according to business model is determined as Level 3 considering the significant unobservable inputs, assumptions We evaluated the design and implementation of the controls that the Group sets for the measurement of fair value of the and estimates used. relevant financial instruments Management assesses the significant unobservable inputs and uncertainties due to assumptions and • We assessed the policy of the measurement of financial instruments (the fair value hierarchy of financial instruments estimates with the involvement of an independent valuation firm. determined as Level 3) based on TFRS 9 and compared with the requirements of TFRS 9. The Group has also financial liabilities (securitization loans) which are accounted by using the fair value • We have involved our own valuation specialists to evaluate option on the initial recognition in order to eliminate any accounting mismatch in accordance with TFRS 9. the significant unobservable inputs and assumptions used The fair value of the securitization loans which are accounted as financial liabilities measured at fair by the Group for the fair value calculation of the related value through profit or loss are determined as Level 3 considering the significant unobservable inputs, assumptions and estimates used. instruments Additionally, we also evaluated the adequacy of consolidated As mentioned above, the measurement of financial instruments (the fair value hierarchy of financial financial statements' disclosures related to the measurement of financial instruments (the fair value hierarchy of financial instruments determined as Level 3) is determined as key audit matter considering high degree of instruments determined as Level 3). judgements and assumptions.

Pension plan

The details of accounting policies and significant judgements of pension plan are presented in Section III No: XVII of the consolidated financial statements



KEY AUDIT MATTER

The Parent Bank's defined benefit pension plan (the "Plan") is managed by "Türkiye Garanti Bankası A.Ş. Memur ve Müstahdemleri Emekli ve Yardım Sandığı Vakfı" (the "Fund") established as per the provisional article 20 of the Social Security Law No. 506 and the Parent Bank's employees are the members of this Fund.

As disclosed in the Note 3.17 to the consolidated financial statements, the Plan is composed of benefits which are subject to transfer to Social Security Foundation ("SSF") as per the Social Security Law no.5510 provisional article 20, and other social rights and pension benefits provided by the Parent Bank that are not transferable to SSF. The Council of Ministers has been authorized to determine the transfer date.

Following the transfer, the non-transferable social rights and pension benefits provided under the Plan will be covered by the funds and the institutions that employ the funds' members.

As of 31 December 2020, the Parent Bank's transferrable liabilities are calculated by an independent actuary using the actuarial assumptions regulated by Law, and in accordance with the Decision of the Council of Ministers announced in the Official Gazette dated 15 December 2006 and No.26377.

As of 31 December 2020, the Parent Bank's non-transferrable liabilities are also calculated by

HOW THE MATTER WAS ADDRESSED IN OUR AUDIT

Our procedures for auditing calculations of the management's pension plan liability included below:

- We evaluated the design and implementation of the controls that the Group has set for the liability calculations related to the pension plan was tested.
- We have assessed whether there have been any significant changes in actuarial assumptions, methods and underlying regulations used in calculations.
- Significant changes during the period in pension plan benefits, plan assets or membership profiles which affect liabilities have been evaluated.
- We have involved our own actuarial specialist to assess the appropriateness of the actuarial assumptions and calculations.
- We have evaluated whether the plan assets are adequate to cover the Pension Plan liabilities, under the methods and assumptions used.
- Additionally, the adequacy of consolidated financial statement disclosures, including disclosures of key assumptions, judgements and sensitivities have been evaluated.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with the "BRSA Accounting and Reporting Legislation", and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Responsibilities of auditors in an audit are as follows:

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with TSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with TSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

• Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

• Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.

• Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

• Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion.



Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.

• Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

• Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

B) REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

1) Pursuant to the fourth paragraph of Article 402 of the Turkish Commercial Code ("TCC") No. 6102; no significant matter has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the Bank's bookkeeping activities for the period 1 January - 31 December 2020 are not in compliance with TCC and provisions of the Bank's articles of association in relation to financial reporting.

2) Pursuant to the fourth paragraph of Article 402 of the TCC; the Board of Directors provided us the necessary explanations and required documents in connection with the audit.

Additional paragraph for convenience translation to English:

The accounting principles summarized in Note I Section Three, differ from the accounting principles generally accepted in countries in which the accompanying consolidated financial statements are to be distributed and International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in such countries of users of the consolidated financial statements attements attements and IFRS.

KPMG Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik Anonim Şirketi A member firm of KPMG International Cooperative



Murat Alsan, SMMM Partner

28 January 2021 Istanbul, Turkey

Our Value Creation

Levent Nispetiye Mah. Aytar Cad. No:2 Beşiktaş 34340 İstanbul Telefon: 212 318 18 18 Faks: 212 216 64 22 www.garanti.com.tr investorrelations@garanti.com.tr

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL REPORT AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

The consolidated financial report for the year-end prepared in accordance with the communiqué of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks as regulated by Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency, is comprised of the following sections:

- 1. General Information about Parent Bank
- 2. Consolidated Financial Statements of Parent Bank
- 3. Accounting Policies
- 4. Consolidated Financial Position and Results of Operations, and Risk Management Applications of Group
- 5. Disclosures and Footnotes on Consolidated Financial Statements
- 6. Other Disclosures
- 7. Independent Auditors' Report

The consolidated subsidiaries and structured entities in the scope of this consolidated financial report are the followings:

SUBSIDIARIES

- 1. Garanti Bank International NV
- 2. Garanti Emeklilik ve Hayat AŞ
- 3. Garanti Holding BV
- 4. Garanti Finansal Kiralama AŞ
- 5. Garanti Faktoring AŞ
- 6. Garanti Yatırım Menkul Kıymetler AŞ
- 7. Garanti Portföy Yönetimi AŞ

STRUCTURED ENTITIES

- 1. Garanti Diversified Payment Rights Finance Company
- 2. RPV Company

The consolidated financial statements and related disclosures and footnotes that were subject to limited review, are prepared in accordance with the Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents, Turkish Accounting Standards, Turkish Financial Reporting Standards and the related statements and guidances and in compliance with the financial records of our Bank and, unless stated otherwise, presented in **thousands of Turkish Lira (TL)**.

SÜLEYMAN SÖZEN	RECEP BAŞTUĞ	AYDIN GÜLER	HAKAN ÖZDEMİR	JORGE SAENZ - AZCUNAGA CARRANZA	AVNİ AYDIN DÜREN	BELKIS SEMA YURDUM
Board of Directors Chairman	General Manager	Executive Vice President Responsible of Financial Reporting	Financial Reporting and Accounting Director	Audit Committee Member	Audit Committee Member	Audit Committee Member

The authorized contact person for questions on this financial report: Name-Surname/Title: Handan SAYGIN/Director of Investor Relations Phone no: +90 (212) 318 23 50 Fax no: +90 (212) 216 59 02 Faks: +90 (212) 216 59 02

N	ReachingOperationalData andThe Best and MostCorporateFinanciaore CustomersExcellenceTechnologyEngaged TeamGovernanceand Ap	ll Reports pendix
	SECTION ONE - GENERAL INFORMATION	SAYFA NO
l. 11	History of parent bank including its incorporation date, initial legal status, amendments to legal status Parent bank's shareholder structure, management and internal audit, direct and indirect shareholders, change in shareholder structure during the period and information on	410
II. III.	its risk group Information on parent bank's board of directors chairman and members, audit committee members, chief	410
IV.	executive officer, executive vice presidents and their responsibilities and, if any, shareholdings in the bank Information on parent bank's qualified shareholders	411
V.	Summary information on parent bank's activities and services	412
VI.	Information on application differences between consolidation practices as per the Regulation on Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks and as per the Turkish Accounting Standards, and entities subject to full or proportional consolidation or deducted from equity or not subject to any of these three methods	412
VII.	Current or likely actual or legal barriers to immediate transfer of equity or repayment of debts between parent bank and its subsidiaries	412
	SECTION TWO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
I. II.	Consolidated balance sheet-Assets Consolidated balance sheet-Liabilities	413 414
III.	Consolidated off-balance sheet items	414 415
IV. V.	Consolidated statement of profit or loss Consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income	416 417
VI.	Consolidated statement of changes in shareholders' equity	417 418
VII. VIII.	Consolidated statement of cash flows Statement of profit distribution	419 420
		420
I.	SECTION THREE ACCOUNTING POLICIES Basis of presentationI	421
II. III.	Strategy for use of financial instruments and foreign currency transactions Information on consolidated subsidiaries	422
III. IV.	Information on consolidated subsidiaries Forwards, options and other derivative transactions	423 424
V.	Interest income and expenses	425
VI. VII.	Fees and commissions Financial instruments	426 426
VIII.	Disclosures on impairment of financial instruments	430
IX. X.	Disclosures about netting and derecognition of financial instruments Repurchase and resale agreements and securities lending	435 437
XI.	Assets held for sale, assets of discontinued operations and related liabilities	437
XII. XIII.	Goodwill and other intangible assets Tangible assets	438 438
XIV.	Leasing activities	438
XV.	Provisions and contingent liabilities	440
XVI. XVII.	Contingent assets Liabilities for employee benefits	440 441
XVIII	Insurance technical reserves and technical income and expenses	442
XIX. XX.	Taxation Funds borrowed	443 445
XXI.	Share and share issuances	445
XXII. XXIII	Confirmed bills of exchange and acceptances Government incentives	445 446
XXIV	Segment reporting	446
XXV XXV	Profit reserves and profit appropriation Earnings per share	447 447
XXV		448
XXV XXIX	I. Cash and cash equivalents Other disclosures	448 448
		440
I.	SECTION FOUR CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT Consolidated total capital	448
Ш.	Consolidated credit risk	454
III. IV.	Consolidated currency risk Consolidated interest rate risk	463 465
V.	Consolidated position risk of equity securities	467
VI. VII.	Liquidity risk management and consolidated liquidity coverage ratio Consolidated leverage ratio	468 474
VIII.	Fair values of financial assets and liabilities	475
IX. X.	Transactions carried out on behalf of customers and items held in trust Risk management objectives and policies	477 477
		,
I.	SECTION FIVE DISCLOSURES AND FOOTNOTES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Consolidated assets	498
II.	Consolidated liabilities	527
III. IV.	Consolidated off-balance sheet items Consolidated statement of profit or loss	536 541
V.	Consolidated statement of changes in shareholders' equity	548
VI.	Consolidated statement of cash flows	550
VII. VIII.	Related party risks Domestic, foreign and off-shore branches or equity investments, and foreign representative offices of parent bank	551 553
IX.	Matters arising subsequent to balance sheet date	554
	SECTION SIX OTHER DISCLOSURES ON ACTIVITIES	
L. 11.	Information on international risk ratings Dividends	555 557
II. III.	Other disclosures	557
	SECTION SEVEN INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	
I.	Disclosure on independent auditors' report	557
Ш.	Disclosures and footnotes prepared by independent auditors	557

About Garanti BBVA Our Value Creation Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Sustainability

GENERAL INFORMATION

Introduction

1.1 HISTORY OF PARENT BANK INCLUDING ITS INCORPORATION DATE, INITIAL LEGAL STATUS, AMENDMENTS TO LEGAL STATUS

Türkiye Garanti Bankası Anonim Şirketi (the Bank) was established by the decree of Council of Ministers numbered 3/4010 dated 11 April 1946 as a "private bank" and its "Articles of Association" was issued in the Official Gazette dated 25 April 1946.

Following the acquisition on 27 July 2015, Banco Bilbao Vizcaya Argentaria SA (BBVA)'s stake in the Bank reached to 39.90% and BBVA become the main shareholder. Accordingly, the Bank was moved to the "Foreign Deposit Banks" category from the "Private Deposit Bank" category by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency (the BRSA).

The Bank provides banking services through 884 domestic branches, 8 foreign branches and 2 representative offices (31 December 2019: 904 domestic branches, 8 foreign branches and 2 representative offices). The Bank's head office is located in Istanbul.

1.2 PARENT BANK'S SHAREHOLDER STRUCTURE, MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL AUDIT, DIRECT AND INDIRECT SHAREHOLDERS, CHANGE IN SHAREHOLDER STRUCTURE DURING THE PERIOD AND INFORMATION ON ITS RISK GROUP

As of 31 December 2020, group of companies under BBVA that currently owns 49.85% shares of the Bank, is defined as the BBVA Group (the Group) and it is the main shareholder.

On 22 March 2011, BBVA had acquired; 78,120,000,000 shares of the Bank owned by GE Capital Corporation at a total nominal value of TL 781,200 representing 18.60% ownership, and 26,418,840,000 shares of the Bank owned by Doğuş Holding AŞ at a total nominal value of TL 264,188 representing 6.29% ownership. BBVA, purchasing 24.89% shares of the Bank, had joint control on the Bank's management together with group of companies under Doğuş Holding AŞ (the Doğuş Group).

On 7 April 2011, BBVA had acquired 503,160,000 shares at a nominal value of TL 5,032 and increased its ownership in the Bank's share capital to 25.01%.

In accordance with the terms of the agreement between BBVA and the Doğuş Group which was previously disclosed on 19 November 2014, the sale of shares representing 14.89% of the share capital of the Bank with a face value of TL 625,380 and 62,538,000,000 shares by the Doğuş Group to BBVA, was completed on 27 July 2015. Following the acquisition, BBVA's stake in the Bank reached to 39.90% and BBVA became the main shareholder. The Bank was moved to "Foreign Deposit Banks" category from "Private Deposit Bank" category by the BRSA.

On 21 February 2017, BBVA agreed with Doğuş Group to acquire 41,790,000,000 shares at a nominal value of TL 417,900 representing 9.95% ownership and on 22 March 2017 in accordance with the terms of the agreement share transfer had been finalized. After the share transfer BBVA's interest in the share capital of the Bank is at 49.85%.

As of balance sheet date, the Doğuş Group's interest in the share capital of the Bank is at 0.05%.

BBVA Group

BBVA is operating for more than 160 years, providing variety of widespread financial and non-financial services to 80 million retail and commercial customers.

The Group's headquarter is in Spain, where the Group has concrete leadership in retail and commercial markets. BBVA adopting innovative, and customer and community oriented management style, besides banking, operates in insurance sector in Europe and portfolio management, private banking and investment banking in global markets.

BBVA which is the largest financial institution in Mexico and also the market leader in South America, operates in more than 30 countries with more than 124 thousand employees.

Data and Technology

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Operational

1.3 INFORMATION ON PARENT BANK'S BOARD OF DIRECTORS CHAIRMAN AND MEMBERS, AUDIT COMMITTEE MEMBERS, CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER, EXECUTIVE VICE PRESIDENTS AND THEIR RESPONSIBILITIES AND, IF ANY, SHAREHOLDINGS IN THE BANK

BOARD OF DIRECTORS CHAIRMAN AND MEMBERS:

NAME AND SURNAME	RESPONSIBILITY	APPOINTMENT DATE	EDUCATION	EXPERIENCE IN BANKING AND BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION
Süleyman Sözen	Chairman	29.05.1997	University	40 years
Jorge Saenz Azcunaga Carranza	Vice Chairman Independent Member and Member of Audit Committee	24.03.2016	University	28 years
Recep Baştuğ	Member and CEO	06.09.2019	University	31 years
Saıt Ergun Özen	Member	14.05.2003	University	34 years
Dr. Muammer Cüneyt Sezgın	Member	30.06.2004	PhD	33 years
Jaıme Saenz de Tejada Pulıdo	Member	02.10.2014	University	29 years
Javier Bernal Dionis	Member	27.07.2015	Master	31 years
Rafael Salınas Martınez de Lecea	Member	08.05.2017	Master	30 years
Belkıs Sema Yurdum	Independent Member and Member of Audit Committee	30.04.2013	University	40 years
Avnı Aydın Düren	Independent Member and Member of Audit Committee	17.06.2020	Master	29 years
Mevhıbe Canan Özsoy	Independent Member	04.04.2019	Master	32 years

CEO AND EXECUTIVE VICE PRESIDENTS:

NAME AND SURNAME	RESPONSIBILITY	APPOINTMENT DATE	EDUCATION	EXPERIENCE IN BANKING AND BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION
Recep Baştuğ	CEO	06.09.2019	University	31 years
İlker Kuruöz	EVP-Engineering Services and Data	14.03.2018	Master	29 years
Betül Ebru Edin	EVP-Corporate, Investment Banking and Global Markets	25.11.2009	University	27 years
Işıl Akdemir Evlioğlu	EVP- Customer Solutions and Digital Banking	01.03.2020	Master	15 years
Selahattin Güldü (**)	EVP-Commercial Banking	20.04.2018	University	30 years
Didem Başer	EVP- Talent and Culture	01.03.2020	Master	26 years
Aydın Güler	EVP- Finance and Treasury	03.02.2016	University	30 years
Ali Temel (*)	Head of Credit Risk Management	03.02.2016	University	30 years
Mahmut Akten	EVP-Retail Banking	17.01.2017	Master	21 years
Cemal Onaran (**)	EVP-SME Banking	17.01.2017	University	30 years

(*) As of 1 January 2021, Murat Atay is assigned as Head of Credit Risk Management. (**) At the Board of Directors meeting dated 18 January 2021 it was decided to appoint Cemal Onaran to replace Selahattin Güldü as the Executive Vice President in charge of Commercial Banking and Sibel Kaya to replace Cemal Onaran as the Executive Vice President in charge of SME Banking. These appointments will be effective following the completion of necessary legal procedures and obtaining of legal approvals.

The top management listed above does not hold any material unquoted shares of the Bank.

1.4 INFORMATION ON PARENT BANK'S QUALIFIED SHAREHOLDERS

COMPANY	SHARES	OWNERSHIP	PAID-IN CAPITAL	UNPAID PORTION
Banco Bilbao Vizcaya Argentaria SA	2,093,700	49.85%	2,093,700	-



Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

and Appendix

Reaching **More Customers** Garanti BBVA

Our Value Creation

Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Sustainability

1.5 SUMMARY INFORMATION ON PARENT BANK'S ACTIVITIES AND SERVICES

Activities of the Bank as stated at the third clause of its Articles of Association are as follows:

• All banking operations,

Introduction

- Participating in, establishing, and trading the shares of enterprises at various sectors within the limits set forth by the Banking Law;
- Providing attorneyship, insurance agency, brokerage and freight services in relation with banking activities,
- Purchasing/selling debt securities, treasury bills, government bonds and other share certificates issued by Turkish government and other official and private institutions on the condition that completion of the necessary approvals and permits by
- Capital Markets Board of Turkey,
- $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$ Developing economical and financial relations with foreign organizations,
- Dealing with all economic operations in compliance with the Banking Law.

The Bank's activities are not limited to those disclosed in that third clause, but whenever the Board of Directors deems any operations other than those stated above to be of benefit to the Bank, it is recommended in the general meeting, and the launching of the related project depends on the decision taken during the General Assembly which results in a change in the Articles of Association and on the approval of this decision by the Ministry of Industry and Commerce. Accordingly, the approved decision is added to the Articles of Association.

The Bank is not a specialized bank but deals with all kinds of banking activities. Deposits are the main sources of the lending to the customers. The Bank grants loans to companies operating in various sectors while aiming to maintain the required level of efficiency.

The Bank also grants non-cash loans to its customers; especially letters of guarantee, letters of credit and acceptance credits.

1.6 CURRENT OR LIKELY ACTUAL OR LEGAL BARRIERS TO IMMEDIATE TRANSFER OF EQUITY OR REPAYMENT OF DEBTS BETWEEN THE BANK AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

As per the Regulation on Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks, the investments in financial subsidiaries are subject to consolidation whereas as per the Turkish Accounting Standards and Turkish Financial Reporting Standards, the investments in both financial and non-financial subsidiaries are subject to consolidation.

1.7 CURRENT OR LIKELY ACTUAL OR LEGAL BARRIERS TO IMMEDIATE TRANSFER OF EQUITY OR REPAYMENT OF DEBTS BETWEEN PARENT BANK AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

None.

Data and Technology The Best and Most Engaged Team

Corporate Governance

Consolidated Balance Sheet (Statement of Financial Position) At 31 December 2020

Operational Excellence

2 CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Reaching More Customers

			THOUSANDS OF TURKISH LIRA (TL)					
	ASSETS	FOOTNOTES	CURRENT PERIOD 31 DECEMBER 2020				RIOR PERIOD DECEMBER 201	19
			TL	FC	TOTAL	TL	FC	TOTAL
Ι.	FINANCIAL ASSETS (Net)		42,032,640	95,118,539	137,151,179	34,725,166	74,235,255	108,960,421
1.1	Cash and Cash Equivalents	5.1.1	15,635,099	71,733,232	87,368,331	14,200,209	57,897,826	72,098,035
1.1.1	Cash and Balances with Central Bank		6,997,122	48,722,225	55,719,347	3,285,977	38,739,329	42,025,306
1.1.2	Banks		782,969	21,578,566	22,361,535	747,860	18,834,329	19,582,189
1.1.3	Money Market Placements		8,043,941	1,662,847	9,706,788	10,205,763	453,693	10,659,456
1.1.4	Expected Credit Losses (-)		188,933	230,406	419,339	39,391	129,525	168,916
1.2	Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Profit/Loss (FVTPL)	5.1.2	1,356,222	7,026,509	8,382,731	692,738	4,526,562	5,219,300
1.2.1	Government Securities		759,526	2,153,945	2,913,471	370,765	91,126	461,891
1.2.2	Equity Securities		547,867	54,021	601,888	303,272	30,148	333,420
1.2.3	Other Financial Assets		48,829	4,818,543	4,867,372	18,701	4,405,288	4,423,989
1.3	Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVOCI)	5.1.3	22,580,548	14,205,017	36,785,565	18,274,036	10,369,493	28,643,529
1.3.1	Government Securities		22,411,168	9,228,128	31,639,296	18,192,222	6,627,521	24,819,743
1.3.2	Equity Securities		58,305	254,511	312,816	32,328	350,053	382,381
1.3.3	Other Financial Assets		111,075	4,722,378	4,833,453	49,486	3,391,919	3,441,405
1.4	Derivative Financial Assets	5.1.4	2,460,771	2,153,781	4,614,552	1,558,183	1,441,374	2,999,557
1.4.1	Derivative Financial Assets Measured at FVTPL		2,013,066	2,144,333	4,157,399	1,133,910	1,424,303	2,558,213
1.4.2	Derivative Financial Assets Measured at FVOCI		447,705	9,448	457,153	424,273	17,071	441,344
П.	FINANCIAL ASSETS MEASURED AT AMORTIZED COST (Net)		231,445,253	141,326,018	372,771,271	180,738,392	115,539,328	296,277,720
2.1	Loans	5.1.5	215,475,505	134,757,624	350,233,129	166,976,048	110,530,551	277,506,599
2.2	Lease Receivables	5.1.6	1,818,749	5,689,959	7,508,708	1,326,634	4,857,520	6,184,154
2.3	Factoring Receivables	5.1.7	2,205,049	721,520	2,926,569	1,809,179	620,984	2,430,163
2.4	Other Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost	5.1.8	22,663,984	10,574,927	33,238,911	20,732,279	6,988,063	27,720,342
2.4.1	Government Securities		22,630,403	10,541,868	33,172,271	20,591,464	6,967,172	27,558,636
2.4.2	Other Financial Assets		33,581	33,059	66,640	140,815	20,891	161,706
2.5	Expected Credit Losses (-)		10,718,034	10,418,012	21,136,046	10,105,748	7,457,790	17,563,538
	ASSETS HELD FOR SALE AND ASSETS OF DISCONTINUED OPERA-							
III.	TIONS (Net)	5.1.9	914,057	17,696	931,753	1,424,822	27,436	1,452,258
3.1	Asset Held for Resale		914,057	17,696	931,753	1,424,822	27,436	1,452,258
3.2	Assets of Discontinued Operations		-	-	-	-	-	-
IV.	INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES, SUBSIDIARIES AND JOINT VENTURES		160,390	6,105	166,495	149,767	4,087	153,854
4.1	Associates (Net)	5.1.10	46,370	7	46,377	35,747	6	35,753
4.1.1	Associates Consolidated Under Equity Accounting		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.1.2	Unconsolidated Associates		46,370	7	46,377	35,747	6	35,753
4.2	Subsidiaries (Net)	5.1.11	114,020	6,098	120,118	114,020	4,081	118,101
4.2.1	Unconsolidated Financial Investments in Subsidiaries		-	-	-	-	-	
4.2.2			114,020	6,098	120,118	114,020	4,081	118,101
4.3	Joint Ventures (Net)	5.1.12	-	-	-	-	-	
4.3.1	Joint-Ventures Consolidated Under Equity Accounting		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.3.2	Unconsolidated Joint-Ventures		-	-	-	-	-	-
V.	TANGIBLE ASSETS (Net)	5.1.13	5,464,120	495,951	5,960,071	5,145,933	382,366	5,528,299
VI.	INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Net)	5.1.14	533,600	80,798	614,398	430,194	49,712	479,906
6.1	Goodwill		6,388		6,388	6,388	-	6,388
6.2	Others		527,212	80,798	608,010	423,806	49,712	473,518
VII.	INVESTMENT PROPERTY (Net)	5.1.15	561,525	-	561,525	569,719	-	569,719
VIII.	CURRENT TAX ASSET		3,420	85,563	88,983	7,649	78,568	86,217
IX.	DEFERRED TAX ASSET	5.1.16	3,618,388	22,015	3,640,403	1,861,118	20,892	1,882,010
Х.	OTHER ASSETS (Net)	5.1.17	7,902,560	11,124,167	19,026,727	5,502,245	7,661,499	13,163,744
	TOTAL ASSETS		292,635,953	248,276,852	540,912,805	230,555,005	197,999,143	428,554,148

and Appendix



ut Our Value BBVA Creation Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19

Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Balance Sheet (Statement of Financial Position) At 31 December 2020

			THOUSANDS OF TURKISH LIRA (TL)						
	LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY FOOTNOTES		cu	RRENT PERIO 31.12.2020	D	Р	RIOR PERIOD 31.12.2019		
			TL	FC	TOTAL	TL	FC	TOTAL	
I.	DEPOSITS	5.2.1	142,230,848	215,869,500	358,100,348	113,245,513	164,031,812	277,277,325	
П.	FUNDS BORROWED	5.2.2	2,233,552	24,386,631	26,620,183	2,687,955	22,934,104	25,622,059	
III.	MONEY MARKET FUNDS	5.2.3	1,098,116	2,065,862	3,163,978	416,266	1,370,595	1,786,861	
IV.	SECURITIES ISSUED (NET)	5.2.4	6,094,432	16,722,649	22,817,081	6,036,084	14,990,453	21,026,537	
4.1	Bills		4,883,881	-	4,883,881	4,825,540	-	4,825,540	
4.2	Asset Backed Securities		-	-	-	-	-	-	
4.3	Bonds		1,210,551	16,722,649	17,933,200	1,210,544	14,990,453	16,200,997	
۷.	FUNDS		-	-	-	-	-		
5.1	Borrowers' Funds		-	-	-	-	-	-	
5.2	Others			-	-	-	-	-	
VI.	FINANCIAL LIABILITIES MEASURED AT FVTPL	5.2.5	-	16,137,939	16,137,939	-	14,342,293	14,342,293	
VII.	DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL LIABILITIES	5.2.6	4,382,556	4,154,334	8,536,890	1,945,271	2,294,394	4,239,665	
7.1	Derivative Financial Liabilities Measured at FVTPL		4,250,527	3,881,002	8,131,529	1,305,445	2,199,506	3,504,951	
7.2	Device the Fire and Link international at FVOC		132,029						
	Derivative Financial Liabilities Measured at FVOCI			273,332	405,361	639,826	94,888	734,714	
VIII.	FACTORING LIABILITIES	5.2.7	-	-		-	-	-	
IX.	LEASE LIABILITIES (Net)	5.2.8	840,772	185,595	1,026,367	969,316	165,454	1,134,770	
X.	PROVISIONS	5.2.9	6,763,967	3,271,604	10,035,571	5,348,121	1,178,252	6,526,373	
10.1	Restructuring Reserves		-	-	-	-	-	-	
10.2	Reserve for Employee Benefits		1,297,372	156,160	1,453,532	1,135,056	111,605	1,246,661	
10.3 10.4	Insurance Technical Provisions (Net)		721,292	107,820	829,112	589,541	50,992	640,533	
	Other Provisions	5.2.10	4,745,303	3,007,624	7,752,927	3,623,524	1,015,655	4,639,179	
XI.	CURRENT TAX LIABILITY		2,247,903	48,444	2,296,347	1,149,548	102,427	1,251,975	
XII.	DEFERRED TAX LIABILITY	5.2.10	-	48,863	48,863	-	29,480	29,480	
XIII.	LIABILITIES FOR ASSETS HELD FOR SALE AND ASSETS OF DISCON- TINUED OPERATIONS (Net)	5.2.11	-	-	-	-	-	-	
13.1	Asset Held for Sale			-	-	-	-	-	
13.2	Assets of Discontinued Operations		-	-	-	-	-	-	
XIV.	SUBORDINATED DEBTS	5.2.12	1,029,532	5,569,437	6,598,969	261,478	4,468,229	4,729,707	
14.1	Borrowings		-	-	-	-	-	-	
14.2	Other Debt Instruments	F 0 10	1,029,532	5,569,437	6,598,969	261,478	4,468,229	4,729,707	
XV.	OTHER LIABILITIES	5.2.13	18,859,556	4,261,518	23,121,074	14,252,573	2,283,783	16,536,356	
XVI. 16.1	SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	5.2.14	62,050,247	358,948	62,409,195	53,554,029	496,718	54,050,747	
_	Paid-in Capital		4,200,000 784,434		4,200,000 784,434	4,200,000		4,200,000	
16.2 16.2.1	Capital Reserves		11,880	-	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	784,434 11,880		784,434	
16.2.1	Share Premium		11,000	-	11,880	11,000	-	11,880	
16.2.2	Share Cancellation Profits Other Capital Reserves		772,554	-	772,554	772,554		772,554	
10.2.3	Other Comprehensive Income/Expense Items not to be Recycled to		112,334	-	112,334	112,334	-	//2,554	
16.3	Profit or Loss		1,598,522	114,049	1,712,571	1,376,965	267,474	1,644,439	
16.4	Other Comprehensive Income/Expense Items to be Recycled to Profit		3,197,339	(115,937)	3,081,402	1,465,038	(94,917)	1,370,121	
16.5	or Loss		45 520 725		45.0/0742	20 200 7/ 0	224.1/1	20 (12 020	
16.5	Profit Reserves Legal Reserves		45,520,735 1,554,550	349,008 79,424	45,869,743 1,633,974	39,288,768 1,546,353	324,161 53,081	39,612,929 1,599,434	
-			1,554,550	/9,424	1,033,974	1,546,353		1,377,434	
16.5.2	Status Reserves		43,728,172	-	43,728,172	27 E00 020	-	27 500 020	
16.5.3 16.5.4	Extraordinary Reserves Other Profit Reserves			2/0504		37,509,839 232,576	271.080	37,509,839	
16.5.4	Profit/Loss		238,013 6,501,538	269,584 11,828	507,597 6,513,366	6,164,914	2/1,080	503,656 6,164,914	
16.6.1	Prior Periods' Profit/Loss		196,448	11,828	208,276	0,104,714		0,104,714	
16.6.1	Current Period's Net Profit/Loss		6,305,090	11,028		6,164,914		6.164.914	
16.7	Minority Interest		247,679		6,305,090 247,679	273,910		273,910	
10.7	rimonty interest		241,019	-	241,017	2/3,710	-	2/3,710	
	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		247,831,481	293,081,324	540,912,805	199,866,154	228,687,994	428,554	

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415

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Off-Balance Sheet Items At 31 December 2020

		-	CL	JRRENT PERIOE 31.12.2020	THOUSANDS O		R (TL) PRIOR PERIOD 31.12.2019	
		FOOTNOTES	TL	FC	TOTAL	TL	FC	ΤΟΤΑ
A. OFF	BALANCE SHEET COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (I+II+III)		252,150,378	408,163,964	660,314,342	187,129,637	307,620,161	494,749,79
	GUARANTEES AND SURETIES	5.3.1	31,824,340	48,971,054	80,795,394	23,655,572	39,101,523	62,757,09
1.1	Letters of guarantee		31,475,024	33,857,845	65,332,869	23,555,242	26,872,148	50,427,39
1.1.1 1.1.2	Guarantees subject to State Tender Law Guarantees given for foreign trade operations		2,489,512	1,368,856 845,758	1,368,856 3,335,270	1,408,118	1,252,136 620,356	1,252,13 2,028,47
1.1.2	Other letters of guarantee		28,985,512	31,643,231	60,628,743	22,147,124	24,999,656	47,146,78
1.2	Bank acceptances		70,194	2,103,257	2,173,451	35,845	1,543,198	1,579,04
1.2.1	Import letter of acceptance		70,194	2,103,257	2,173,451	35,395	1,521,807	1,557,20
1.2.2 1.3	Other bank acceptances Letters of credit		279,122	12,884,100	13,163,222	450	21,391 10,611,998	21,84
1.3.1	Documentary letters of credit				-		-	10,0,0,10
1.3.2	Other letters of credit		279,122	12,884,100	13,163,222	64,485	10,611,998	10,676,48
1.4 1.5	Guaranteed prefinancings		-	-	-	-	-	
1.5.1	Endorsements Endorsements to the Central Bank of Turkey				-	-	-	
1.5.2	Other endorsements		-	-	-	-	-	
.6	Underwriting commitments		-		-	-	-	
.7 .8	Factoring related guarantees		-	125,852	- 125.052	-	-	74.17
.0	Other guarantees Other sureties		-	125,852	125,852		74,179	74,17
	COMMITMENTS		75,926,337	28,902,086	104,828,423	62,668,511	14,344,299	77,012,81
2.1	Irrevocable commitments		75,375,808	26,283,022	101,658,830	62,458,341	12,568,282	75,026,62
2.1.1	Asset purchase and sale commitments		4,765,892	23,152,339	27,918,231	5,306,346	10,576,157	15,882,50
2.1.2	Deposit purchase and sale commitments Share capital commitments to associates and subsidiaries		-	2,780	2,780	-	6,336	6,33
2.1.3	Loan granting commitments		20,994,776	2,072,525	23,067,301	16,305,168	1,273,729	17,578,89
2.1.5	Securities issuance brokerage commitments		-	-	-		-	,,.,.,
2.1.6	Commitments for reserve deposit requirements		-	-	-	-	-	2 - 2
2.1.7 2.1.8	Commitments for cheque payments Tax and fund obligations on export commitments		3,174,209 143,224	-	3,174,209 143,224	<u>3,184,727</u> 137,121	-	3,184,72
2.1.9	Commitments for credit card limits		46,296,739	1,055,378	47,352,117	37,521,955	712,060	38,234,01
2.1.10	Commitments for credit cards and banking services related promotions		968	-	968	3,024		3,02
2.1.11	Receivables from "short" sale commitments on securities		-	-	-	-	-	
2.1.12 2.1.13	Payables from "short" sale commitments on securities		-	-	-	-	-	
2.2	Other irrevocable commitments Revocable commitments		550,529	2,619,064	3,169,593	210,170	1,776,017	1,986,18
2.2.1	Revocable loan granting commitments		10,902	1,995,025	2,005,927	15,045	1,446,989	1,462,03
2.2.2	Other revocable commitments		539,627	624,039	1,163,666	195,125	329,028	524,15
II.	DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS	5.3.2	144,399,701	330,290,824	474,690,525	100,805,554	254,174,339	354,979,89
3.1 3.1.1	Derivative financial instruments held for risk management Fair value hedges		5,065,184 469,986	37,222,722 8,308,419	42,287,906 8,778,405	22,373,314 4,835,016	43,574,257 16,607,942	65,947,57
3.1.2	Cash flow hedges		4,595,198	28,914,303	33,509,501	17,538,298	26,966,315	44,504,61
3.1.3	Net foreign investment hedges		-	-	-	-	-	
3.2	Trading derivatives		139,334,517	293,068,102	432,402,619	78,432,240	210,600,082	289,032,32
3.2.1 3.2.1.1	Forward foreign currency purchases/sales Forward foreign currency purchases		9,069,175 6,506,988	11,312,583 3,879,245	20,381,758 10,386,233	7,322,962 3,686,017	8,764,639 4,409,675	16,087,60 8,095,69
3.2.1.2	Forward foreign currency sales		2,562,187	7,433,338	9,995,525	3,636,945	4,354,964	7,991,90
3.2.2	Currency and interest rate swaps		126,241,686	231,716,285	357,957,971	60,617,121	160,582,646	221,199,76
3.2.2.1	Currency swaps-purchases		8,963,202	92,403,946	101,367,148	9,766,706	67,104,838	76,871,54
	Currency swaps-sales Interest rate swaps-purchases		65,522,846 25,878,025	47,853,673 45,729,333	113,376,519 71,607,358	43,894,979 3,477,718	29,683,702 31,897,053	73,578,68
	Interest rate swaps parenases		25,877,613	45,729,333	71,606,946	3,477,718	31,897,053	35,374,77
3.2.3	Currency, interest rate and security options		2,700,037	5,578,445	8,278,482	10,170,756	20,898,894	31,069,65
	Currency call options		1,671,606	1,410,167	3,081,773	5,408,521	5,945,014	11,353,53
	Currency put options Interest rate call options		918,375	2,321,676 1,846,602	3,240,051 1,846,602	4,573,863	7,416,639 6,649,121	<u>11,990,50</u> 6,649,12
	Interest rate put options		-			-	888,120	888,12
3.2.3.5	Security call options		25,011	-	25,011	87,880	-	87,88
	Security put options		85,045	-	85,045	100,492	-	100,49
3.2.4 3.2.4.1	Currency futures Currency futures-purchases		1,163,525 634,658	1,343,230 611,740	2,506,755	<u>131,926</u> 128,032	534,975 208,060	<u>666,90</u> 336,09
	Currency futures-parchases		528,867	731,490	1,240,378	3,894	326,915	330,80
3.2.5	Interest rate futures		-	-	-	-	29,604	29,60
	Interest rate futures-purchases		-	-	-	-	-	20.72
<u>3.2.5.2</u> 3.2.6	Interest rate futures-sales Others		160,094	43,117,559	43,277,653	189,475	29,604 19,789,324	29,60 19,978,79
	TODY AND PLEDGED ITEMS (IV+V+VI)			1,153,942,320		805,331,669	860,068,236	
V.	ITEMS HELD IN CUSTODY		67,992,766	56,592,842	124,585,608	61,688,136	42,938,926	104,627,06
4.1	Customers' securities held		29,919,210	-	29,919,210	27,430,538	12 402 700	27,430,53
1.2 1.3	Investment securities held in custody Checks received for collection		14,459,589 17,647,307	17,679,389 7,027,687	32,138,978 24,674,994	15,270,202 15,688,562	12,493,790 5,837,295	27,763,99
4.4	Commercial notes received for collection		2,484,480	1,094,391	3,578,871	2,702,936	938,150	3,641,08
4.5	Other assets received for collection		3,320,118	26,744,871	30,064,989	250,510	20,797,896	21,048,40
1.6	Assets received through public offering			181,367	181,367	245 200	144,496	144,49
4.7 4.8	Other items under custody Custodians		162,062	3,865,137	4,027,199	345,388	2,727,299	3,072,68
v.	PLEDGED ITEMS		824,574,695	1,097,349,478	1,921,924,173	743,643,533	817,129,310	1,560,772,84
5.1	Securities		6,569,370	2,166,776	8,736,146	4,036,323	1,563,950	5,600,27
5.2	Guarantee notes		23,246,598	19,038,091	42,284,689	23,737,421	13,743,078	37,480,49
5.3 5.4	Commodities Warranties		65,681	536,450	65,681 536,450	3,371	377,819	3,37 377,81
5.5	Real estates		187,343,687	189,716,205	377,059,892	175,430,786	148,434,218	323,865,00
5.6	Other pledged items		607,349,359	885,891,825	1,493,241,184	540,435,632	653,010,149	1,193,445,78
5.7	Pledged items-depository		-	131	131	-	96	9
	CONFIRMED BILLS OF EXCHANGE AND SURETIES		-	-	-	-	-	
/I.								

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.



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TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss For the period ended at 31 December 2020

			THOUSANDS OF TURKISH	LIRA (TL)
	INCOME AND EXPENSE ITEMS		CURRENT PERIOD 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020	PRIOR PERIOD 1.01.2019 - 31.12.2019
l.	INTEREST INCOME	5.4.1	39,393,261	42,045,625
1.1	Interest income on loans	3.7.1	30,919,973	33,866,206
1.2	Interest income on reserve deposits		82,696	368,148
1.3	Interest income on banks		200,909	720,601
1.4	Interest income on money market transactions		749,549	395,622
1.5	Interest income on securities portfolio		6,558,261	5,658,911
1.5.1	Financial assets measured at FVTPL		132,848	113,531
	Financial assets measured at FVOCI		3,170,354	2,784,388
1.5.3			3,255,059	2,760,992
1.6	Financial lease income		505,551	511,531
1.7 II.	Other interest income INTEREST EXPENSE (-)	5.4.2	376,322 14,000,693	524,606 21,372,200
2.1	Interest on deposits	5.7.2	9,437,262	16,529,107
2.2	Interest on funds borrowed		1,347,055	1,799,135
2.3	Interest on money market transactions		333,448	117,758
2.4	Interest on securities issued		2,328,935	2,650,526
2.5	Lease interest expense		133,480	188,093
2.6	Other interest expenses		420,513	87,581
III.	NET INTEREST INCOME (I - II)		25,392,568	20,673,425
IV.	NET FEES AND COMMISSIONS INCOME/EXPENSES		6,587,665	6,273,573
4.1	Fees and commissions received		8,296,891	8,643,797
	Non-cash loans		781,528	721,434
-	Others		7,515,363	7,922,363
4.2	Fees and commissions paid (-)		1,709,226	2,370,224
4.2.1			23,250	15,350
	Others	5.4.2	1,685,976	2,354,874
V. VI.	DIVIDEND INCOME NET TRADING INCOME/LOSSES (Net)	5.4.3	22,178 702,894	(1 806 062)
6.1	Trading account income/losses	5.4.4	574,332	(1,806,062) (157,084)
6.2	Income/losses from derivative financial instruments		(6,221,097)	(2,935,307)
6.3	Foreign exchange gains/losses		6,349,659	1,286,329
VII.	OTHER OPERATING INCOME	5.4.5	6,550,123	5,676,784
VIII.	TOTAL OPERATING PROFIT (III+IV+V+VI+VII)		39,255,428	30,828,996
IX.	EXPECTED CREDIT LOSSES (-)	5.4.6	14,330,950	11,491,709
х.	OTHER PROVISIONS (-)	5.4.6	3,829,044	855,943
XI.	PERSONNEL EXPENSES (-)		4,419,743	4,187,991
XII.	OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES (-)	5.4.7	7,467,095	6,121,085
	NET OPERATING PROFIT/LOSS (VIII-IX-X-XI-XII)		9,208,596	8,172,268
	INCOME RESULTED FROM MERGERS		-	-
XV.	INCOME/LOSS FROM INVESTMENTS UNDER EQUITY ACCOUNTING			-
XVI.		5.4.0	-	-
	PROFIT/LOSS BEFORE TAXES (XIII++XVI) . PROVISION FOR TAXES (±)	5.4.8	9,208,596 2,823,433	8,172,268
18.1	Current tax charge	5.4.7	4,549,974	2,362,115
	Deferred tax charge (+)		358,460	292,444
	Deferred tax credit (-)		(2,085,001)	(723,681)
-	NET OPERATING PROFIT/LOSS AFTER TAXES (XVII±XVIII)	5.4.10	6,385,163	6,241,390
-	INCOME FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS			-
20.1	Income from assets held for sale		-	-
20.2	Income from sale of associates, subsidiaries and joint-ventures		-	-
20.3	Others		-	-
XXI.	EXPENSES FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (-)		-	-
21.1	Expenses on assets held for sale		-	-
21.2			-	
-	Others		-	
	PROFIT/LOSS BEFORE TAXES ON DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (XX-XXI)	5.4.8	•	
	. PROVISION FOR TAXES OF DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (±)	5.4.9	-	
23.1	Current tax charge			-
	Deferred tax charge (+) Deferred tax credit (-)			-
	. NET PROFIT/LOSS AFTER TAXES ON DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (XXII±XXIII)	5.4.10		
XXIV	NET PROFIT/LOSS (XIX+XXIV)	5.4.11	6,385,163	0,241.390
XXIV XXV	NET PROFIT/LOSS (XIX+XXIV) Equity holders of the bank	5.4.11	6,385,163 6,305,090	6,241,390 6,164,914
XXIV XXV 25.1		5.4.11		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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Corporate Governance

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income For the period ended at 31 December 2020

Operational Excellence

Reaching More Customers

		THOUSANDS OF TURKIS	H LIRA (TL)
	STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	CURRENT PERIOD 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020	PRIOR PERIOD 1.01.2019 - 31.12.2019
ι.	CURRENT PERIOD PROFIT/LOSS	6,385,163	6,241,390
п.	OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	1,987,903	892,971
2.1	Other Income/Expense Items not to be Recycled to Profit or Loss	275,970	132,740
2.1.1	Revaluation Surplus on Tangible Assets	447,795	77,072
2.1.2	Revaluation Surplus on Intangible Assets	-	-
2.1.3	Defined Benefit Plans' Actuarial Gains/Losses	(163,387)	(14,279)
2.1.4	Other Income/Expense Items not to be Recycled to Profit or Loss	40,130	80,509
2.1.5	Deferred Taxes on Other Comprehensive Income not to be Recycled to Profit or Loss	(48,568)	(10,562)
2.2	Other Income/Expense Items to be Recycled to Profit or Loss	1,711,933	760,231
2.2.1	Translation Differences	1,980,100	465,491
2.2.2	Income/Expenses from Valuation and/or Reclassification of Financial Assets Measured at FVOCI	417,926	1,296,692
2.2.3	Gains/losses from Cash Flow Hedges	208,567	(696,601)
2.2.4	Gains/Losses on Hedges of Net Investments in Foreign Operations	(968,059)	(237,150)
2.2.5	Other Income/Expense Items to be Recycled to Profit or Loss	-	-
2.2.6	Deferred Taxes on Other Comprehensive Income to be Recycled to Profit or Loss	73,399	(68,201)
III.	TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (I+II)	8,373,066	7,134,361

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Consolidated Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity

For the period ended at 31 December 2020

OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/EXPENSE ITEMS TO BE RECYCLED TO PROFIT OR LOSS

OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/EXPENSE TEMS NOTTO BREACCLED TO PROFIT OR LOSS OR LOSS

> STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

FOOTNOTES

SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY MINORITY INTEREST					
CURRENT PERIOD'S NET PROFIT/LOSS					
S PRIOR PERIODS'					
PROFIT RESERVES					
OTHERS					
INCOME/EXPENSES FROM VALUATION AND/OR RECLASSIFICATION FINANCIAL FINANCIAL ASSETS MEASURED T FVOCI					
TRANSLATION DIFFERENCES					
OTHERS					
TDEFINED BENEFIT PLANS' ACTUARIAL GAINS/LOSSES					
REVALUATION TD SURPLUS ON BENEF TANGIBLE AND ACT INTANGIBLE ACT ASSETS GAIN					
OT HER CAPITAL RESERVES					
SHARE CANCELLATION PROFITS					
SHARE PREMIUM					
PAID-IN CAPITAL					

· ·	4,200,000		11,880 	772,554 1,534,923 	1,534,923 (160,891)		99,362 2,744,795 1,855 1,855 1,855 101,217 2,744,795 1117,734 465,491	(1,058,211) (1,074,741) (80,864) 79,009 (80,864) 79,009 (1,139,075) (995,732) 1,035,507 (740,865) 	79,009 79,009 79,009 (740,865)	32,977,973 	6,641,652 6 6,641,652 	- 4(- 4(- 4(46,689,296 - - - 7,057,317 - -	197,546 - - - - 77,044 -	46,886,842 	ti BBVA Creation
6800 4,200,000 11,880 772,554 1,597/962 (172,474) 218,951 3,210,286 (103,568) (1,736,597) 39,612,929 6,164,914 53,776,837 273,910				 			 	••••		- 30,224 6,641,652 (- - 6,641,652)		- 30,224 -	- - (680)	30,224 (680)	
4,200,000 11,880 - 772,554 1,597,962 (172,474) 218,951 3,210,286 (103,568) (1,736,597) 39,612,929 - 6,164,914 53,776,837 273,910				 							- (6,641,652) -			(680)	(680)	lssue:
	Balances at end of the period (III+IV+X+XI) 4, CURRENT PERIOD (01/01/2020-31/12/2020)	1,200,000	11,880	72,554 1,597	,962 (172,47	74) 218,	951 3,210,286	(103,568) (1		39,612,929	- ¢		3,776,837	273,910	54,050,747	COVID-19

CURRENT PERIOD (01/01/2020-31/12/2020)																
 Balances at Beginning of Period 	4,2(4,200,000	11,880	•	772,554	1,597,962 (1	172,474) 21	1,597,962 (172,474) 217,096 3,210,286		(573,850) (1,264,460) 39,612,929 6,164,914	4,460) 39,6	612,929 (-,164,914 -	53,776,837	273,910	54,050,747
II. Correction made as per TAS 8								1,855	- 47	470,282 (47	(472,137)		•	•		
2.1 Effect of Corrections		-	1					1,855	- 47	470,282 (4)	(472,137)					
2.2 Effect of Changes in Accounting Policies								1								
III. Adjusted Balances at Beginning of Period (I+II)	5.5 4,20	4,200,000	11,880		772,554	1,597,962 (1	172,474) 21	1,597,962 (172,474) 218,951 3,210,286		(103,568) (1,736,597)		39,612,929	6,164,914 -	53,776,837	273,910	54,050,747
IV. Total Comprehensive Income						350,474 (1	130,270) (152	350,474 (130,270) (152,072) 1,980,100		343,860 (61	(612,679)		208,276 6,305,090	8,292,779	80,287	8,373,066
V. Capital Increase in Cash					•							•	•	•	•	
VI. Capital Increase from Internal Sources					•											'
Capital Reserves from Inflation Adjustments to VII. Paid-in Capital																
VIII. Convertible Bonds				•	•							•				
IX. Subordinated Liabilities					•								•	•		
X. Others Changes												91,900		91,900		91,900
XI. Profit Distribution					•						- 6,1	6,164,914 (6,164,914)	164,914) -	•	(106,518)	(106,518)
11.1 Dividends								1		-			-	1	(106,518)	(106,518)
11.2 Transfers to Reserves			ī					ī			- 6,	6,159,477 (- (6,159,477)	1		1
11.3 Others								I				5,437	(5,437) -	I		
Balances at end of the period (III+IV+X+XI)	4,2(4,200,000	11,880		772,554 1	1,948,436 (302,744)	802,744) 6	66,879 5,190,386		240,292 (2,349,276) 45,869,743	9,276) 45,8	369,743	208,276 6,305,090	62,161,516	247,679	62,409,195

Financial Health

TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

MINORITY INTEREST Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19

ReachingOperationalData andThe Best and MostCorporateFinancial ReportsMore CustomersExcellenceTechnologyEngaged TeamGovernanceand Appendix

419

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows For the period ended at 31 December 2020

			THOUSANDS OF TURKIS	SH LIRA (TL
STATEMENT O	F CASH FLOWS	FOOTNOTES	CURRENT PERIOD 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020	PRIOR PERIOD 1.01.2019 - 31.12.2019
A. CASH FLOWS	FROM BANKING OPERATIONS			
1.1 Operating prof	it before changes in operating assets and liabilities	5.6	23,293,551	18,011,088
1.1.1 Interests receiv	red		36,845,693	40,681,115
1.1.2 Interests paid			(14,126,804)	(21,880,818)
1.1.3 Dividend receiv	red		22,178	11,276
1.1.4 Fees and comm	nissions received		8,296,891	8,643,797
1.1.5 Other income			6,550,123	5,426,784
1.1.6 Collections from	n previously written-off receivables		748,000	702,180
1.1.7 Cash payments	to personnel and service suppliers		(10,102,158)	(8,649,574)
1.1.8 Taxes paid			(3,379,465)	(1,889,092)
1.1.9 Others			(1,560,907)	(5,034,580)
1.2 Changes in ope	erating assets and liabilities	5.6	(13,665,034)	(3,572,118)
1.2.1 Net (increase) of	decrease in financial assets measured at FVTPL		(2,915,666)	(1,110,263)
	Jecrease in due from banks		607,830	5,256,848
1.2.3 Net (increase) of			(83,989,602)	(28,502,718)
	lecrease in other assets		(17,220,069)	(2,296,756)
1.2.5 Net increase (d	ecrease) in bank deposits		(1,314,464)	(3,491,287)
1.2.6 Net increase (d	ecrease) in other deposits		82,300,437	37,470,410
1.2.7 Net increase (d	ecrease) in financial liabilities measured at FVTPL		-	-
1.2.8 Net increase (d	ecrease) in funds borrowed		2,415,940	(9,109,859)
1.2.9 Net increase (d	ecrease) in matured payables		-	-
1.2.10 Net increase (d	ecrease) in other liabilities		6,450,560	(1,788,493)
I. Net cash flow f	rom banking operations	5.6	9,628,517	14,438,970
B. CASH FLOWS	FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
II. Net cash flow f	rom investing activities	5.6	(11,718,982)	(1,550,313)
II. Net cash now i	Tom investing activities	5.0	(11,710,702)	(1,330,313)
2.1 Cash paid for p	urchase of associates, subsidiaries and joint-ventures		(6,921)	-
2.2 Cash obtained	from sale of associates, subsidiaries and joint-ventures		-	-
2.3 Purchases of ta	ngible assets		(1,265,037)	(606,785)
2.4 Sales of tangibl	e assets		596,902	384,197
2.5 Cash paid for p	urchase of financial assets measured at FVOCI		(22,357,051)	(7,316,987)
2.6 Cash obtained	from sale of financial assets measured at FVOCI		15,372,364	7,038,450
2.7 Cash paid for p	urchase of financial assets measured at amortised cost		(7,310,245)	(1,248,680)
2.8 Cash obtained	from sale of financial assets measured at amortised cost		3,251,006	199,492
2.9 Others			-	-
C. CASH FLOWS	FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
III. Net cash flow f	rom financing activities		4,386,378	(4,052,169)
3.1 Cash obtained	from funds borrowed and securities issued		21,887,507	24,536,128
	epayment of funds borrowed and securities issued	· · · · · ·	(16,985,291)	(28,277,486)
3.3 Equity instrume				
3.4 Dividends paid				(680)
3.5 Payments for le	24565		(515,838)	(310,131)
3.6 Others			-	-
IV. Effect of trans	ation differences on cash and cash equivalents		2,461,351	1,472,401
V. Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (I+II+III+IV)	5.6	4,757,264	10,308,889
VI. Cash and cash	equivalents at beginning of period	5.6	48,006,493	37,697,604
VII. Cash and cash	equivalents at end of period (V+VI)	5.6	52,763,757	48,006,493
each and cabi		5.0	22,700,707	10,000,475



About Garanti BBVA

Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19

Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Statement of Profit Distribution (*) For The Year Ended 31 December 2020

		THOUSANDS OF TURKIS	H LIRA (TL)
	STATEMENT OF PROFIT DISTRIBUTION	CURRENT PERIOD (**) 31.12.2020	PRIOR PERIOD 31.12.2019
I.	DISTRIBUTION OF CURRENT YEAR PROFIT		
1.1	CURRENT PERIOD PROFIT	8,639,410	7,816,281
1.2	TAXES AND LEGAL DUTIES PAYABLE (-)	2,401,407	1,657,440
1.2.1	Corporate tax (income tax)	2,401,407	1,657,440
1.2.2	Withholding tax	-	-
1.2.3	Other taxes and duties	-	-
Α.	NET PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD (1.1-1.2)	6,238,003	6,158,841
1.3	ACCUMULATED LOSSES (-)	-	-
1.4	FIRST LEGAL RESERVES (-)	-	-
1.5	OTHER STATUTORY RESERVES (-)	-	5,437
в.	NET PROFIT AVAILABLE FOR DISTRIBUTION [(A-(1.3+1.4+1.5)]		6,153,404
1.6	FIRST DIVIDEND TO SHAREHOLDERS (-)	-	-
1.6.1	To owners of ordinary shares	-	-
1.6.2	To owners of privileged shares	-	-
1.6.3	To owners of redeemed shares	-	-
1.6.4	To profit sharing bonds	-	-
1.6.5	To holders of profit and loss sharing certificates	-	-
1.7	DIVIDENDS TO PERSONNEL (-)	-	-
1.8	DIVIDENDS TO BOARD OF DIRECTORS (-)	-	-
1.9	SECOND DIVIDEND TO SHAREHOLDERS (-)	-	-
1.9.1	To owners of ordinary shares	-	-
1.9.2	To owners of privileged shares	-	-
1.9.3	To owners of redeeemed shares	-	-
1.9.4	To profit sharing bonds	-	-
1.9.5	To holders of profit and loss sharing certificates	-	-
1.10	STATUS RESERVES (-)	-	-
1.11	EXTRAORDINARY RESERVES	-	6,153,404
1.12	OTHER RESERVES	-	-
1.13	SPECIAL FUNDS	-	-
II.	DISTRIBUTION OF RESERVES		
2.1	APPROPRIATED RESERVES	-	-
2.2	DIVIDENDS TO SHAREHOLDERS (-)	-	-
2.2.1	To owners of ordinary shares	-	-
2.2.2	To owners of privileged shares	-	-
2.2.3	To owners of redeemed shares	-	-
2.2.4	To profit sharing bonds	-	-
2.2.5	To holders of profit and loss sharing certificates	-	-
2.3	DIVIDENDS TO PERSONNEL (-)	-	-
2.4	DIVIDENDS TO BOARD OF DIRECTORS (-)	-	-
III.	EARNINGS PER SHARE		
3.1	TO OWNERS OF ORDINARY SHARES	0.01485	0.01466
3.2	TO OWNERS OF ORDINARY SHARES (%)	148.52	146.64
3.3	TO OWNERS OF PRIVILEGED SHARES	-	-
3.4	TO OWNERS OF PRIVILEGED SHARES (%)	-	-
IV.	DIVIDEND PER SHARE		
4.1	TO OWNERS OF ORDINARY SHARES	-	-
4.2	TO OWNERS OF ORDINARY SHARES (%)	-	-
4.3	TO OWNERS OF PRIVILEGED SHARES	-	-
4.4	TO OWNERS OF PRIVILEGED SHARES (%)	-	

(*) Profit Distribution Statement has been prepared according to unconsolidated financial statements. (**) Decision regarding the 2020 profit distribution will be held at General Assembly meeting.

Data and

Technology

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Operational

Excellence

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

421

Financial Reports

3 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reaching

More Customers

3.1 BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The Bank and its consolidated financial subsidiaries prepare their consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Banking Regulation and Supervision Authority ("BRSA") Accounting and Reporting Regulation which includes the regulation on "The Procedures and Principles Regarding Banks' Accounting Practices and Maintaining Documents" published in the Official Gazette dated 1 November 2006 with No. 26333, and other regulations on accounting records of banks published by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Board and circulars and pronouncements published by the BRSA and Turkish Financial Reporting Standards ("TFRS") published by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority ("POA") for the matters not regulated by the aforementioned legislations.

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The accompanying consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with the historical cost basis except for financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income and real estates which are presented on a fair value basis.

Prepared in accordance with the "Communique amending the Communique on the Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks" published in the Official Gazette dated 1 February 2019 with No. 30673.

The accounting policies and the valuation principles applied in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements are explained in Notes 3.2 to 3.30.

3.1.1 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES

New and revised Turkish Accounting Standards effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021 have no material effect on the consolidated financial statements, consolidated financial performance and on the Bank's accounting policies. New and revised Turkish Accounting Standards issued but not yet effective as of the finalization date of the consolidated financial statements have no material effect on the consolidated financial statements, consolidated financial performance and on the Bank's accounting policies.

In addition, the Indicator Interest Rate Reform - 2nd Phase, which brings changes in TFRS 9, TAS 39, TFRS 7, TFRS 4 and TFRS 16, effective from 1 January 2021, was published in December 2020 and early implementation of the changes is allowed. With the modifications made, certain exceptions are provided for the basis used in the determination of contractual cash flows and hedge accounting implementations. The effects of the changes on the Bank's financials have been evaluated and it has been concluded that there is no need for early application. On the other hand, the process for the Indicative Interest Rate Reform is expected to be completed as of 31 December 2021, and the Bank's studies continues within the scope of compliance with the changes.

3.1.2 OTHER

A new type of coronavirus (COVID-19), first emerging in China, has been classified by the World Health Organization as an epidemic affecting countries globally. The COVID-19 outbreak not only affects economic conditions both regionally and globally, as it causes disruptions in operations, especially in countries that are exposed to the epidemic. The effects of COVID-19 on the Bank's financial statements are regularly monitored by the risk units and the Bank's Management.

While preparing the year end financial statements dated 31 December 2020, the Bank reflected the possible effects of the COVID-19 outbreak on the estimates and judgments used in the preparation of the financial statements and disclosed in the related accounting policies.

Introduction

About Garanti BBVA Our Value Creation Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Sustainabilitv

3.2 STRATEGY FOR USE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSACTIONS

3.2.1 STRATEGY FOR USE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The liability side of the balance sheet is intensively composed of short-term deposits in line with the general trend in the banking sector. In addition to deposits, the Bank and its financial subsidiaries have access to longer-term borrowings via the borrowings from abroad.

In order to manage the interest rate risk arising from short-term deposits, the Bank and its financial subsidiaries are keen on maintaining floating rate instruments such as government bonds with quarterly coupon payments and instruments like credit cards and consumer loans providing regular cash inflows.

A portion of the fixed-rate securities and loans, and the bonds are hedged under fair value hedges. The fair value risks of such fixed-rate assets and financial liabilities are hedged with interest rate swaps and cross currency swaps. The fair value changes of the hedged fixed-rate financial assets and financial liabilities together with the changes in the fair value of the hedging instruments, namely interest rate swaps and cross currency swaps, are accounted under net trading income/losses in the income statement. At the inception of the hedged risk for which the hedge is designated, and accordingly, the hedge effectiveness tests are performed.

It may classify the financial assets and liabilities as at fair value through profit or loss at the initial recognition in order to eliminate any accounting inconsistency.

The fundamental strategy to manage the liquidity risk that may incur due to short-term structure of funding, is to expand the deposit base through customer-oriented banking philosophy, and to increase customer transactions and retention rates. The widespread and effective branch network, advantage of primary dealership and strong market share in the treasury and capital markets, are the most effective tools in the realisation of this strategy. For this purpose, serving customers by introducing new products and services continuously and reaching the customers satisfaction are very important.

Another influential factor in the management of the interest and liquidity risk on balance sheet is product diversification both on asset and liability sides.

Exchange rate risk, interest rate risk and liquidity risk are controlled and measured by various risk management systems, and the balance sheet is managed under the limits set by these systems and the limits legally required. Asset-liability management and value at risk models, stress tests and scenario analysis are used for this purpose.

Purchase and sale of short and long-term financial instruments are allowed within the pre-determined limits to generate risk-free return on capital.

The foreign currency position is controlled by the equilibrium of a currency basket to eliminate the foreign exchange risk.

3.2.2 FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSACTIONS

Foreign exchange gains and losses arising from foreign currency transactions are recorded at transaction dates. At the end of the periods, foreign currency assets and liabilities evaluated with the Bank's spot purchase rates for the parent Bank and with the Central Bank of Turkey's spot purchase rates for domestic financial subsidiaries, and the differences are recorded as foreign exchange gain or loss in the income statement.

During the consolidation of foreign subsidiaries, the assets and liabilities are translated into TL at exchange rates ruling at the balance sheet date, the income and expenses in income statement are translated into TL using monthly average exchange rates. Foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of income and expenses and other equity items, are recognized in "other comprehensive income/expense items to be recycled to profit or loss under the shareholders' equity.

Data and

Technology

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Operational

Excellence

In the current period, net investment hedge amounting to EUR 419,127,526 (31 December 2019: EUR 401,703,512) is applied in total among investments in Garanti Bank International NV and Garanti Holding BV having capitals denominated in foreign currencies and long term foreign currency borrowings. Foreign exchange losses in the amount of TL 2,548,634 (31 December 2019: TL 1,580,575), arising from conversion of both foreign currency investments and long term foreign currency borrowings are accounted under capital reserves and other comprehensive income/expense items to be recycled to profit/loss, respectively under equity as of 31 December 2020. There is no ineffective portion arising from net investment hedge accounting.

3.3 INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED SUBSIDIARIES

Reaching

More Customers

As of 31 December 2020, Türkiye Garanti Bankası Anonim Şirketi and the following financial subsidiaries are consolidated in the accompanying consolidated financial statements; Garanti Bank International (GBI), Garanti Finansal Kiralama AŞ (Garanti Finansal Kiralama), Garanti Yatırım Menkul Kıymetler AŞ (Garanti Yatırım), Garanti Portföy Yönetimi AŞ (Garanti Portföy), Garanti Emeklilik ve Hayat AŞ (Garanti Emeklilik), Garanti Faktoring AŞ (Garanti Faktoring) and Garanti Holding BV (Garanti Holding).

Garanti Finansal Kiralama was established in 1990 to perform financial lease activities and all related transactions and contracts. The company's head office is in Istanbul. The Bank increased its shareholding to 100% through a further acquisition of 0.04% of the company's shares on 21 October 2014.

Garanti Faktoring was established in 1990 to perform import, export and domestic factoring activities. The company's head office is in Istanbul. The Bank owns 81.84% of Garanti Faktoring shares including the shares acquired in the market, T. İhracat Kredi Bankası AŞ owns 9.78% of the company's shares and the remaining 8.38% shares are held by public.

GBI was established in October 1990 to perform banking activities abroad. The head office of this bank is in Amsterdam. It is wholly owned by the Bank.

Garanti Yatırım was established in 1991 to perform brokerage activities for marketable securities, valuable papers and documents representing financial values or financial commitments of issuing parties other than securities. The company's head office is in Istanbul. It is wholly owned by the Bank. Garanti Yatırım Ortaklığı AŞ that Garanti Yatırım participated by 3.61%, has been consolidated in the accompanying consolidated financial statements due to the company's right to elect all the members of the board of directors as resulted from its privilege in election of board members.

In 1992, it was decided to operate life and health branches under a different company and accordingly Garanti Hayat Sigorta AŞ was established. Garanti Hayat Sigorta AŞ was converted into a private pension company in compliance with the legislation early in 2003 and its name was changed as Garanti Emeklilik ve Hayat AŞ. Following the sale transactions that took place on 21 June 2007, the Bank's ownership in Garanti Emeklilik decreased to 84.91%. The head office of this company is in Istanbul.

Garanti Portföy was established in June 1997 to manage the customer portfolios by using the capital market products in compliance with the principles and rules of the regulations regarding the company's purpose of establishment and the portfolio management agreements signed with the customers. The company's head office is in Istanbul. It is wholly owned by the Bank.

Garanti Holding was established in December 2007 in Amsterdam and all its shares was purchased by the Bank from Doğuş Holding AŞ in May 2010. On 27 January 2011 the consolidated subsidiary's legal named changed to Garanti Holding BV from D Netherlands BV.

Garanti Diversified Payment Rights Finance Company and RPV Company are structured entities established for the parent Bank's securitization transactions, and consolidated in the accompanying consolidated financial statements. The Bank or any of its subsidiaries does not have any shareholding interests in these companies.

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> Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Financial Reports

and Appendix

About Garanti BBVA Our Value Creation

Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

<u>Sus</u>tainability

3.4 FORWARDS, OPTIONS AND OTHER DERIVATIVE TRANSACTIONS

3.4.1 DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL ASSETS

Introduction

Derivative financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss

The derivative transactions mainly consist of foreign currency and interest rate swaps, foreign currency options and forward foreign currency purchase/sale contacts.

Derivatives are initially recorded at their fair values. The related transaction costs are recognized in income statement at the date they incur. The changes in their fair values are recorded on balance sheet under "the portion of derivative financial assets measured at fair value through profit and loss" or "the portion of derivative financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit and loss", respectively depending on the fair values being positive or negative. Fair value changes for derivatives are recorded in the account of "income / losses from derivative transactions" under statement of profit or loss.

Within the scope of TFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement standard; (i) if there is a significant decrease in the volume or level of activity for that asset or liability in relation to normal market activity for the asset or liability (or similar assets or liabilities); (ii) when the transaction or quoted price does not represent fair value; and / or (iii) when a price for a similar asset requires significant adjustment to make it comparable to the asset being measured, or (iv) when the price is stale, an adjustment to the transactions or quoted prices is made and this adjustment is reflected to the fair value measurement. In this context, the point is determined within the range that is most representative of fair value under current market conditions. Beginning on 30 June 2020, the Bank started to use TLREF OIS ("Overnight Indexed Swap") curves to reflect its fair valuation more accurately for the CBRT swap transactions and made the necessary fair value measurement adjustments.

The spot legs of currency swap transactions are recorded on the balance sheet and the forward legs in the off-balance sheet accounts as commitment. In the initial phase of currency swaps, the, currency exchange transactions to realise at value dates are recorded and followed as irrevocable commitments in the off-balance sheet accounts up to their value dates.

Liabilities and receivables arising from the derivative instruments are followed in the off-balance sheet accounts at their contractual values.

An embedded derivative is a component of a hybrid contract that also includes a non-derivative host with the effect that some of the cash flows of the combined instrument vary in a way similar to stand alone derivative. An embedded derivative causes some or all of the cash flows that otherwise would be required by the contract to be modified according to a specified interest rate, financial instrument price, commodity price, foreign exchange rate, index of prices or rates, credit rating or credit index, or other variable, provided in the case of a non-financial variable that the variable is not specific to contract. A derivative that is attached to a financial instrument but is contractually transferable independently of that instrument, or has a different counterparty, is not an embedded derivative but a separate financial instrument. If a hybrid contract contains a host that is an asset within the scope of this standard, it is applied the standard's requirements about classification of financial assets to the entire hybrid contract. The Bank and its consolidated financial instrument which shall be separated from the host and accounted for as derivative under this standard. Credit derivatives; are capital market tools designed to transfer credit risk from one party to another. The credit derivatives portfolio included in the off-balance sheet accounts composes of total return swaps and credit default swaps resulted from protection buying or selling.

Credit default swap; is a contract, in which the protection seller commits to pay the protection value to the protection buyer in case of certain credit risk events in return for the premium paid by the buyer for the contract. Credit default swaps are valued daily at their fair values.

Total return swap; is a contract, in which the protection seller commits to make a certain payment and compensate the decreases in market values of the reference assets to the buyer under the condition that the protection buyer will transfer all the cash flows to be created by and the increases in market values of the reference asset. It is entered into total return swap contract for the purpose of generating long-term funding.

Data and

Technology

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Operational

Excellence

3.4.2 DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS HELD FOR HEDGING PURPOSE

TFRS 9 permits to defer application of TFRS 9 hedge accounting and continue to apply hedge accounting in accordance with TAS 39 as a policy choice. Accordingly, the Bank and its consolidated financial subsidiaries continue to apply hedge accounting in accordance with TAS 39 in this context.

The Bank and its consolidated financial subsidiaries enter into interest rate and cross currency swap transactions in order to hedge the changes in fair values of fixed-rate financial instruments. The changes in fair values of derivative financial assets held for fair value hedges are recognised in "income/losses from derivative financial instruments". If the hedging is effective, the changes in fair value of the hedged item is presented in statement of financial position together with the fixed-rate loan, and in case of the fixedrate financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, such changes are reclassified from shareholders' equity to statement of profit or loss.

Derivative financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income

The Bank and its consolidated financial subsidiaries enter into interest rate and cross currency swap transactions in order to hedge the changes in cash flows of the floating-rate financial instruments. While applying cash flow hedge accounting, the effective portion of the changes in the fair value of the hedging instrument is accounted for under "accumulated other comprehensive income or expense to be reclassified to profit or loss" in shareholders' equity, and the ineffective portion is recognised in income statement. The changes recognized in shareholders' equity is removed and included in statement of profit or loss in the same period when the hedged cash flows effect the income or loss.

Effectiveness tests are performed at the beginning of the hedge accounting period and at each reporting period. The effectiveness tests are carried out using the "Dollar off-set model" and the hedge accounting is applied as long as the test results are between the ranges of 80%-125% of effectiveness.

The hedge accounting is discontinued when the hedging instrument expires, is exercised, sold or no longer effective. When discontinuing fair value hedge accounting, the cumulative fair value changes in carrying value of the hedged item arising from the hedged risk are amortised to statement of profit or loss under trading account income/loss caption over the maturity of the hedged item from that date of the hedge accounting is discontinued.

While expiring, sale, discontinuing cash flow hedge accounting or when no longer effective the cumulative gains/losses recognised in shareholders' equity and presented under "accumulated other comprehensive income or expense to be reclassified to profit or loss" are continued to be kept in this account. When the cash flows of hedged item incur, the gain/losses accounted for under shareholders' equity are recognised in statement of profit or loss considering the original maturity.

3.5 INTEREST INCOME AND EXPENSES

General

Reaching

More Customers

Interest is recorded according to the effective interest rate method (rate equalizing future cash flows of financial assets or liabilities to net present value) defined in the TFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" standard by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset except for: purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets or financial assets that are not purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets but subsequently have become credit-impaired financial assets. In applying the effective interest method, it is identified fees that are an integral part of the effective interest rate of a financial instrument. Fees that are an integral part of the effective interest rate of a financial instrument to the effective interest rate, unless the financial instrument is measured at fair value, with the change in fair value being recognised in profit or loss. In those cases, such fees are accounted as revenue or expense when the financial instrument is initially recognised in the financial statements.

When applying the effective interest method, it is amortised any fees, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts that are included in the calculation of the effective interest rate over the expected life of the financial instrument.

The Best and Most Engaged Team Corporate Governance

> Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Financial Reports

and Appendix

Introduction

About Garanti BBVA Our Value Creation Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financia Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Sustainability

In case an interest was accrued on a security before its acquisition, the collected interest is divided into two parts as interest before and after the acquisition and only the interest income of the period after the acquisition is recorded as interest income in the financial statements.

If the expectations for the cash flows in the financial asset are revised for reasons other than the credit risk, the amendment is reflected in the carrying amount of the asset and in the related income statement line and is amortized over the estimated life of the financial asset.

If the financial asset is impaired and classified as a non-performing receivable, it is applied the effective interest rate on the amortized cost of the asset for subsequent reporting periods. Such interest income calculation is made on an individual contract basis for all financial assets subject to impairment calculation. It is used effective interest rate during calculation of loss given default rate in expected credit loss models and accordingly, the calculation of expected credit losses includes an interest amount. Therefore, a reclassification is made between the accounts of "expected credit losses" expense and "interest income from loans" for such calculated interest amount.

If the credit risk of the financial instrument improves to the extent that the financial asset is no longer considered as impaired and the improvement can be attributed to an incident that eventually takes place (such as an increase in the loan's credit rating), the system calculates interest income at subsequent reporting periods by applying the effective interest rate to the gross amount.

Financial lease activities

Total of minimum rental payments including interests and principals are recorded under "financial lease receivables" as gross. The difference, i.e. the interest, between the total of rental payments and the cost of the related tangible asset is recorded under "unearned income". When the rent payment incurs, the rent amount is deducted from "financial lease receivables"; and the interest portion is recorded as interest income in the income statement.

3.6 FEES AND COMMISSIONS

Fees and commissions except for which are integral part of the effective interest rates of financial instruments measured at amortized costs, are accounted for in accordance with TFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers. Except for certain fees related with certain banking transactions and recognized when the related service is given, fees and commissions received or paid, and other fees and commissions paid to financial institutions are accounted under accrual basis of accounting throughout the service period. The income derived from agreements or asset purchases from real-person or corporate third parties are recognized as income when realized.

3.7 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

3.7.1 INITIAL RECOGNITION OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

It shall be recognised a financial asset or a financial liability in its statement of financial position when, and only when, an entity becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. A regular way purchase or sale of financial assets shall be recognised and derecognised, as applicable, using trade date accounting or settlement date accounting. Purchase and sale transactions of securities are accounted at the settlement date.

3.7.2 INITIAL MEASUREMENT OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The classification of financial instruments at initial recognition depends on the contractual conditions and the relevant business model. Except for the assets in the scope of TFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers, at initial recognition, financial asset or financial liabilities are measured at fair value. At initial recognition, financial asset or a financial liability exclusive the ones at fair value through profit or loss are measured at its fair value plus or minus, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial asset or financial liability.

Data and

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Operational

Excellence

3.7.3 CLASSIFICATION OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

On which category a financial instruments shall be classified at initial recognition depends on both the business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

3.7.3.1 ASSESSMENT OF THE BUSINESS MODEL

Reaching

More Customers

As per TFRS 9, the business model is determined at a level that reflects how groups of financial assets are managed together to achieve a particular business objective. The business model does not depend on management's intentions for an individual instrument. Accordingly, this condition is not an instrument-by-instrument approach to classification and should be determined on a higher level of aggregation.

During assessment of the business model for management of financial assets, it must be considered all relevant evidence that is available at the date of the assessment. Such relevant evidence includes below:

- how the performance of the business model and the financial assets held within that business model are evaluated and reported to the key management personnel;

- the risks that affect the performance of the business model (and the financial assets held within that business model) and, in particular, the way in which those risks are managed; and

- how managers of the business are compensated (for example, whether the compensation is based on the fair value of the assets managed or on the contractual cash flows collected).

Assessment of the business model is not performed on the basis of scenarios that the entity does not reasonably expect to occur, such as so-called 'worst case' or 'stress case' scenarios.

If cash flows are realised in a way that is different from the expectations at the date that it is assessed the business model, that does not give rise to a prior period error in the financial statements nor does it change the classification of the remaining financial assets held in that business model as long as it is considered all relevant information that was available at the time that it made the business model assessment. However, when the business model is assessed for newly originated or newly purchased financial assets, it must be considered information about how cash flows were realised in the past, along with all other relevant information.

The business models are divided into three categories. These categories are defined below:

- A business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows: a business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows are managed to realise cash flows by collecting contractual payments over the life of the instrument. The financial assets that are held within the scope of this business model are measured at amortised cost when the contractual terms of the financial asset meet the condition of giving rise on specified dates to contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

- A business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets: it may be held financial assets in a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets. Fair value change of the financial assets that are held within the scope of this business model are accounted under other comprehensive income when the contractual terms of the financial asset meet the condition of giving rise on specified dates to contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

- Other business models: financial assets are measured at fair value through profit or loss if they are not held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows or within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets.

The Best and Most Engaged Team Corporate Governance

> Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Financial Reports

and Appendix

Introduction

About Garanti BBVA Our Value Creation Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Sustainability

3.7.3.2 CONTRACTUAL CASH FLOWS THAT ARE SOLELY PAYMENTS OF PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST ON THE PRINCIPAL AMOUNT OUTSTANDING

As per TFRS 9, a financial asset is classified on the basis of its contractual cash flow characteristics if the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows or within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets.

In a basic lending arrangement, consideration for the time value of money and credit risk are typically the most significant elements of interest. In order to assess whether the element provides consideration for only the passage of time, an entity applies judgement and considers relevant factors such as the currency in which the financial asset is denominated and the period for which the interest rate is set. When the contractual conditions are exposed to the risks which are not consistent with the basic lending arrangement or variability of cash flows, the relevant financial asset is measured at fair value through profit or loss.

3.7.4 MEASUREMENT CATEGORIES OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

All financial assets are classified based on the business model for managing the financial assets. Accordingly, financial assets are classified in three main categories as listed below:

- Financial assets measured at amortized cost,
- Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income and
- Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial investments and loans measured at amortised cost

Banka aşağıdaki koşullar sağlandığı sürece finansal yatırımlar ve krediler itfa edilmiş maliyetten tutulabilmektedir.

Financial investments and loans are measured at amortised cost if both of the following conditions are met:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and

- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial investments measured at amortised cost: subsequent to the initial recognition, financial investments measured at amortised cost are accounted at amortised cost calculated by using the effective interest rate method. The expected losses calculated for the relevant financial assets in accordance with TFRS 9 is presented in Note 5.1.8.5.

Loans: financial assets other than those held for trading in short term or generated through providing money, commodity and services to debtors. Loans are financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and not quoted in an active market.

Loans are recognized at cost and measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Duties paid, transaction costs and other similar expenses on assets received against such risks are considered as a part of transaction cost and charged to customers. The expected losses calculated for the relevant financial assets in accordance with TFRS 9 is presented in Note 5.1.5.11.

Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income

As per TFRS 9, financial investments are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if both of the following conditions are met:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and

- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Data and

Technology

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Operational

Excellence

Reaching

More Customers

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

429

Financial Reports

and Appendix

A gain or loss on a financial asset measured at fair value through other comprehensive income shall be recognised in other comprehensive income, except for impairment gains or losses and foreign exchange gains and losses, until the financial asset is derecognised or reclassified. If the financial asset is reclassified as financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment at the reclassification date.

The Best and Most

Governance

Engaged Team

Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income are measured at their fair values subsequently. However, assets for which fair values could not be determined reliably are valued at amortized cost by using the discounting method with effective interest rate, that approximates to fair value, for floating-rate securities; and by using valuation models or discounted cash flow techniques for fixed-rate securities.

Unrecognised gain/losses derived from the difference between their fair value and the discounted values are recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income or expense to be reclassified to profit or loss under the shareholders' equity. In case of sales, the gain/losses arising from fair value measurement accumulated under shareholders' equity are recognized in income statement.

Interests calculated and/or earned by using the effective interest method during holding of financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income are recorded primarily in interest income. In case of sale of such debt securities are sold before maturity date, the difference between the sales income calculated as difference between the cost in accordance with the Uniform Chart of Accounts and the sale price and the recognized interest income is transferred to "trading account income/losses". The Bank also owns in its securities portfolio; consumer price indexed government bonds (CPI) reclassified as financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss and financial assets measured at amortised cost. CPI's are valued and accounted based on the effective interest rate method which is calculated according to the real coupon rate and the reference inflation index on the issue date. As it is mentioned in the Undersecretariat of Treasury's Investor Guide of CPI, the reference index used during the calculation of the actual coupon payment amount is the previous two months CPI's. The Bank determines its expected inflation rates in compliance with this guideline. The estimated inflation rate according to the Central Bank of Turkey and the Bank's expectations, maybe updated during the year when it is considered necessary.

As of 31 December 2020, due to adverse effects of the COVID-19 outbreak, the Bank has reviewed the valuation of its financial assets whose fair value difference is reflected in other comprehensive income, and deemed that no change is required in the fair valuation measurement as of the reporting date.

Equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income

At initial recognition, it can be made an irrevocable election to present in other comprehensive income subsequent changes in the fair value of an investment in an equity instrument within the scope of TFRS 9 that is neither held for trading nor contingent consideration recognised by an acquirer in a business combination to which TFRS 3 applies. Such election is made on an instrument by instrument basis.

Amounts presented in other comprehensive income shall not be subsequently transferred to profit or loss. However, the cumulative gain or loss shall be transferred to prior period's profit or loss. Dividends on such investments are recognised in profit or loss unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. TFRS 9 impairment requirements are not applicable for equity instruments.

As of 31 December 2020, due to the adverse effects of the COVID-19 outbreak, the Bank has reviewed the valuation of its equity instruments whose fair value difference is recognized in other comprehensive income, and no change is required in the fair valuation measurement as of the reporting date.

Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets valued at fair value through profit or loss are valued at their fair values and gain/loss arising on those assets is recorded in the income statement. Interest income earned on trading securities and the difference between their acquisition costs and amortized costs are recorded as interest income in the income statement. The differences between the amortized costs and

Introduction

About Garanti BBVA Our Value Creation Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Sustainability

the fair values of such securities are recorded under trading account income/losses in the income statement. In cases where such securities are sold before their maturities, the gains/losses on such sales are recorded under trading account income/losses. It is classified certain loans and securities issued at their origination dates, as financial assets/liabilities, irrevocably at fair value through profit or loss in order to eliminate any accounting mismatch in compliance with TFRS 9.

The interest income/expense earned and the difference between the acquisition costs and the amortized costs of financial liabilities are recorded under interest income/expense in statement of profit or loss, the difference between the amortized costs and the fair values of financial liabilities are recorded under trading account income/losses in statement of profit or loss. The amount of change in the fair value of the financial liability at fair value through profit or loss that is attributable to changes in the credit risk of that liability shall be presented in other comprehensive income unless it creates accounting mismatch or increase the accounting mismatch. Excluding the change in credit risk of the liability, the change in the fair value of the liability shall be recognized in profit or loss.

As of 31 December 2020, due to the adverse effects of the COVID-19 outbreak, the Bank has reviewed the valuation of its financial assets and liabilities which are measured at fair value through profit or loss, and deemed that no change is required in the fair valuation measurement as of the reporting date.

On the other hand, the Bank has assessed the effects of the COVID-19 outbreak with respect to its financial instruments which are classified in Level 3 as inputs for these instruments are highly dependent on estimates and judgments and deemed that no change is required as of the reporting date.

3.8 DISCLOSURES ON IMPAIRMENT OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Loss allowance for expected credit losses is recognised on financial assets and loans measured at amortised cost, financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, loan commitments and financial guarantee contracts not measured at fair value through profit or loss based on TFRS 9 and the regulation published in the Official Gazette no. 29750 dated 22 June 2016 in connection with "Procedures and Principals regarding Classification of Loans and Allowances Allocated for Such Loans" effective from 1 January 2018. TFRS 9 impairment requirements are not applicable for equity instruments.

At each reporting date, it shall be assessed whether the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition. When making the assessment, it shall be used the change in the risk of a default occurring for the financial instrument. As of the reporting date, if the credit risk on a financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, it shall be measured the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses. However, if there is a significant increase in credit risk of a financial instrument since initial recognition, it is measured loss allowance regarding such instrument at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses.

The expected credit loss is calculated on a collective basis by means of grouping the financial assets having common credit risk features or on an individual basis.

It is constituted a policy in order to make an assessment whether the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition by taking into consideration change in the risk of a default occurring over the expected life of the financial instrument. The aforementioned policy is presented in Note 3.8.3.

The impairment model having 3 stages based on the change in credit quality since initial recognition based on TFRS 9 is explained below.

3.8.1 CALCULATION OF EXPECTED CREDIT LOSSES

Expected credit losses are calculated based on a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses (i.e. the present value of all cash shortfalls) over the expected life of the financial instrument. A cash shortfall is the difference between the cash flows that are due based on the contract and the cash flows that are expected to be received.

Data and

Technology

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Operational

Excellence

Reaching

More Customers

Probability of Default (PD): PD refers to the likelihood that a loan will default, which is usually set at 12 months, given certain characteristics. Based on TFRS 9, it is used two different PDs in order to calculate expected credit losses:

- 12-month PD: as the estimated probability of default occurring within the next 12 months following the balance sheet date.

- Lifetime PD: as the estimated probability of default occurring over the remaining life of the financial instrument. Internal rating systems are used for both retail and commercial portfolios. The internal rating models used for the commercial portfolio include customer financial information and qualitative survey responses. Whereas behavioral and application scorecards used in the retail portfolio include; (i) the behavioral data of the customer and the product in the Bank, (ii) the demographic information of the customer, and (iii) the behavioral data of the customer in the sector. Probability of default calculation has been carried out based on past information, current conditions and forward looking macroeconomic parameters.

Loss Given Default (LGD): If a loan default occurs, it represents the economic loss incurred on the loan. It is expressed as a percentage.

LGD calculations are performed using historical data which best reflects current conditions, by formation of segments based on certain risk factors that are deemed important for each portfolio and inclusion of forward-looking information and macroeconomic expectations. LGD summarizes all cash flows from customers subsequent to default. It covers all costs and collections that occur during the collection cycle, including collections from collaterals. It also includes the "time value of money" calculated by means of deducting costs and additional losses from the present value of collections.

Exposure at Default (EAD): For cash loans, it corresponds to the amount of loan granted as of the reporting date. For non-cash loans and commitments, it is the value calculated through using credit conversion factors. Credit conversion factor corresponds to the factor which adjusts the potential increase of the exposure between the current date and the default date.

When expected credit losses are estimated, it is considered three scenarios (base scenario, bad scenario, good scenario). Each of these three scenarios is associated with different probability of default, loss given default and exposure at default. When relevant, the assessment of multiple scenarios also incorporates how defaulted loans are expected to be recovered, including the probability that the loans will cure and the value of collateral or the amount that might be received for selling the asset.

With the exception of credit cards and other revolving facilities, the maximum period for which the credit losses are determined is the contractual life of a financial instrument unless there is the legal right to call it earlier.

Stage 1: 12-month expected credit loss represents the expected credit losses that result from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within the 12 months after the reporting date and calculated as the portion of lifetime expected credit losses. It is calculated 12-month expected credit loss based on a probability of default realized within 12 months after the reporting date. Such expected 12-month probability of default is applied on an expected exposure at default, multiplied with loss given default rate and discounted with the original effective interest rate. Such calculation is performed for each of three scenarios explained above.

In accordance with the BRSA Decision numbered 8970 dated 27 March 2020, the Bank records a loss allowance for loans which have days past due between 30 to 90 days and classified under Stage 1 at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses until 31 December 2020. Based on the BRSA Decision numbered 9312 dated 8 December 2020, this period was extended until 30 June 2021. However, according to the Bank's risk models, since the number of days past due in such loans exceed 30 days, higher probability of default and loss given default parameters are taken into consideration compared to other loans in Stage 1.

Stage 2: When a loan has shown a significant increase in credit risk since origination, it is calculated an allowance for the lifetime expected credit losses. Including multiple scenario usage, it is similar to descriptions above, but probability of default and loss given default rates are estimated through the life of the instrument. Estimated cash shortfalls are discounted by using the original effective interest rate.

In accordance with the BRSA Decision numbered 8948 dated 17 March 2020, starting from 17 March 2020, the Bank records a loss allowance for loans which have days past due between 90-180 days and classified under Stage 2 at an amount equal to their lifetime expected credit losses where the probability of default is taken into account as 100% until 31 December 2020. Based on the BRSA Decision numbered 9312 dated 8 December 2020, this period was extended until 30 June 2021. According to Bank's risk models, Stage 3 parameters are used for loss given default as well as for the probability of default.

The Best and Most Engaged Team

Corporate Governance

Financial Reports

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

and Appendix

Introduction

About Garanti BBVA Our Value Creation

Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Sustainability

Stage 3: For the loans considered as impaired, it is accounted lifetime expected credit losses. The methodology is similar to stage 2 and the probability of default is taken into account as 100%.

It is considered a debt as default on these two below conditions;

1. Objective Default Definition: It means debt having past due more than 90 days. Current definition of default in the Bank is based on a more than 90 days past due definition. If a loan is exactly 90 days past due, it will not be considered as default. Default status starts on the 91st day. Moreover, in accordance with the BRSA Decision numbered 8948 dated 17 March 2020 and Decision numbered 9312 dated 8 December 2020, starting from 17 March 2020, current definition of default in the Bank is based on a more than 180 days past due instead of a 90 days past due until 30 June 2021.

2. Subjective Default Definition: It means it is considered that a debt is unlikely to be paid. Whenever it is considered that an obligor is unlikely to pay its credit obligations, it should be considered as defaulted regardless of the existence of any past-due amount or of the number of days past due.

For the purpose of determining significant increases in credit risk and recognising a loss allowance on a collective basis, financial instruments are grouped on the basis of shared credit risk characteristics. In this context, the methodology developed for the estimation of expected credit losses should include the risk features which meet the criteria for carrying the same credit risk characteristics. Examples of the common credit risk characteristics include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Customer type (retail or corporate / commercial)
- Product type
- Credit risk rating notes /scores
- Sector / market segmentation
- Collateral type
- Loan to value ratio
- Duration since origination of a loan
- Remaining time to maturity
- Exposure at default

In addition, a certain portion of commercial and corporate loans is assessed individually in accordance with the internal policies in the calculation of the expected credit losses based on TFRS 9. Such calculations are made by discounting the expected cash deficits from the individual financial instrument to its present value using the effective interest rate.

When measuring expected credit losses, it shall be considered the risk or probability that a credit loss occurs by reflecting the possibility that a credit loss occurs and the possibility that no credit loss occurs, even if the possibility of a credit loss occurring is very low. Such assessment is made by reflecting the estimate of expected credit loss which is unbiased and probability-weighted determined by evaluating a range of possible outcomes.

As of 31 December 2020, the Bank has revised the cash flow expectations and scenario weights for its commercial and corporate loans, due to the negative effects of the COVID-19 outbreak, and reflected the related effects in its expected credit losses with the best estimation approach.

In accordance with the Bank's internal policies, TFRS 9 models are updated once a year. The related model update was made in the 4th quarter of 2020 and the Bank calculated expected credit losses provision based on the mentioned updated model at the year end of 2020.

3.8.1.1 LOAN COMMITMENTS AND NON-CASH LOANS

The expected credit losses on a loan commitment shall be discounted using the effective interest rate, or an approximation thereof, that will be applied when recognising the financial asset resulting from the loan commitment. This is because for the purpose of applying the impairment requirements, a financial asset that is recognised following a draw down on a loan commitment shall be treated as a continuation of that commitment instead of as a new financial instrument. The expected credit losses on the financial asset shall therefore be measured considering the initial credit risk of the loan commitment from the date when becoming a party to the irrevocable commitment.

Data and

Technology

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Expected credit losses on financial guarantee contracts or on loan commitments for which the effective interest rate cannot be determined shall be discounted by applying a discount rate that reflects the current market assessment of the time value of money and the risks that are specific to the cash flows but only if, and to the extent that, the risks are taken into account by adjusting the discount rate instead of adjusting the cash shortfalls being discounted.

3.8.1.2 DEBT INSTRUMENTS MEASURED AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

In accordance with TFRS 9, the impairment requirements for the recognition and measurement of a loss allowance for financial assets that are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income shall be applied. However, the loss allowance shall be recognised in other comprehensive income and shall not reduce the carrying amount of the financial asset in the statement of financial position. The expected credit loss is reflected in other comprehensive income and the accumulated amount is recycled to statement of profit/loss following the derecognition of related financial asset.

3.8.1.3 CREDIT CARDS AND OTHER REVOLVING LOANS

The Bank and its financial subsidiaries subject to consolidation offer credit card and overdraft products which give ability to corporate and commercial customers demand repayment and cancel the undrawn commitment. Such products do not limit the period that entities are exposed to credit losses with the contractual notice. For this reason, it is calculated the expected credit losses for these products over a period of time reflecting the anticipation of customer behavior, the likelihood of default, and future risk mitigation procedures such as the reduction or removal of undrawn limits.

When determining the period over which it is expected to be exposed to credit risk, but for which expected credit losses would not be mitigated by normal credit risk management actions, it is considered factors such as historical information and experience about the below items:

- the period over which the entity was exposed to credit risk on similar financial instruments;
- the length of time for related defaults to occur on similar financial instruments following a significant increase in credit risk; and
- the credit risk management actions that it is expected to be taken once the credit risk on the financial instrument has increased, such as the reduction or removal of undrawn limits.

It is calculated expected credit losses on the revolving products of retail and corporate customers by considering 3 to 5 years.

It is made assessment of significant increase in credit risk of revolving loans by considering qualitative and quantitative criteria considered for other credit products as explained in disclosure 3.8.3.

3.8.2 FORWARD-LOOKING MACROECONOMIC INFORMATION

Forward-looking macroeconomic information is incorporated into credit risk parameters during assessment of significant increase in credit risk and expected credit loss calculation. The incorporation of forward-looking information into the credit risk parameters consists of the following steps:

Step 1: It is made specifications and estimates of econometric models that reveal past relationships between credit risk parameters and macroeconomic variables in order to be able to generate estimates based on macroeconomic information. Macroeconomic variable prevailing during these estimates is mainly the Gross Domestic Product (GDP).

Step 2: Where macroeconomic scenarios do not include longer maturity, a process called "convergence to the mean" is applied.

Step 3: In order to estimate the ultimate parameters to be used in the calculation of the expected credit losses, it is applied the methods of credit risk parameters reflection and forward-looking impact inclusion into the parameters. The Bank updates its macroeconomic parameters incorporated into significant increase in credit risk and expected credit loss assessments in every three months, in February, May, August and November. The Bank has assessed the adverse impacts of the COVID-19 outbreak in its models by updating the macroeconomic parameters as of 31 March 2020 in addition to the February period.

After March, the Bank is carried out its quarterly routine procedure by updating the macroeconomic parameters for the third quarter.

The Best and Most Engaged Team

Governance

More Customers

Reaching

Operational Excellence

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Financial Reports

and Appendix

About Garanti BBVA Our Value Creation Our 2020 Materia Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Sustainability

The Bank takes into account different scenarios in the calculation of expected credit loss by evaluating the current economic conditions and expert opinions. Accordingly, the macroeconomic value estimates taken into account in the expected loss provision calculation are presented below.

DATE	GDP
31.12.2020	0.0%
31.12.2021	5.5%
31.12.2022	4.5%
31.12.2023	4.0%
31.12.2024	4.0%
31.12.2025	4.0%

3.8.3 SIGNIFICANT INCREASE IN CREDIT RISK

Qualitative and quantitative assessments are performed regarding assessment of significant increase in credit risk.

Qualitative assessment:

It is classified the financial asset as Stage 2 (Significant Increase in Credit Risk) where any of the following conditions are satisfied as a result of a qualitative assessment.

- Loans overdue more than 30 days as of the reporting date (In accordance with the BRSA Decision numbered 8970 dated 27 March 2020 and Decision numbered 9312 dated 8 December 2020, as of the reporting date loans with an overdue more than 90 days instead of 30 days are taken into consideration until 30 June 2021.)
- · Loans classified as watchlist,
- When there is a change in the payment plan due to refinancing, restructuring or concession, the loan is not considered as default or written off and the change is not due to any commercial reason.

Quantitative assessment:

The quantitative reason explaining the significant increase in the credit risk is based on a comparison of the probability of default calculated at the origination of the loan and the probability of default assigned for the same loan as of the reporting date. The absolute and relative thresholds used for the probability of default are differentiated on the basis of segment/ loan group.

It is classified the related financial asset as stage 2 (Significant Increase in Credit Risk) where both of the following criteria are satisfied as a result of quantitative assessment.

- Relative change in the PD: If the "relative difference" between the probability of defaults as of the reporting date and the date when the loan is initially recognized in the financial statements is above the specified threshold
- Absolute change in the PD: If the "absolute difference" between the probability of defaults as of the reporting date and the date when the loan is initially recognized in the financial statements is above the specified threshold (different from the threshold for the relative change)

3.8.4 LOW CREDIT RISK

As per TFRS 9, the credit risk on a financial instrument is considered as low if the financial instrument has a low risk of default, the borrower has a strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term and adverse changes in economic and business conditions in the longer term may, but will not necessarily, reduce the ability of the borrower to fulfil its contractual cash flow obligations.

It is not considered financial instruments to have low credit risk when they are regarded as having a low risk of loss simply because of the value of collateral and the financial instrument without that collateral would not be considered low credit risk. Financial instruments are also not considered to have low credit risk simply because they have a lower risk of default than the other financial instruments or relative to the credit risk of the jurisdiction within which it is operated.

Data and

Technology

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Operational

Excellence

Reaching

More Customers

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Financial Reports

435

If it is determined that a financial instrument has a low credit risk as of the reporting date, it is assumed that the credit risk on the financial instrument has not increased significantly following its first recognition in the financial statements.

The Best and Most

Engaged Team

It is defined the definition of low credit risk based on the definition of High Quality Liquid Asset given in the Regulation on the Liquidity Coverage Ratio Calculation and the principles of the risk weight calculation based on the external rating note of the receivables from the Central Banks and the Central Governments in accordance with the Regulation on the Measurement and Assessment of Banks' Capital Adequacy.

The financial instruments that are defined as having low credit risk based on TFRS 9 are as follows:

- Receivables from the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey (required reserves, free reserves, placement, etc.)
- · Loans with counterparty of Treasury of the Republic of Turkey,
- Receivables (reserves, free reserves, placements, etc.) from the central banks of the branches of the Bank or its subsidiaries, securities issued or guaranteed by these central banks and securities issued / guaranteed by the treasury of these countries,
- Loans granted to the treasury of countries having rating note of AA- and above and the securities issued or guaranteed by the treasury of these countries,
- Local currency loans granted to the treasury of countries having rating below AA-, and securities in local currency issued or guaranteed by the treasury of these countries,
- Securities exported or guaranteed by multilateral development banks or international organizations having rating of AA- and above.

3.8.5 DISCLOSURES ON WRITE DOWN POLICY

The amendment with respect to the regulation on the Principles and Procedures Regarding the Classification of Loans and Reserves Set Aside for These Loans entered into force with its publication in the Official Gazette No.30961 on November 27, 2019. Pursuant to the regulation, the banks are enabled to write down and move off the balance sheet the portion of a loan which is classified as "Group V Loan" (Loans Classified as Loss) if it cannot reasonably be expected to be recovered. The Bank performs objective and subjective assessments whether there is reasonable expectation.

In accordance with TFRS9, a provision is provided for the portions of the loans, that are not expected to be recovered as explained in the accounting policies 3.8 Disclosures on impairment of financial instruments and 3.8.1 Calculation of expected credit losses.

Accordingly, the loans which cannot be reasonably expected to be recovered regarding the opinions of the related department responsible from the collection and the portion up to the provision amount of the loans, that are classified as "Group V Loan" (Loans Classified as Loss), can be subject to write-down operation.

In addition, all of the loans that meet the conditions in the below are assessed by the Bank as having completely lost their ability to collect and can be written down based on the positive opinion of the related departments.

- i. Being monitored as a non-performing loan at least for 2 years,
- ii. Not having any collection in the last 6 months,
- iii. Not having any tangible collaterals other than a pledge over movable assets.

The write-down of these loans, which are not possible to be collected, is an accounting policy and this policy does not result in waiving the right of receivables.

3.9 DISCLOSURES ABOUT NETTING AND DERECOGNITION OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

3.9.1 NETTING OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet when the Bank and its consolidated financial subsidiaries have legally enforceable rights to offset the recognized amounts and to collect/pay related financial assets and liabilities on a net basis, or there is an intention to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Introduction

About Garanti BBVA Our Value Creation Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Sustainability

3.9.2 DERECOGNITION OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

3.9.2.1 DERECOGNITION OF FINANCIAL ASSETS DUE TO CHANGE IN THE CONTRACTUAL TERMS

Based on TFRS 9, the renegotiation or modification of the contractual cash flows of a financial asset can lead to the derecognition of the existing financial asset. When the modification of a financial asset results in the derecognition of the existing financial asset and the subsequent recognition of the modified financial asset, the modified asset is considered a 'new' financial asset.

The Bank shall assess the characteristics of the new contractual terms of the financial asset based on quantitative and qualitative criteria. When the contractual cash flows of a financial asset are renegotiated or otherwise modified and the renegotiation or modification does not result in the derecognition of that financial asset, it is recalculated the gross carrying amount of the financial asset and in case a significant change is determined, it is recognized a modification gain or loss in profit or loss.

Where all risks and rewards of ownership of the asset have not been transferred to another party and it is retained control of the asset, it is continued to recognize the remaining portion of the asset and liabilities arising from such asset.

When it is retained substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the transferred asset, the transferred asset continues to be recognised in its entirety and the consideration received is recognised as a liability.

3.9.2.2 DERECOGNITION OF A FINANCIAL ASSET WITHOUT ANY CHANGE IN THE CONTRACTUAL TERMS

It is derecognised the asset if the contractual rights to cash flows from the financial asset are expired or the related financial asset and all risks and rewards of ownership of the asset are transferred to another party.

Except for equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, the total amount consisting of the gain or loss arising from the difference between the book value and the amount obtained and any accumulated gain directly accounted in equity shall be recognized in profit or loss.

3.9.2.3 DERECOGNITION OF FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

It shall be removed a financial liability (or a part of a financial liability) from the statement of financial position when, and only when, it is extinguished—i.e. when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.

3.9.3 RECLASSIFICATION OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Based on TFRS 9, it shall be reclassified all affected financial assets at amortised cost to financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income and fair value through profit or loss in the subsequent accounting when, and only when, it is changed the business model for managing financial assets.

3.9.4 RESTRUCTURING AND REFINANCING OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

It may be changed the original contractual terms of a loan (maturity, repayment structure, guarantees and sureties) which were previously signed, in case the loan cannot be repaid or if a potential payment difficulty is encountered based on the new financing power and structure of the borrower.

Restructuring is to change the financial terms of existing loans in order to facilitate the payment of debt. Refinancing is granting a new loan which will cover either the principal or the interest payment in whole or in part of one or a few existing loans due to the anticipated financial difficulty which the customer or group encounter currently or will encounter in the future.

Changes in the original terms of a credit risk can be made in the current contract or through a new contract.

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Corporate and commercial companies which have been restructured and refinanced can be removed from the watchlist when the following conditions are met:

- Subsequent to the thorough review of company's financial data and its owners' equity position, at circumstances when it is not anticipated that the owner of the company will face financial difficulties; and it is assessed that the restructured debt will be paid on time (starting from the date when the debt is restructured all due principal and interest payments are made on time)
- At least 2 years should pass over the date of restructuring (or if it is later), the date of removal from non-performing loan category, at least 10% (or the ratio specified in the legislation) of the total principal amount at the time restructuring /refinancing shall be paid and no overdue amount (principal and interest) shall remain at the date of restructuring / refinancing

In order for the restructured non-performing corporate and commercial loans to be classified to the watchlist category, the following conditions must be met:

Recovery in debt service,

Reaching

More Customers

- At least 1 year should pass over the date of restructuring,
- Payment of all accrued and overdue amounts by debtor (interest and principal) since the date of restructuring /refinancing or the date when the debtor is classified as non-performing (earlier date to be considered) and fulfillment of the payment condition of all overdue amounts as of the date of restructuring /refinancing,
- Collection of all overdue amounts, disappearance of the reasons for classification as non-performing receivable (based on the conditions mentioned above) and having no overdue more than 30 days as of the date of reclassification.

During the follow-up period of at least two years following the date of restructuring / refinancing, if there is a new restructuring / refinancing or a delay of more than 30 days, the transactions which were non-performing at the beginning of the follow-up period are classified as non-performing loans again. In accordance with the BRSA Decision numbered 8970 dated 27 March 2020 and numbered 9312 and dated 8 December 2020, The Bank will not apply the above-mentioned 30 days past due rule until 30 June 2021.

The performing or non-performing retail loans being subject to restructuring shall be removed from the watchlist only if the debt is paid in full.

3.10 REPURCHASE AND RESALE AGREEMENTS AND SECURITIES LENDING

Securities sold under repurchase agreements are recorded on the balance sheet in compliance with the Uniform Chart of Accounts. Accordingly, government bonds and treasury bills sold to customers under repurchase agreements are classified as "Investments Subject to Repurchase Agreements" and valued based on the management's future intentions, either at market prices or using discounting method with internal rate of return. Funds received through repurchase agreements are classified separately under liability accounts and the related interest expenses are accounted for on an accrual basis.

Securities purchased under resale agreements are classified under "Money Markets Placements" separately. An income accrual is accounted for the positive difference between the purchase and resale prices earned during the period on such securities.

Securities lending transactions are classified under "Money Markets" and the related expense accruals are accounted.

3.11 ASSETS HELD FOR SALE, ASSETS OF DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS AND RELATED LIABILITIES

According to the Turkish Financial Reporting Standard 5 (TFRS 5) "Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations", a tangible asset (or a group of assets to be disposed) classified as "asset held for sale" is measured at lower of carrying value and fair value less costs to sell. An asset (or a group of assets to be disposed) is regarded as "asset held for sale" only when the sale is highly probable and the asset (or a group of assets to be disposed) is available for immediate sale in its present condition. For a highly probable sale, there must be a valid plan prepared by the management for the sale of asset including identification of possible buyers and completion of sale process. Furthermore, the asset should be actively in the market at a price consistent with its fair value. Assets held for sale consist of tangible assets and investments in associates to be disposed that were acquired against non-performing receivables.

Financial Reports

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

The Best and Most Engaged Team

Operational Excellence

Data and Technology

Introduction

About Garanti BBVA Our Value Creation

Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

A discontinued operation is a part of the business classified as sold or held-for-sale. The operating results of the discontinued operations are disclosed separately in income statement. The Bank or its financial subsidiaries have no discontinued operations.

3.12 GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

The intangible assets consist of goodwill, softwares, intangible rights and other intangible assets.

Goodwill and other intangible assets are recorded at cost in accordance with the Turkish Accounting Standard 38 (TAS 38) "Intangible Assets".

The costs of other intangible assets purchased before 31 December 2004 are restated from the purchasing dates to 31 December 2004, the date the hyperinflationary period is considered to be ended. The intangible assets purchased after this date are recorded at their initial purchase costs.

As per TAS 38, internally-generated software should be recognised as intangible assets if they meet the below listed criteria:

- The technical feasibility of completing the intangible asset so that it will be available for use,
- · Availability of the Bank and its financial subsidiaries' intention to complete and use the intangible asset,
- The ability to use the intangible asset,
- · Clarity in probable future economic benefits to be generated from the intangible asset,
- The availability of adequate technical, financial and other resources to complete the development phase and to start using the intangible asset,
- The availability to measure reliably the expenditure attributable to the intangible asset during the development phase.

The directly attributable development costs of intangible asset are included in the cost of such assets, however the research costs are recognised as expense as incurred.

The intangible assets are amortised over their estimated useful lives based on their inflation adjusted costs on a straight-line basis.

Goodwill represents the excess of the total acquisition costs over the shares owned in the net assets of the acquired company at the date of acquisition. The "net goodwill" resulted from the acquisition of the investment and to be included in the consolidated balance sheet, is calculated based on the financial statements of the investee company as adjusted according to the required accounting principles.

If any goodwill is computed at consolidation, it is recorded under intangible assets on the asset side of the consolidated balance sheet as an asset. It is assessed to identify whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, the necessary provision is recorded as an expense in the income statement. The goodwill is not amortized.

Estimated useful lives of the intangible assets except for goodwill, are 3-15 years, and amortisation rates are 6.67-33.3%.

If there is objective evidence of impairment, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated in accordance with the Turkish Accounting Standard 36 (TAS 36) "Impairment of Assets" and if the recoverable amount is less than the carrying value of the related asset, a provision for impairment loss is provided.

3.13 TANGIBLE ASSETS

The cost of the tangible assets purchased before 31 December 2004 are restated from the purchasing dates to 31 December 2004, the date the hyperinflationary period is considered to be ended. The tangible assets purchased after this date are recorded at their historical costs.

As of 1 November 2015, changing the existing accounting policy, it has been decided to apply revaluation model for properties recorded under tangible assets instead of cost model in accordance with the Turkish Accounting Standard 16 (TAS 16) "Property, Plant and Equipment". Within this framework, the revaluation difference arising from the valuations performed by independent expertise firms for all real estates registered in the ledger is accounted under revaluation surplus on tangible and intangible assets under equity. As of the reporting period, the Bank has made a fair valuation of all its real estates, considering the current market conditions and the changes are recognized in financial statements.

Data and

Technology

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Operational

Excellence

If there is objective evidence of impairment, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated in accordance with the Turkish Accounting Standard 36 (TAS 36) "Impairment of Assets" and if the recoverable amount is less than the carrying value of the related asset, a provision for impairment loss is provided.

Gains/losses arising from the disposal of the tangible assets are calculated as the difference between the net book value and the net sale price.

Maintenance and repair costs incurred for tangible assets, are recorded as expense.

There are no restrictions such as pledges, mortgages or any other restriction on tangible assets.

The depreciation rates and estimated useful lives of tangible assets are presented below. Depreciation method in use was not changed in the current period.

TANGIBLE ASSETS	ESTIMATED USEFUL LIVES (YEARS))	DEPRECIATION RATES (%)
Buildings	50	2
Vaults	50	2
Motor Vehicles	5-7	15-20
Other Tangible Assets	4-20	5-25

The depreciation of an asset held for a period less than a full financial year is calculated as a proportion of the full year depreciation charge from the date of acquisition to the financial year end.

Useful lives of buildings are reviewed at least once a year and if current estimates are different than previous estimates, then the revised estimates are considered as accounting policy change in accordance with the Turkish Accounting Standard 8 (TAS 8) "Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors".

Investment properties

Land and buildings that are held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or both rather than for use in production, supply of goods or services, administrative purposes or sale in the ordinary course of business are classified as investment property. As of 1 November 2015, changing the existing accounting policy, it has been decided to apply fair value model for investment properties instead of cost model in accordance with the Turkish Accounting Standard 40 (TAS 40) "Investment Property". Accordingly, for all the investment properties registered in the ledger, a valuation study was performed by independent expertise firms. As of the reporting period, the Bank has made a fair valuation of all its Investment properties, considering the current market conditions and the changes are recognized in financial statements.

Investment properties accounted at fair value are not depreciated. Right-of-use assets

Based on the Bank's assessment, lease branches and buildings are recognized in compliance with TFRS 16 whereas ATM places, lease cars and other leases are considered out of TFRS 16 scope as a result of materiality assessment. Therefore, these leases are recognized under Other Operating Income.

At the commencement date, the Bank shall measure the right-of-use properties at cost in compliance with TFRS 16. The cost of the right-of-use asset comprises the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability, any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received, any initial direct costs incurred by the lessee and an estimate of costs to be incurred by the lessee in dismantling and removing the underlying asset, restoring the site on which it is located or restoring the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease, unless those costs are incurred to produce inventories.

After the commencement date, the right-of-use asset is measured applying a cost model. To apply the cost model, the right-ofuse asset is measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses; and adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liability.

The Best and Most Engaged Team Corporate Governance

Financial Reports

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Reaching More Customers

About Garanti BBVA Our Value Creation

Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Sustainability

The depreciation requirements in TAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment is applied in depreciating real assets considered as right-ofuse asset.

TAS 36 Impairment of Assets is applied to determine whether the real estates considered as right-of-use assets are impaired and to account for any impairment loss identified.

3.14 LEASING ACTIVITIES

Introduction

Leases, in which the majority of risks and returns of the related asset belong to the lessor, are classified as operational lease. The rent payments for leases that meet the conditions of exemptions stated in TFRS 16, are recognized as expense in related periods' statement of profit or loss over the lease term in accordance with periodicity principle.

Based on TFRS 16, at the commencement date, the lease liability is measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at that date. The lease payments shall be discounted using the incremental borrowing interest rate.

After the commencement date, the lease liability is measured by increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability, reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made; and remeasuring the carrying amount to reflect any reassessment or lease modifications, or to reflect revised in-substance fixed lease payments.

Interest on the lease liability in each period during the lease term shall be the amount that produces a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the lease liability.

After the commencement date, the lease liability is remeasured to reflect changes to the lease payments. The amount of the remeasurement of the lease liability is recognised as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset.

The lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate, if either there is a change in the lease term or there is a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset. However, if there is a change in future lease payments resulting from a change in an index or a rate used to determine those payments or if there is a change in the amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, an unchanged discount rate is used.

For a lease modification that is not accounted for as a separate lease, at the effective date of the lease modification, the lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate. The revised discount rate is determined as the incremental borrowing interest rate at the effective date of the modification. The carrying amount of the right-of-use asset is decreased to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease for lease modifications that decrease the scope of the lease. Any gain or loss relating to the partial or full termination of the lease is recognised in profit or loss. A corresponding adjustment to the right-of-use asset is made for all other lease modifications.

3.15 PROVISIONS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Provisions and contingent liabilities resulted from past events, if it is probable that the commitment will be settled and a reliable estimate can be made for the amount of the obligation, are accounted for in accordance with the Turkish Accounting Standard 37 (TAS 37) "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets".

3.16 CONTINGENT ASSETS

The contingent assets usually arise from unplanned or other unexpected events that give rise to the possibility of an inflow of economic benefits to the Bank or its financial subsidiaries. If an inflow of economic benefits has become probable, then the contingent asset is disclosed in the footnotes to the financial statements. If it has become virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits will arise, the asset and the related income are recognized in the financial statements of the related period.

Data and

Technology

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

3.17 LIABILITIES FOR EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Reaching

More Customers

Severance indemnities and short-term employee benefits

Operational

Excellence

As per the existing labor law in Turkey, the entities are required to pay certain amounts to the employees retired or fired except for resignations or misbehaviors specified in the Turkish Labor Law.

Accordingly, the Bank and its financial subsidiaries subject to the labor law, reserved for employee severance indemnities in the accompanying financial statements using actuarial method in compliance with the Turkish Accounting Standard 19 (TAS 19) "Employee Benefits" for all its employees who retired or whose employment is terminated, called up for military service or died.

The major actuarial assumptions used in the calculation of the total liability are as follows:

	31 DECEMBER 2020	31 DECEMBER 2019
Net Effective Discount Rate	3.01%	3.97%
Discount Rate	13.00%	12.50%
Expected Rate of Salary Increase	11.20%	9.70%
Inflation Rate	9.70%	8.20%

In the above table, the effective rates are presented for the Bank and its financial subsidiaries subject to the labor law,

whereas the rates applied for the calculations differ according to the employee's years-in-service.

The Bank provided for undiscounted short-term employee benefits earned during the financial periods as per services rendered in compliance with TAS 19.

The actuarial gains/losses are recognised under shareholders' equity as per the revised TAS19.

Retirement benefit obligations

A defined benefit plan is a pension plan that defines an amount of pension benefit that an employee and his/her dependents will receive on retirement.

The Bank's defined benefit plan (the "Plan") is managed by "Türkiye Garanti Bankası Anonim Şirketi Memur ve Müstahdemleri Emekli ve Yardım Sandığı Vakfı" (the Fund) established as per the provisional article 20 of the Social Security Law no.506 and the Bank's employees are the members of this Fund.

The Plan is funded through contributions of both by the employees and the employer as required by Social Security Law no. 506.

"These contributions are as follows:

	31 D	31 DECEMBER 2020		ECEMBER 2019
	EMPLOYER	EMPLOYEE	EMPLOYER	EMPLOYEE
Pension contributions	15.5%	10.0%	15.5%	10.0%
Medical benefit contributions	6.0%	5.0%	6.0%	5.0%

The Plan is composed of a) the contractual benefits of the employees, which are subject to transfer to Social Security Foundation ("SSF") as per the Social Security Law no.5754 ("the Law"), and b) other social rights and medical benefits provided by the Bank but not transferable to SSF.

a) Benefits transferable to SSF

The first paragraph of the provisional article 23 of Banking Law no. 5411, published in the Official Gazette on 1 November 2005, no. 25983, which requires the transfer of the members of the funds subject to the provisional article 20 of the Social Security Law no.506, and the persons who are paid under insurance coverage for disablement, old-age and mortality and their right-holders to the SSF within three years following the effective date of the related article was cancelled with the decision of the Constitutional Court dated 22 March 2007, no. 2007/33. The reasoned ruling regarding the cancellation of the Constitutional Court was published

The Best and Most Engaged Team Corporate Governance

> Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Financial Reports

Introduction

About Garanti BBVA Our Value Creation Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Sustainabilitv

in the Official Gazette no. 26731, dated 15 December 2007. The Constitutional Court stated that the reason behind this cancellation was the possible loss of antecedent rights of the fund members. Following the publication of the verdict, the Turkish Grand National Assembly ("Turkish Parliament") started to work on the new legal arrangements by taking the cancellation reasoning into account and the articles of the Law no.5754 regulating the principles related with such transfers were accepted and approved by Turkish Parliament on 17 April 2008, and enacted on 8 May 2008 after being published in the Official Gazette no.26870.

As per the Law, the present value of post-employment benefits as at the transfer date for the fund members to be transferred, are to be calculated by a commission composing from the representatives of the SSF, the Ministry of Finance, the Undersecretariat of Treasury, the Undersecretariat of State Planning Organisation, the BRSA, the Savings Deposit Insurance Fund ("SDIF"), the banks and the funds, by using a technical discount rate of 9.80% taking into account the funds' income and expenses as per insurance classes and the transferable contributions and payments of the funds including any salary and income differences paid by the funds above the limits of SSF for such payments. The transfers are to take place within the three-year period starting from 1 January 2008.

Subsequently, the transfer of the contributors and the persons receiving monthly or regular income and their right-holders from such funds established for employees of the banks, insurance and reinsurance companies, trade chambers, stock markets and unions that are part of these organizations subject to the provisional article 20 of the Social Security Law no.506 to the SSF, has been postponed for two years. The decision was made by the Council of Ministers on 14 March 2011 and published in the Official Gazette no. 27900 dated 9 April 2011 as per the decision of the Council of Ministers no. 2011/1559, and as per the letter no. 150 of the Ministry of Labor and Social Security dated 24 February 2011 and according to the provisional article 20 of the Social Security and Public Health Insurance Law no.5510.

On 19 June 2008, Cumhuriyet Halk Partisi ("CHP") applied to the Constitutional Court for the cancellation of various articles of the Law including the first paragraph of the provisional Article 20. At the meeting of the Constitutional Court on 30 March 2011, it was decided that the article 73 and the first paragraph of the provisional Article 20 added to the law no. 5510 are not contradictory to the Constitutional Law, and accordingly the dismissal of the cancellation request has been denied with the majority of votes.

Before the completion of two-years period set by the Council of Ministers on 14 March 2011 as explained above, as per the Article no. 51 of the law no. 6645, published in the Official Gazette no. 29335 dated 23 April 2015, the Article no. 20 of the law no. 5510 was amended giving the Council of Ministers the authority to determine the date of transfer without defining any timeline.

b) Other benefits not transferable to SSF

Other social rights and payments provided in the existing trust indenture but not covered through the transfer of the funds' members and their right-holders to the SSF, are to be covered by the funds and the institutions that employ the funds' members.

The actuarial gains/losses are recognised under shareholders' equity as per the revised TAS19.

The consolidated subsidiaries do not have retirement benefit plans for their employees. The retirement related benefits of the employees of the consolidated subsidiaries are subject to the Social Security Institution in case of domestic investees and to the legislations of the related countries in case of foreign investee companies. There are no obligations not reflected in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

3.18INSURANCE TECHNICAL RESERVES AND TECHNICAL INCOME AND EXPENSE

3.18.1 INSURANCE TECHNICAL RESERVES

The Group's insurance subsidiaries adopted TFRS 4, Insurance Contracts ("TFRS 4"). TFRS 4 requires that all contracts issued by insurance companies be classified as either insurance contracts or investment contracts. Contracts with significant insurance risk are considered insurance contracts. Insurance risk is defined as risk, other than financial risk, transferred from the holder of a contract to the issuer. TFRS 4 permits a company to continue with its previously adopted accounting policies with regard to recognition and measurement of insurance contracts. Only in case of presentation of more reliable figures a change in accounting policy shall be carried out. Contracts issued by insurance companies without significant insurance risk are considered investment contracts. Investment contracts are accounted for in accordance with TFRS 9 Financial Instruments standard.

Insurance technical provisions on the consolidated financial statements consist of, reserve for unearned premiums, reserve for unexpired risk, and provision for outstanding claims and mathematical provisions.

Data and

Technology

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

3.18.2 INSURANCE TECHNICAL INCOME AND EXPENSE

Operational

Excellence

In insurance companies, premium income is obtained subsequent to the share of reinsurers in policy income is diminished.

Claims are recorded in expense on accrual basis. Outstanding loss provisions are recognized for the claims reported but not paid yet and for the claims that incurred but not reported. Reinsurers' share of claims paid and outstanding loss are offset in these provisions.

3.19 TAXATION

Reaching

More Customers

3.19.1 CORPORATE TAX

While the corporate tax rate was at the rate of 20% since 1 January 2006, for all companies, such rate has been set as 22% for the tax bases of the years 2018, 2019, and 2020 based on the legislation of the Amendment on Certain Tax Laws and Other Laws no. 7061. Furthermore, the Council of Ministers has been authorized to reduce the rate of 22% down to 20%. This rate is applied to tax base which is calculated by adding certain non-deductible expenses for tax purposes and deducting certain exemptions (like dividend income) and other deductions on accounting income. If there is no dividend distribution, no further tax charges are made.

Dividends paid to the resident institutions and the institutions working through local offices or representatives in Turkey are not subject to withholding tax. As per the decisions no. 2009/14593 and 2009/14594 of the Council of Ministers published in the Official Gazette no. 27130 dated 3 February 2009, certain duty rates included in the articles no.15 and 30 of the new Corporate Tax Law no.5520 are revised. Accordingly, the withholding tax rate on the dividend payments other than the ones paid to the nonresident institutions generating income in Turkey through their operations or permanent representatives and the resident institutions is 15%. In applying the withholding tax rates on dividend payments to the nonresident institutions and the individuals, the withholding tax rates covered in the related Double Tax Treaty Agreements are taken into account. Appropriation of the retained earnings to capital is not considered as profit distribution and therefore is not subject to withholding tax.

The prepaid taxes are calculated and paid at the rates valid for the earnings of the related years. The prepayments can be deducted from the annual corporate tax calculated for the whole year earnings.

In accordance with the Turkish tax legislation, the tax losses can be carried forward to offset against future taxable income for up to five years. Tax losses cannot be carried back to offset profits from previous periods.

75% of earnings generated through sale of equity shares, founders' shares, redeemed shares and pre-emption rights and 50% of earnings generated through sale of real estates held at least for two years by the institutions are exempt from the corporate tax with the conditions that such earnings shall be held in a special reserve account under equity until the end of five years following the year of sale and shall be collected as cash until the end of the following two fiscal years.

All earnings generated through transfer of equity shares, founders' shares, redeemed shares and pre-emption rights by the companies being under legal proceedings or guarantor and mortgage provider of such companies, to banks, financial leasing companies and finance companies or the Savings Deposit Insurance Fund in connection with liquidation of their liabilities and earnings of banks, financial leasing companies and finance companies through sale of immovable part of such assets or other items are exempt from corporate tax at the rate of 50% and 75%, respectively.

Tax applications for foreign branches

NORTHERN CYPRUS

According to the Corporate Tax Law of the Turkish Republic of Northern Cyprus no.41/1976 as amended, the corporate earnings (including foreign corporations) are subject to a 10% corporate tax and 15% income tax. This tax is calculated based on the income that the taxpayers earn in an accounting period. Tax base is determined by modifying accounting income for certain exclusions and allowances for tax purposes. The corporations cannot benefit from the rights of offsetting losses, investment incentives and amortisation unless they prepare and have certified their balance sheets, income statements and accounting records used for tax calculations by an auditor authorized by the Ministry of Finance. In cases where it is revealed that the earnings of a corporation were not subject to taxation in prior years or the tax paid on such earnings are understated, additional taxes can be charged in the next seven years following that the related taxation period. The corporate tax returns are filed in the tax administration office in April after following the end of the accounting year to which they relate. The corporate taxes are paid in two equal installments in May



Corporate Governance

Convenience Translation of Financial

Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Financial Reports

Introduction

About Garanti BBVA Our Value Creation Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Sustainability

and October. According to the Decision of the TRNC Council of Ministers dated 25 March 2020, the prepaid taxes are calculated and paid at the rate of 15% tax on quarterly commercial earnings of the related year. The prepayments can be deducted from the annual corporate tax calculated for the whole year earnings.

MALTA

The corporate earnings are subject to a 35% corporate tax. This rate is determined by modifying accounting income for certain exclusions and allowances for tax purposes. The earnings of the foreign corporations' branches in Malta are also subject to the same tax rate that the resident corporations in Malta are subject to. The earnings of such branches that are transferred to their head offices are not subject to an additional tax. The taxes payable is calculated by the obligating firm and the calculation is presented in the tax declaration form that is due till the following year's month of November.

Tax applications for foreign financial subsidiaries

THE NETHERLANDS

In the Netherlands, corporate income tax is levied at the rate of 16.5% for tax profits up to EUR 200,000 and 25% for the excess part over this amount on the worldwide income of resident companies, which is determined by modifying accounting income for certain exclusions and allowances for tax purposes for the related year. These rates will be applied as 16.5% and 25% in 2020, as 15% and 21.7% in 2021. Based on the unilateral decree for the avoidance of double taxation between Turkey and The Netherlands, the dividend taxation is nil as of 1 January 2018 under certain conditions. Under the Dutch taxation system, tax losses can be carried forward to offset against future taxable income for six years. Tax losses can be carried back to the prior year. Companies must file their tax returns within five months following the end of the tax year to which they relate, unless the company applies for an extension (normally an additional eleven months). Tax returns are open for five years from the date of final assessment of the tax return during which time the tax authorities have the right to audit tax returns, and the related accounting records on which they are based, and may issue re-assessments based on their findings. The corporate income tax for the Germany branch is 30%.

ROMANIA

The applicable corporate tax rate in Romania is 16%. The taxation system in Romania is continuously developing and is subject to varying interpretations and constant changes, which may become rarely retroactive. In Romania, tax periods remain open for tax audits for seven years. Tax losses can be carried forward to offset against future taxable income for seven years.

Starting form 1 January 2019, based on the Government Emergency Ordinance no. 114/2018 ("GEO"), as modified by the GEO no. 19/2019, banking institutions defined as credit institutions, Romanian legal entities and Romanian branches of nonresident credit institutions became subject to the tax on certain financial asset groups. The tax on financial assets is computed by applying a tax rate on the total value of the taxpayer's certain financial asset groups, existing at the end of the computation semester, recorded as per the applicable accounting regulations. The tax rate applied shall be 0.4% or 0.2% per annum, depending on the bank's market share greater than or equal, or lower than 1%, respectively. At the same time, the value of the tax may not exceed the accounting profit realized by the bank before calculating the tax on assets. In addition, no tax shall be due by the bank incurring accounting loss before calculating the tax on assets. The first computation and payment of the tax was realised on 25 August 2019. The Ordinance provides the possibility of reducing the tax due by up to 100%, depending on certain indicators aimed at increasing financial intermediation and /or diminishing the net interest margin for RON denominated loans and deposits.

Starting from 1 January 2020, based on the GEO no. 1/2020, the tax on financial assets ceased to be effective. According to Romanian legislation, a GEO should be approved by the Parliament through a Law within 2 years since the GEO issuing.

3.19.2 DEFERRED TAXES

According to the Turkish Accounting Standard 12 (TAS 12) "Income Taxes"; deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized, using the balance sheet method, on all taxable temporary differences arising between the carrying values of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and their corresponding balances considered in the calculation of the tax base, except for the differences not deductible for tax purposes and initial recognition of assets and liabilities which affect neither accounting nor taxable profit.

As explained in note 3.19.1, this rate is determined as 22% to be applied to corporate earnings for the taxation periods of 2018, 2019 and 2020. In addition, the Council of Ministers is authorized to reduce the corresponding rate 22% to 20%. As deferred tax assets or liabilities within the scope of TAS 12, are calculated by using the tax rates based on the effective tax rates or tax rates (and tax laws) expected to enter into force as of the reporting period (balance sheet date), to be applied in the periods when the assets turn into income or the debts are paid, the Bank made deferred tax calculation according to the rate of 20% corresponding of the assets and liabilities as of 31 December 2020.

Data and

Technology

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Operational

Excellence

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Financial Reports

and Appendix

If transactions and events are recorded in the income statement, then the related tax effects are also recognized in the income statement. However, if transactions and events are recorded directly in the shareholders' equity, the related tax effects are also recognized directly in the shareholders' equity.

The deferred tax assets and liabilities of the Bank and its consolidated subsidiaries are reported as net in their individual financial statements.

In compliance with TAS 12, the deferred tax assets and liabilities of the consolidated subsidiaries are presented on the asset and liability sides of financial statements separately, without any offsetting.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Furthermore, the deferred tax assets are not subject to profit distribution or capital increase as per the BRSA's related circular in cases where there are net asset balances after netting deferred tax assets with deferred tax liabilities.

3.19.3 TRANSFER PRICING

The article no.13 of the Corporate Tax Law describes the issue of transfer pricing under the title of "Disguised Profit Distribution by Way of Transfer Pricing". "The General Communiqué on Disguised Profit Distribution by Way of Transfer Pricing" published at 18 November 2007, explains the application related issues on this topic.

According to this Communiqué, if the taxpayers conduct transactions like purchase and sale of goods or services with the related parties where the prices are not determined according to the arm's length principle, then it will be concluded that there is a disguised profit distribution by way of transfer pricing. Such disguised profit distributions will not be deducted from the corporate tax base for tax purposes.

As stated in the "7.1 Annual Documentation" section of this communiqué, the taxpayers are required to fill out the "Transfer Pricing, Controlled Foreign Entities and Thin Capitalization" form for the purchase and sale of goods or services conducted with their related parties in a taxation period, attach these forms to their corporate tax returns and submit to the tax offices.

3.20 FUNDS BORROWED

The Bank, whenever required, generates funds from domestic and foreign sources in the form of borrowings, syndications, securitizations, and bill and bond issuances in the local and international markets. The funds borrowed are recorded at their purchase costs and valued at amortised costs using the effective interest method.

In cases where such funds are valued at their amortised costs but this application results in measurement or accounting mismatch due to having the related financial instruments valued using different methods or the related gains or losses are recognized differently, such fundings are reclassified as financial liabilities at their fair values through profit or loss at initial recognition in order to prevent such mismatch. The interest expenses paid during holding the related financial liabilities and the difference between the amortized cost and the acquisition cost are recorded as interest expense in statement of profit or loss and the difference between the fair values and the amortized costs of the financial liabilities are recorded under trading account income/losses.

3.21 SHARE AND SHARE ISSUANCES

If the Bank issues a share at a price above its nominal value, the difference between the issue price and the nominal value is accounted for "share premium" under shareholders' equity.

3.22 CONFIRMED BILLS OF EXCHANGE AND ACCEPTANCES

Payments of the confirmed bills of exchange and acceptances are made simultaneously with the payments of the customers. Confirmed bills of exchange and acceptances are recorded in "off-balance sheet accounts" as possible debts and commitments, if any.

445

The Best and Most Engaged Team Corporate Governance

Reaching lore Customers

About Garanti BBVA Our Value Creation Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Sustainability

3.23 GOVERNMENT INCENTIVES

Introduction

As of 31 December 2020, the Bank or its financial subsidiaries do not have any government incentives or grants (2019: None).

3.24 SEGMENT REPORTING

The Bank operates in corporate, commercial, retail and investment banking. Accordingly, the banking products served to customers are; custody services, time and demand deposits, accumulating deposit accounts, repos, overdraft facilities, spot loans, foreign currency indexed loans, consumer loans, automobile and housing loans, working capital loans, discounted bills, gold loans, foreign currency loans, Eximbank loans, pre-export loans, ECA covered financing, letters of guarantee, letters of credit, export factoring, acceptance credits, draft facilities, forfaiting, leasing, insurance, forward, futures, salary payments, investment account (ELMA), cheques, safety boxes, bill payments, tax collections, payment orders. GarantiCard, BonusCard, Miles&Smiles Card, FlexiCard, MoneyCard, BusinessCard, Shop & Fly, virtual cards under the brand names of Visa and Mastercard and also American Express credit cards and "Paracard" debit cards with Maestro, Electron, Visa and Mastercard brand names, are available.

The Bank provides service packages to its corporate, commercial and retail customers including deposit, loans, foreign trade transactions, investment products, cash management, leasing, factoring, insurance, credit cards, and other banking products. A customer-oriented branch network has been built in order to serve customers' needs effectively and efficiently. The Bank also utilizes alternative delivery channels intensively.

The Bank provides corporate banking products to international and national holdings in Turkey by coordinating regional offices, suppliers and intermediaries, utilizing cross-selling techniques. Mainly, it provides services through its commercial and mixed type of branches to export-revenue earning sectors like tourism and textile and exporters of Turkey's traditional agricultural products. Additionally, the Bank provides banking services to enterprises and their employees working in retail and service sectors through product packages including overdraft accounts, POS machines, credit cards, cheque books, Turkish Lira and foreign currency deposits, investment accounts, internet banking and call-center, debit cards and bill payment modules.

Retail banking customers form a wide-spread and sustainable deposit base for the Bank. Individual customers' needs are met by diversified consumer banking products through branches and digital banking.

Information on the business segments on a consolidated basis is as follows:

CURRENT PERIOD	RETAIL BANKING	CORPORATE / COMMERCIAL BANKING	INVESTMENT BANKING	OTHER	TOTAL OPERATIONS
Total Operating Profit	12,157,824	10,915,841	5,949,036	10,210,549	39,233,250
Other	-	-	-	-	-
Total Operating Profit	12,157,824	10,915,841	5,949,036	10,210,549	39,233,250
Net Operating Profit	4,216,256	833,947	5,300,420	(1,164,205)	9,186,418
Dividend Income	=	=	-	22,178	22,178
Net Operating Profit	4,216,256	833,947	5,300,420	(1,142,027)	9,208,596
Provision for Taxes	=	=	-	2,823,433	2,823,433
Net Profit	4,216,256	833,947	5,300,420	(3,965,460)	6,385,163
Segment Assets	92,869,978	235,015,014	143,739,752	69,121,566	540,746,310
Investments in Associates and Subsidiaries	-	-	-	166,495	166,495
Total Assets	92,869,978	235,015,014	143,739,752	69,288,061	540,912,805
Segment Liabilities	239,078,721	128,625,167	75,658,975	35,140,747	478,503,610
Shareholders' Equity		=	-	62,409,195	62,409,195
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity	239,078,721	128,625,167	75,658,975	97,549,942	540,912,805

Data and

Technology

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Operational

Excellence

PRIOR PERIOD	RETAIL BANKING	CORPORATE / COMMERCIAL BANKING	INVESTMENT BANKING	OTHER	TOTAL OPERATIONS
Total Operating Profit	12,757,644	10,445,677	(4,620,619)	12,235,018	30,817,720
Other	-	-	-	-	-
Total Operating Profit	12,757,644	10,445,677	(4,620,619)	12,235,018	30,817,720
Net Operating Profit	5,729,997	2,137,789	(5,166,364)	5,459,570	8,160,992
Dividend Income	-	-	-	11,276	11,276
Net Operating Profit	5,729,997	2,137,789	(5,166,364)	5,470,846	8,172,268
Provision for Taxes	-	-	-	1,930,878	1,930,878
Net Profit	5,729,997	2,137,789	(5,166,364)	3,539,968	6,241,390
Segment Assets	76,596,027	184,036,880	117,882,897	49,884,490	428,400,294
Investments in Associates and Subsidiaries	-	-	-	153,854	153,854
Total Assets	76,596,027	184,036,880	117,882,897	50,038,344	428,554,148
Segment Liabilities	187,757,054	94,836,117	67,163,417	24,746,813	374,503,401
Shareholders' Equity	=	-	-	54,050,747	54,050,747
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity	187,757,054	94,836,117	67,163,417	78,797,560	428,554,148

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3.25 PROFIT RESERVES AND PROFIT APPROPRIATION

Retained earnings as per the statutory financial statements other than legal reserves, are available for distribution, subject to the legal reserve requirement explained to below.

Under the Turkish Commercial Code, legal reserves consist of first legal reserve and second legal reserve. First legal reserve, appropriated at the rate of 5%, until the total reserve is equal to 20% of issued and fully paid-in share capital. Second legal reserve, appropriated at the rate of at least 10% of distributions in excess of 5% of issued and fully paid-in share capital, but holding companies are not subject to such transaction. According to the Turkish Commercial Code, legal reserves can only be used to compensate accumulated losses and cannot be used for other purposes unless they exceed 50% of paid-in capital.

In the ordinary General Assembly Meeting dated 17 July 2020, a decision is made regarding distribution of the unconsolidated net profit of the Bank amounting to TL 6,158,841 thousands, and the table considering the distribution made based on the decision is presented in note 6.2.

3.26 EARNINGS PER SHARE

Earnings per share disclosed in the statement of profit or loss, are calculated by dividing net profit for the period by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period concerned.

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Distributable net profit/loss	6,305,090	6,164,914
Average number of issued common shares (thousand)	420,000,000	420,000,000
Earnings per share (amounts presented full TL)	0.01501	0.01468

In Turkey, companies can increase their share capital by making a pro-rata distribution of shares ("bonus shares") to existing shareholders from retained earnings. For the purpose of earnings per share computations, the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year has been adjusted in respect of bonus shares issued without a corresponding change in resources by giving them a retroactive effect for the year in which they were issued and for each earlier period. In case bonus shares are distributed after the balance sheet date but before the preparation of the financial statements, earnings per share is calculated considering the new number of shares.

There are no bonus shares issued in 2020 (2019: None).

Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

and Appendix

Garanti BBVA

Our Value Creation Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financia Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

3.27 RELATED PARTIES

For the purpose of these financial statements, shareholders having control shares of the Bank, key management personnel and board members together with their families and companies controlled by/subsidiary with them, associated companies and joint ventures and the Fund providing post- employment benefits are considered and referred to as related parties in accordance with TAS 24 "Related Parties". The transactions with related parties are disclosed in detail in Note 5.7.

3.28 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash includes cash effectives, cash in transit, purchased cheques and demand deposits including balances with the Central Bank of Turkey; and cash equivalents include money market placements, time deposits at banks with original maturity periods of less than three months and investments on marketable securities other than common stocks.

3.29 OTHER DISCLOSURES

The Bank classified the amounts related to gains / losses on cash flow hedges and also the shares of investments valued by equity method recognized in other comprehensive income in the previous period financial statements, in accordance with Accounting Policies, Turkish Accounting Standards ("TAS 8") Regarding Changes and Errors in Accounting Estimates. The effect of the related adjustments is presented in the second section, Equity Change Table for the dates of 31 December 2019 and 31 December 2018.

The related classification has no effect on the consolidated statement of profit or loss and consolidated statement of other comprehensive income in current and previous periods

4 CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT

4.1 CONSOLIDATED TOTAL CAPITAL

The consolidated capital items calculated as per the "Regulation on Equities of Banks" published on 5 September 2013, are presented below:

4.1.1 COMPONENTS OF CONSOLIDATED TOTAL CAPITAL (*)

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
COMMON EQUITY TIER I CAPITAL		
Paid-in Capital to be Entitled for Compensation after All Creditors	4,972,554	4,972,554
Share Premium	11,880	11,880
Reserves	45,869,743	39,612,929
Other Comprehensive Income according to TAS	8,669,080	5,868,434
Profit	6,513,366	6,164,914
Current Period Profit	6,305,090	6,164,914
Prior Period Profit	208,276	-
Bonus Shares from Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint-Ventures not Accounted in Current Period's Profit	6,694	913
Minority Interest	98,252	78,543
Common Equity Tier I Capital Before Deductions	66,141,569	56,710,167
DEDUCTIONS FROM COMMON EQUITY TIER I CAPITAL		
Valuation adjustments calculated as per the article 9. (i) of the Regulation on Bank Capital	-	-
Current and Prior Periods' Losses not Covered by Reserves, and Losses Accounted under Equity according to TAS (-)	3,571,428	2,382,649
Leasehold Improvements on Operational Leases (-)	124,608	169,881
Goodwill Netted with Deferred Tax Liabilities	-	-
Other Intangible Assets Netted with Deferred Tax Liabilities Except Mortgage Servicing Rights	591,531	449,529
Net Deferred Tax Asset/Liability (-)	-	-
Differences arise when assets and liabilities not held at fair value, are subjected to cash flow hedge accounting		-
Total credit losses that exceed total expected loss calculated according to the Regulation on Calculation of Credit Risk by Internal Rating: Based Approach	-	-
Securitization gains	-	-
Unrealized gains and losses from changes in bank's liabilities' fair values due to changes in creditworthiness	-	=

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Net amount of defined benefit plans Direct and Indirect Investments of the Bank on its own Tier I Capital (-) Shares Obtained against Article 56, Paragraph 4 of the Banking Law (-) Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10% Threshold of above Tier I Capital (-Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns 10% or more of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10% Threshold of above Tier I Capital (-) Mortgage Servicing Rights Exceeding the 10% Threshold of Tier I Capital (-) Net Deferred Tax Assets arising from Temporary Differences Exceeding the10% Threshold of Tier I Capital (-) Amount Exceeding the 15% Threshold of Tier I Capital as per the Article 2, Clause 2 of the Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy Ratios of Banks (-) The Portion of Net Long Position of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns 10% or more of the Issued Share Capital not deducted from Tier I Capital (-) Excess Amount arising from Mortgage Servicing Rights (-) Excess Amount arising from Deferred Tax Assets from Temporary Differences (-) Other items to be Defined by the BRSA (-) Deductions from Tier I Capital in cases where there are no adequate Additional Tier I or Tier II Capitals (-) 4.287.567 3.002.059 Total Deductions from Common Equity Tier I Capital Total Common Equity Tier I Capital 61,854,002 53,708,108 ADDITIONAL TIER I CAPITAL Preferred Stock not Included in Common Equity Tier I Capital and the Related Share Premiums Debt Instruments and the Related Issuance Premiums Defined by the BRSA Debt Instruments and the Related Issuance Premiums Defined by the BRSA (Covered by Temporary Article 4) Shares of Third Parties in Additional Tier I Capital Shares of Third Parties in Additional Tier I Capital (Covered by Temporary Article 3) Additional Tier I Capital before Deductions -DEDUCTIONS FROM ADDITIONAL TIER I CAPITAL Direct and Indirect Investments of the Bank on its own Additional Tier I Capital (-) Investments in Equity Instruments Issued by Banks or Financial Institutions Invested in Bank's Additional Tier I Capital and Having Conditions Stated in the Article 7 of the Regulation Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10% Threshold of above Tier I Capital (-) The Total of Net Long Position of the Direct or Indirect Investments in Additional Tier I Capital of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns more than 10% of the Issued Share Capital (-) Other items to be defined by the BRSA (-) ITEMS TO BE DEDUCTED FROM TIER I CAPITAL DURING THE TRANSITION PERIOD Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets and Related Deferred Taxes not deducted from Tier I Capital as per the Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 of the Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy Ratios of Banks (-) Net Deferred Tax Asset/Liability not deducted from Tier I Capital as per the Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 of the Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy Ratios of Banks (-) Deduction from Additional Tier I Capital when there is not enough Tier II Capital (-) Total Deductions from Additional Tier I Capital Total Additional Tier I Capital Total Tier I Capital (Tier I Capital= Common Equity Tier I Capital + Additional Tier I Capital) 61.854.002 53.708.108 TIER II CAPITAL Debt Instruments and the Related Issuance Premiums Defined by the BRSA 6.537.880 4,693,480 Debt Instruments and the Related Issuance Premiums Defined by the BRSA (Covered by Temporary Article 4) Provisions (Amounts explained in the first paragraph of the article 8 of the Regulation on Bank Capital) 4 623 236 3,756,696 Total Deductions from Tier II Capital 11.161.116 8,450,176 **DEDUCTIONS FROM TIER II CAPITAL** Direct and Indirect Investments of the Bank on its own Tier II Capital (-) Investments in equity instruments issued by Banks and Financial Institutions Invested in Bank's Tier II Capital and having conditions stated in the Article 8 of the Regulation Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10% Threshold of above Tier I Capital (-) Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns 10% or more of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10% Threshold of above Tier I Capital (-)

Other items to be defined by the BRSA (-)

Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

449

Financial Reports

Reaching

More Customers

Data and Technology

The Best and Most Engaged Team

Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

450

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Financial Health

Total Tier II Capital	11,161,116	8,450,176
Total Equity (Total Tier I and Tier II Capital)	73,015,118	62,158,284
TOTAL TIER I CAPITAL AND TIER II CAPITAL (TOTAL EQUITY)		
Loans Granted against the Articles 50 and 51 of the Banking Law (-)	82	109
Other items to be Defined by the BRSA (-)	1,802	7,821
ITEMS TO BE DEDUCTED FROM THE SUM OF TIER I AND TIER II CAPITAL (CAPITAL) DURING THE TRANSITION PERIOD		
The Portion of Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10% Threshold of above Tier I Capital not deducted from Tier I Capital, Additional Tier I Capital or Tier II Capital as per the Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 of the Regulation (-)	-	
The Portion of Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns more than 10% of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10% Threshold of above Tier I Capital not deducted from Additional Tier I Capital or Tier II Capital as per the Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 of the Regulation (-)	-	-
The Portion of Net Long Position of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns 10% or more of the Issued Share Capital, of the Net Deferred Tax Assets arising from Temporary Differences and of the Mortgage Servicing Rights not deducted from Tier I Capital as per the Temporary Article 2, Clause 2, Paragraph (1) and (2) and Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 of the Regulation (-)	-	-
CAPITAL		
Total Capital (Total of Tier I Capital and Tier II Capital)	73,013,234	62,150,354
Total Risk Weighted Assets	432,914,519	349,007,519
CAPITAL ADEQUACY RATIOS		
Consolidated CET1 Capital Ratio (%)	14.29	15.39
Consolidated Tier I Capital Ratio (%)	14.29	15.39
Consolidated Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	16.87	17.81
BUFFERS		
Total Additional CET1 Capital Requirement Ratio (a+b+c)	4.130	4.635
a) Capital Conservation Buffer Ratio (%)	2.500	2.500
b) Bank-specific Counter-Cyclical Capital Buffer Ratio (%)	0.130	0.135
c) Systemically Important Banks Buffer Ratio (%)	1.500	2.000
Additional CET1 Capital Over Total Risk Weighted Assets Ratio Calculated According to the Article 4 of Capital Conservation and Counter- Cyclical Capital Buffers Regulation (%)	8.287	9.808
AMOUNTS LOWER THAN EXCESSES AS PER DEDUCTION RULES		
Remaining Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital	-	-
Remaining Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Tier I Capital of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns more than 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital	-	-
Remaining Mortgage Servicing Rights	-	-
Net Deferred Tax Assets arising from Temporary Differences	3,681,400	1,903,531
LIMITS FOR PROVISIONS USED IN TIER II CAPITAL CALCULATION		
General Loan Provisions for Exposures in Standard Approach (before limit of one hundred and twenty five per ten thousand)	12,839,046	6,235,618
General Loan Provisions for Exposures in Standard Approach Limited by 1.25% of Risk Weighted Assets	4,623,236	3,756,696
Total Loan Provision that Exceeds Total Expected Loss Calculated According to Communiqué on Calculation of Credit Risk by Internal Ratings Based Approach	-	-
	-	-
DEBT INSTRUMENTS COVERED BY TEMPORARY ARTICLE 4 (EFFECTIVE BETWEEN 1.1.2018-1.1.2022)		
Upper Limit for Additional Tier I Capital Items subject to Temporary Article 4	-	-
	-	-
Upper Limit for Additional Tier II Capital Items subject to Temporary Article 4	-	
Amount of Additional Tier II Capital Items Subject to Temporary Article 4 that Exceeds Upper Limit		
Another Additional Actine Cupital temp Subject to Tempolary Article + that Exceeds opper Limit	-	

(*)According to "Bank Capital Regulation" article 10 paragraph 4, which published on Official Gazette dated 5th September 2013 and numbered 28756, banks also calculate their consolidated capital with their consolidated insurance company investments as unconsolidated financial institutions if 9th article's 4th paragraph's (c) and (c) items apply. Lesser of consolidated capital calculated according to 1st and 4th paragraphs is considered the consolidated capital according to this regulation. As the consolidated capital calculated including the insurance subsidiary is lesser, the consolidated capital is calculated according to consolidated financial statements including the insurance subsidiary.

Data and Technology

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Operational

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

and Appendix

Within the context of the measures that are announced by BRSA on 08 December 2020, in capital adequacy ratio calculation until 30 June 2021 may be calculated with arithmetic average of the Central Bank of Turkey's spot purchase exchange rates for 252 working days before credit risk calculation date and as of the announcement date negative revaluation differences of the securities classified under "Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income" may not be included in capital calculation.

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The Bank does not take into consideration the related measures in regulatory capital adequacy ratio calculation as of 31 December 2020. In case of applying the measures, consolidated capital adequacy ratio rises to 17.43% as of 31 December 2020.

The Bank plans its Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1) Capital by considering 10% as the minimum target while considering its additional CET 1 requirements during the phase-in period due to aforementioned regulations.

4.1.2ITEMS INCLUDED IN CAPITAL CALCULATION

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CURRENT PERIOD	INFORMATION ABOUT INST	RUMENTS INCLUDED IN TO	TAL CAPITAL CALCULATION
lssuer	T. Garanti Bankası A.Ş.	T. Garanti Bankası A.Ş.	T. Garanti Bankası A.Ş.
Identifier (CUSIP, ISIN vb.)	Reg S: ISIN: XS1617531063 Common Code: 161753106 144A: CUSIP: 900148 AE7 ISIN: US900148AE73 Common Code: 161752479	ISIN: TRSGRANE2915	ISIN: TRSGRAN23013
Governing law (s) of the instrument	Subject to English Law and in terms of certain articles to Turkish Regulations. It is issued within the scope of the Communiqué VII-128.8 on Debt Instruments of the Capital Markets Board and the Regulation on Bank Capital of the BRSA.	It is subject to English Law and in terms of certain articles to Turkish Regulations. It is also issued within the scope of the "Regulation on Equities of Banks" and "the Communique Regarding the Capital Instruments that will be included in own funds of banks" within the legislation of Capital Markets Board of Turkey.	It is subject to English Law and in terms of certain articles to Turkish Regulations. It is also issued within the scope of the "Regulation on Equities of Banks" and "the Communique Regarding the Capital Instruments that will be included in own funds of banks" within the legislation of Capital Markets Board of Turkey.
REGUL	ATORY TREATMENT		
Subject to 10% deduction as of 1/1/2015	No	No	No
Eligible on unconsolidated and /or consolidated basis	Eligible on unconsolidated and consolidated	Eligible on unconsolidated and consolidated	Eligible on unconsolidated and consolidated
Instrument type	Subordinated debt instruments (Notes)	Subordinated debt instruments (Notes)	Subordinated debt instruments (Notes)
Amount recognized in regulatory capital (Currency in TL million, as of most recent reporting date)	5,535 (31 December 2019: 4,441)	253 (31 December 2019: 253)	750
Nominal value of instrument (TL million)	5,535 (31 December 2019: 4,441)	253 (31 December 2019: 253)	750
Accounting classification of the instrument	34701 - Secondary Subordinated Loans	34601- Secondary Subordinated Loans	34601- Secondary Subordinated Loans
Issuance date of instrument	23.05.2017	09.10.2019	14.02.2020
Maturity structure of the instrument (demand/time)	Time	Time	Time
Original maturity of the instrument	24.05.2027	07.10.2029	14.02.2030
Issuer call subject to prior supervisory (BRSA) approval	Yes	Yes	Yes
Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	24.05.2022 - USD 750,000,000	07.10.2024 - TL 252,880,000	14.02.2025 - TL 750,000,000
Subsequent call dates, if applicable	-	-	-
INTEREST	/DIVIDEND PAYMENT		
Fixed or floating coupon/dividend payments	Fixed	Floating	Floating
Coupon rate and any related index	6.1250%	TLREF + 130 bps	TLREF + 250 bps
Existence of any dividend payment restriction	None	None	None
Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	-	-	-
Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	None	None	None
Noncumulative or cumulative	None	None	None
Convertible into equity shares	None	None	None
If convertible, conversion trigger (s)	-	-	-
If convertible, fully or partially	-	-	-
If convertible, conversion rate	-	-	-
If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	-	-	-

451

About Garanti BBVA Our Value Creation Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

RIES Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

If convertible, type of instrument convertible into	-	-	-
If convertible, issuer of instrument to be converted into	-	-	-
Write-down feature	Yes	Yes	Yes
If bonds can be written-down, write-down trigger(s)	Due to the losses incurred, where the Bank is at the point at which the BRSA may determine pursuant to Article 71 of the Banking Law that: (i) its operating license is to be revoked and the Bank is liquidated or (ii) the rights of all of its shareholders (except to dividends), and the management and supervision of the Bank, are to be transferred to the SDIF on the condition that losses are deducted from the capital of existing shareholders (occurrence of either condition means the issuer has become non-viable), or (iii) it is probable that the lssuer will become non-viable; then the bonds can be written-down.	Due to the losses incurred, where the Bank is at the point at which the BRSA may determine pursuant to Article 71 of the Banking Law that: (i) its operating license is to be revoked or(ii) to be determined the probability of transfer to the SDIF Turkey, the bonds can be written off.	Due to the losses incurred, where the Bank is at the point at which the BRSA may determine pursuant to Article 71 of the Banking Law that: (i) its operating license is to be revoked or(ii) to be determined the probability of transfer to the SDIF Turkey, the bonds can be written off.
If bond can be written-down, full or partial	Partially or fully	Partially or fully	Partially or fully
If bond can be written-down, permanent or temporary	Continuously	Continuously	Continuously
If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism	There are no any temporary write-up mechanisms.	There are no any temporary write-up mechanisms.	There are no any temporary write-up mechanisms.
Position in subordination hierarchy in case of liquidation (instrument type immediately senior to the instrument)	In priority of receivables, it comes after the senior obligations of the Issuer.	In priority of receivables, it comes after the senior obligations of the Issuer.	In priority of receivables, it comes after the senior obligations of the Issuer.
In compliance with article number 7 and 8 of Regulation on Bank Capital	Instrument is in compliant with Article 8 of the Regulation on Bank Capital.	Instrument is in compliant with Article 8 of the Regulation on Bank Capital.	Instrument is in compliant with Article 8 of the Regulation on Bank Capital.
Details of incompliances with article number 7 and 8 of Regulation on Bank Capital	Instrument is not in compliant with Article 7 of the Regulation on Bank Capital.	Instrument is not in compliant with Article 7 of the Regulation on Bank Capital.	Instrument is not in compliant with Article 7 of the Regulation on Bank Capital.

4.1.3 RECONCILIATION OF CAPITAL ITEMS TO BALANCE SHEET

CURRENT PERIOD	CARRYING VALUE	AMOUNT OF CORRECTION C	VALUE AT APITAL REPORT	EXPLANATION OF DIFFERENCES
Paid-in Capital	4,200,000	772,554	4,972,554	Inflation adjustments included in Paid-in Capital according to Regulation's Temporary Article 1
Capital Reserves	784,434	(772,554)	11,880	Inflation adjustments included in Paid-in Capital according to Regulation's Temporary Article 1
Other Capital Reserves	772,554	(772,554)	-	Inflation adjustments included in Paid-in Capital according to Regulation's Temporary Article 1
Bonus Shares of Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint-Ventures	-	_	-	
Share Premium	11,880	-	11,880	
Other Comprehensive Income/Expenses in Shareholders' Equity as per TMS	4,793,973	310,373	5,104,346	Items not included in the calculation as per Regulation's Article 9-1-f and Gain on sale of associate/subsidiaries' shares and real estate classified as different in the value of the capital report
Other Comprehensive Income/Expense Items not to be Recycled to Profit/Loss	1,712,571	-	1,712,571	
Other Comprehensive Income/Expense Items to be Recycled to Profit/Loss	3,081,402	310,373	3,391,775	Items not included in the calculation as per Regulation's Article 9-1-f
Profit Reserves	45,869,743	_	45,869,743	
Profit or Loss	6,513,366	-	6,513,366	
Prior Periods' Profit/Loss	208,276	-	208,276	
Current Period Net Profit/Loss	6,305,090	-	6,305,090	
Minority Interest	247,679	(149,427)	98,252	Items are calculated as per Regulation's Article 12

Data and

Technology

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Operational

Deductions from Common Equity Tier I Capital (-) 716.139 Deductions from Common Equity Tier 1 Capital as per the Regulation Common Equity Tier I Capital 62.409.195 61,854,002 Subordinated Debts Deductions from Tier I Capital (-) Deductions from Tier 1 Capital as per the Regulation Tier I Capital 61,854,002 Subordinated Debts 6,537,880 12 Month ECL (Stage 1) and Lifetime ECL Stage 1 and Stage 2 expected credit losses added to Tier II Capital as per 4,623,236 Significant Increase in Credit Risk (Stage 2) the Regulation's Article 8 Deductions from Tier II Capital (-) Deductions from Tier II Capital as per the Regulation Tier II Capital 11,161,116 Deductions from Total Capital (-) 1,884 Deductions from Capital as per the Regulation Total 73,013,234 AMOUNT OF VALUE AT CORRECTION CAPITAL REPORT PRIOR PERIOD CARRYING VALUE **EXPLANATION OF DIFFERENCES** Inflation adjustments included in Paid-in Capital according to Paid-in Capital 4,200,000 772.554 4,972,554 Regulation's Temporary Article 1 Inflation adjustments included in Paid-in Capital according to Capital Reserves 784.434 11.880 (772, 554)Regulation's Temporary Article 1 Inflation adjustments included in Paid-in Capital according to Other Capital Reserves 772.554 (772, 554)Regulation's Temporary Article 1 Bonus Shares of Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint-Ventures Share Premium 11.880 11.880 Items not included in the calculation as per Regulation's Article 9-1-f and Other Comprehensive Income/Expenses in 3,014,560 472,138 3,486,698 Gain on sale of associate/subsidiaries' shares and real estate classified as Shareholders' Equity as per TMS different in the value of the capital report Other Comprehensive Income/Expense 1,644,439 1,644,439 Items not to be Recycled to Profit/Loss Other Comprehensive Income/Expense 1,370,121 472,138 1,842,259 Items not included in the calculation as per Regulation's Article 9-1-f Items to be Recycled to Profit/Loss 39.612.929 39.612.929 Profit Reserves 6.164.914 Profit or Loss 6.164.914 Prior Periods' Profit/Loss Current Period Net Profit/Loss 6,164,914 6,164,914 Minority Interest 273,910 (195, 367)78,543 Items are calculated as per Regulation's Article 12 Deductions from Common Equity Tier I Capital (-) 619,410 Deductions from Common Equity Tier 1 Capital as per the Regulation **Common Equity Tier | Capital** 54.050.747 53,708,108 Subordinated Debts Deductions from Tier I Capital (-) Deductions from Tier 1 Capital as per the Regulation Tier I Capital 53,708,108 Subordinated Debts 4,693,480 12 Month ECL (Stage 1) and Lifetime ECL Stage 1 and Stage 2 expected credit losses added to Tier II Capital as per 3,756,696 Significant Increase in Credit Risk (Stage 2) the Regulation's Article 8 Deductions from Tier II Capital (-) Deductions from Tier II Capital as per the Regulation 8,450,176 **Tier II Capital** Deductions from Total Capital (-) 7,930 Deductions from Capital as per the Regulation Total 62,150,354

and Appendix

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

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Governance

More Customers

Reaching

About Garanti BBVA Our Value Creation Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

4.2 CONSOLIDATED CREDIT RISK

Introduction

Credit risk is defined as risks and losses that may occur if the counterparty that the Bank or its consolidated financial affiliates work with, fails to comply with the agreement's requirements and cannot perform its obligations partially or completely on the terms set. In compliance with the legislation, the credit limits are set for the financial position and credit requirements of customers within the authorization limits assigned for Branches, Lending Departments, Executive Vice President responsible of Lending, General Manager, Credit Committee and Board of Directors. The limits are subject to revision if necessary.

The debtors or group of debtors are subject to credit risk limits. Sectoral risk concentrations are reviewed on a monthly basis. Credit worthiness of debtors is periodically reviewed in compliance with the legislation and in case that the risk level of debtor deteriorates, the credit limits are revised and further collateral is required by risk rating models developed and optimized for this purpose. For unsecured loans, the necessary documentation is gathered in compliance with the legislation.

Geographical concentration of credit customers is reviewed monthly. This is in line with the concentration of industrial and commercial activities in Turkey.

In accordance with the lending policies, the debtor's creditworthiness is analysed and the adequate collateral is obtained based on the financial position of the company and the type of loan; like cash collateral, bank guarantees, mortgages, pledges, bills and personal or corporate guarantees.

There are control limits on the position held through forwards, options and other similar agreements. Credit risk of such instruments is managed together with the risk from market fluctuations. The risk arising from such instruments are followed up and when necessary, the actions to decrease it are taken.

The liquidated non-cash loans are subject to the same risk weight with the overdue loans. Foreign trade finance and other interbank credit transactions are performed through widespread correspondents network. Accordingly, limits are assigned to domestic and foreign banks and other financial institutions based on review of their credit worthiness, periodically.

The Bank developed a statistical-based internal default rate model for its credit portfolio of corporate/commercial/medium-size companies. This internal default rate model is used for expected credit loss of the Bank. Risk rating system which has been used for both to determine branch managers' credit authorization limits and in credit assessment process, is also used in default rate model calculations.

The concentration table of the cash and non-cash loans for the Bank according to the risk rating system for its customers defined as corporate, commercial and medium-size enterprises is presented below:

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
	%	%
Above Average	5.12	4.78
Average	33.28	37.87
Below Average	61.60	57.35
Total	100.00	100.00

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Financial Report and Appendix

455

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

JBSIDIARIES Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

EXPOSURE CATEGORIES	CURRENT PERIOD (*)	AVERAGE (**)	PRIOR PERIOD (*)	AVERAGE (**)
Conditional and unconditional exposures to central governments or central banks	131,778,909	123,493,255	103,734,118	107,513,717
Conditional and unconditional exposures to regional governments or local authorities	1,331,960	1,078,311	647,572	390,746
Conditional and unconditional exposures to administrative bodies and non-commercial undertakings	197,353	222,656	301,778	324,717
Conditional and unconditional exposures to multilateral development banks	1,477,617	1,325,489	2,081,605	3,194,797
Conditional and unconditional exposures to international organisations	=	-	=	26,322
Conditional and unconditional exposures to banks and brokerage houses	49,626,954	53,192,025	52,716,456	47,888,934
Conditional and unconditional exposures to corporates	237,424,397	214,948,006	175,631,925	170,758,248
Conditional and unconditional retail exposures	127,372,548	114,962,382	102,306,150	95,801,876
Conditional and unconditional exposures secured by real estate property	32,029,906	34,243,661	31,029,824	34,273,054
Past due items	5,270,867	6,061,327	6,511,249	5,593,172
Items in regulatory high-risk categories	981,045	1,086,353	1,336,572	1,544,602
Exposures in the form of bonds secured by mortgages	=	-	=	-
Securitisation positions	_	-	-	-
	=	-	-	-
Exposures in the form of collective investment undertakings	23,030	25,973	25,340	25,229
Shares	436,404	532,605	816,500	473,480
Other items	24,281,191	23,620,706	17,134,759	17,170,650

(*) Includes total risk amounts before the effect of credit risk mitigation but after credit conversions.

(**) Average risk amounts are the arithmetical averages of the amounts in monthly reports prepared as per the Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy Ratios of Banks.

The parent Bank and its financial affiliates' largest 100 and 200 cash loan customers compose 25.26% (31 December 2019: 24.56%) and 31.73% (31 December 2019: 30.59%) of the total cash loan portfolio except factoring and lease receivables, respectively.

The parent Bank and its financial affiliates' largest 100 and 200 non-cash loan customers compose 34.54% (31 December 2019: 38.01%) and 46.49% (31 December 2019: 49.43%) of the total non-cash loan portfolio, respectively.

The parent Bank and its financial affiliates' largest 100 ve 200 cash and non-cash loan customers represent 8.35% (31 December 2019: 8.17%) and 10.77% (31 December 2019: 9.94%) of the total "on and off balance sheet" assets except factoring and lease receivables, respectively.

Stage 1 and Stage 2 expected losses for consolidated credit risk amount to TL 12,702,385 (31 December 2019: TL 6,149,560).



Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

> Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

4.2.1 PROFILE OF SIGNIFICANT EXPOSURES IN MAJOR REGIONS

			EX	POSURE CATEGORI	ES			
CURRENT PERIOD (*)	CONDITIONAL AND UNCONDITIONAL EXPOSURES TO CENTRAL GOVERNMENTS OR CENTRAL BANKS	CONDITIONAL AND UNCONDITIONAL EXPOSURES TO BANKS AND BROKERAGE HOUSES	CONDITIONAL AND UNCONDITIONAL EXPOSURES TO CORPORATES	CONDITIONAL AND UNCONDITIONAL RETAIL EXPOSURES	CONDITIONAL AND UNCONDITIONAL EXPOSURES SECURED BY REAL ESTATE PROPERTY	PAST DUE RECEIVABLES	OTHER	TOTAL
Domestic	115,760,274	17,572,021	209,474,373	120,819,994	28,590,016	5,050,446	25,456,358	522,723,482
European Union (EU) Countries	14,207,305	22,087,393	19,795,489	6,051,071	3,373,429	217,116	2,934,346	68,666,149
OECD Countries(**)	71,755	1,226,027	4,090,491	11,491	13,652	243	20,181	5,433,840
Off-Shore Banking Regions	-	403,427	58,058	331	312	-	-	462,128
USA, Canada	953	6,898,166	1,368,667	16,383	22,108	142	-	8,306,419
Other Countries	1,738,622	1,421,194	2,552,404	473,278	30,389	2,920	151,220	6,370,027
Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint -Ventures	-	18,726	84,915	-	-	-	166,495	270,136
Unallocated Assets/ Liabilities (***)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total	131,778,909	49,626,954	237,424,397	127,372,548	32,029,906	5,270,867	28,728,600	612,232,181

(*) Includes risk amounts before the effect of credit risk mitigation but after the credit conversion.

(**) Includes OECD countries other than EU countries, USA and Canada.

(***) Includes assets and liability items that cannot be allocated on a consistent basis

EXPOSURE CATEGORIES

PRIOR PERIOD (*)	CONDITIONAL AND UNCONDITIONAL EXPOSURES TO CENTRAL GOVERNMENTS OR CENTRAL BANKS	CONDITIONAL AND UNCONDITIONAL EXPOSURES TO BANKS AND BROKERAGE HOUSES	CONDITIONAL AND UNCONDITIONAL EXPOSURES TO CORPORATES	AND UNCONDITIONAL RETAIL	CONDITIONAL AND UNCONDITIONAL EXPOSURES SECURED BY REAL ESTATE PROPERTY	PAST DUE RECEIVABLES	OTHER	TOTAL
Domestic	90,064,059	16,312,602	155,069,266	96,819,453	28,486,576	6,281,533	18,950,489	411,983,978
European Union (EU) Countries	12,255,848	30,147,934	13,512,231	5,047,772	2,486,662	221,750	3,151,857	66,824,054
OECD Countries(**)	72	1,182,782	3,663,532	13,065	11,541	2	29,170	4,900,164
Off-Shore Banking Regions	-	15,327	583,472	55	1,135	-	310	600,299
USA, Canada	766	4,385,742	1,164,442	7,758	12,492	4,116	155	5,575,471
Other Countries	1,413,373	631,809	1,565,732	418,047	31,418	3,848	58,291	4,122,518
Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint -Ventures	-	40,260	73,250	-	-	-	153,854	267,364
Unallocated Assets/ Liabilities (***)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	103,734,118	52,716,456	175,631,925	102,306,150	31,029,824	6,511,249	22,344,126	494,273,848

(*) Includes risk amounts before the effect of credit risk mitigation but after the credit conversion.

(**) Includes OECD countries other than EU countries, USA and Canada.

(***) Includes assets and liability items that cannot be allocated on a consistent basis

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

(Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

4.2.2 RISK PROFILE BY SECTORS OR COUNTERPARTIES

CURRENT PERIOD(*) 1 2 3 4 Agriculture - 20 - - - Farming and Stockbreeding - 20 - <th>4 - - - - - - - - - - -</th> <th>x · · · · · · · ·</th> <th>6 7 - 3,964,623 - 3,298,786 - 3,298,786 - 156,559 - 156,559 - 509,278 - 509,278 - 108,657,962 - 108,657,962 - 4,152,738 - 64,264,393 - 64,264,393</th> <th>8 781,349 579,793 165,776 35,780 35,780 11,745,379 11,745,379</th> <th>9 304,410 271,226 26,405</th> <th>10 21,459 15,382</th> <th>11 12 26,559 -</th> <th>2 13 14</th> <th>15</th> <th>- 16</th> <th>17 TP</th> <th>ΥΡ 3.584.235</th> <th>TOPLAM 5,098,420</th>	4 - - - - - - - - - - -	x · · · · · · · ·	6 7 - 3,964,623 - 3,298,786 - 3,298,786 - 156,559 - 156,559 - 509,278 - 509,278 - 108,657,962 - 108,657,962 - 4,152,738 - 64,264,393 - 64,264,393	8 781,349 579,793 165,776 35,780 35,780 11,745,379 11,745,379	9 304,410 271,226 26,405	10 21,459 15,382	11 12 26,559 -	2 13 14	15	- 16	17 TP	ΥΡ 3.584.235	TOPLAM 5,098,420
d Stockbreeding - 20 d Stockbreeding - 20 g - 20 guartying - - 5 Quartying - - - 5 Gas and Water - - - - 5 and Retail Trade - - - - 5 5			 3,964,623 3,298,786 3,298,786 156,559 156,559 509,278 108,657,962 4,152,738 64,264,333 40,240,831 	781,349 579,793 165,776 35,776 35,776 11,745,379 402,105	304,410 271,226 26,405	21,459 15,382	26,559	•			- 1514185	3.584.235	5,098,420
d Stockbreeding 20 - 20 9 - 5 Quarrying - 5 Gas and Water - 5 6 - 5 0 - 5 - 5 0 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5			 3,298,786 156,559 156,559 509,278 108,657,962 4,152,738 64,264,393 64,264,393 40,240,831 	579,793 165,776 35,780 35,780 11,745,379 402,105	271,226 26,405	15,382					·····		
20 20 9 - - 5 Quarrying - - 5 Quarrying - - - 5 Gas and Water - - - 5 and Retail Trade 96,457 - - 5			 156,559 509,278 509,278 108,657,962 4,152,738 64,264,393 40,240,831 	165,776 35,780 11,745,379 402,105	26,405		24,821				- 1,278,521	2,911,487	4,190,008
9 - - 5 Quarrying - - 5 Quarrying - - - 5 Gas and Water - - - 5 And Retail Trade 96,457 - - 5			 509,278 108,657,962 4,152,738 64,264,393 40,240,831 	35,780 11,745,379 402,105		5,050	1,420				- 130,596	224,634	355,230
g - 5 Quarrying - - - - - - - 5			 108,657,962 4,152,738 64,264,393 40,240,831 	11,745,379 402,105	6,779	1,027	318			1	- 105,068	448,114	553,182
Quarrying	- - -	.	 4,152,738 64,264,393 40,240,831 	402,105	5,730,921 1,908,628	908,628	144,398				- 51,648,580	76,591,541	128,240,121
Gas and Water	- -		- 64,264,393 - 40,240,831		182,097	4,265	1,307				- 1,823,025	2,919,487	4,742,512
Gas and Water			- 40,240,831	11,054,375	4,206,245	357,321	53,892				- 40,248,597	39,687,636	79,936,233
	- ,477,617			288,899	1,342,579 1	1,547,042	89,199				- 9,576,958	33,984,418	43,561,376
96,457 sale and Retail Trade	,477,617		- 14,359,495	3,442,234	1,052,408	278,304	220,994				- 7,530,898	11,822,537	19,353,435
		- 49,626,9	49,626,954 103,691,102 100,937,022 21,090,920 2,957,369	100,937,022	21,090,920 2	,957,369	294,405	2	23,030 301,031	31	- 174,272,187	106,230,686	280,502,873
			- 46,414,228	90,635,516	16,252,688 1	1,248,222	161,194				- 128,705,362	26,006,630	154,711,992
Accommodation and Dining - 2,709			- 8,581,940	2, 566, 009	2,602,855	146,311	18,641				- 5,624,205	8,294,260	13,918,465
Transportation and		ı	- 23,330,881	4,310,066	600,398	552,437	22,823				- 8,688,127	20,128,649	28,816,776
Financial Institutions 95,204 - 1,477,6	1,477,617	- 49,626,954	54 15,010,705	256,246	169,298	2,234	59,286		23,030 301,037	131	- 22,456,308	44,565,297	67,021,605
Real Estate and Rental Services 12 - 4			- 7,697,613	2,348,813	978,214	996,715	30,522			1	- 6,156,749	5,895,144	12,051,893
		1		1		1							
Educational Services - 2,365			- 604,102	266,497	233,459	7,431	1,146			ī	- 899,935	215,065	1,115,000
Health and Social Services 1,241 - 1,573			- 2,051,633	553,875	254,008	4,019	793				- 1,741,501	1,125,641	2,867,142
Others 131,682,452 1,331,940 137,554			- 6,751,215	751,215 10,466,564	3,851,247	105,107	294,689	•	- 135,373	73 24,281,191	91 60,645,776	118,391,556	179,037,332
Total 131,778,909 1,331,960 197,353 1,477,617	,477,617	- 49,626,9	- 49,626,954 237,424,397 127,372,548 32,029,906 5,270,867	127,372,548	32,029,906 5	,270,867	981,045	2	13,030 436,40	04 24,281,1	23,030 436,404 24,281,191 295,611,626	316,620,555	612,232,181

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Financial Reports and Appendix

The Best and Most Engaged Team

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

								EXPOSU	EXPOSURE CATEGORIES	IES							
PRIOR PERIOD (*)	F	2	m	4 5	9	7	80	6	10	11	12 13 14	15	16	17	đ	ΥP	F
Agriculture		•				2,790,140	710,802	265,869	35,218	38,727					1,214,002	2,626,754	3,8
Farming and Stockbreeding						2,249,853	550,837	229,105	28,043	37,714	•				998,077	2,097,475	ć
Forestry			1			134,339	127,605	33,926	5,069	570	•			1	121,394	180,115	
Fishery						405,948	32,360	2,838	2,106	443					94,531	349,164	
Manufacturing		•	49,437	•		82,461,537	10,349,897	5,933,945	2,470,144	233,548					37,124,903	64,373,605	101,4
Mining and Quarrying	I		1			2,828,766	412,407	62,688	11,746	4,001		1		1	1,284,214	2,035,394	'n.
Production			17			47,627,228	9,666,329	3,975,122	774,126	120,797					29,180,623	32,982,996	62
Electricity, Gas and Water			49,420		1	32,005,543	271,161	1,896,135	1,684,272	108,750					6,660,066	29,355,215	36,
Construction		•	16	•		8,232,966	3,777,972	1,314,919	484,739	342,684					7,762,427	6,390,869	14,
Services	2,011,057	•	1,804	2,081,605 -	52,716,456	69,549,131	79,129,650	20,549,540	3,305,265	483,325		25,340	32,328		177,202,852	52,682,649	229,8
Wholesale and Retail Trade			338			34,084,713	71,496,706	15,775,083	1,592,131	267,004	•				100,772,483	22,443,492	123
Accommodation and Dining			264			4,743,124	2,072,042	2,977,650	158,950	41,108	•				3,804,757	6,188,381	6
Transportation and Telecommunication			171		I	12,659,002	3,373,201	541,212	641,571	101,205	-				5,428,657	11,887,705	17,
Financial Institutions	2,010,011			2,081,605 -	52,716,456	8,918,826	210,775	43,488	10,478	41,786		25,340	32,328	ı	62,282,440	3,808,653	66,
Real Estate and Rental Services					I	4,399,211	1,244,258	781,231	874,518	23,116					2,792,457	4,529,877	7,
Professional Services	ı			•						1							
Educational Services	I		663			549,161	250,725	246,737	18,722	6,947					888,752	184,533	1

(Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

1- Conditional and unconditional exposures to central governments or central banks

Conditional and unconditional exposures to regional governments or local authorities

3- Conditional and unconditional exposures to administrative bodies and non-commercial undertakings

4- Conditional and unconditional exposures to multilateral development banks

5- Conditional and unconditional exposures to international organisations

6- Conditional and unconditional exposures to banks and brokerage houses

7- Conditional and unconditional exposures to corporates

8- Conditional and unconditional retail exposures

9- Conditional and unconditional exposures secured by real estate property

10- Past due receivables

11- Receivables in regulatory high-risk categories

12- Exposures in the form of bonds secured by mortgages

13- Securitisation positions

14- Short term exposures to banks, brokerage houses and corporates

Exposures in the form of collective investment undertakings
 Shares

17- Other receivable

(*) Includes risk amounts before the effect of credit risk mitigation but after the credit conversions.

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

443,695

301,509

3,095,552

,840,756

TOPLAM

3,319,608

1,498,508

4,153,296

36,015,281

62,163,619

23,215,975

9,993,138

9,885,501

17,316,362

6,091,093

7,322,334

1,073,285 4,873,314 144,895,787 144,273,848

> 3,640,008 86,997,607 213,071,484

1,233,306 57,898,180 281,202,364

17,134,759 17,134,759

238,288 1,336,572

215,883 6,511,249

31,029,824

175,631,925 102,306,150

52,716,456

647,572 301,778

647,572

. .

2,081,605

38 **250,521**

1,046 101,723,061 103,734,118

Health and Social Serv

Others Total

784,172 816,500

> - - - - - -- - - 25,340

2,159

8,895

184,139

481,943 8,337,829

4,195,094 **12,598,151**

2,965,551

Data and Technology

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Operational Excellence

Reaching More Customers

4.2.3 ANALYSIS OF MATURITY-BEARING EXPOSURES ACCORDING TO REMAINING MATURITIES

CURI	RENT PERIOD		TER	1 TO MATURITY	,			
EXPO	DSURE CATEGORIES (*)	UP TO 1 MONTH	1-3 MONTHS	3-6 MONTHS	6-12 MONTHS	OVER 1 YEAR	DEMAND	TOTAL
1	Conditional and unconditional exposures to central governments or central banks	27,870,980	4,156,076	4,476,768	5,359,994	64,052,103	25,862,988	131,778,909
2	Conditional and unconditional exposures to regional governments or local authorities	-	15,392	3,044	471,767	841,754	3	1,331,960
3	Conditional and unconditional exposures to administrative bodies and non-commercial undertakings	605	401	24	16,559	107,025	72,739	197,353
4	Conditional and unconditional exposures to multilateral development banks	-	111,075	-	58,011	1,308,531	-	1,477,617
5	Conditional and unconditional exposures to international organisations	-	-	-	-	-	-	
6	Conditional and unconditional exposures to banks and brokerage houses	10,584,354	15,090,968	2,597,246	2,027,723	13,944,975	5,381,688	49,626,954
7	Conditional and unconditional exposures to corporates	11,049,863	23,150,277	30,253,607	33,151,428	129,090,449	10,728,773	237,424,397
8	Conditional and unconditional retail exposures	12,551,367	8,583,188	7,337,652	9,458,349	67,027,797	22,414,195	127,372,548
9	Conditional and unconditional exposures secured by real estate property	265,406	642,340	1,195,459	1,777,273	27,007,293	1,142,135	32,029,906
10	Past due items	-	-	-	-	=	5,270,867	5,270,867
11	Items in regulatory high-risk categories	284,637	39,194	105,123	38,628	299,604	213,859	981,045
12	Exposures in the form of bonds secured by mortgages	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
13	Securitisation positions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
14	Short term exposures to banks, brokerage houses and corporates	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
15	Exposures in the form of collective investment undertakings	-	-	-	-	-	23,030	23,030
16	Shares	-	-	-	-	-	436,404	436,404
17	Other items	68,512	781,571	-	-	-	23,431,108	24,281,191
	Total	62,675,724	52,570,482	45,968,923	52,359,732	303,679,531	94,977,789	612,232,181

(*) Includes risk amounts before the effect of credit risk mitigation but after the credit conversions.

PRIO	R PERIOD		TERM	1 TO MATURITY				
EXPC	DSURE CATEGORIES (*)	UP TO 1 MONTH	1-3 MONTHS	3-6 MONTHS	6-12 MONTHS	OVER 1 YEAR	DEMAND	TOTAL
1	Conditional and unconditional exposures to central governments or central banks	22,777,039	7,824,647	5,423,010	1,138,353	47,636,593	18,934,476	103,734,118
2	Conditional and unconditional exposures to regional governments or local authorities	5,480	12,526	2,265	142,531	483,727	1,043	647,572
3	Conditional and unconditional exposures to administrative bodies and non-commercial undertakings	16,619	51,701	51,914	60,462	111,681	9,401	301,778
4	Conditional and unconditional exposures to multilateral development banks	51,446	49,486	-	54,663	1,926,010	-	2,081,605
5	Conditional and unconditional exposures to international organisations	-	-	-	_	-	-	-
6	Conditional and unconditional exposures to banks and brokerage houses	15,314,177	9,533,021	1,367,441	1,645,015	23,314,232	1,542,570	52,716,456
7	Conditional and unconditional exposures to corporates	14,447,939	13,764,977	13,220,277	25,224,129	101,672,613	7,301,990	175,631,925
8	Conditional and unconditional retail exposures	10,370,469	6,318,500	4,342,706	7,261,717	54,189,362	19,823,396	102,306,150
9	Conditional and unconditional exposures secured by real estate property	789,281	614,427	892,761	1,745,698	25,744,072	1,243,585	31,029,824
10	Past due items	-	-	-	-	-	6,511,249	6,511,249
11	Items in regulatory high-risk categories	397,831	12,251	63,363	95,068	441,686	326,373	1,336,572
12	Exposures in the form of bonds secured by mortgages	-	-	-	-	=	-	
13	Securitisation positions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
14	Short term exposures to banks, brokerage houses and corporates	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
15	Exposures in the form of collective investment undertakings	=	-	-	=	-	25,340	25,340
16	Shares	12,501	-	-	-		803,999	816,500
17	Other items	58,118	985,573	-	-	-	16,091,068	17,134,759
	Total	64,240,900	39,167,109	25,363,737	37,367,636	255,519,976	72,614,490	494,273,848

(*) Includes risk amounts before the effect of credit risk mitigation but after the credit conversions.

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and Appendix

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish About Garanti BBVA Our Value Creation Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

4.2.4 EXPOSURE CATEGORIES

An international rating firm, Fitch Ratings' external risk ratings are used to determine the risk weight of the risk categories as per the Article 6 of the "Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy Ratios of Banks".

The international risk ratings are used for the exposures to central governments and central banks, whereas for central governments and central banks that are not rated by Fitch Ratings, the published country ratings as announced by the Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) are used.

According to the regulation on capital adequacy, external risk ratings are used only for the exposures to banks and brokerage houses and to corporates where the counterparties are resident in abroad, to determine their risk weights. Where the counterparties are domestic, the related exposures are included in the calculation of capital adequacy as unrated.

In the determination of risk weights for items that are not included in trading book; if a relevant rating is available then such rating, but if it is an unrated exposure then the rating available for the issuer is used.

Fitch Ratings' risk ratings as per the credit quality grades and the risk weights according to exposure categories are presented below:

			EXPOSURE CATE	GORIES	
			EXPOSURES TO BANKS A	ND BROKERAGE HOUSES	
CREDIT QUALITY GRADE	FITCH RATINGS LONG TERM CREDIT RATING	EXPOSURES TO CENTRAL GOVERNMENTS OR CENTRAL BANKS	EXPOSURES WITH ORIGINAL MATURITIES LESS THAN 3 MONTHS	EXPOSURES WITH ORIGINAL MATURITIES MORE THAN 3 MONTHS	EXPOSURES TO CORPORATES
1	AAA to AA-	%0%	20%	20%	20%
2	A+ to A-	20%	50%	50%	50%
3	BBB+ to BBB-	50%	50%	50%	100%
4	BB+ to BB-	100%	100%	100%	100%
5	B+ to B-	100%	100%	100%	150%
6	CCC+ and below	150%	150%	150%	150%

4.2.5 EXPOSURES BY RISK WEIGHTS

The total amount of exposures corresponding to each class of risk weight before and after credit risk mitigation and the deductions from equity as defined in the Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy Ratios of Banks Appendix-1 are presented below:

CURRENT PERIOD	0%	2%	10%	20%	35%	50%	75%	100%	150%	200%	250%	DEDUCTIONS FROM EQUITY
Risk Weights												
Exposures before Credit Risk Mitigation	139,328,058	8,253,448	-	23,637,578	17,183,980	47,810,074	127,362,453	248,327,924	328,666	-	-	718,023
Exposures after Credit Risk Mitigation	146,530,574	249,526	-	22,991,213	17,170,271	41,827,346	119,932,185	244,470,508	328,279	-	-	718,023
PRIOR PERIOD	0%	2%	10%	20%	35%	50%	75%	100%	150%	200%	250%	DEDUCTIONS FROM EQUITY
PRIOR PERIOD	0%	2%	10%	20%	35%	50%	75%	100%	150%	200%	250%	DEDUCTIONS FROM EQUITY
	0% 93,195,155	2%	10%	20% 26,229,507	35% 15,929,461	50% 48,435,216	75% 102,290,270		150% 628,535	200%	250%	

Data and Technology

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Operational Excellence

4.2.6 INFORMATION BY MAJOR SECTORS AND TYPE OF COUNTERPARTIES

Financial assets are assessed in 3 stages based on TFRS 9 as explained in accounting policy note 3.8.1 "Calculation of expected credit losses". In this respect, the life time expected credit losses are recognized for impaired loans (Stage 3) and the probability of default is considered to be 100%.

When the loan is not under default yet, but there is a significant increase in the credit risk since origination date, the life time expected credit losses are calculated for these loans (stage 2).

Regarding the remaining financial assets within the scope of TFRS 9, the 12-month estimated probability of default is calculated and the loss allowance for these loans (stage 1) is measured at an amount equal to 12-month (after the reporting date) expected credit losses.

CURRENT PERIOD	LOA	NS	TFRS 9
	SIGNIFICANT INCREASE IN CREDIT RISK (STAGE 2)	DEFAULTED (STAGE 3)	EXPECTED CREDIT LOSSES
Agriculture	350,161	173,628	158,475
Farming and Stockbreeding	99,690	136,657	102,417
Forestry	52,887	29,723	30,922
Fishery	197,584	7,248	25,136
Manufacturing	21,319,083	5,238,007	7,614,535
Mining and Quarrying	269,448	36,781	49,219
Production	10,226,380	1,574,866	3,213,365
Electricity, Gas and Water	10,823,255	3,626,360	4,351,951
Construction	3,266,949	1,691,061	1,421,158
Services	17,604,880	6,848,200	7,073,461
Wholesale and Retail Trade	6,795,254	2,099,028	2,294,678
Accommodation and Dining	2,311,665	418,978	605,597
Transportation and Telecommunication	2,054,486	1,919,166	1,484,689
Financial Institutions	995,814	95,816	375,479
Real Estate and Rental Services	4,772,220	2,133,045	2,074,765
Professional Services	8,872	3,245	3,567
Educational Services	368,779	144,472	187,609
Health and Social Services	297,790	34,450	47,077
Others	27,148,071	3,601,444	4,159,820
Total	69,689,144	17,552,340	20,427,449

Corporate Governance

orate mance

and Appendix

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Reaching More Customers

Our Value Creation



Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

PRIOR PERIOD	LOA	NS	TFRS 9
	SIGNIFICANT INCREASE IN CREDIT RISK (STAGE 2)	DEFAULTED (STAGE 3)	EXPECTED CREDIT LOSSES
Agriculture	366,167	177,328	138,114
Farming and Stockbreeding	114,963	153,694	101,550
Forestry	61,310	15,805	15,003
Fishery	189,894	7,829	21,561
Manufacturing	17,007,393	6,797,971	6,213,572
Mining and Quarrying	227,898	115,228	126,180
Production	8,234,096	2,342,806	2,560,093
Electricity, Gas and Water	8,545,399	4,339,937	3,527,299
Construction	2,569,085	2,331,665	1,436,934
Services	11,790,454	7,110,982	5,474,728
Wholesale and Retail Trade	5,475,815	2,629,435	2,091,796
Accommodation and Dining	1,182,052	421,037	325,130
Transportation and Telecommunication	1,539,810	1,958,880	1,384,040
Financial Institutions	657,537	98,337	243,355
Real Estate and Rental Services	2,437,043	1,804,054	1,235,475
Professional Services	5,549	1,820	1,669
Educational Services	292,545	145,438	140,531
Health and Social Services	200,103	51,981	52,732
Others	13,676,163	4,632,130	3,929,198
Total	45,409,262	21,050,076	17,192,546

4.2.7 MOVEMENTS IN VALUE ADJUSTMENTS AND PROVISIONS

CURRENT PERIOD	OPENING BALANCE	PROVISION FOR PERIOD	PROVISION REVERSALS	OTHER ADJUSTMENTS(*)	CLOSING BALANCE
1 Stage 3. Provisions	12,853,350	4,722,139	1,805,393	4,684,286	11,085,810
2 Stage 1 and Stage 2 Provisions	6,148,056	9,792,260	3,188,142	49,789	12,702,385

PRIOR PERIOD	OPENING BALANCE	PROVISION FOR PERIOD	PROVISION REVERSALS	OTHER ADJUSTMENTS(*)	CLOSING BALANCE
1 Stage 3. Provisions	8,455,948	7,788,449	1,261,229	2,129,818	12,853,350
2 Stage 1 and Stage 2 Provisions	5,478,236	3,596,195	2,889,352	37,023	6,148,056

(*) Includes also foreign exchange losses and transfers.

Data and

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

4.2.8 EXPOSURES SUBJECT TO COUNTERCYCLICAL CAPITAL BUFFER

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Reaching

More Customers

CURRENT PERIOD	RWAS OF		
COUNTRY	BANKING BOOK FOR PRIVATE SECTOR LENDING	RWAS OF TRADING BOOK	TOTAL
Turkey	298,590,730	3,353,704	301,944,434
Romania	12,448,844	-	12,448,844
Switzerland	3,676,130	-	3,676,130
United Kingdom	3,373,826	137,996	3,511,822
the Netherlands	3,116,065	-	3,116,065
Germany	2,029,278	-	2,029,278
United States of America	1,370,081	-	1,370,081
NCTR	1,059,804	-	1,059,804
France	1,013,507	-	1,013,507
Other	6,899,154	-	6,899,154
Total	333,577,419	3,491,700	337,069,119

PRIOR PERIOD	RWAS OF BANKING BOOK FOR	RWAS OF	
COUNTRY	PRIVATE SECTOR LENDING	TRADING BOOK	TOTAL
Turkey	231,916,453	1,583,698	233,500,151
Romania	8,858,687	-	8,858,687
Switzerland	3,253,422	-	3,253,422
the Netherlands	2,121,740	-	2,121,740
Germany	2,038,508	-	2,038,508
United Kingdom	1,645,722	117,613	1,763,335
United States of America	1,222,374	-	1,222,374
NCTR	1,149,890	-	1,149,890
France	808,530	-	808,530
Other	4,850,616	-	4,850,616
Total	257,865,942	1,701,311	259,567,253

4.3 CONSOLIDATED CURRENCY RISK

Foreign currency open position limit is set in compliance with the legal standard ratio of net foreign currency position. As of 31 December 2020, the Bank and its financial subsidiaries' net 'on balance sheet' foreign currency short position amounts to TL 35,256,691 (31 December 2019: TL 25,733,470), net 'off-balance sheet' foreign currency long position amounts to TL 48,572,126 (31 December 2019: TL 29,974,139), while net foreign currency close position amounts to TL 13,315,435 (31 December 2019: TL 4,240,669).

The foreign currency position risk is measured by "standard method" and "value-at-risk (VaR) model". Measurements by standard method are carried out monthly, whereas measurements by "VaR" are done daily for the Bank. The foreign currency exchange risk is managed through transaction, dealer, desk and stop-loss limits approved by the board of directors for the trading portfolio beside the foreign currency net position standard ratio and the VaR limit.

The Bank's effective exchange rates at the date of balance sheet and for the last five working days of the period announced by the Bank in TL are as follows:

	EUR	USD
The Bank's foreign currency purchase rate at balance sheet date	9.0530	7.3800
Foreign currency rates for the days before balance sheet date;		
Day 1	9.0126	7.3333
Day 2	8.9800	7.3223
Day 3	9.0562	7.4040
Day 4	9.1855	7.5298
Day 5	9.1906	7.5410
Last 30-days arithmetical average rate	9.3324	7.6632

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and Appendix

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Our 2020 Material

Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

The Bank's consolidated currency risk

	EUR	USD	OTHER FCS	TOTAL
CURRENT PERIOD				
Assets				
Cash (Cash on Hand, Money in Transit, Purchased Cheques) and Balances with the Central Bank of Turkey	16,879,372	21,018,571	10,824,282	48,722,225
Banks	8,922,849	7,336,095	5,319,622	21,578,566
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Profit/Loss	89,062	5,253,940	1,683,507	7,026,509
Money Market Placements	1,423,469	239,378	-	1,662,847
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	4,099,658	8,041,993	2,063,366	14,205,017
Loans (*)	70,959,981	60,101,102	10,669,510	141,730,593
Investments in Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint-Ventures	4,796	-	1,309	6,105
Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost	486,006	10,088,921	-	10,574,927
Derivative Financial Assets Held for Hedging Purpose	6.977	2.500	-	9.477
Tangible Assets	288,836	267	205,905	495,008
Intangible Assets (**)	-	-	-	-
Other Assets (***)	3,351,642	5,535,323	(134,034)	8,752,931
Total Assets	106,512,648	117,618,090	30,633,467	254,764,205
Liabilities				
Bank Deposits	236,065	388,581	14,661	639,307
Foreign Currency Deposits	71,923,308	106,327,230	15,054,275	193,304,813
Money Market Funds	1,261,825	803,838	199	2,065,862
Other Fundings	12,410,866	11,718,569	259,780	24,389,215
Securities Issued (****)	1,328,815	37,101,210		38,430,025
Miscellaneous Payables	302,694	652,644	94,056	1,049,394
Derivative Financial Liabilities Held for Hedging Purpose	88,702	608,503	-	697,205
Other Liabilities (*****)	1,957,816	5,277,425	22,209,834	29,445,075
Total Liabilities	89,510,091	162,878,000	37,632,805	290,020,896
Net 'On Balance Sheet' Position	17,002,557	(45,259,910)	(6,999,338)	(35,256,691)
Net 'Off-Balance Sheet' Position	(11,964,312)	50,846,573	9,689,865	48,572,126
Derivative Assets	15,877,995	88,167,620	14,934,927	118,980,542
Derivative Liabilities	27,842,307	37,321,047	5,245,062	70,408,416
Non-Cash Loans	-	-	-	-
PRIOR PERIOD				
 Total Assets	87,178,444	91,635,420	22,961,655	201,775,519
Total Liabilities	74,830,485	134,916,665	17,761,839	227,508,989
Net 'On Balance Sheet' Position	12,347,959	(43,281,245)	5,199,816	(25,733,470)
Net 'Off-Balance Sheet' Position	(9,993,898)	43,385,166	(3,417,129)	29,974,139
Derivative Assets	11,786,083	69,718,270	2,243,021	83,747,374
Derivative Liabilities	21,779,981	26,333,104	5,660,150	53,773,235
Non-Cash Loans		-	-	-

(*) The foreign currency-indexed loans amounting TL 561,490 included under TL loans in the accompanying consolidated financial statements are presented above under the related foreign currency code.

(**) As per the principles of "Regulation on the Calculation and Implementation of Foreign Currency Net General Position/Equity Standard Ratio by Banks on Consolidated and Non-Consolidated Basis", Intangible Assets have not been included in the currency risk measurement.

(***) Includes expected credit losses in accordance with TFRS 9.

(****) Includes securities issued having qualification of subordinated loan presented under subordinated debts and financial liabilities measured at FVTPL in the balance sheet. (*****) The gold deposits of TL 21,925,380 included under deposits in the accompanying consolidated financial statements are presented above under other liabilities.

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Operational Excellence

4.4 CONSOLIDATED INTEREST RATE RISK

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The interest rate risk resulting from balance sheet maturity mismatch presents the possible losses that may arise due to the changes in interest rates of interest sensitive assets and liabilities in the on- and off-balance sheet. Interest sensitivity of assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet items is evaluated during the Weekly Assessment Committee and Assets-Liabilities Committee meetings taking into consideration the developments in market conditions.

The Bank's interest rate risk is measured by using, economic value, economic capital, net interest income, income at risk, market price sensitivity of marketable securities portfolio, duration-gap and sensitivity analysis.

The results are supported by the sensitivity and scenario analysis performed periodically against the possible instabilities in the markets. Furthermore, the interest rate risk is monitored according to the limits approved by the board of directors.

4.4.1 INTEREST RATE SENSITIVITY OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND OFF BALANCE SHEET ITEMS (BASED ON REPRICING DATES)

CURRENT PERIOD	UP TO 1 MONTH	1-3 MONTHS	3-12 MONTHS	1-5 YEARS	5 YEARS AND OVER	NON-INTEREST BEARING (*)	TOTAL
Assets							
Cash (Cash on Hand, Money in Transit, Purchased Cheques) and Balances with the Central Bank of Turkey	21,781,892	-	-	-	-	33,937,455	55,719,347
Banks	7,899,203	145,185	221,242	-	65,371	14,030,534	22,361,535
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Profit/ Loss	121,652	156,864	6,621,314	567,060	34,836	881,005	8,382,731
Money Market Placements	8,666,177	798,183	239,363	-	-	3,065	9,706,788
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	3,505,043	5,941,973	5,613,013	9,546,527	6,562,198	5,616,811	36,785,565
Loans	84,830,111	43,814,653	115,732,970	87,848,725	17,083,286	11,358,661	360,668,406
Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost	2,535,903	2,274,122	10,104,577	8,039,157	4,363,794	5,921,358	33,238,911
Other Assets (**)	158,019	165,689	27,044	63,987	6,938	13,627,845	14,049,522
Total Assets	129,498,000	53,296,669	138,559,523	106,065,456	28,116,423	85,376,734	540,912,805
Liabilities							
Bank Deposits	618,842	718	-	-	-	734,195	1,353,755
Other Deposits	148,003,876	36,232,482	15,990,312	4,353,490	163,083	152,003,350	356,746,593
Money Market Funds	750,442	945,271	181,195	1,266,256	-	20,814	3,163,978
Miscellaneous Payables	-	-	-	-	-	16,096,546	16,096,546
Securities Issued (***)	10,355,512	2,854,920	4,205,539	12,078,742	15,547,005	512,271	45,553,989
Other Fundings	3,130,547	8,829,527	12,712,012	1,805,954	85,199	56,944	26,620,183
Other Liabilities	17,897	39,922	104,253	533,275	184,406	90,498,008	91,377,761
Total Liabilities	162,877,116	48,902,840	33,193,311	20,037,717	15,979,693	259,922,128	540,912,805
On Balance Sheet Long Position		4,393,829	105,366,212	86,027,739	12,136,730	-	207,924,510
On Balance Sheet Short Position	(33,379,116)	-	-	-	-	(174,545,394)	(207,924,510)
Off-Balance Sheet Long Position	29,382,108	23,142,759	22,357,290	8,563,500	15,890,918	-	99,336,575
Off-Balance Sheet Short Position	(13,365,426)	(16,413,723)	(21,301,921)	(23,366,930)	(22,422,124)	-	(96,870,124)
Total Position	(17,362,434)	11,122,865	106,421,581	71,224,309	5,605,524	(174,545,394)	2,466,451

(*) Interest accruals are included in non-interest bearing column.

(**) Includes expected credit losses in accordance with TFRS 9.

(***) Includes securities issued having qualification of subordinated loan presented under subordinated debts and financial liabilities measured at FVTPL in the balance sheet.

465

Data and Technology The Best and Most Engaged Team Corporate Governance

> Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

About ranti BBVA Our Value Creation Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

PRIOR PERIOD	UP TO 1 MONTH	1-3 MONTHS	3-12 MONTHS	1-5 YEARS	5 YEARS AND OVER	NON-INTEREST BEARING (*)	TOTAL
Assets							
Cash (Cash on Hand, Money in Transit, Purchased Cheques) and Balances with the Central Bank of Turkey	18,669,286	-	-	-	-	23,356,020	42,025,306
Banks	7,607,129	204,673	38,001	-	49,666	11,682,720	19,582,189
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Profit/ Loss	, 162,932	2,122	4,559,767	115,734	47,443	331,302	5,219,300
Money Market Placements	10,473,078	-	183,057	-	-	3,321	10,659,456
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	1,836,846	8,269,584	3,779,897	3,814,246	6,329,726	4,613,230	28,643,529
Loans	67,919,914	30,635,241	84,522,740	75,044,373	13,170,396	14,828,252	286,120,916
Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost	1,705,276	2,031,797	9,178,118	1,719,979	5,550,466	7,534,706	27,720,342
Other Assets (**)	53,957	57,055	140,555	50,327	5,246	8,275,970	8,583,110
Total Assets	108,428,418	41,200,472	102,402,135	80,744,659	25,152,943	70,625,521	428,554,148
Liabilities Bank Deposits	288,927	53,348	3,981			2,322,495	2,668,751
Other Deposits	153,121,106	22,127,458	19,178,055	3,062,930	153,616	76,965,409	274,608,574
Money Market Funds	356,594	480,547	475,017	388,149	80,041	6,513	1,786,861
Miscellaneous Payables	-	-	-	-	-	12,120,716	12,120,716
Securities Issued (***)	11,574,256	2,785,827	444,060	12,166,439	12,748,182	379,773	40,098,537
Other Fundings	2,382,353	7,074,999	12,603,169	3,162,191	399,347	-	25,622,059
Other Liabilities	21,599	51,352	154,743	569,144	223,363	70,628,449	71,648,650
Total Liabilities	167,744,835	32,573,531	32,859,025	19,348,853	13,604,549	162,423,355	428,554,148
On Balance Sheet Long Position		8,626,941	69,543,110	61,395,806	11,548,394		151,114,251
On Balance Sheet Short Position	(59,316,417)	-	-	-	-	(91,797,834)	(151,114,251)
Off-Balance Sheet Long Position	18,673,764	27,453,300	7,880,591	6,934,931	11,888,589	-	72,831,175
Off-Balance Sheet Short Position	(2,004,557)	(15,559,267)	(9,269,957)	(23,424,918)	(20,239,414)	-	(70,498,113)
Total Position	(42,647,210)	20,520,974	68,153,744	44,905,819	3,197,569	(91,797,834)	2,333,062

(*) Interest accruals are included in non-interest bearing column.

(**) Includes expected credit losses in accordance with TFRS 9.

(***) Includes subordinated securities issued and financial liabilities measured at FVTPL and presented under subordinated debts in balance sheet .

4.4.2 AVERAGE INTEREST RATES ON MONETARY FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (%)

URRENT PERIOD	EUR	USD	JPY	TL
issets				
Cash (Cash on Hand, Money in Transit, Purchased Cheques) and Balances with the Central Bank of Turkey	(0.07)	-	-	5.40
Banks	(0.63)-4.25	0.09-4.44	-	12.30-18.60
Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit/Loss	2.53	3.81-10.00	-	3.00-15.52
Money Market Placements	-	0.08	-	12.30-17.96
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	0.63-4.35	3.25-11.88	-	11.27-15.11
Loans (*)	0.15-10.56	0.17-6.67	-	10.50-21.25
Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost	1.39	5.31	-	11.39-14.56
abilities				
Bank Deposits	(0.30)-0.01	0.35-0.75	-	14.42
Other Deposits	(0.75)- 7.00	0.02-3.60	-	6.00-14.25
Money Market Fundings	(0.50)-(0.38)	0.33-2.62	-	0.09-18.50
Miscellaneous Payables	-	-	-	-
Securities Issued	5.27	5.76	-	9.25-15.40
Other Fundings	0.30-5.50	0.50-4.46	-	5.32-19.97

Data and Technology

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Operational Excellence

PRIOR PERIOD	EUR	USD	JPY	TL
lssets				
Cash (Cash on Hand, Money in Transit, Purchased Cheques) and Balances with the Central Bank of Turkey	-	-	-	-
Banks	0.01-4.50	1.53-5.25	-	8.64-13.00
Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit/Loss	1.74	3.30-5.50	-	3.00-20.40
Money Market Placements	-	1.62	-	8.94-11.38
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	0.63-11.88	3.25-11.88	-	11.59-24.14
Loans (*)	0.12-15.00	1.84-15.00	-	9.90-33.35
Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost	1.41	5.19	-	16.22
abilities				
Bank Deposits	(0.46)	1.70-1.75	-	8.68-14.50
Other Deposits	0.05-7.00	0.75-3.75	0.17	7.00-22.00
Money Market Fundings	0.06-0.18	2.62-3.68	-	6.50-22.20
Miscellaneous Payables	-	-	-	-
Securities Issued	5.27	5.83	-	12.16
Other Fundings	0.30-5.50	2.41-5.08	-	10.50-19.97

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(*) Lease receivables and factoring receivables are included.

4.5 CONSOLIDATED POSITION RISK OF EQUITY SECURITIES

4.5.1 EQUITY SHARES IN ASSOCIATES AND SUBSIDIARIES

Accounting policies for equity shares in associates and subsidiaries are disclosed in Note 3.3.

4.5.2 COMPARISON OF CARRYING, FAIR AND MARKET VALUES OF EQUITY SHARES

CUI	RRENT PERIOD		COMPARISON	
EQI	JITY SECURITIES (SHARES)	CARRYING VALUE	FAIR VALUE	MARKET VALUE
1	Investment in Shares- Grade A	139,056		
	Quoted Securities	-	-	
2	Investment in Shares- Grade B	25,555	-	
	Quoted Securities	-	-	
3	Investment in Shares- Grade C	822	-	
	Quoted Securities	-	-	
4	Investment in Shares- Grade D	-	-	
	Quoted Securities	-	-	
5	Investment in Shares- Grade E	1,014	-	
	Quoted Securities	-	-	
6	Investment in Shares- Grade F	48	-	
	Quoted Securities	-	-	
PRI	OR PERIOD		COMPARISON	
EQI	JITY SECURITIES (SHARES)	CARRYING VALUE	FAIR VALUE	MARKET VALUE
1	Investment in Shares- Grade A	126,415	-	
	Quoted Securities	-	-	
2	Investment in Shares- Grade B	25,555		
	Quoted Securities	-	-	
З	Investment in Shares- Grade C	822		,
	Quoted Securities	-	-	
4	Investment in Shares- Grade D	-	-	
	Quoted Securities	-		
	Investment in Shares- Grade E	1,014	-	
5				
5	Quoted Securities			
	Quoted Securities Investment in Shares- Grade F	48		

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

and Appendix



About Garanti BBVA Our Value Creation



Financial

Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

4.5.3 REALISED GAINS/LOSSES, REVALUATION SURPLUSES AND UNREALISED GAINS/LOSSES ON EQUITY SECURITIES AND RESULTS INCLUDED IN CORE AND SUPPLEMENTARY CAPITALS

cı	JRRENT PERIOD	GAINS/LOSSES		REVALUATION UNREALIZED GAINS AN SURPLUSES		AND LOSSES	
PORTFOLIO		IN CURRENT PERIOD	TOTAL	AMOUNT IN	TOTAL	AMOUNT IN CORE CAPITAL	AMOUNT IN TIER I CAPITAL
1	Private Equity Investments	-	-	-	-	-	-
2	Quoted Shares	-	-	-	43,051	-	43,051
3	Other Shares	-	28,973	28,973	-	-	-
	Total		28,973	28,973	43,051	-	43,051

PR	IOR PERIOD	GAINS/LOSSES			UNREALIZED GAINS AND LOS		UNREALIZED GAIN		ND LOSSES
PORTFOLIO		IN CURRENT PERIOD	TOTAL	AMOUNT IN	TOTAL	AMOUNT IN CORE CAPITAL	AMOUNT IN TIER I CAPITAL		
1	Private Equity Investments	-	-	-	-	-	-		
2	Quoted Shares	-	-	-	22,270	-	22,270		
3	Other Shares	-	205,079	205,079	-	-	-		
_	Total	-	205,079	205,079	22,270	-	22,270		

4.5.4 HISSE SENEDI BAZINDA SERMAYE YÜKÜMLÜLÜĞÜ TUTARLARI

CURRENT PERIOD

PORTFOLIO		CARRYING VALUE	RWA TOTAL	MINIMUM CAPITAL REQUIREMENT	
1	Private Equity Investments	-	-	-	
2	Quoted Shares	-	-	-	
3	Other Shares	166,495	166,495	13,320	
	Total	166,495	166,495	13,320	

PRIOR PERIOD

PORTFOLIO		CARRYING VALUE	RWA TOTAL	MINIMUM CAPITAL REQUIREMENT
1	Private Equity Investments	-	-	
2	Quoted Shares	-	-	-
3	Other Shares	153,854	153,854	12,308
	Total	153,854	153,854	12,308

4.6 LIQUIDITY RISK MANAGEMENT AND CONSOLIDATED LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO

Liquidity risk is managed by Asset and Liability Management department (ALMD), Weekly Review Committee and Asset and Liability Committee (ALCO) in line with liquidity and funding policies and risk appetite approved by the board of directors in order to take the necessary measures in a timely and correct manner against possible liquidity shortages that may result from market conditions and balance sheet structure. Under stressed conditions, liquidity risk is managed within the contingency funding plan framework.

The Board of Directors reviews the liquidity risk management policy and approves the liquidity and funding policies, ensures the effective of practice of policies and integrations with the Bank's risk management system. The Board of Directors determines the basic metrics in liquidity risk measurement and monitoring. The Board of Directors establishes risk appetite of the Bank in liquidity risk management and reviews it regularly.

ALCO takes necessary decisions which will be executed by related departments by assessing the liquidity risk that the Bank is exposed to and considering the Bank's strategy and conditions of competition and pursues the implementations.

Reaching More Customers Operational Excellence

Data and Technology The Best and Most Engaged Team Corporate Governance

Financial Reports and Appendix

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

ALMD, performs daily liquidity management by ensuring compliance with regulatory and internal liquidity limits and monitoring related early warning indicators in case of probable liquidity squeezes. The medium and long term liquidity and funding management is performed by ALMD in accordance with ALCO decisions.

Head of Risk management defines the Bank's liquidity risk, measures and monitors the risks with liquidity risk measurement methods that are in compliance with international standards, presents measurement results periodically to related departments, committees and senior management. Head of Risk management coordinates related parties in order to ensure compliance of risk management process in accordance with the Bank's risk profile, operation environment and strategic plan with regulations. Head of Risk management analyses, develops and revises relevant liquidity risk measurement in accordance with changing market conditions and the Bank's structure. Head of risk management department reviews assumptions and parameters used in liquidity risk analysis.

The liquidity risk analysis and the important liquidity indicators are reported monthly to related senior management. Additionally, analysis and monitored internal ratios related to liquidity risk are presented in ALCO report. Internal liquidity metrics are monitored with limit levels approved by the Board of Directors/ the Board of Directors Risk Committee and reported regularly to related parties. Decentralized management approach is adopted in liquidity management. Each subsidiary controlled by the Bank performs daily, medium and long term liquidity management independently from the Bank by the authorities in each subsidiary responsible for managing liquidity risk. In addition, within the scope of consolidated risk management, liquidity and funding risk of each subsidiary in control are monitored via the liquidity risk management methods identified by the Bank by considering the operations, risk profile and regulations of the related subsidiary.

The Bank's funding management is carried out in compliance with the ALCO decisions. Funding and placement strategies are developed by assessing liquidity.

In liquidity risk management actions that will be taken and procedures are determined by considering normal economic conditions and stress conditions.

Diversification of assets and liabilities is assured so as to be able to continuously meet the obligations, also taking into account the relevant currencies. Funding sources are monitored actively during identification of concentration risk related to funding. The Bank's funding base of customer deposits, interbank and other borrowing transactions are diversified in order to prevent the concentration of a particular funding source. Factors that could trigger the sudden and significant run off in funds or impair the accessibility of the funding sources are analyzed. Additionally, in order to have a healthy liquidity buffer, most of the securities which are eligible as collateral at CBRT issued by Republic of Turkey Ministry of Treasury and Finance have active secondary market are comprised in the Bank's assets.

In the context of TL and foreign currencies liquidity management, the cash flows regarding assets and liabilities are monitored and the required liquidity in future periods is forecasted. In cash flow analysis, stress is applied to items that affect the liquidity by volume and rate of change from a liquidity management point of view.

Liquidity risk exposed by the Bank is managed by establishing risk appetite, risk mitigation according to the liquidity and funding policies (diversification of funding sources, holding high quality liquid assets reserve) and effective control environment and closely monitoring by limits. For those risks that cannot be reduced, the adoption of the current level of risk, reduction or termination of the activities that cause the risk is considered.

In liquidity risk stress testing framework, the level of the Bank's ability to cover cash outflows in liquidity crisis scenario based on the Bank's current cash flow structure, by high quality liquid assets is calculated. Scenario analysis are performed by assessing changing balance sheet structure, liquidity requirements and market conditions.

The results of liquidity risk stress testing are taken into consideration in the assessment of liquidity adequacy and identification of policy regarding liquidity risk and contingency funding plan is prepared within this framework.

There exists "Liquidity Contingency Plan" in the Bank approved by the Board of Directors including mechanisms to prevent increase in liquidity risk scenarios for different conditions and levels. Available liquidity sources are determined by considering the liquidity squeezes. Within the framework of this plan, the Bank monitors liquidity risk in terms of early warning indicators, and probable scenarios where liquidity risk crisis and possible actions that can be taken.

469

Introduction

About Garanti BBVA Our Value Creation Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

<u>Sus</u>tainability

In the scope of contingency plan within the framework of intraday liquidity risk management procedure, situations requiring the activation of contingency plan and indicating an intraday liquidity stress, and intraday liquidity metrics are monitored and intraday liquidity risk stress testing is performed.

The Bank's liabilities consist of TL and foreign currency funding, of which a large portion is USD/EUR. Customers' gold deposit also increases in high level and becomes an important funding source in 2020. Deposits and capital constitute most of TL funding. For the reasons like real person customers cannot use foreign currency credit but are able to deposit foreign currency funds, TL and foreign currency. For these reasons overall foreign currency liabilities are usually more than foreign currency assests and unused portion of USD, Euro and gold are used in TL funding via currency swap transactions. Swap transactions which is made for TL funding are made with CBRT, however swap transactions with foreign banks are also started to grow again due to increases in swap limits in the recent period. On the other hand, repo lines by open market operations and Borsa Istanbul ("OMO / BİST") aren't used to full extent, unused limits and high quality liquid asset stock is held is kept to use in the case of a liquidity scarcity in market. Also T.C. Eurobonds aren't used to secure funding and kept as reserve to use in the case of a foreign currency liquidity scarcity in market. In TL and foreign currency liquidity management, regulatory ratios, internally set warnings, limits and other liquidity and funding metrics are monitored.

The Bank keeps liquidity buffer in high level by taking liquidity risk increased periods into consideration. With this approach, the effect of volatility in the markets due to the adverse effects of COVID-19 outbreak on the Bank's liquidity need is in minimum level.

Also there is an increase in loan demands within the effects of COVID-19 outbreak and customers prefers to extend their existing loans maturities. On the other hand, the Banks is well-prepared for similar scenarios that matured loans are not presented as cash out flow in the Bank's internal liquidity metrics and therefore this not create a significant effect from the point of the Bank. On the contrary, metrics such as Bank's Liquidity Coverage Ratio are in extremely healthy level and this liquidity is used for the increase in loan demands.

4.6.1 LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO

Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR), aims for the banks having the ability to cover 30 days of liquidity needs with their own cash and high quality liquid assets that are easy to convert to cash during liquidity shortages in the markets. With that perspective and according to "Regulation for Banks' Liquidity Coverage Ratio Calculations" (the Regulation) terms LCR ratio is calculated by having high quality liquid assets divided by net cash outflows. In both bank-only and consolidated basis, LCR ratio should be at least 80% for foreign currency and 100% for total.

Items in balance sheet and off balance sheet items are taken into account after being multiplied by the coefficients advised in the Regulation. In both bank-only and consolidated LCR calculations cash inflows are limited by 75% of cash outflows and cash inflows from high quality liquid assets aren't included.

High quality liquid assets consist of cash, deposits in central banks and securities considered as high quality liquid assets. Reserve deposits are included in high quality liquid assets, limited by the amount that is allowed by central bank to use in liquidity shortages. High quality liquid assets are composed of 7.59% cash, 34.27% deposits in central banks and 58.14% securities considered as high quality liquid assets.

The Bank's main funding sources are deposits, funds borrowed, money market borrowings and securities issued. Consolidated funding source composition as of report date is 79.66% deposits, 6.63% funds borrowed and money market borrowings and 10.13% securities issued.

In consolidated LCR calculations, cash outflows are mainly consist of deposits, secured and unsecured borrowings, securities issued and off balance sheet items.

The cash flows from derivative financial instruments are included in consolidated LCR calculations according to the Regulation's terms. The Bank also considers changes in fair value of the liabilities that result in margin calls when calculating cash outflows.

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

		TOTAL UNWEIGHTED VALUE (AVERAGE) (*)		TOTAL WEIGHTED VALUE (AVERAGE) (*)	
CURRENT PERIOD -		TL+FC	FC	TL+FC	FC
IGH-QUAL	ITY LIQUID ASSETS			126,032,909	70,040,350
1	Total high-quality liquid assets (HQLA)	126,203,185	70,040,350	126,032,909	70,040,350
ASH OUTFI	LOWS				
2	Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers, of which:	261,075,463	162,270,256	24,046,422	16,165,448
3	Stable deposits	41,222,484	1,231,545	2,061,124	61,577
4	Less stable deposits	219,852,979	161,038,711	21,985,298	16,103,871
5	Unsecured wholesale funding, of which:	102,101,201	59,125,079	52,434,274	28,699,864
6	Operational deposits	-	-	-	-
7	Non-operational deposits	82,317,838	51,632,393	36,990,764	22,256,103
8	Unsecured funding	19,783,363	7,492,686	15,443,510	6,443,761
9	Secured wholesale funding	845,156	-	538,803	-
10	Other cash outflows of which:	148,726,089	53,443,587	24,239,896	20,394,324
11	Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements	11,786,346	14,967,811	11,786,346	14,967,811
12	Outflows related to restructured financial instruments	-	-	-	-
13	Payment commitments and other off-balance sheet commitments granted for debts to financial markets	136,939,743	38,475,776	12,453,550	5,426,513
14	Other revocable off-balance sheet commitments and contractual obligations	1,290,631	606,577	64,532	30,329
15	Other irrevocable or conditionally revocable off- balance sheet obligations	14,233,664	13,802,738	711,683	690,137
16	Total Cash Outflows	528,272,204	289,248,237	102,035,610	65,980,102
ASH INFLO	ws				
17	Secured receivables	92,565	-	-	-
18	Unsecured receivables	39,195,168	22,133,052	28,374,505	16,816,359
19	Other cash inflows	1,340,578	25,119,618	1,275,375	25,084,909
20	Total Cash Inflows	40,628,311	47,252,670	29,649,880	41,901,268
				UPPER LIMIT AF	PLIED VALUES
21	Total HQLA			126,032,909	70,040,350
22	Total Net Cash Outflows			72,385,730	24,078,834
23	Liquidity Coverage Ratio (%)			174.33%	296.20%

(*) The average of last three months' simple averages of daily figures.

The table below presents the last three months of 2020's consolidated Liquidity Ratios:

PERIOD	TL+FC	FC
31 October 2020	173.00%	223.90%
30 November 2020	173.08%	300.94%
31 December 2020	176.92%	363.75%

471

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

and Appendix

Reaching More Customers

Operational Excellence

Data and Technology

The Best and Most Engaged Team

Corporate Governance

In

472

About Garanti BBVA Our Value Creation Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

PRIOR PERIOD -		TOTAL UNWEIGHTED VALUE (AVERAGE) (*)		TOTAL WEIGHTED VALUE (AVERAGE) (*)	
		TL+FC	FC	TL+FC	FC
HIGH-QUAI	LITY LIQUID ASSETS			102,661,331	58,434,851
1	Total high-quality liquid assets (HQLA)	102,726,999	58,434,851	102,661,331	58,434,851
CASH OUT	FLOWS				
2	Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers, of which:	198,936,623	112,578,951	18,090,913	11,218,920
3	Stable deposits	36,054,970	779,512	1,802,748	38,976
4	Less stable deposits	162,881,653	111,799,439	16,288,165	11,179,944
5	Unsecured wholesale funding, of which:	70,651,966	42,091,670	38,814,766	21,585,616
6	Operational deposits	- -	-	-	-
7	Non-operational deposits	53,075,112	36,215,435	25,042,213	16,891,126
8	Unsecured funding	17,576,854	5,876,235	13,772,553	4,694,490
9	Secured wholesale funding	117,697	-	99,823	-
10	Other cash outflows of which:	113,273,786	35,261,409	14,940,052	10,840,072
11	Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements	5,207,995	6,681,664	5,207,995	6,681,664
12	Outflows related to restructured financial instruments	-	-	-	-
13	Payment commitments and other off-balance sheet commitments granted for debts to financial markets	108,065,791	28,579,745	9,732,057	4,158,408
14	Other revocable off-balance sheet commitments and contractual obligations	640,495	477,354	32,025	23,868
15	Other irrevocable or conditionally revocable off-balance sheet obligations	11,864,302	11,635,436	593,215	581,772
16	Total Cash Outflows	395,484,869	202,044,820	72,570,794	44,250,248
CASH INFLO	ows				
17	Secured receivables	29,136	-	-	-
18	Unsecured receivables	32,700,272	15,165,901	22,708,645	11,362,322
19	Other cash inflows	204,131	4,450,127	178,217	4,446,090
20	Total Cash Inflows	32,933,539	19,616,028	22,886,862	15,808,412
				UPPER LIMIT AF	PLIED VALUES
21	Total HQLA			102,661,331	58,434,851
22	Total Net Cash Outflows			49,683,933	28,441,834
23	Liquidity Coverage Ratio (%)			207.25%	207.18%

(*) The average of last three months' simple averages of daily figures.

The table below presents the last three months' consolidated Liquidity Ratios of the year 2019:

PERIOD	TL+FC	FC
31 October 2019	206.61%	220.36%
30 November 2019	202.15%	193.72%
31 December 2019	212.98%	207.47%

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Operational Excellence

Reaching More Customers

4.6.2 MATURITY ANALYSIS OF LIABILITIES ACCORDING TO REMAINING MATURITIES

	DEMAND	UP TO 1 MONTH	1-3 MONTHS	3-12 MONTHS	1-5 YEARS	5 YEARS AND OVER	UNDISTRIBUTED	TOTAL
CURRENT PERIOD								
Assets								
Cash (Cash on Hand, Money in Transit, Purchased Cheques) And Balances with the Central Bank of Turkey	29,709,047	26,010,300	-	-	-	-	-	55,719,347
Banks	19,225,068	2,702,931	146,190	221,791	179	65,376	-	22,361,535
Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit/Loss	829,053	82,917	52,381	6,417,266	952,513	36,770	11,831	8,382,731
Money Market Placements	-	8,670,118	797,292	239,378	-	-	-	9,706,788
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	312,816	1,180,542	1,016,939	3,949,123	20,588,182	9,737,963	-	36,785,565
Loans	806,195	51,414,549	35,485,849	103,386,150	119,435,465	29,248,076	20,892,122	360,668,406
Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost	-	248,147	143,453	3,137,851	21,078,875	8,630,585	-	33,238,911
Other Assets (*)	15,277,736	2,912,466	905,445	72,520	881,126	1,556,835	(7,556,606)	14,049,522
Total Assets	66,159,915	93,221,970	38,547,549	117,424,079	162,936,340	49,275,605	13,347,347	540,912,805
Liabilities								
Bank Deposits	733,952	619,078	725	-	-	-		1,353,755
Other Deposits	155,406,072	147,313,213	36,329,328	13,749,188	3,779,900	168,892	-	356,746,593
Other Fundings	-	3,347,255	1,308,692	16,088,681	3,559,242	2,316,313	-	26,620,183
Money Market Funds	-	701,035	1,000,086	188,186	1,274,671	-	-	3,163,978
Securities Issued (**)	-	1,562,878	4,700,295	1,565,262	18,979,268	18,746,286	-	45,553,989
Miscellaneous Payables	14,937,943	603,171	101,770	114,109	5,480	317	333,756	16,096,546
Other Liabilities (***)	3,676,276	2,526,644	4,233,375	659,399	1,602,133	3,668,970	75,010,964	91,377,761
Total Liabilities	174,754,243	156,673,274	47,674,271	32,364,825	29,200,694	24,900,778	75,344,720	540,912,805
Liquidity Gap	(108,594,328)	(63,451,304)	(9,126,722)	85,059,254	133,735,646	24,374,827	(61,997,373)	-
Net Off-Balance Sheet Position	-	(796,440)	(2,522,343)	(320,890)	1,169,324	333,876	-	(2,136,473)
Derivative Financial Assets	-	69,857,751	40,608,005	16,406,111	6,272,979	1,878,345	-	135,023,191
Derivative Financial Liabilities	-	70,654,191	43,130,348	16,727,001	5,103,655	1,544,469	-	137,159,664
Non-Cash Loans	-	28,805,359	6,358,330	1,605,830	3,678,997	243,894	144,931,407	185,623,817
PRIOR PERIOD								
Total Assets	47,136,807	84,274,331	26,606,890	82,867,835	126,441,307	44,101,992	17,124,986	428,554,148
Total Liabilities	103,366,813	150,350,913	28,660,549	38,494,851	25,635,961	19,996,329	62,048,732	428,554,148
Liquidity Gap	(56,230,006)	(66,076,582)	(2,053,659)	44,372,984	100,805,346	24,105,663	(44,923,746)	
Net Off-Balance Sheet Position	-	287,376	(858,366)	359,378	1,070,563	207,299	-	1,066,250
Derivative Financial Assets	-	51,261,495	28,040,734	19,898,125	8,708,458	2,186,048	-	110,094,860
Derivative Financial Liabilities	-	50,974,119	28,899,100	19,538,747	7,637,895	1,978,749	-	109,028,610
Non-Cash Loans	-	16,323,278	1,895,379	2,290,557	2,677,487	78,732	116,504,472	139,769,905

 $(\ensuremath{^*})$ Includes expected credit losses in accordance with TFRS 9.

 $(^{**})$ Includes subordinated securities issued and financial liabilities measured at FVTPL.

(***) Shareholders' Equity is included in "Other liabilities" line under "Undistributed" column.

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

473

Data and The Best and Most Technology Engaged Team

Governance

Our Value Creation Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Contractual maturity analysis of liabilities according to remaining maturities

The remaining maturities table of the contractual liabilities includes the undiscounted future cash outflows for the principal amounts of the Bank and its financial subsidiaries' financial liabilities as per their earliest likely contractual maturities.

CURRENT PERIOD	CARRYING VALUE	NOMINAL PRINCIPAL OUTFLOW	DEMAND	UP TO 1 MONTH	1-3 MONTHS	3-12 MONTHS	1-5 YEARS	5 YEARS AND OVER
Bank Deposits	1,353,755	1,353,512	733,952	618,842	718	-	-	-
Other Deposits	356,746,593	356,047,201	155,402,982	146,812,017	36,212,328	13,682,681	3,769,080	168,113
Other Fundings	26,620,183	24,904,490	-	3,314,744	1,311,658	14,654,570	3,646,566	1,976,952
Interbank Money Market Takings	3,163,978	3,153,798	199	696,442	997,404	186,182	1,273,571	-
Securities Issued (*)	45,553,989	46,364,310	-	1,544,772	4,568,779	1,494,056	18,834,785	19,921,918
Lease payables	1,026,367	1,411,456	-	30,545	57,986	180,121	871,823	270,981
Total	434,464,865	433,234,767	156,137,133	153,017,362	43,148,873	30,197,610	28,395,825	22,337,964

(*) Includes subordinated securities issued and financial liabilities measured at FVTPL.

PRIOR PERIOD	CARRYING VALUE	NOMINAL PRINCIPAL OUTFLOW	DEMAND	UP TO 1 MONTH	1-3 MONTHS	3-12 MONTHS	1-5 YEARS	5 YEARS AND OVER
Bank Deposits	2,668,751	2,667,979	2,322,684	287,966	53,348	3,981	-	-
Other Deposits	274,608,574	273,746,756	86,547,925	144,422,534	22,616,210	17,691,904	2,309,235	158,948
Other Fundings	25,622,059	24,022,628	-	2,758,287	692,547	16,704,420	3,716,428	150,946
Interbank Money Market Takings	1,786,861	1,790,934	149	356,594	480,547	469,044	404,559	80,041
Securities Issued (*)	40,098,537	40,345,307	-	289,127	3,763,227	750,000	17,481,987	18,060,966
Lease payables	1,134,770	1,774,652	-	34,962	84,260	263,593	1,015,206	376,631
Total	345,919,552	344,348,256	88,870,758	148,149,470	27,690,139	35,882,942	24,927,415	18,827,532

(*) Includes subordinated securities issued and financial liabilities measured at FVTPL

4.7 CONSOLIDATED LEVERAGE RATIO

The leverage ratio table prepared in accordance with the communiqué "Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Leverage Ratios of Banks" published in the Official Gazette no. 28812 dated 5 November 2013 is presented below.

The Bank's consolidated leverage ratio calculated by taking average of end of month leverage ratios for the last three-month periods, is 8.28% (31 December 2019: 9.00%). While the capital increased by 16.56% mainly as a result of increase in net profits, total risk amount increased by 26.85%. Therefore, the current period leverage ratio decreased by 72 basis points compared to prior period.

		CURRENT PERIOD(***)	PRIOR PERIOD(***)
1	Total assets in consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with Turkish Accounting Standards (*) (**)	526,380,516	429,195,982
2	The difference between total assets prepared in accordance with Turkish Accounting Standards (*) and total assets in consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with the communiqué "Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements" (**)	(471,116)	(641,834)
3	The difference between the amounts of derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives in consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with the communiqué "Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements" and risk amounts of such instruments	(20,229,036)	(17,115,298)
4	The difference between the amounts of securities or commodity financing transactions in consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with the communiqué "Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements" and risk amounts of such instruments	21,674,603	8,459,363
5	The difference between the amounts of off-balance items in consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with the communiqué "Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements" and risk amounts of such items	2,533,857	1,266,554
6	Other differences between the amounts in consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with the communiqué "Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements" and risk amounts of such items	-	_
7	Total risk amount	746,499,630	588,511,215

(*) Consolidated financial statements prepared in compliance with the paragraph 6 of article 5 of the communiqué "Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements." (**) The consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with Turkish Accounting Standards as of 30 September 2020 for the current period and

31 December 2019 for the prior period, are considered.

(***) Amounts in the table are three-month average amounts.

Data and Technology

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Operational Excellence

Reaching More Customers

> Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

and Appendix

ON	-BALANCE SHEET ASSETS	CURRENT PERIOD(*)	PRIOR PERIOD(*)
1	On-balance sheet items (excluding derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives but including collateral)	546,520,546	421,127,587
2	(Assets deducted in determining Tier I capital)	(709,113)	(620,064)
3	Total on-balance sheet risks (sum of lines 1 and 2)	545,811,433	420,507,523
DEI	RIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND CREDIT DERIVATIVES		
4	Replacement cost associated with all derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives	6,846,537	3,098,333
5	Add-on amounts for PFE associated with all derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives	20,360,234	17,151,727
6	Total risks of derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives (sum of lines 4 and 5)	27,206,771	20,250,060
SEC	URITIES OR COMMODITY FINANCING TRANSACTIONS (SCFT)		
7	Risks from SCFT assets (excluding on-balance sheet)	371,602	451,081
8	Risks from brokerage activities related exposures	-	-
9	Total risks related with securities or commodity financing transactions (sum of lines 7 and 8)	371,602	451,081
от	HER OFF-BALANCE SHEET TRANSACTIONS		
10	Gross notional amounts of off-balance sheet transactions	175,643,681	148,569,105
11	(Adjustments for conversion to credit equivalent amounts)	(2,533,857)	(1,266,554)
12	Total risks of off-balance sheet items (sum of lines 10 and 11)	173,109,824	147,302,551
CA	PITAL AND TOTAL RISKS		
13	Tier I capital	61,767,602	52,990,193
14	Total risks (sum of lines 3, 6, 9 and 12)	746,499,630	588,511,215
LE\	PRAGE RATIO		
15	Leverage ratio	8.28%	9.00%

The Best and Most Engaged Team

(*) Amounts in the table are three-month average amounts.

4.8 FINANSAL VARLIK VE BORÇLARIN GERÇEĞE UYGUN DEĞERI ILE GÖSTERILMESINE ILIŞKIN AÇIKLAMALAR

	CA	RRYING VALUE	FAII	R VALUE
	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Financial Assets	515,863,602	413,580,024	513,393,014	408,480,667
Interbank Money Market Placements	9,706,788	10,659,456	9,706,449	10,659,456
Banks (*)	67,081,201	55,216,481	67,080,592	55,216,481
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value Through	8.382.731	5.219.300	8.382.731	5.219.300
Profit/Loss	8,382,731	5,219,300	8,382,731	5,219,300
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	36,785,565	28,643,529	36,785,565	28,643,529
Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost	33,238,911	27,720,342	33,872,550	27,505,451
Loans	360,668,406	286,120,916	357,565,127	281,236,450
Financial Liabilities	456,559,572	361,321,138	455,271,381	361,321,138
Bank Deposits	1,353,755	2,668,751	1,353,990	2,668,751
Other Deposits	356,746,593	274,608,574	355,323,678	274,608,574
Other Fundings from Financial Institutions	29,784,161	27,408,920	29,762,387	27,408,920
Securities Issued (**)	45,553,989	40,098,537	45,710,252	40,098,537
Other Liabilities	23,121,074	16,536,356	23,121,074	16,536,356

(*) Including the balances at the Central Bank of Turkey.

(**) Includes subordinated securities issued and financial liabilities measured at FVTPL.

475

476

Garanti BBVA

Our Value Creation

Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19

Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

The estimated fair value of banks, other fundings from Financial institutions, securities issued and deposits is calculated by finding discounted cash flows using current market interest rates.

Fair value of financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income and financial assets measured at amortised cost are derived from market prices or in case of absence of such prices, market prices of other securities quoted in similar qualified markets and having substantially similar characteristics in terms of interest, maturity and other conditions.

Fair values of loans are calculated discounting future cash flows at current market interest rates for fixed-rate loans. The carrying values of floating-rate loans are deemed an approximation for their fair values.

Fair values of other financial assets and liabilities represent the total acquisition costs and accrued interest.

The table below analyses the financial instruments carried at fair value, by valuation method:

CURRENT PERIOD	LEVEL 1	LEVEL 2	LEVEL 3	TOTAL
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	33,871,657	2,794,978	118,930	36,785,565
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Profit/Loss	1,811,693	2,016,293	4,554,745	8,382,731
Derivative Financial Assets Held for Trading	7,581	3,927,929	221,889	4,157,399
Derivative Financial Assets Held for Hedging Purpose	-	457,153	-	457,153
Financial Assets at Fair Value	35,690,931	9,196,353	4,895,564	49,782,848
Derivative Financial Liabilities Held for Trading	5,351	6,393,815	1,237,105	7,636,271
Funds Borrowed (*)	-	-	16,137,939	16,137,939
Derivative Financial Liabilities Held for Hedging Pupose	-	900,619	-	900,619

(*) Includes financial liabilities measured at FVTPL

PRIOR PERIOD	LEVEL 1	LEVEL 2	LEVEL 3	TOTAL
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	26,966,465	1,671,300	5,764	28,643,529
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Profit/Loss	747,415	44,979	4,426,906	5,219,300
Derivative Financial Assets Held for Trading	8,978	2,386,909	144,306	2,540,193
Derivative Financial Assets Held for Hedging Purpose	-	459,364	-	459,364
Financial Assets at Fair Value	27,722,858	4,562,552	4,576,976	36,862,386
Derivative Financial Liabilities Held for Trading	156	2,291,845	752,246	3,044,247
Funds Borrowed (*)	-	-	14,342,293	14,342,293
Derivative Financial Liabilities Held for Hedging Pupose	-	1,195,418	-	1,195,418
Financial Liabilities at Fair Value	156	3,487,263	15,094,539	18,581,958

(*) Includes financial liabilities measured at FVTPL. Level 1 : quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2 : inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (as prices) or indirectly (derived from prices) Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs)

The movement of financial assets in Level 3 is presented below.

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Balances at Beginning of Period	4,576,976	4,231,868
Purchases During the Period	452,994	185,909
Disposals Through Sale/Redemptions	(192,317)	(68,179)
Valuation Effect	60,781	227,378
Transfers	(2,870)	-
Balances at End of Period	4,895,564	4,576,976

Reaching More Customers Operational Excellence Data and Technology The Best and Most Engaged Team Corporate Governance

Financial Reports and Appendix

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

The loans measured at fair value through profit or loss include the loan granted to the special purpose entity as detailed in note 5.1.2.2. This loan is classified under financial assets measured at fair value through profit/loss as per TFRS 9. The fair value of this loan is determined by the independent valuation company based on the weighted average of different methodologies (discounted cash flows, similar market multipliers, same sector transaction multipliers, market value and analyst reports). Upon the result of the independent valuation, the Bank management also evaluated the discounted cash flows and reflected its internal evaluation on the relevant valuation result. In this internal valuation, the Bank has determined to use the interest, depreciation and pre-tax profit (EBITDA) profit margin rates which are observed in previous periods and additional risk premium has added in discounted cash flow model. The corresponding loan is considered as Level 3 based on TFRS 13 "Fair Value Measurement" standard.

Valuation techniques considered in the valuation work and any possible changes in the basic assumptions may affect the carrying value of the related asset. For discounted cash flows method, significant unobservable inputs are EBITDA, growth rate and weighted average cost of capital. The estimated fair value of the asset would increase if growth rate and EBITDA are higher and decrease if the weighted average cost of capital is higher. Trading multiples and transaction multiples for the companies operating in the same sector are the other valuation techniques for pricing the assets. Transaction multiples for the companies operating in the same sector are based on similar transactions based on geographical features, industry, size, target market and other factors. Transaction multiples are derived by dividing the enterprise values of the companies to EBITDAs. The estimated fair value of the asset would increase if the multiples were higher and decrease if multiples were lower.

In the case of 0.25% increase / (0.25% decrease) in the assumptions used in the based discounted cash flow method and 0.25% decrease / (0.25% increase) in the risk-free return on investment, assuming that all other variables remain constant, the assets and profit for the period are approximately will increase by TL 91 million (will decrease TL 91 million).

Based on TFRS 9, in order to eliminate the accounting mismatch, the securitized bonds issued are measured at fair value and it is used the valuation of the Turkish Republic's credit default swap (CDS) and Eurobonds together with the Z-spread of the Turkish Republic (TC) and the Bank. The credit default swap (CDS) level is determined based on the remaining maturity.

Regarding valuation of the related securitization transactions, it is determined a reference level which indicates the correlation among the transaction spread at inception date with either of the followings: TC CDS, TC eurobonds, and Z-spreads of the Bank and TC and considered the impact of daily changes in relevant parameters with variation in reference level. Therefore, the fair value of both the securitization transactions and the corresponding Total Return Swap (TRS) transactions are determined as Level 3.

4.9 TRANSACTIONS CARRIED OUT ON BEHALF OF CUSTOMERS AND ITEMS HELD IN TRUST

None.

4.10 RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The notes under this caption are prepared as per the "Regulation on Calculation of Risk Management Disclosures" published in the Official Gazette no. 29511 dated 23 October 2015.

4.10.1 RISK MANAGEMENT STRATEGY AND WEIGHTED AMOUNTS

4.10.1.1 RISK MANAGEMENT STRATEGY

Risk Management ensures that; risk management policies and principles are applied and adopted throughout the Bank and its consolidated subsidiaries and that risk management system is maintained and improved which pursues risk-return relationship, and measures all risks together and which is in compliance with applicable regulation, bank strategies and policies and where limits determined in connection with the risk appetite approved by the Board of Directors are not breached. Risk Management defines, measures, reports, monitors the risks and ensure the activities executed in order to control these risks thoroughly and timely; also monitors the results.

Policies and procedures regarding risk management are established for consolidated subsidiaries. Policies and procedures are prepared in compliance with applicable legislations that the subsidiaries subject to and the parent Bank's risk management strategy, reviewed regularly and revised if necessary.

477

478

Introduction

About Garanti BBVA Our Value Creation Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Sustainability

The parent Bank ensures that risk management system is applied in subsidiaries where risks are defined, measured, monitored and controlled.

Risk management activities are structured under the responsibility of the Board of Directors. Besides oversight of corporate risk management policies and practices, capital adequacy and planning with liquidity adequacy subjects, management of various risks that the Bank may be exposed to is the responsibility of the Risk Committee, which consists of members of the Board of Directors. Accordingly, the Risk Management, which performs risk management functions, reports to the Board of Directors via the Risk Committee, whereas the Internal Audit Department, performing internal audit functions, the Internal Control Unit, performing internal control functions, and the Compliance Department, which implements compliance controls and performs activities to prevent laundering proceeds of crime, and financing of terrorism, report directly to the Board of Directors. Senior managements responsibility is to report to Board of Directors about the significant risk the Bank encounters, ensure the compliance with the risk management about own duties, eliminate the risks, deficiencies and errors occurring in the units responsible or take the necessary measures, participate in design and implementation of internal capital adequacy assessment process (ICAAP); participate in process of assessing the adequacy and appropriateness of the underlying assumptions, data sources and principles used to measure the assumptions and risks associated with the models. The Bank's main approach for the implementation of risk management model is establishing risk culture throughout the Bank, and aims that the importance of risk management for maintaining business operations is understood and risk awareness and sensitivity is ensured for decision making and implementation mechanisms process by all employees.

The Bank manages all exposed crisis situations within the framework of business continuity policy and business continuity program formed by strategic goals which designate The Bank's business continuity vision and principles; takes necessary actions. Compliant with legislation, the Bank measures and monitors risks that exposed to, considering methods suitable with international standards. Risk measuring and reporting are performed via advanced methods and risk management softwares. Risk based detailed reports are prepared for management of significant risks, in order to determine strategies and take decisions, in this scope, reports are prepared for board of directors, relevant committees and senior management.

The Bank's risk appetite framework determines the risk level that the board of directors is prepared to accept in order to accomplish the goals and strategies with the consideration of the capacity of the institution to safely absorbs those risks and the Bank monitors regularly risk appetite metrics regarding capital, liquidity, income recurrence and risk based limits.

Risks that the Bank is exposed is managed by providing effective control environment and following closely within limits. Unmitigated risks are either accepted with current risk levels or decreasing/ terminating the activity that causes the risk.

The Risk Management function conducts the ICAAP report, to be sent to the BRSA by coordinating relevant parties. Stress test report is also reported to the BRSA, which evaluates how adverse effects on macroeconomic parameters, in the scope of determined scenarios, affect the Bank's three year budget plan and results, and certain ratios, including capital adequacy.

Training programs for employees, risk reports to the board of directors, senior management and committees, risk appetite framework established by the Bank and ICAAP generate significant inputs to ensure that risk management culture is widely embraced.

The effects of developments in COVID-19 on Bank's risk profile and risk appetite framework are closely monitored within risk measurement, reporting and management processes.

Data and Technology

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Operational Excellence

> Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

479

and Appendix

4.10.1.2 RISK WEIGHTED AMOUNTS

Reaching More Customers

		RISK WEIGHTED	AMOUNTS	MINIMUM CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS
		Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period
1	Credit risk (excluding counterparty credit risk) (CCR) (*)	360,123,635	295,632,577	28,809,891
2	Of which standardised approach (SA)	360,123,635	295,632,577	28,809,891
3	Of which internal rating-based (IRB) approach	-	-	-
4	Counterparty credit risk	9,712,230	4,877,729	776,978
5	Of which standardised approach for counterparty credit risk (SA-CCR)	9,712,230	4,877,729	776,978
6	Of which internal model method (IMM)	-	-	-
7	Equity position in banking book under basic risk weighting or internal rating-based	-	-	-
8	Equity investments in funds - look-through approach	-	-	-
9	Equity investments in funds - mandate-based approach	23,030	25,340	1,842
10	Equity investments in funds – 1250% risk weighting approach	-	-	-
11	Settlement risk	-	-	-
12	Securitisation exposures in banking book	-	-	-
13	Of which IRB ratings-based approach (RBA)	-	=	-
14	Of which IRB supervisory formula approach (SFA)	-	=	-
15	Of which SA/simplified supervisory formula approach (SSFA)	-	=	-
16	Market risk	18,058,688	10,614,225	1,444,695
17	Of which standardised approach (SA)	18,058,688	10,614,225	1,444,695
18	Of which internal model approaches (IMM)	-	-	-
19	Operational risk	44,996,936	37,857,648	3,599,755
20	Of which basic indicator approach	44,996,936	37,857,648	3,599,755
21	Of which standardised approach	-	=	-
22	Of which advanced measurement approach	-	-	-
23	Amounts below the thresholds for deduction from capital (subject to 250% risk weight)	-	-	-
24	Floor adjustment	-	-	
25	Total (1+4+7+8+9+10+11+12+16+19+23+24)	432,914,519	349,007,519	34,633,161

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(*) Excluding equity investments in funds and amounts below the thresholds for deductions from capital.

Our Valu Creatior Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

4.10.2 LINKAGES BETWEEN FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND RISK AMOUNTS

4.10.2.1 DIFFERENCES AND MATCHING BETWEEN ASSET AND LIABILITIES' CARRYING VALUES IN FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND RISK AMOUNTS IN CAPITAL ADEQUACY CALCULATION

		CARRYING VA	LUES OF ITEMS IN A	CCORDANCE WIT	H TURKISH A	CCOUNTING STAN	IDARDS
CURRENT PERIOD	CARRYING VALUES IN FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PREPARED AS PER TAS (°)	CARRYING VALUES IN CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PREPARED AS PER TAS BUT IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE COMMUNIQUÉ "PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS"	SUBJECT TO CREDIT RISK	SUBJECT TO COUNTER PARTY CREDIT RISK	SUBJECT TO MARKET RISK (**)	SUBJECT TO CAPITAL CALCULATION	NOT SUBJECT TO CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS OR SUBJECT TO DEDUCTION FROM CAPITAL
Assets							
Financial assets (net)	144,093,388	137,151,179	129,373,713	8,549,053	5,004,924	(419,339)	
Cash and cash equivalents	93,844,002	87,368,331	86,324,182	1,463,488	-	(419,339)	
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit/loss (FVTPL)	7,953,245	8,382,731	6,263,966	121,189	2,005,021	=	
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit/loss (FVTPL)	35,433,071	36,785,565	36,785,565	2,348,798	-	-	-
Derivative financial assets	6,863,070	4,614,552	-	4,615,578	2,999,903	-	-
Loans (net)	361,317,038	372,771,271	383,725,220	72,084		(12,006,969)	(30,455)
Loans	341,542,663	350,233,129	350,261,812	-	-	1,884	(30,455)
Lease receivables	7,539,540	7,508,708	7,508,708	-	-	-	-
Factoring receivables	2,983,659	2,926,569	2,926,569	-	-	-	-
Non performing receivables	33,151,951	33,238,911	33,238,911	72,084	-	-	-
Expected credit losses (-)	23,900,775	21,136,046	10,210,780	-	-	12,008,853	-
Assets held for sale and assets of discontin- ued operations (net)	1,019,735	931,753	931,753	-	-	-	-
Ownership investments (net)	50,625	166,495	166,495	-	-	-	-
Tangible assets (net)	7,490,376	5,960,071	5,835,462	-	-	124,609	
Intangible assets (net)	630,863	614,398	22,867	-	-	591,531	
Investment property (net)	360,123	561,525	561,525	-	-	-	-
Current tax asset	85,207	88,983	88,983	-	-	-	-
Deferred tax asset	2,558,567	3,640,403	3,640,403	-	-	-	-
Other assets	8,774,594	19,026,727	20,376,060	-	-	(19,056)	(1,330,277)
TOTAL ASSETS	526,380,516	540,912,805	544,722,481	8,621,137	5,004,924	(11,729,224)	(1,360,732)
Liabilities							
Deposits	345,502,600	358,100,348	-	-	-	-	358,100,348
Funds borrowed	31,120,523	26,620,183	-	1,515,138	-	-	25,105,045
Money market funds	3,097,071	3,163,978	-	2,184,230	-	-	979,748
Securities issued (net)	23,532,271	22,817,081	-	-	-	-	22,817,081
Funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Financial liabilities measured at fvtpl	15,591,683	16,137,939	-	-	-	-	16,137,939
Derivative financial liabilities	7,645,106	8,536,890	-	-	-	-	8,536,890
Factoring payables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lease payables (net)	1,230,781	1,026,367	-	-	-	-	1,026,367
Provisions	9,405,118	10,035,571	809,936	-	-	1,367,718	7,857,917
Current tax liability	357,638	2,296,347	-		-	-	2,296,347
Deferred tax liability Liabilities for assets held for sale and assets	136,108	48,863	-	-	-	-	48,863
of discontinued operations (net)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Subordinated debts	6,899,418	6,598,969	-	-	-	6,537,880	61,089
Other liabilities	20,827,627	23,121,074	-	-	26,314		23,094,760
Shareholders' equity	61,034,572	62,409,195	-	-	-	62,570,140	(160,945)
TOTAL LIABILITIES	526,380,516	540,912,805	809,936	3,699,368	26,314	70,475,738	465,901,449

(*) As per financial statements prepared in compliance with the paragraph 6 of article 5 of the communiqué "Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements" as of 30 September 2019. (**) Disclosed based on gross position amounts subject to general market risk and specific risk. Operational Excellence Data and Technology The Best and Most Engaged Team Corporate iovernance

CARRYING VALUES OF ITEMS IN ACCORDANCE WITH TURKISH ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

Financial Report and Appendix

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

		CARCING		ACCORDANCE		ACCOUNTING STAT	NDARD3
PRIOR PERIOD	CARRYING VALUES IN FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PREPARED AS PER TAS (*)	CARRYING VALUES IN CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PREPARED AS PER TAS BUT IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE COMMUNIQUÉ "PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS"	SUBJECT TO CREDIT RISK	SUBJECT TO COUNTER PARTY CREDIT RISK	SUBJECT TO MARKET RISK (**)	SUBJECT TO CAPITAL CALCULATION	NOT SUBJECT TO CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS OR SUBJECT TO DEDUCTION FROM CAPITAL
Financial assets (net)	116,894,623	108,960,421	104,985,393	5,434,237	2,681,644	(168,916)	
Cash and cash equivalents	80,829,479	72,098,035	71,983,941	283,010		(168,916)	-
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit/loss (FVTPL)	4,899,816	5,219,300	4,263,032	106,378	876,752	-	-
Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)	27,572,532	28,643,529	28,643,529	2,189,935	-	-	_
Derivative financial assets	3,592,796	2,999,557	94,891	2,854,914	1,804,892	=	-
Loans (net)	277,072,426	296,277,720	301,696,603	720,035	-	(5,372,783)	(46,100)
Loans	258,517,474	277,506,599	277,544,878	-	-	7,821	(46,100)
Lease receivables	5,988,804	6,184,154	6,184,154	-	-	-	-
Factoring receivables	2,122,595	2,430,163	2,430,163	-	-	-	-
Non performing receivables	27,171,132	27,720,342	27,720,342	720,035	-	-	-
Expected credit losses (-)	16,727,579	17,563,538	12,182,934	-	-	5,380,604	-
Assets held for sale and assets of discontinued operations (net)	1,513,758	1,452,258	1,452,258	-	-	-	-
Ownership investments (net)	39,369	153,854	153,854	-	-	=	-
Tangible assets (net)	6,984,768	5,528,299	5,358,417	-	-	169,882	-
Intangible assets (net)	471,527	479,906	30,379	-	-	449,527	-
Investment property (net)	336,620	569,719	569,719	-	-	-	-
Current tax asset	102,420	86,217	86,217	-	-	-	-
Deferred tax asset	1,935,644	1,882,010	1,882,010	-	-	=	-
Other assets	6,348,104	13,163,744	13,992,566	-	-	(8,630)	(820,192)
TOTAL ASSETS	411,699,259	428,554,148	430,207,416	6,154,272	2,681,644	(4,930,920)	(866,292)
Liabilities							
Deposits	257,651,518	277,277,325	-	-	-	-	277,277,325
Funds borrowed	26,878,976	25,622,059	-	1,867,232	-	-	23,754,827
Money market funds	1,519,475	1,786,861	-	1,464,991	26,741	-	321,870
Securities issued (net)	22,763,718	21,026,537	-	-	-	-	21,026,537
Funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Financial liabilities measured at fvtpl	13,193,294	14,342,293	-	-	-	-	14,342,293
Derivative financial liabilities	5,994,293	4,239,665	-	-	-	-	4,239,665
Factoring payables	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Lease payables (net)	1,066,907	1,134,770	-	-	-	-	1,134,770
Provisions	5,621,578	6,526,373	622,573		5	88,581	5,315,219
Current tax liability	477,024	1,251,975	-		-		1,251,975
Deferred tax liability	69,970	29,480	-	-	-	-	29,480
Liabilities for assets held for sale and assets of discontinued operations (net)	-	-	-		-		-
Subordinated debts	4,303,764	4,729,707	-		4	,693,480	36,227
Other liabilities	20,343,735	16,536,356	-	-34,	163 -		16,502,193
Shareholders' equity	51,815,007	54,050,747	-			54,327,516	(276,769)
TOTAL LIABILITIES	411,699,259	428,554,148	622,573	3,332,223 6	0,904	59,609,577	364,955,612

(*) As per financial statements prepared in compliance with the paragraph 6 of article 5 of the communiqué

"Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements" as of 30 September 2018.

 $(\ensuremath{^{**}})$ Disclosed based on gross position amounts subject to general market risk and specific risk.

Our Value Creation Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

4.10.2.2 MAJOR ITEMS CAUSING DIFFERENCES BETWEEN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES' CARRYING VALUES IN FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND RISK AMOUNTS IN CAPITAL ADEQUACY CALCULATION

	CURRENT PERIOD	TOTAL	CREDIT RISK	COUNTERPARTY CREDIT RISK	MARKET RISK (*)
1	Carrying Value of Assets in Accordance with Communiqué "Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements" " (as per 4.10.2.1)	551,574,434	542,294,154	6,192,810	5,004,924
2	Carrying Value of Debt Instruments Subject Counterparty Credit Risk in Accordance with Communiqué "Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements" " (as per 4.10.2.1)	2,428,327	2,428,327	2,428,327	-
3	Carrying Value of Liabilities Subject to Counterparty Credit Risk in Accordance with Communiqué "Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements" " (as per 4.10.2.1)	3,699,368	-	3,699,368	-
4	Carrying Value of Other Liabilities in Accordance with Communiqué "Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements" " (as per 4.10.2.1)	26,314	-	-	26,314
5	Total Net Amount Under Regulatory Consolidation	550,277,079	544,722,481	4,921,769	4,978,610
6	Off-balance Sheet Amounts (**)	639,814,324	53,565,358	4,440,481	149,026,010
7	Credit Risk Mitigation		(14,652,603)	(23,304)	-
8	Repurchase Transactions Valuation Adjustments		-	525,717	-
9	Risk Amounts		583,635,236	9,864,663	154,004,620

(*) Disclosed based on gross position amounts subject to general market risk and specific risk.

(**) The amounts present the balances of the off-balance sheet items subject to capital adequacy regulation.

	PRIOR PERIOD	TOTAL	CREDIT RISK	COUNTERPARTY CREDIT RISK	MARKET RISK (*)
1	Carrying Value of Assets in Accordance with Communiqué "Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements" " (as per 4.10.2.1)	431,414,530	427,270,586	3,217,442	2,681,644
2	Carrying Value of Debt Instruments Subject Counterparty Credit Risk in Accordance with Communiqué "Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements" " (as per 4.10.2.1)	2,936,830	2,936,830	2,936,830	
3	Carrying Value of Liabilities Subject to Counterparty Credit Risk in Accordance with Communiqué "Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements" " (as per 4.10.2.1)	3,332,223	-	3,332,223	26,741
4	Carrying Value of Other Liabilities in Accordance with Communiqué "Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements" " (as per 4.10.2.1)	34,163	-	-	34,163
5	Total Net Amount Under Regulatory Consolidation	430,984,974	430,207,416	2,822,049	2,620,740
6	Off-balance Sheet Amounts (**)	480,158,072	56,106,149	1,806,015	144,608,563
7	Credit Risk Mitigation		(29,804,265)	(18,979)	-
8	Repurchase Transactions Valuation Adjustments		-	766,454	-
9	Risk Amounts		456,509,300	5,375,539	147,229,303

(*) Disclosed based on gross position amounts subject to general market risk and specific risk.

(**) The amounts present the balances of the off-balance sheet items subject to capital adequacy regulation.

4.10.2.3 EXPLANATIONS ON DIFFERENCES BETWEEN CARRYING VALUES IN FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND RISK AMOUNTS IN CAPITAL ADEQUACY CALCULATION OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

There is no material differences between the carrying values in financial statements and the risk amounts in capital adequacy calculation of assets and liabilities.

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

4.10.3 CONSOLIDATED CREDIT RISK

Reaching

More Customers

4.10.3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED CREDIT RISK

Operational

Excellence

4.10.3.1.1 GENERAL QUALITATIVE INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED CREDIT RISK

The parent Bank's credit risk management policies; under the relevant legislation in line with the Bank's credit strategy approved by the board of directors are created based on the prudence, sustainability and customer credit worthiness principles. Credit risk is managed on a portfolio basis considering the risk/return balance and asset quality of the Bank in the scope of the principles specified in the credit risk policy documents.

Credit risk management is a structured process where credit risks are consistently assessed, quantified and monitored. In order to take the right decision, during the credit process which begins with the application of the customer and includes the phases of determination of the customer's credibility, collateralization, loan configuration, approval and usage, monitoring and closing the exposure, all required financial and non-financial information and documents intended to identify the customer are collected in a centralized database, with this information the customer's financial strength is analyzed, credit risk analysis is done. The customers are graded according to their segment and activity fields and the information is kept updated by inquiring the customers. Thus before a loan is granted, it is ensured that risks are well-understood, sufficient evaluation has been done and after the loan is granted the loan is monitored, controlled and reported.

Diversification to avoid concentrations are performed while determining the Bank's credit risk profile. Credit portfolios are evaluated depending upon the credit type, managed aggregately during their life cycle. Customer selection is made in accordance with the policies and strategies, affordability of the borrower to fulfil on a timely basis all financial obligations with his expected cash flows from foreseeable specific transactions or from its regular operations; without depending upon guarantors, bails or pledged assets is predicated. Necessary risk rating/scoring models are developed, reviewed and validated for the different portfolios of the Bank. These models are created by ensuring the best separation of the customers in terms of their credibility and grading them using the objective criteria. The outputs of the internal rating and scoring models that developed based on the each portfolio are an important part of the loan approval process.

Loan based assessment, allocation and monitoring are carried out within the framework of related processes by related units in the credit group. Credit proposals, on the basis of the determined amount and in the framework of levels of authority, are concluded after being evaluated by the regional offices, loans units and committees of headoffice, if required by the credit committee and the board of directors. The credit approval authority can be transferred starting from the board of directors by notifying in written. Each unit operating in credit risk management is responsible for identifying risks arising from its own process, activities and systems, informing senior management and taking necessary action to reduce risk level.

The general risk policy including the risk appetite and indicators is determined by the board of directors. Risk management is handled, in order to reach the determined targets, by carrying out a continuous monitoring process with a proper classification of risks and customers in scope of the effective management mentality. The limit framework and delegation rules are specified by establishing proper decision systems in order to assess the risks correctly. Optimum limit levels are determined by taking into account the loss and returns during the limit setting process.

Organizational structure related to credit risk management and control functions is detailed below: Units within the scope of credit risk management; Corporate and Specialized Loans, Commercial Loans, Corporate and Commercial Loans Restructuring, Commercial Products Collection, Bank and Country Risk, Retail and SME Risk Management, Retail Loans Risk Strategies, SME Loans Risk Strategies, Retail and SME Loans Evaluation, Retail Products Collection, Risk Planning Monitoring and Reporting, Credit Risk Management Data and Advanced Analytics, Validation, Credit Risk Control and Regional Loans Coordination.

In addition, decisions regarding the credit policy in the corporate governance framework are taken by the relevant committees. In this context, there are Wholesale Credit, Risk Committee, Retail Credit, Risk Committee, Risk Management Committee, Risk Technology and Analytics Committee, Credit Restructuring Committee, Credit Admission Committee and Board of Risk Committee. Allocated limits and conditions that exceeding the limits with their usage, evaluations regarding major risks and nonperforming loans with high risk, information regarding NPLs, the data regarding the portfolios of subsidiaries are reported to senior management on a regular basis.

RIES Convenience Translation of Financial

Financial Reports

Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

and Appendix

Data and Technology The Best and Most Engaged Team Corporate Governance

Our Value Creation Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

The Risk Management measures, monitors and reports credit risks by using validated probability of defaults obtained from the Bank's rating models, loss that is caused by defaulted customer and credit conversion factors. The Bank's internal capital is calculated and adequacy is assessed by considering stress tests and scenario analysis. Also, by considering optimum risk return balance, expectations regarding economic outlook the limits are determined for credit portfolios. Risk based analyses are executed, credit concentrations are monitored and the results are presented to senior management.

The Bank carries out on-site and central controls regarding credit risk by the first level control officers in the Bank's business / support units. First-level control officers periodically report the results of the controls they conduct to the management of the related units and the Internal Unit in accordance with the dual reporting obligation. On-site collateral and contract controls at the branches and functioning controls at the regions regarding credit risk are carried out by branch control team of Internal Control Unit located in the second line of defense. In addition, Risk Management Control which reports to the Risk Management Department conducts periodic controls and assessments on credit risk management as a second level control specialist on compliance with the Bank's credit risk policies, rules and procedures.

4.10.3.1.2 CREDIT QUALITY OF CONSOLIDATED ASSETS

CURRENT PERIOD	GROSS CARRYING VALUE IN CON STATEMENTS PREPARE		ALLOWANCES/ AMORTISATION AND	NET VALUES
	DEFAULTED	NON-DEFAULTED EXPOSURES	IMPAIRMENTS	
1 Loans	16,118,312	424,405,592	10,215,084	430,308,820
2 Debt securities	-	71,395,169	-	71,395,169
3 Off-balance sheet exposures	1,441,170	86,226,142	813,149	86,854,163
4 Total	17,559,482	582,026,903	11,028,233	588,558,152

CURRENT PERIOD	GROSS CARRYING VALUE IN CON STATEMENTS PREPARE		ALLOWANCES/ AMORTISATION AND	NET VALUES
	DEFAULTED	NON-DEFAULTED EXPOSURES	IMPAIRMENTS	
1 Loans	19,510,386	336,457,080	12,182,934	343,784,532
2 Debt securities	-	55,981,493	-	55,981,493
3 Off-balance sheet exposures	1,544,164	83,681,738	624,572	84,601,330
4 Total	21,054,550	476,120,311	12,807,506	484,367,355

4.10.3.1.3 CHANGES IN STOCK OF DEFAULT LOANS AND DEBT SECURITIES

		CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
1	Defaulted loans and debt securities at end of the previous reporting period	19,510,386	13,753,384
2	Loans and debt securities defaulted since the last reporting period	2,453,775	9,838,615
3	Receivables back to non-defaulted status	-	-
4	Amounts written off (-)	(4,887,932)	(1,903,007)
5	Other changes (-)	(957,917)	(2,178,606)
6	Defaulted loans and debt securities at end of the reporting period	16,118,312	19,510,386

Data and

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Operational

4.10.3.1.4 ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON CREDIT QUALITY OF CONSOLIDATED ASSETS

4.10.3.1.4.1 QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES RELATED TO THE CREDIT QUALITY OF ASSETS

As explained in accounting policy notes of 3.8 "Disclosures on impairment of financial assets" and 3.8.1 "Calculation of expected credit losses", the Bank and its financial subsidiaries calculate the expected credit losses in accordance with TFRS 9. At each reporting date, it is assessed whether there is a significant increase in the credit risk of the financial instrument within the scope of impairment since it was initially recognized in the financial statements. In making this assessment, it is used the change in the estimated probability of default of the financial instrument.

A refinancing/restructuring refers to; extending a new loan for the purpose of repayment of a part or whole of the outstanding loans or related interest payments granted previously or, amending the conditions of such outstanding loans in order to facilitate the repayment capacity; due to current or foreseeable financial difficulties of the borrower or the related risk group.

4.10.3.1.4.2 BREAKDOWN OF EXPOSURES BY GEOGRAPHICAL AREAS, INDUSTRY AND AGEING

Disclosed under section 4.2 credit risk.

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More Customers

4.10.3.1.4.3 EXPOSURES PROVISIONED AGAINST BY MAJOR REGIONS AND SECTORS

		CURRENT PERIOD			PRIOR PERIOD			
	NON-PERFORMING LOANS	EXPECTED CREDIT LOSSES-STAGE 3	WRITE-OFFS	NON-PERFORMING LOANS	EXPECTED CREDIT LOSSES-STAGE 3	WRITE-OFFS		
Domestic	14,716,540	9,366,209	4,481,943	18,204,326	11,262,907	1,670,768		
European Union (EU) Countries	997,894	628,626	402,373	1,161,426	818,276	231,389		
OECD Countries	48,501	28,311	16	46,393	17,526	7		
Off-Shore Banking Regions	-	-	-	-	=	-		
USA, Canada	4,062	3,920	33	7,026	4,060	-		
Other Countries	351,315	188,018	3,567	91,215	80,165	843		
Total	16,118,312	10,215,084	4,887,932	19,510,386	12,182,934	1,903,007		

		CURRENT PERIOD	
	NON-PERFORMING LOANS	EXPECTED CREDIT LOSSES-STAGE 3	WRITE-OFFS
Agriculture	176,729	125326	8,567
Farming and Stockbreeding	139,864	96,343	7,863
Forestry	30,121	23,269	193
Fishery	6,744	5,714	511
Manufacturing	4,837,239	2968542	1,893,917
Mining and Quarrying	35,382	29,978	49,393
Production	1,364,789	1,058,727	359,402
Electricity, Gas and Water	3,437,068	1,879,837	1,485,122
Construction	859,981	520,070	149,247
Services	6,838,175	4286026	1,274,655
Wholesale and Retail Trade	2,359,176	1,664,312	307,415
Accomodation and Dining	427,149	261,661	94,872
Transportation and Telecommunication	1,576,312	994,316	494,902
Financial Institutions	95,705	63,039	848
Real Estate and Rental Services	2,062,454	1,059,789	343,680
Professional Services	156,475	95,402	26,702
Educational Services	137,350	127,909	4,672
Health and Social Services	23,554	19,598	1,564
Others	3,406,188	2,315,120	1,561,546
Total	16,118,312	10,215,084	4,887,932



Corporate Governance

and Appendix

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Our Value Creation



Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

		PRIOR PERIOD	
	NON-PERFORMING LOANS	EXPECTED CREDIT LOSSES-STAGE 3	WRITE-OFFS
Agriculture	171,893	99,542	8,649
Farming and Stockbreeding	151,106	85,803	6,340
Forestry	13,701	8,677	2,241
Fishery	7,086	5,062	68
Manufacturing	6,313,153	3,854,728	442,533
Mining and Quarrying	115,180	98,189	801
Production	2,044,190	1,291,843	441,314
Electricity, Gas and Water	4,153,783	2,464,696	418
Construction	1,321,524	773,176	244,662
Services	7,118,963	4,141,173	412,512
Wholesale and Retail Trade	2,290,225	1,407,738	86,400
Accomodation and Dining	387,631	204,996	8,909
Transportation and Telecommunication	1,893,857	1,182,924	185,971
Financial Institutions	96,706	59,855	20,413
Real Estate and Rental Services	1,756,759	895,016	7,558
Professional Services	528,735	251,383	42,336
Educational Services	126,925	110,749	747
Health and Social Services	38,125	28,512	60,178
Others	4,584,853	3,314,315	794,651
Total	19,510,386	12,182,934	1,903,007

4.10.3.1.4.4 AGEING OF PAST-DUE EXPOSURES

CURRENT PERIOD	UP TO 3 MONTHS	3-12 MONTHS	1-3 YEARS	3-5 YEARS	5 YEARS AND OVER
Corporate and Commercial Loans	372,970	822,572	9,668,663	937,610	607,557
Retail Loans	270,132	467,045	1,082,754	114,944	90,097
Credit Cards	56,496	183,433	516,004	22,126	16,422
Others	716,211	14,564	155,253	2,648	811
Total	1,415,809	1,487,614	11,422,674	1,077,328	714,887
PRIOR PERIOD	UP TO 3 MONTHS	3-12 MONTHS	1-3 YEARS	3-5 YEARS	5 YEARS AND OVER
Corporate and Commercial Loans	2,425,793	4,944,776	5,729,489	939,885	430,420
Retail Loans	381,725	979,621	737,307	288,931	178,355
Credit Cards	176,998	453,560	330,431	166,908	135,378
Others	863,164	9,626	332,259	4,662	1,098
Total	3,847,680	6,387,583	7,129,486	1,400,386	745,251

Data and

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Operational

Excellence

4.10.3.2 CONSOLIDATED CREDIT RISK MITIGATION

Reaching

More Customers

4.10.3.2.1 QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURE ON CONSOLIDATED CREDIT RISK MITIGATION TECHNIQUES

Parent bank assesses the cash flow of the activity or investment subject to credit as the primary repayment source during the credit assignment process.

Calculating the value of the collateral depends on margins determined according to market and FX risks. Standard margins in use throughout the Bank are specific to type of the collateral and changes according to the currency of the collateral.

If credit assignment is conditioned to a collateral extension, the data of the collaterals must be entered to the banking information system. Operational transactions are handled by centralized Operation unit (ABACUS). During the credit utilization, compliance of all conditions between credit decision and credit utilization (such as collateral conditions) are controlled systematically.

In the scope of capital adequacy ratio calculations The Bank monitors up to date value of the collaterals by type. Credit monitoring process involves the control of the balance between the value of the collateral and risk besides creditworthiness of the customer.

The Bank's credit risk exposure and mitigation techniques used in order to reduce the exposure level are taken into account according to the principles stated in the related regulation. The Bank applies credit risk mitigation according to the comprehensive method that includes risk mitigation calculations considering the volatility-adjusted values of financial collaterals The standardized risk weights are applied to the rest of the loans and receivables that remained unprotected after credit risk mitigation techniques. Financial collaterals, that are composed of cash or cash equivalents, real estate mortgages, high quality securities and Credit Guarantee Fund suretyship having Treasury guarantee, have been used in credit risk mitigation.

4.10.3.2.2 CONSOLIDATED CREDIT RISK MITIGATION TECHNIQUES

	CURRENT PERIOD	EXPOSURES UNSECURED: CARRYING AMOUNT AS PER TAS	EXPOSURES SECURED BY COLLATERAL	COLLATERALIZED AMOUNT OF EXPOSURES SECURED BY COLLATERAL	EXPOSURES SECURED BY FINANCIAL GUARANTEES	COLLATERALIZED AMOUNT OF EXPOSURES SECURED BY FINANCIAL GUARANTEES	EXPOSURES SECURED BY CREDIT DERIVATIVES	COLLATERALIZED AMOUNT OF EXPOSURES SECURED BY CREDIT DERIVATIVES
1	Loans	400,673,013	29,635,807	27,973,156	8,959,316	8,959,316	-	-
2	Debt securities	71,128,582	266,587	31,236	-	-	-	-
3	Total	471,801,595	29,902,394	28,004,392	8,959,316	8,959,316	-	-
4	Of which defaulted	15,970,985	147,327	6,255	-	-	-	-

	CURRENT PERIOD	EXPOSURES UNSECURED: CARRYING AMOUNT AS PER TAS	EXPOSURES SECURED BY COLLATERAL	COLLATERALIZED AMOUNT OF EXPOSURES SECURED BY COLLATERAL	EXPOSURES SECURED BY FINANCIAL GUARANTEES	COLLATERALIZED AMOUNT OF EXPOSURES SECURED BY FINANCIAL GUARANTEES	EXPOSURES SECURED BY CREDIT DERIVATIVES	COLLATERALIZED AMOUNT OF EXPOSURES SECURED BY CREDIT DERIVATIVES
1	Loans	297,831,309	45,953,223	43,951,673	10,970,595	10,970,595	-	-
2	Debt securities	55,901,683	79,810	17,292	-	-	-	_
3	Total	353,732,992	46,033,033	43,968,965	10,970,595	10,970,595	-	-
4	Of which defaulted	19,398,646	111,740	5,731	-	=	-	-
4	Of which defaulted	19,398,646	111,740	5,731	-	-	-	

4.10.3.3 CONSOLIDATED CREDIT RISK UNDER STANDARDISED APPROACH

4.10.3.3.1 QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ON BANKS' USE OF EXTERNAL CREDIT RATINGS UNDER THE STANDARDISED APPROACH FOR CREDIT RISK

An international rating firm, Fitch Ratings' external risk ratings are used to determine the risk weights of the risk categories as per the Article 6 of the "Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy Ratios of Banks".

The international risk ratings are used for the exposures to central governments and central banks, whereas for central governments and central banks that are not rated by Fitch Ratings, the published country ratings as announced by the Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) are used.

487

The Best and Most Engaged Team Corporate Governance

> Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Financial Reports

and Appendix

Garanti BBVA

Our Value Creation Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

According to the regulation on capital adequacy, external risk ratings are used only for the exposures to banks and brokerage houses and to corporates where the counterparties are resident in abroad, to determine their risk weights. Where the counterparties are domestic, the related exposures are included in the calculation of capital adequacy as unrated.

In the determination of risk weights; if a relevant rating is available then such rating, but if it is an unrated exposure then the rating available for the issuer is used.

Rating notes issued by Fitch Ratings are presented in the table below, as per credit quality levels and risk weights per risk classes:

CREDIT QUALITY LEVELFITCH RATINGS LONG TERM CREDIT RATINGEXPOSURES TO CENTRAL GOVERNMENTS OR CENTRAL BANKSEXPOSURES WITH ORIGINAL MATURITIES LESS THAN 3 MONTHSEXPOSURES WITH ORIGINAL MATURITIES MORE THAN 3 MONTHS1AAA to AA-0%20%2A+ to A-20%20%3BBB+ to BBB-50%20%50%	
QUALITY LEVELFITCH RATINGS CREDIT RATINGCENTRAL GOVERNMENTS CENTRAL GOVERNMENTS OR CENTRAL BANKSEXPOSURES WITH ORIGINAL MATURITIES LESS THAN 3 MONTHSEXPOSURES WITH ORIGINAL MATURITIES LESS THAN 3 MONTHS1AAA to AA-0%20%2A+ to A-20%20%	
2 A+ to A- 20% 20% 50%	EXPOSURES TO CORPORATES
	20%
3 BBB+ to BBB- 50% 20% 50%	50%
	100%
4 BB+ to BB- 100% 50% 100%	100%
5 B+ to B- 100% 50% 100%	150%
6 CCC+ and below 150% 150% 150%	150%

4.10.3.3.2 CONSOLIDATED CREDIT RISK EXPOSURE AND CREDIT RISK MITIGATION TECHNIQUES

CURRENT PERIOD EXPOSURES BEFORE CCF AND CRM EXPOSURES POST-CCF AND CRM RWA AND RWA DENSITY OFF-BALANCE ON-BALANCE **ON-BALANCE OFF-BALANCE** RWA RWA SHEET AMOUNT SHEET AMOUNT SHEET AMOUNT SHEET AMOUNT DENSITY RISK CLASSES Exposures to sovereigns and their central banks 128.859.193 2.378.846 137.812.921 195 895 2,158,997 2% Exposures to regional and local governments 1.316.586 15 396 1.316.586 15,374 665 980 50% 2 175,453 54,968 175,415 14,042 189,457 100% 3 Exposures to administrative bodies and non-commercial entities 1,361,267 1,361,267 4 Exposures to multilateral development banks 5 Exposures to international organizations 37,118,646 28,095,309 28,893,402 5,060,375 11,433,582 34% 6 Exposures to banks and brokerage houses 7 Exposures to corporates 194.125.564 76.095.578 187.863.192 39.396.971 223,197,451 98% 8 Retail exposures 120.578.183 75.102.371 113.745.130 6,183,272 89.942.445 75% Exposures secured by residential property 9 17.169.463 14,764 17,156,528 13.743 6.009.594 35% 10 Exposures secured by commercial property 13,345,421 2,425,680 13,277,497 1,492,470 9,512,165 64% 5,270,867 143 5,270,855 3,672,900 70% 11 Past-due items 661,224 627,734 660,302 319,658 953,254 97% 12 Exposures in high-risk categories 13 Exposures in the form of bonds secured by mortgages 14 Short term exposures to banks, brokerage houses and corporates 15 Exposures in the form of collective investment undertakings 23.030 23.030 23.030 100% 16 Shares 436,404 436,404 100% 436,404 17 Other exposures 24,281,191 22.950.910 11.951.406 52% 544.722.492 184.810.789 530,943,439 18 Total 52,691,800 360,146,665

Operational Excellence Data and Technology The Best and Most Engaged Team

Corporate Governance

Financial Repor and Appendix

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

489

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

	PRIOR PERIOD	EXPOSURES BEFO	RE CCF AND CRM	EXPOSURES POST	-CCF AND CRM	RWA AND RWA DENSITY		
	RISK CLASSES	ON-BALANCE SHEET AMOUNT	OFF-BALANCE SHEET AMOUNT	ON-BALANCE SHEET AMOUNT	OFF-BALANCE SHEET AMOUNT	RWA	RWA DENSITY	
1	Exposures to sovereigns and their central banks	102,976,748	256,199	113,930,805	117,192	19,015,101	17%	
2	Exposures to regional and local governments	623,819	23,765	618,338	23,753	384,150	60%	
3	Exposures to administrative bodies and non-commercial entities	267,082	93,617	262,882	10,130	273,011	100%	
4	Exposures to multilateral development banks	1,403,169	-	1,403,169	-	-	-	
5	Exposures to international organizations	-	-	-	-	-	-	
6	Exposures to banks and brokerage houses	30,161,709	30,700,483	19,719,715	2,898,979	8,069,749	36%	
7	Exposures to corporates	143,583,873	58,599,769	137,643,390	29,328,457	164,766,656	99%	
8	Retail exposures	96,258,605	61,125,831	88,261,395	5,605,377	70,393,763	75%	
9	Exposures secured by residential property	15,920,281	9,737	15,911,557	9,162	5,572,251	35%	
10	Exposures secured by commercial property	13,657,076	2,287,332	13,532,233	1,436,139	9,591,919	64%	
11	Past-due items	6,511,248	-	6,511,069	-	4,519,279	69%	
12	Exposures in high-risk categories	867,207	919,319	840,511	468,451	1,486,360	114%	
13	Exposures in the form of bonds secured by mortgages	-	-	-	-	-	-	
14	Short term exposures to banks, brokerage houses and corporates	-	-	-	-	-	-	
15	Exposures in the form of collective investment undertakings	25,340	-	25,340	-	25,340	100%	
16	Shares	816,500	-	816,500	-	816,500	100%	
17	Other exposures	17,134,759	-	17,134,759	-	10,743,838	63%	
18	Total	430,207,416	154,016,052	416,611,663	39,897,640	295,657,917		

4.10.3.3.3 CONSOLIDATED EXPOSURES BY ASSET CLASSES AND RISK WEIGHTS

	REGULATORY PORTFOLIO					35% SECURED							TOTAL RISK
	CURRENT PERIOD	0%	2% 1	0%	20%	BY PROPERTY MORTGAGE	50%	75%	100%	150% 2	00% отні	RS	AMOUNT (POST-CCF AND CRM)
1	Exposures to sovereigns and their central banks	134,038,286	-	-	2,222,661	-	66,808	-	1,681,061	-	-	-	138,008,816
2	Exposures to regional and local government	-	-	-	-	-	1,331,960	-	-	-	-	-	1,331,960
3	Exposures to administrative bodies and non-commercial entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	189,457	-	-	-	189,457
4	Exposures to multilateral development banks	1,361,267	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,361,267
5	Exposures to international organizations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	Exposures to banks and brokerage houses	-	211,554	-	18,660,820	-	14,768,433	-	312,970	-	-	-	33,953,777
7	Exposures to corporates	-	-	-	770,745	-	6,892,234	-	219,597,184	-	-	-	227,260,163
8	Retail exposures	-	-	-	4,922	-	4,608	119,918,872	-	-	-	-	119,928,402
9	Exposures secured by residential property		-	-	-	17,170,271	-	-	-	-	-	-	17,170,271
10	Exposures secured by commercial property	-	-	-	-	-	10,515,603	-	4,254,364	-	-	-	14,769,967
11	Past-due items	-	-	-	-	-	3,204,330	-	2,058,107	8,418	-	-	5,270,855
12	Exposures in high-risk categories	-	-	-	-	-	373,268	-	286,831	319,861	-	-	979,960
13	Exposures in the form of bonds secured by mortgages	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	=	-	-	-	-
14	Short term exposures to banks, brokerage houses and corporates	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
15	Exposures in the form of collective investment undertakings	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	23,030	-	-	-	23,030
16	Shares	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	436,404	-	-	-	436,404
17	Other exposures	10,998,800	-	-	879	-	-	-	11,951,231	-	-	-	22,950,910
18	Total	146,398,353	211,554	-	21,660,027	17,170,271	37,157,244	119,918,872	240,790,639	328,279	-	-	583,635,239

490

Our Value Creation

Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19

Financial

Health

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

	REGULATORY PORTFOLIO					35% SECURED							TOTAL RISK
	PRIOR PERIOD	0%	2%	10%	20%	BY PROPERTY MORTGAGE	50%	75%	100%	150% 2	00% 0	THERS	AMOUNT (POST-CCF AND CRM)
1	Exposures to sovereigns and their central banks	95,014,139	-	-	19	-	37,481	-	18,996,358	-	-	-	114,047,997
2	Exposures to regional and local gov- ernment	-	-	-	-	-	515,884	-	126,207	-	-	-	642,091
3	Exposures to administrative bodies and non-commercial entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	273,012	-	-	-	273,012
4	Exposures to multilateral development banks	1,403,169	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,403,169
5	Exposures to international organizations	=	-	-	-	=	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	Exposures to banks and brokerage houses	4,700	-	-	13,431,285	-	7,598,434	-	1,584,275	-	-	-	22,618,694
7	Exposures to corporates	43,913	-	-	1,061,121	-	2,624,762	-	163,242,051	-	-	-	166,971,847
8	Retail exposures	-	-	-	8,205	-	7,561	93,850,892	114	-	-	-	93,866,772
9	Exposures secured by residential property	-	-	-	-	15,920,719	-	-	-	-	-	-	15,920,719
10	Exposures secured by commercial property	-	-	-	-	-	10,752,906	-	4,215,466	-	-	-	14,968,372
11	Past-due items	-	-	-	-	-	3,983,581	-	2,527,488	-	-	-	6,511,069
12	Exposures in high-risk categories	=	-	-	-	-	246,422	-	461,199	601,341	-	-	1,308,962
13	Exposures in the form of bonds secured by mortgages	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
14	Short term exposures to banks, brokerage houses and corporates	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
15	Exposures in the form of collective investment undertakings		-	-		-		-	25,340	-	-	-	25,340
16	Shares	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	816,500	-	-	-	816,500
17	Other exposures	6,390,573	-	-	441	-	-	-	10,743,745	-	-	-	17,134,759
18	Total	102,856,494	-	-	14,501,071	15,920,719	25,767,031	93,850,892	203,011,755	601,341	-	-	456,509,303

4.10.4 CONSOLIDATED COUNTERPARTY CREDIT RISK

4.10.4.1 QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURE ON CONSOLIDATED COUNTERPARTY CREDIT RISK

Counterparty credit risk management policies include evaluating and monitoring risk developments, taking necessary measures, setting risk limits, ensuring that the risks remain within the limits, and establishing required reporting, control and audit mechanisms by using the methods aligned with both international standards and local regulations. The policies regarding counterparty credit risk measurement, monitoring, and limit settings are defined by the board of directors.

Counterparty credit risk arising from derivative transactions is periodically being monitored and reported by the Market and

Structural Risk Department on product, country, counterparty and counterparty type basis.

International framework agreements (ISDA, CSA, GMRA, etc.) are being used through collateral and margin call mechanisms in order to mitigate the counterparty credit risk.

Data and Technology

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Operational Excellence

4.10.4.2 CONSOLIDATED COUNTERPARTY CREDIT RISK (CCR) APPROACH ANALYSIS

	CURRENT PERIOD	REPLACEMENT COST	POTENTIAL FUTURE EXPOSURE	EEPE (EFFECTIVE EXPECTED POSITIVE	ALPHA USED FOR COMPUTING REGULATORY EAD	EAD POST -CRM	RWA
1	Standardised Approach -CCR (for derivatives)	4,615,578	4,440,481		1.4	9,032,754	6,036,250
2	Internal Model Method (for derivative financial instruments, repo trans- actions, securities or commodity lending or borrowing transactions, long settlement transactions and securities financing transactions)			-	-	-	-
3	Simple Approach for credit risk mitigation (for repo transactions, secu- rities or commodity lending or borrowing transactions, long settlement transactions and securities financing transactions)					-	-
4	Comprehensive Approach for credit risk mitigation (for repo transactions, securities or commodity lending or borrowing transactions, long settle- ment transactions and securities financing transactions)					831,909	255,651
5	Value-at-Risk (VaR) for repo transactions, securities or commodity lending or borrowing transactions, long settlement transactions and securities financing transactions					-	-
6	Total						6,291,901

The Best and Most Engaged Team

	PRIOR PERIOD	REPLACEMENT COST	POTENTIAL FUTURE EXPOSURE	EEPE (EFFECTIVE EXPECTED POSITIVE	ALPHA USED FOR COMPUTING REGULATORY EAD	EAD POST -CRM	RWA
1	Standardised Approach -CCR (for derivatives)	2,854,914	1,806,014		1.4	4,641,950	2,998,145
2	Internal Model Method (for derivative financial instruments, repo transactions, securities or commodity lending or borrowing transactions, long settlement transactions and securities financing transactions)			-	-	-	_
3	Simple Approach for credit risk mitigation (for repo transactions, securities or commodity lending or borrowing transactions, long settlement transactions and securities financing transactions)					-	
4	Comprehensive Approach for credit risk mitigation (for repo transactions, securities or commodity lending or borrowing transactions, long settlement transactions and securities financing transactions)					733,589	288,188
5	Value-at-Risk (VaR) for repo transactions, securities or commodity lending or borrowing transactions, long settlement transactions and securities financing transactions					-	_
6	Total						3,286,333

4.10.4.3 CONSOLIDATED CAPITAL REQUIREMENT FOR CREDIT VALUATION ADJUSTMENT (CVA)

		CURRENT PERIOD		PRIOR PERIOR)
		EAD POST-CRM	RWA	EAD POST-CRM	RWA
	Total portfolios subject to the Advanced CVA capital obligation		-		-
1	(i) VaR component (including the 3×multiplier)		-		-
2	(ii) Stressed VaR component (including the 3×multiplier)		-		-
3	All portfolios subject to the Standardised CVA capital obligation	8,994,534	3,420,329	4,641,950	1,591,396
4	Total subject to the CVA capital obligation	8,994,534	3,420,329	4,641,950	1,591,396

and Appendix

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Our Value Creation Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

> Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

4.10.4.4 CONSOLIDATED CCR EXPOSURES BY RISK CLASS AND RISK WEIGHTS

CURRENT PERIOD					R	ISK WEIGHT				
REGULATORY PORTFOLIO	0%	2%	10%	20%	50%	75%	100%	150%	OTHER	TOTALCREDIT EXPOSURE
Exposures to sovereigns and their central banks	119,190	-	-	-	486,670	-	310,327	-	-	916,187
Exposures to regional and local governments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures to administrative bodies and non-commer- cial entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	-	-	11
Exposures to multilateral development banks	13,031	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13,031
Exposures to international organizations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures to banks and brokerage houses	-	37,972	-	1,322,291	4,153,453	-	17,889	-	-	5,531,605
Exposures to corporates	-	-	-	8,895	29,979	-	3,351,642	-	-	3,390,516
Retail exposures	-	-	-	-	-	13,313		-	-	13,313
Exposures secured by property mortgages	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Past-due items	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures in high-risk categories	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures in the form of bonds secured by mortgages	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Securitization positions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Short term exposures to banks, brokerage houses and corporates	-	-	-	-	-		-	-		-
Exposures in the form of collective investment under- takings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Shares	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other exposures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	132,221	37,972	-	1,331,186	4,670,102	13,313	3,679,869	-	-	9,864,663

PRIOR PERIOD					R	ISK WEIGHT				
REGULATORY PORTFOLIO	0%	2%	10%	20%	50%	75%	100%	150%	OTHER	TOTAL CREDIT EXPOSURE
Exposures to sovereigns and their central banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	26,545	-	-	26,545
Exposures to regional and local governments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures to administrative bodies and non-commer- cial entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,914	-	-	11,914
Exposures to multilateral development banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures to international organizations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures to banks and brokerage houses	37	-	-	1,024,929	2,516,960	-	69,022	-	-	3,610,948
Exposures to corporates	611	-	-	9	16,009	-	1,701,011	-	-	1,717,640
Retail exposures	-	-	-	-	-	8,492	-	-	-	8,492
Exposures secured by property mortgages	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Past-due items	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	
Exposures in high-risk categories	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures in the form of bonds secured by mortgages	-	-	-	-	-	=		-	=	
Securitization positions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Short term exposures to banks, brokerage houses and corporates	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	
Exposures in the form of collective investment under- takings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Shares	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	
Other exposures	-	-	-	-		-	-		=	-
Other assets	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	
Total	648	-	-	1,024,938	2,532,969	8,492	1,808,492	-	-	5,375,539

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

4.10.4.5 COLLATERALS FOR CONSOLIDATED CCR

Reaching More Customers

CURRENT PERIOD Cash-domestic currency Cash-foreign currency Domestic sovereign debts Other sovereign debts Government agency debts	COI	LATERAL FOR DERIVA	COLLATERAL FOR OTHER TRANSACTIONS				
CURRENT PERIOD	FAIR VALUE OF COLLA	TERAL RECEIVED	FAIR VALUE OF COLL	ATERAL GIVEN	FAIR VALUE OF	FAIR VALUE OF	
	SEGREGATED	UNSEGREGATED	SEGREGATED	UNSEGREGATED	COLLATERAL RECEIVED	COLLATERAL GIVEN	
Cash-domestic currency	15,572	-	-	-	118,547	153,763	
Cash-foreign currency	7,732	-	-	-	3,580,798	1,423,469	
Domestic sovereign debts	-	-	=	=	152,722	1,361,583	
Other sovereign debts	-	-	=	=	1,398,680	1,069,544	
Government agency debts	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Corporate debts	-	-	-	-	-	879,893	
Equity securities	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other collateral	-	-	=	=	=	=	
Total	23,304	-	-	-	5,250,747	4,888,252	

	COL	LLATERAL FOR DERIVA	COLLATERAL FOR OTHER TRANSACTION					
PRIOR PERIOD	FAIR VALUE OF COLLA	TERAL RECEIVED	FAIR VALUE OF COLL	ATERAL GIVEN	FAIR VALUE OF	FAIR VALUE OF		
	SEGREGATED	UNSEGREGATED	SEGREGATED	UNSEGREGATED	COLLATERAL RECEIVED	COLLATERAL GIVEN		
Cash-domestic currency	1,960	-	-	-	94,504	92,118		
Cash-foreign currency	17,019	-	-	-	3,237,404	270,410		
Domestic sovereign debts	-	-	-	-	12,600	2,204,395		
Other sovereign debts	-	-	=	=	262,238	387,471		
Government agency debts	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Corporate debts	-	-	-	-	-	335,983		
Equity securities	-	-	_	-	79,518	-		
Other collateral	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Total	18,979	-	-	-	3,686,264	3,290,377		

4.10.4.6 CONSOLIDATED CREDIT DERIVATIVES I

CURRENT P	PRIOR PERIOD			
PROTECTION BOUGHT	PROTECTION SOLD	PROTECTION BOUGHT	PROTECTION SOLD	
-	-	-	-	
-	-	=	-	
-	17,147,156	=	14,870,724	
-	-	=	-	
-	-	=	-	
	17,147,156	-	14,870,724	
	(1,172,291)	-	(657,355)	
-	64,814	-	94,891	
-	(1,237,105)	-	(752,246)	
	PROTECTION BOUGHT		PROTECTION BOUGHT PROTECTION SOLD PROTECTION BOUGHT - - - - - - - 17,147,156 - - - - - 17,147,156 - - 17,147,156 - - 17,147,156 - - 17,147,156 -	

4.10.5 CONSOLIDATED SECURITISATIONS

None.



Corporate Governance

and Appendix

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Operational Excellence

Data and Technology

Our Value Creation Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Sustainability

4.10.6 CONSOLIDATED MARKET RISK

Introduction

4.10.6.1 QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURE ON CONSOLIDATED MARKET RISK

Market risk is managed in accordance with the strategy and policies defined by the Parent Bank. The Bank takes economic climate, market and liquidity conditions and their effects on market risk, the structure of portfolio subject to market risk, the sufficiency of the Bank's definition, measurement, evaluation, monitoring, reporting, control and mitigation of market risk and the availability of the related processes into account while defining the market risk management. Market risk strategy and policies are reviewed by the board of directors and related top management by considering financial performance, capital required for market risk, and the existing market developments. Market risk policy and procedures are being developed on bank-only and consolidated level in consideration of the size and complexity of the operations.

Market risk is managed through measuring the risks in parallel with the international standards, setting the limits, capital reserving and additionally through mitigating via hedging transactions.

The Market Risk function under Market and Structural Risk Department monitors the activities of Global Markets Trading Department via risk reports and the limits approved by the board of directors.

Market Risk, which is defined as the risk arising from the price fluctuations in balance sheet and off-balance sheet trading positions, is being calculated and reported daily via Value at Risk (VaR) Model.

4.10.6.2 CONSOLIDATED MARKET RISK UNDER STANDARDISED APPROACH

	RWA	(*)
	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Outright products	17,890,638	10,576,137
Interest rate risk (general and specific)	2,011,799	1,643,961
Equity risk (general and specific)	1,528,638	663,888
Foreign exchange risk	14,265,163	8,105,350
Commodity risk	85,038	162,938
Options	168,050	38,088
Simplified approach	-	=
Delta-plus method	168,050	38,088
Scenario approach	-	_
Securitisation	-	_
Total	18,058,688	10,614,225
	Interest rate risk (general and specific) Equity risk (general and specific) Foreign exchange risk Commodity risk Options Simplified approach Delta-plus method Scenario approach Securitisation	Outright products17,890,638Interest rate risk (general and specific)2,011,799Equity risk (general and specific)1,528,638Foreign exchange risk14,265,163Commodity risk85,038Options168,050Simplified approach-Delta-plus method168,050Scenario approach-Securitisation-

(*) According to "Bank Capital Regulation" article 10 paragraph 4, which published on Official Gazette dated 5th September 2013 and numbered 28756, banks calculated their consolidated capital with their consolidated insurance company investments as unconsolidated financial institutions if 9th article's 4th paragraph's (c) and (c) items apply. Lesser of consolidated capital calculated according to 1st and 4th paragraphs is considered the consolidated capital according to this regulation. As the consolidated capital calculated including the insurance affiliate is lesser, consolidated equity and the amounts subject to the market risk are calculated based on the consolidated financial statements including the insurance affiliate.

4.10.7 CONSOLIDATED OPERATIONAL RISKR

The value at consolidated operational risk is calculated according to the basic indicator approach as per the Article 24 of "Regulation regarding Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy Ratios of Banks".

The annual gross income is composed of net interest income and net non-interest income after deducting realised gains/losses from the sale of securities classified under financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income and financial assets measured at amortised cost, extraordinary income and income derived from insurance claims.



Financial Reports and Appendix

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

CURRENT PERIOD	31.12.2017	31.12.2018	31.12.2019	TOTAL/ NO. OF YEARS OF POSITIVE GROSS INCOME	RATE (%)	TOTAL
Gross Income	18,659,707	26,386,033	26,949,357	23,998,366	15	3,599,755
Value at Operational Risk (Total x % 12.5)						44,996,936
PRIOR PERIOD	31.12.2016	31.12.2017	31.12.2018	TOTAL/ NO. OF YEARS OF POSITIVE GROSS INCOME	RATE (%)	TOTAL
Gross Income	15,526,497	18,659,707	26,386,033	20,190,746	15	3,028,612
Value at Operational Risk (Total x % 12.5)						37.857.648

4.10.8 CONSOLIDATED BANKING BOOK INTEREST RATE RISK

4.10.8.1 NATURE OF INTEREST RATE RISK RESULTING FROM BANKING BOOK, MAJOR ASSUMPTIONS ON EARLY REPAYMENT OF LOANS AND MOVEMENTS IN DEPOSITS OTHER THAN TERM DEPOSITS AND FREQUENCY OF MEASURING INTEREST RATE RISK

The interest rate risk resulting from the banking book is assessed in terms of repricing risk, yield-curve risk, base risk and option risk, measured as per international standards and managed through limitations and mitigations through hedging transactions.

The interest sensitivity of assets, liabilities and off balance-sheet items are evaluated at the Weekly Review Committee and Monthly Asset-Liability Committee meetings considering also the market developments.

The measurement process of interest rate risk resulting from the banking book, is designed and managed by the Bank on a bankonly basis to include the interest rate positions defined as banking book by the Bank and to consider the relevant repricing and maturity data.

Within the scope of monitoring the re-pricing risk arising from maturity mismatch, the sensitivity of the durations/gap, economic value, economic capital, net interest income, earnings at risk, market price of securities portfolio are measured and the internal early warning and limit levels in this context are monitored and reported regularly. Calculated risk metrics and generated reports are used in the management of the balance sheet interest risk under the supervision of the Asset and Liability Committee. In the said analyses, the present value and the net interest income are calculated over the cash flows of the sensitive assets and liability items by using the yield curves constructed by using the market interest rates. For non-matured products, maturity is determined based on interest rate determination frequency and customer behaviour. These results are supported by periodic sensitivities and scenario analyses against fluctuations that may be experienced in the markets.

Early loan payments under the option risk are considered as unusual payments affecting the repayment of the principal above the regular payment plan, which changes the number and amount of the current payment plan. Within the scope of the early payment model studies, early payment data is based on total early payment and partial early payment distinction. Within the framework of internal net interest income and economic value calculations, early payment option is reflected in monthly reports considering the early payment assumption.

The interest rate risk resulting from the banking book is measured legally as per the "Regulation on Measurement and Evaluation of Interest Rate Risk Resulting from the Banking Book as per Standard Shock Method" published in the Official Gazette no.28034 dated 23 August 2011, and the legal limit as per this measurement is monitored and reported monthly. The capital level is maintained considering the interest rate risk resulting from the banking book.

The interest rate risk on the interest-rate-sensitive financial instruments of the trading portfolio is evaluated as part of the market risk.

Branches and lines of business are eliminated from interest rate risk through the transfer pricing system and these risks are transferred to the Asset and Liability Management Department (ALM) and managed by ALM in a central structure.

495



Introduction

About Garanti BBVA Our Value Creation Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19

Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

4.10.8.2 ECONOMIC VALUE DIFFERENCES RESULTED FROM INTEREST RATE INSTABILITIES CALCULATED ON A BANK-ONLY BASIS ACCORDING TO REGULATION ON MEASUREMENT AND EVALUATION OF INTEREST RATE RISK RESULTED FROM BANKING BOOK AS PER STANDARD SHOCK METHOD

CURF	RENT PERIOD	SHOCKS APPLIED		
ТҮРЕ	OF CURRENCY	RENCY (+/- BASIS POINTS) GAINS/LOSSES		GAINS/EQUITY-LOSSES/EQUITY
1	TL	(+) 500 bps	(6,209,372)	(8.56)%
2	TL	(-) 400 bps	5,872,483	8.09%
3	USD	(+) 200 bps	401,784	0.55%
4	USD	(-) 200 bps	(629,807)	(0.87)%
5	EUR	(+) 200 bps	1,446,619	1.99%
6	EUR	(-) 200 bps	(1,707,593)	(2.35)%
	Total (of negative shocks)		3,535,083	4,87%
	Total (of positive shocks)		(4,360,969)	(6,02)%

	SHOCKS APPLIED GAINS/LOSSES		PR PERIOD
AINS/EQUITY-LOSSES/EQUITY	GAINS/LOSSES	(+/- BASIS POINTS)	E OF CURRENCY
(7.21)%	(4,463,035)	(+) 500 bps	TL
6.72%	4,159,132	(-) 400 bps	TL
0.26%	158,722	(+) 200 bps	USD
(0.20) %	(124,234)	(-) 200 bps	USD
0.11%	65,395	(+) 200 bps	EUR
(0.08) %	(46,952)	(-) 200 bps	EUR
6,45%	3,987,946		Total (of negative shocks)
(6,85)%	(4,238,918)		Total (of positive shocks)

4.10.9 REMUNERATION POLICY

4.10.9.1 QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES REGARDING REMUNERATION POLICIES

4.10.9.1.1 DISCLOSURES RELATED WITH REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Bank's Remuneration Committee is comprised of two non-executive members of the board.

The committee convened for ten times during the year. The duties and responsibilities of the Committee include the following:

- To conduct the necessary monitoring and audit process in order to ensure that the remuneration policy and practices are implemented in accordance with the related laws and regulations and risk management principles;
- To review and if necessary, revise the remuneration policy at least once a year in order to ensure its compliance with the laws and regulations or market practices in Turkey;
- To determine and approve remuneration packages of the executive and non-executive Board of Directors, Chief Executive Officer and Executive Vice Presidents;
- To follow up the revision requirements of the policies, procedures and regulations related with its areas of responsibility and to take actions in order to ensure that they are kept updated.

The Bank has received consultancy service for compliance with the Guidelines on Sound Remuneration Practices in Banks. The fundamental principles of the remuneration policy are applicable for all bank employees.

The Bank board members, senior management and the Bank staff deemed to perform the functions having material impact on the Bank's risk profile are considered as identified staff; and by the end of 2020, the number of identified staff is 27.

Data and

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

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4.10.9.1.2 INFORMATION ON THE DESIGN AND STRUCTURE OF REMUNERATION PROCESS

The Bank relies on the following values while managing its Remuneration Policy. These values are considered in all compensation practices.

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- a. Fair
- b. Transparent

Reaching

More Customers

- c. Based on measurable and balanced performance targets
- d. Encouraging sustainable success
- e. In line with the Bank Risk Management Principles

The main objective of the Remuneration Policy is to maintain the internal and external balances in the remuneration structure. Internal balance is ensured with the principles of "equal pay for equal work" and performance-based remuneration". As for external balance, the data obtained from employee reward and benefit researches conducted by independent research organizations are taken into account.

The Remuneration Policy of 2020 is consistent with the previous period and no change was made in the Policy by the decision of Remuneration Committee.

Increases in the remuneration of employees working in the units responsible for internal systems are determined depending on the basic rate of increase specified by the Bank and their personal performances. In the variable remuneration, only the performance criteria associated with their personal performance or the performance of the unit that they work in are taken into account independently of the performance of the business units that they control.

4.10.9.1.3 EVALUATION ABOUT HOW THE BANK'S REMUNERATION PROCESSES TAKE THE CURRENT AND FUTURE RISKS INTO ACCOUNT

The Bank follows the Risk Management Principles while implementing the remuneration processes. It adopts the remuneration policies that are in line with Bank's long-term objectives and risk management structures and avoiding excessive risk-taking.

4.10.9.1.4 EVALUATION ABOUT HOW THE BANK ASSOCIATES VARIABLE REMUNERATIONS WITH PERFORMANCE

In the association of variable remunerations with performance, various indicators considered among financial and non-financial performance criteria specified by the Bank such as return on regulatory capital, efficiency, profitability, customer satisfaction (NTS), digital sales are taken into account.

In the variable remuneration for the identified staff, personal performance criteria, the Bank's performance criteria and BBVA Group's performance criteria are collectively taken into account. The weightings of such performances taken into account as such may vary according to the position of the identified staff member.

In case of occurrence of risky situations regarding capital adequacy or if and when necessary, Bank may pursue a more conservative policy in relation to all remuneration issues, particularly regarding variable remunerations. In this context, methodological changes such as deferral, retention, malus and clawback may be applied in relation to variable remunerations in accordance with the principles set out by the applicable laws.

4.10.9.1.5 EVALUATION ABOUT THE BANK'S METHODS TO ADJUST REMUNERATIONS ACCORDING TO LONG-TERM PERFORMANCE

Regarding variable remunerations of identified staff, it has been adopted based on the principles in the "Guidelines on Sound Remuneration Practices in Banks" that at least 40% of variable remunerations will be deferred for at least 3 years and at least 50% of it will be paid in non-cash instruments.

Remuneration Committee decided on that variable remuneration of identified staff is subject to cancellation and clawback.

497

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Financial Reports

and Appendix

498

Garanti BBVA

Our Value Creation Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

4.10.9.1.6 EVALUATION ABOUT THE INSTRUMENTS USED BY THE BANK FOR VARIABLE REMUNERATIONS AND THE PURPOSES OF USE OF SUCH INSTRUMENTS

The variable remunerations of identified staff are paid using cash and share-linked non-cash instruments. Considering the principles in the "Guidelines on Sound Remuneration Practices in Banks" variable remunerations of identified staff are paid both with cash and non-cash(share-linked) instruments. Regarding variable remunerations of identified staff for the financial period of 2020, BBVA shares are taken as referance for payments based on non-cash instruments.

The type and weight of non-cash instruments used in payment of variable remuneration are same for all identified staff.

5 DISCLOSURES AND FOOTNOTES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

5.1 CONSOLIDATED ASSETS

5.1.1 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

5.1.1.1 CASH AND BALANCES WITH CENTRAL BANK

	CURRENT P	CURRENT PERIOD		D
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Cash in TL/Foreign Currency	2,722,172	6,956,041	1,594,582	2,749,223
Central Bank of Turkey	4,274,948	40,444,718	1,691,395	33,942,897
Others	2	1,321,466	-	2,047,209
Total	6,997,122	48,722,225	3,285,977	38,739,329

Delenses with the Control Deals of Tarlow	CURRENT PERIOD		PRIOR PERIOD	
Balances with the Central Bank of Turkey	TL	FC	TL	FC
Unrestricted Demand Deposits	4,274,948	14,434,418	1,691,395	10,531,841
Unrestricted Time Deposits	-	-	-	-
Restricted Time Deposits	-	26,010,300	-	23,411,056
Total	4,274,948	40,444,718	1,691,395	33,942,897

The reserve deposits kept as per the Communique no. 2005/1 "Reserve Deposits" of the Central Bank of Turkey in Turkish Lira, foreign currencies and gold, are included in the table above.

5.1.1.2 BANKS BALANCES WITH THE CENTRAL BANK OF TURKEY

	CURRENT PE	CURRENT PERIOD		PRIOR PERIOD	
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Banks					
Domestic banks	486,817	161,010	502,368	41,583	
Foreign banks	296,152	21,417,556	245,492	18,792,746	
Foreign head office and branches	-	-	-	-	
Total	782,969	21,578,566	747,860	18,834,329	

The placements at foreign banks include blocked accounts amounting TL 2,423,914 (31 December 2019: TL 2,818,396) of which TL 2,222,619 (31 December 2019: TL 2,657,254) and TL 201,295 (31 December 2019: TL 161,142) are kept at the central banks of Malta and Turkish Republic of Northern Cyprus, respectively as reserve deposits.

Furthermore, there are restricted deposits at various domestic banks amounting TL 465,118 (31 December 2019: TL 413,230) as required for insurance activities.

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Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Operational Excellence

> Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

and Appendix

	CURRE	CURRENT PERIOD PRIOR PERIOD		
Due from foreign banks	RESTRICTED BALANCES	UNRESTRICTED BALANCES	RESTRICTED BALANCES	UNRESTRICTED BALANCES
EU Countries	6,560,799	2,222,619	10,385,577	2,657,254
USA, Canada	6,769,759	-	4,354,767	-
OECD Countries (*)	4,434,919	-	45,459	-
Off-shore Banking Regions	108	-	-	-
Others	1,524,209	201,295	1,434,039	161,142
Total	19,289,794	2,423,914	16,219,842	2,818,396

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(1) (OECD countries other than the EU countries, USA and Canada

5.1.1.3 EXPECTED CREDIT LOSSES FOR CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	CURRENT PE	CURRENT PERIOD		PRIOR PERIOD	
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Domestic Transactions	8,043,941	-	10,205,763	-	
Central Bank of Turkey	-	-	-	-	
Banks	8,003,922	-	10,205,763	-	
Others	40,019	-	-	-	
Foreign Transactions	-	1,662,847	-	453,693	
Central banks	-	-	-	-	
Banks	-	1,662,847	-	453,693	
Others	-	-	-	-	
Total	8,043,941	1,662,847	10,205,763	453,693	

5.1.1.4 EXPECTED CREDIT LOSSES FOR CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

CURRENT PERIOD	STAGE 1	STAGE 2	STAGE 3	TOTAL
Balances at Beginning of Period	168,916	-	-	168,916
Additions during the Period (+)	1,507,985	-	-	1,507,985
Disposal (-)	(1,309,774)	-	-	(1,309,774)
Transfer to Stage1	-	-	-	-
Transfer to Stage 2	-	-	-	-
Transfer to Stage 3	-	-	-	-
Foreign Currency Differences	52,212	-	-	52,212
Balances at End of Period	419,339	-	-	419,339

PRIOR PERIOD	STAGE 1	STAGE 2	STAGE 3	TOTAL
Balances at Beginning of Period	79,352	114	-	79,466
Additions during the Period (+)	424,971	3	-	424,974
Disposal (-)	(346,430)	(115)	-	(346,545)
Transfer to Stage1	2	(2)	-	-
Transfer to Stage 2	-	-	-	-
Transfer to Stage 3	-	-	-	-
Foreign Currency Differences	11,021	-	-	11,021
Balances at End of Period	168,916	-	-	168,916



Our Value Creation



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Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Sustainability

5.1.2 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT/LOSS

5.1.2.1 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT/LOSS SUBJECT TO REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS AND PROVIDED AS COLLATERAL/BLOCKED

	CURRENT PERIOD		PRIOR PE	RIOD
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Collateralised/Blocked Assets	209,690	-	23,712	-
Assets Subject to Repurchase Agreements	7,444	-	26,860	-
Total	217,134		50,572	

5.1.2.2 FINANCIAL ASSETS MEASURED AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	CURRENT	CURRENT PERIOD		PRIOR PERIOD	
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Government Securities	759,526	2,153,945	370,765	91,126	
Equity Securities	547,867	54,021	303,272	30,148	
Other Financial Assets (*)	48,829	4,818,543	18,701	4,405,288	
Total	1,356,222	7,026,509	692,738	4,526,562	

(*)Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss include loan amounting to USD 756,288,034 (31 December 2019:USD 710,182,828) provided to a special purpose entity. As detailed in Note 5.1.9.2, according to the decision made at the 2018 annual general assembly of related special purpose entity, it was decided to increase the capital of the special purpose entity by TL 3,982,230, all of which will be covered by common receivables. After the capital increase, USD 154,885,708 of the related loan, which corresponds to the share of receivables in the Bank, has been paid off.

5.1.3 FINANCIAL ASSETS MEASURED AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

5.1.3.1 FINANCIAL ASSETS SUBJECT TO REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS AND PROVIDED AS COLLATERAL/BLOCKED

	CURRENT PERIOD		PRIOR PERIOD	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Collateralised/Blocked Assets	12,817,253	3,061,618	1,528,597	1,947,081
Assets subject to Repurchase Agreements	-	219,574	12,674	1,115,469
Total	12,817,253	3,281,192	1,541,271	3,062,550

5.1.3.2 DETAILS OF FINANCIAL ASSETS MEASURED AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Debt Securities	31,256,078	24,083,685
Quoted at Stock Exchange	31,256,078	24,083,685
Unquoted at Stock Exchange	-	-
Common Shares/Investment Fund	8,385	132,968
Quoted at Stock Exchange	4,491	4,491
Unquoted at Stock Exchange	3,894	128,477
Value Increase/Impairment Losses (-)	5,521,102	4,426,876
Total	36,785,565	28,643,529

Expected losses of TL 134,280 (31 December 2019: TL 86,057) is accounted under shareholders' equity for financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income.

Data and Technology

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Operational Excellence

5.1.4 DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL ASSETS

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5.1.4.1 POSITIVE DIFFERENCES ON DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL ASSETS MEASURED AT FVTPL

Information on positive differences on derivative financial assets measured at FVTPL classified in derivative financial assets is as follows;

CURRENT PERIOD		PRIOR PERIOD	
TL	FC	TL	FC
372,828	24,911	182,769	15,947
1,614,096	2,059,196	848,634	1,123,196
-	5,315	-	8,488
26,142	54,240	91,162	269,828
=	671	-	169
2,013,066	2,144,333	1,122,565	1,417,628
	TL 372,828 1,614,096 - 26,142 -	TL FC 372,828 24,911 1,614,096 2,059,196 - 5,315 26,142 54,240 - 671	TL FC TL 372,828 24,911 182,769 1,614,096 2,059,196 848,634 - 5,315 - 26,142 54,240 91,162 - 671 -

5.1.4.2 POSITIVE DIFFERENCES ON DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS HELD FOR HEDGING PURPOSE

	CURRENT PERIO	PRIOR PERIOD		
DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL ASSETS HELD FOR	TL	FC	TL	FC
Fair Value Hedges	-	-	11,345	6,675
Cash Flow Hedges	447,705	9,448	424,273	17,071
Net Foreign Investment Hedges	-	-	-	-
Total	447,705	9,448	435,618	23,746

As of 31 December 2020, the face values and the net fair values, recognised in the balance sheet, of the derivative financial instruments held for hedging purpose, are summarized below:

	CURRENT PERIOD			PRIOR PERIOD		
	FACE VALUE	ASSET	LIABILITY	FACE VALUE	ASSET	LIABILITY
Interest Rate Swaps	38,326,836	26,295	759,790	60,262,126	24,851	1,123,464
-TL	3,860,000	26,295	61,946	21,365,030	14,243	698,842
-FC	34,466,836	-	697,844	38,897,096	10,608	424,622
Cross Currency Swaps	3,134,232	423,881	139,983	5,003,466	430,655	71,954
-TL	1,183,661	421,410	71,706	1,008,284	421,375	45,966
-FC	1,950,571	2,471	68,277	3,995,182	9,280	25,988
Currency Forwards	42,320	-	846	-	-	-
-TL	21,523	-	-	-	-	-
-FC	20,797	-	846	-	-	-
Interest Rate Options	784,518	6,977	-	681,979	3,858	-
-TL	-	-	-	-	-	-
-FC	784,518	6,977	-	681,979	3,858	-
Total	42,287,906	457,153	900,619	65,947,571	459,364	1,195,418

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> Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

and Appendix

Our 2020 Material

Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

5.1.4.3 FAIR VALUE HEDGE ACCOUNTING

CURRENT PERIOD

HEDGING ITEM H	HEDGED ITEM	TYPE OF RISK	FAIR VALUE CHANGE OF HEDGED ITEM	NET FAIR VALUE CHANGE OF HEDGING ITEM		INCOME STATEMENT EFFECT (GAINS/ LOSSES FROM DERIVATIVE	
				ASSET	LIABILITY	FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS)	
Interest Rate Swaps	Fixed-rate commercial loans	Interest rate risk	12,559	-	(27,070)	(14,511)	
Interest Rate Swaps	Fixed-rate mortgage loans	Interest rate risk	=	-	-	=	
Interest Rate Swaps	Fixed-rate securities	Interest rate risk	348,896	-	(400,750)	(51,854)	
Cross Currency Swaps	Fixed-rate securities	Interest rate and foreigr currency exchange rate risk	3,228	-	(67,438)	(64,210)	

PRIOR PERIOD

HEDGING ITEM HE	HEDGED ITEM	TYPE OF RISK	FAIR VALUE CHANGE OF HEDGED ITEM -	NET FAIR VALUE CHANGE OF HEDGING ITEM		INCOME STATEMENT EFFECT (GAINS/ LOSSES FROM DERIVATIVE	
			HEDGED HEM -	ASSET	LIABILITY	FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS)	
Interest Rate Swaps	Fixed-rate commercial loans	Interest rate risk	147,422	6,224	(186,490)	(32,844)	
Interest Rate Swaps	Fixed-rate mortgage loans	Interest rate risk	14,063	1,691	(15,774)	(20)	
Interest Rate Swaps	Fixed-rate securities	Interest rate risk	200,330	4,690	(234,896)	(29,876)	
Cross Currency Swaps	Fixed-rate securities	Interest rate and foreigr currency exchange rate risk	n 6,809	5,415	(23,544)	(11,320)	

5.1.4.4 CASH FLOW HEDGE ACCOUNTING

CURRENT PERIOD

HEDGING ITEM HEDGED ITEM		TYPE OF RISK	FAIR VALUE CHANGE OF HEDGED ITEM		GAINS/LOSSES ACCOUNTED UNDER SHAREHOLDERS'	GAINS/LOSSES ACCOUNTED UNDER INCOME	INEFFECTIVE PORTION (NET) ACCOUNTED
			ASSET	LIABILITY	EQUITY IN THE PERIOD	STATEMENT IN THE PERIOD	UNDER INCOME STATEMENT
Interest Rate Swaps	Floating-rate funds borrowed	Cash flow risk resulted from change in market interest rates	-	(123,688)	(112,416)	(14,968)	(6,424)
Interest Rate Swaps	Floating-rate deposit	Cash flow risk resulted from change in market interest rates	26,295	(208,282)	(36,543)	(61,559)	(19,436)
Cross Currency Swaps	Floating-rate funds borrowed	Cash flow risk resulted from change in market interest rates and foreign currency exchange rates	420,866	(46,409)	(41,184)	(19,599)	-
Cross Currency Swaps	Fixed-rate funds borrowed	Cash flow risk resulted from change in market interest rates and foreign currency exchange rates	3,015	(26,136)	9,503	(9,766)	-
Currency Forwards	Floating-rate funds borrowed	Cash flow risk resulted from change in market interest rates and foreign currency exchange rates	-	(846)	136	473	-
Interest Rate Options	Floating-rate funds borrowed	Cash flow risk resulted from change in market interest rates and foreign currency exchange rates	6,977	-	902	-	-
	Mile payments	Cash flow risk resulted from foreign currency exchange rates	-	-	(3,338)	-	-
Spot Position (*)	Expected investment expenditures	Cash flow risk resulted from foreign currency exchange rates	-	-	(24,655)	-	-
Spot Position (*)	Expected eurobond coupon revenues	Cash flow risk resulted from foreign currency exchange rates	-	-	24,655	-	-

(*) Consists of foreign currency items on the asset side of the balance sheet. (**) Consists of foreign currency items on the liabilities side of the balance sheet.

In the current period, the amount reclassified from the shareholders' equity to the statement of profit or loss due to the ceased hedging transactions is TL (154,611) and the amount recognized in equity is TL 131,477.

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Financial Report and Appendix

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

PRIOR PERIOD

HEDGING ITEM HEDGED ITEM		TYPE OF RISK	FAIR VALUE CHANGE OF HEDGED ITEM PE OF RISK A		GAINS/LOSSES ACCOUNTED UNDER	GAINS/LOSSES ACCOUNTED	INEFFECTIVE	
			ASSET	LIABILITY	SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY IN THE PERIOD	UNDER INCOME STATEMENT IN THE PERIOD	PORTION (NET) ACCOUNTED UNDER INCOME STATEMENT	
Interest Rate Swaps	Floating-rate funds borrowed	Cash flow risk resulted from change in market interest rates	7,075	(24,103)	(57,593)	42,611	831	
Interest Rate Swaps	Floating-rate deposit	Cash flow risk resulted from change in market interest rates	5,171	(662,201)	(189,384)	414,925	(12,174)	
Cross Currency Swaps	Floating-rate funds borrowed	Cash flow risk resulted from change in market interest rates and foreign currency exchange rates	419,346	(82)	(34,928)	(11,946)	-	
Cross Currency Swaps	Fixed-rate funds borrowed	Cash flow risk resulted from change in market interest rates and foreign currency exchange rates	5,894	(48,328)	(15,843)	14,482	-	
Interest Rate Options	Floating-rate funds borrowed	Cash flow risk resulted from change in market interest rates and foreign currency exchange rates	3,858	-	535	-	-	

In the current period, the amount reclassified from the shareholders' equity to the statement of profit or loss due to the ceased hedging transactions is TL (50,017) and the amount recognized in equity is TL 10,677.

5.1.5 LOANS

5.1.5.1 LOANS AND ADVANCES TO SHAREHOLDERS AND EMPLOYEES OF THE BANK

	CURRENT PE	RIOD	PRIOR PERI	OD
	CASH LOANS	NON-CASH LOANS	CASH LOANS	NON-CASH LOANS
Direct Lendings to Shareholders		878,143	62	603,746
Corporates	-	878,143	62	603,746
Individuals	-	-	-	-
Indirect Lendings to Shareholders	157,227	46,804	28,717	42,166
Loans to Employees	475,934	30	423,432	56
Total	633,161	924,977	452,211	645,968



Our 2020 Material

Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

5.1.5.2 PERFORMING LOANS AND LOANS UNDER FOLLOW-UP INCLUDING RESTRUCTURED LOANS, AND PROVISIONS ALLOCATED FOR SUCH LOANS LOANS MEASURED AT AMORTISED COST

Loans measured at amortised cost

CURRENT PERIOD			LOANS UNDER FOLLOW-UP	
	PERFORMING		RESTRUCTURED	
CASH LOANS (*)(**)		NON-RESTRUCTURED —	REVISED CONTRACT TERMS	REFINANCED
Loans	276,811,710	38,490,252	14,616,905	5,101,354
Working Capital Loans	54,797,706	5,888,387	1,092,210	2,637,340
Export Loans	27,270,952	1,190,085	121,912	134,943
Import Loans	1,440,733	-	-	-
Loans to Financial Sector	12,418,491	332,935	540	-
Consumer Loans	53,407,623	15,948,115	2,886,099	59,449
Credit Cards	29,180,808	3,717,502	422,390	-
Others	98,295,397	11,413,228	10,093,754	2,269,622
Specialization Loans		-	-	-
Other Receivables	8,459,960	804,310	243,682	21,921
Total	285,271,670	39,294,562	14,860,587	5,123,275

(*) Non-performing loans are not included. (**) As of 31 December 2020, based on the resolution of the BRSA dated 27 March 2020 and numbered 8970 and dated 8 December 2020 and numbered 9312; starting from 17 March 2020 until 30 June 2021, the total amount of the loans that continued to be classified as stage 1 which have past due days between 30 days and 90 days is amounting to TL 176,155 thousands.

PRIOR PERIOD		LOANS UNDER FOLLOW-UP				
	PERFORMING		RESTRUCTURED			
CASH LOANS (*)		NON-RESTRUCTURED —	REVISED CONTRACT TERMS	REFINANCED		
Loans	221,544,221	26,191,796	2,609,325	8,861,675		
Working Capital Loans	41,870,625	3,948,376	202,613	2,703,923		
Export Loans	19,656,411	1,127,858	68,174	166,605		
Import Loans	675,825	-	-	-		
Loans to Financial Sector	6,258,761	836,425	-	-		
Consumer Loans	50,240,567	5,375,456	986,483	51,573		
Credit Cards	23,994,909	2,985,436	476,277	-		
Others	78,847,123	11,918,245	875,778	5,939,574		
Specialization Loans			-	-		
Other Receivables	6,595,395	520,932	275,128	12,058		
Total	228,139,616	26,712,728	2,884,453	8,873,733		

(*) Non-performing loans are not included.

Data and Technology

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Operational Excellence

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CURRENT PERIOD		RPORATE/ MMERCIAL LOANS		NSUMER .OANS		IANCIAL LEASE	FAC	TORING		TOTAL
	TL	FC	TL	FC	TL	FC	TL	FC	TL	FC
Performing Loans (Stage 1)	101,713,021	98,184,079	70,568,515	6,330,171	1,437,779	4,266,055	2,063,811	708,239	175,783,126	109,488,544
Loans under Follow-up (Stage 2)	14,332,038	21,820,491	21,034,699	1,021,280	172,603	875,033	22,280	-	35,561,620	23,716,804
Total Stage 1 and 2 Loans	116,045,059	120,004,570	91,603,214	7,351,451	1,610,382	5,141,088	2,086,091	708,239	211,344,746	133,205,348
Expected Credit losses-Stage 1-2 (-)	2,941,502	5,752,809	1,718,989	110,398	43,955	167,867	17,318	841	4,721,764	6,031,915
Total Non-performing Loans	5,549,537	7,107,478	2,277,695	294,125	208,367	548,871	118,958	13,281	8,154,557	7,963,755
Expected Credit losses-Stage 3 (-)	4,175,931	3,811,057	1,466,325	213,753	146,356	282,100	106,281	13,281	5,894,893	4,320,191

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PRIOR PERIOD	CON	RPORATE/ MERCIAL LOANS		NSUMER .OANS		IANCIAL LEASE	FAC	TORING		TOTAL
	FACTORING	TOTAL	TL	YP	TL	YP	TL	YP	TL	YP
Performing Loans (Stage 1)	71,676,204	79,963,458	64,992,132	4,912,432	765,055	3,755,861	1,642,376	432,098	139,075,767	89,063,849
Loans under Follow-up (Stage 2)	11,401,413	17,141,657	8,326,340	793,386	143,247	648,940	15,931	-	19,886,931	18,583,983
Total Stage 1 and 2 Loans	83,077,617	97,105,115	73,318,472	5,705,818	908,302	4,404,801	1,658,307	432,098	158,962,698	107,647,832
Expected Credit losses-Stage 1-2 (-)	1,525,196	2,728,834	811,465	55,351	25,517	102,513	11,582	257	2,373,760	2,886,955
Total Non-performing Loans	7,287,770	7,476,032	3,292,189	243,586	418,332	452,719	150,872	188,886	11,149,163	8,361,223
Expected Credit losses-Stage 3 (-)	5,056,944	3,961,370	2,230,907	179,310	232,217	208,618	127,929	185,639	7,647,997	4,534,937

	CURRENT PE	RIOD	PRIOR PERIOD	
	PERFORMING LOANS	LOANS UNDER FOLLOW-UP	PERFORMING LOANS	LOANS UNDER F OLLOW-UP
12-Month ECL (Stage 1)	2,189,211	-	1,227,132	-
Significant Increase in Credit Risk (Stage 2)	-	8,564,468	-	4,033,583

As of 31 December 2020, loans amounting to TL 3,723,673 are benefited as collateral under funding transactions (31 December 2019: TL 3,873,550).

Collaterals received for loans under follow-up

CURRENT PERIOD	CORPORATE / COMMERCIAL LOANS	CONSUMER	CREDIT CARDS	TOTAL
Loans Collateralized by Cash	801,533	85,105	-	886,638
Loans Collateralized by Mortgages / Shares	16,723,605	4,420,193	-	21,143,798
Loans Collateralized by Pledged Assets	3,780,513	283,672	-	4,064,185
Loans Collateralized by Cheques and Notes	85,723	8,413	-	94,136
Loans Collateralized by Other Collaterals	10,924,606	13,326,871	-	24,251,477
Unsecured Loans	3,928,889	769,409	4,139,892	8,838,190
Total	36,244,869	18,893,663	4,139,892	59,278,424

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

and Appendix

Introduction	About	
Introduction	Garanti BBVA	

506

Our Value Creation Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19

Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

PRIOR PERIOD	CORPORATE / COMMERCIAL LOANS	CONSUMER LOANS	CREDIT CARDS	TOTAL
Loans Collateralized by Cash	419,617	18,009	-	437,626
Loans Collateralized by Mortgages / Shares	13,590,835	2,929,497	-	16,520,332
Loans Collateralized by Pledged Assets	2,167,317	186,050	-	2,353,367
Loans Collateralized by Cheques and Notes	104,960	3,402	-	108,362
Loans Collateralized by Other Collaterals	8,567,017	2,680,188	-	11,247,205
Unsecured Loans	3,745,943	596,366	3,461,713	7,804,022
Total	28,595,689	6,413,512	3,461,713	38,470,914

Delinquency periods of loans under follow-up

CURRENT PERIOD (*)	CORPORATE / COMMERCIAL LOANS	CONSUMER LOANS	CREDIT CARDS	TOTAL
31-60 days	273,322	670,489	110,504	1,054,315
61-90 days	280,450	263,561	48,629	592,640
Other	35,691,097	17,959,613	3,980,759	57,631,469
Total	36,244,869	18,893,663	4,139,892	59,278,424

(*) As of 31 December 2020, based on the resolution of the BRSA dated 17 March 2020 and numbered 8948 and dated 8 December 2020 and numbered 9312; starting from 17 March 2020 until 30 June 2021, the total amount of the loans that continued to be classified as stage 2 which have past due days between 90 days and 180 days is amounting to TL 1,300,763.

PRIOR PERIOD	CORPORATE / COMMERCIAL LOANS	CONSUMER LOANS	CREDIT CARDS	TOTAL
31-60 days	578,372	965,769	169,562	1,713,703
61-90 days	552,336	292,979	62,670	907,985
Other	27,464,981	5,154,764	3,229,481	35,849,226
Total	28,595,689	6,413,512	3,461,713	38,470,914

5.1.5.3 MATURITY ANALYSIS OF CASH LOANS

	PERFORMING LC OTHER RECEI		LOANS UNDER FOLLOW-UP AND OTHER RECEIVABLES		
CURRENT PERIOD	LOANS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES	LOANS AND RECEIVABLES WITH REVISED CONTRACT TERMS	LOANS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES	LOANS AND RECEIVABLES WITH REVISED CONTRACT TERMS	
Short-Term Loans	118,193,873	265,317	8,404,611	677,672	
Loans	113,147,788	265,317	8,182,242	563,022	
Specialization Loans	-	-	-	-	
Other Receivables	5,046,085	-	222,369	114,650	
Medium and Long-Term Loans	155,485,699	11,326,781	26,723,458	23,472,683	
Loans	152,071,824	11,326,781	26,141,517	23,321,730	
Specialization Loans	-	-	-	-	
Other Receivables	3,413,875	-	581,941	150,953	
Total	273,679,572	11,592,098	35,128,069	24,150,355	

Data and Technology The Best and Most Engaged Team

Corporate Governance

Financial Report and Appendix

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

	PERFORMING LC OTHER RECEI		LOANS UNDER FOLLOW-UP AND OTHER RECEIVABLES		
PRIOR PERIOD	LOANS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES	LOANS AND RECEIVABLES WITH REVISED CONTRACT TERMS	LOANS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES	LOANS AND RECEIVABLES WITH REVISED CONTRACT TERMS	
Short-Term Loans	79,163,645	53,417	6,952,751	709,023	
Loans	75,387,931	53,417	6,797,191	572,109	
Specialization Loans	-	-	-	-	
Other Receivables	3,775,714	-	155,560	136,914	
Medium and Long-Term Loans	144,046,629	4,875,925	19,605,401	11,203,739	
Loans	141,226,948	4,875,925	19,240,029	11,053,467	
Specialization Loans	-	-	-	-	
Other Receivables	2,819,681	-	365,372	150,272	
Total	223,210,274	4,929,342	26,558,152	11,912,762	

5.1.5.4 CONSUMER LOANS, RETAIL CREDIT CARDS, PERSONNEL LOANS AND PERSONNEL CREDIT CARDS

CURRENT PERIOD	SHORT-TERM	MEDIUM AND LONG-TERM	TOTAL
Consumer Loans - TL	1,312,986	61,142,502	62,455,488
Housing Loans	18,390	21,264,889	21,283,279
Automobile Loans	150,350	1,941,950	2,092,300
General Purpose Loans	1,144,246	37,935,663	39,079,909
Others	-	-	-
Consumer Loans - FC-indexed	-	148,475	148,475
Housing Loans	-	148,475	148,475
Automobile Loans	-	-	-
General Purpose Loans	-	-	-
Others	-	-	-
Consumer Loans - FC	1,140,432	5,597,356	6,737,788
Housing Loans	211,993	3,514,446	3,726,439
Automobile Loans	-	16,709	16,709
General Purpose Loans	388,306	1,329,661	1,717,967
Others	540,133	736,540	1,276,673
Retail Credit Cards - TL	25,699,907	290,857	25,990,764
With Installment	12,675,471	290,857	12,966,328
Without Installment	13,024,436	-	13,024,436
Retail Credit Cards – FC	372,767	8,381	381,148
With Installment	-	-	-
Without Installment	372,767	8,381	381,148
Personnel Loans - TL	38,381	179,691	218,072
Housing Loan	-	808	808
Automobile Loans	-	-	-
General Purpose Loans	38,381	178,883	217,264
Others	-	-	-
Personnel Loans - FC-indexed	-	-	-
Housing Loans	-	-	-
Automobile Loans	-	-	-
General Purpose Loans	-	-	-
Others	-	-	-
Personnel Loans - FC	10,232	84,375	94,607

507

508

About Garanti BBVA Our Value Creation Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Total	31,369,928	67,452,360	98,822,288
Deposit Accounts- FC (Real Persons)	-	-	-
Deposit Accounts- TL (Personnel)	14,165	-	14,165
Deposit Accounts- TL (Real Persons)	2,632,691	-	2,632,691
Without Installment	5,421	110	5,531
With Installment	-	-	-
Personnel Credit Cards - FC	5,421	110	5,531
Without Installment	92,425	-	92,425
With Installment	50,521	613	51,134
Personnel Credit Cards - TL	142,946	613	143,559
Others	1,222	12,031	13,253
General Purpose Loans	5,759	31,230	36,989
Automobile Loans	-	-	-
Housing Loans	3,251	41,114	44,365

PRIOR PERIOD	SHORT-TERM	MEDIUM AND LONG-TERM	TOTAL
Consumer Loans - TL	1,594,709	47,435,809	49,030,518
Housing Loans	16,384	19,452,893	19,469,277
Automobile Loans	148,863	1,675,140	1,824,003
General Purpose Loans	1,427,774	26,307,776	27,735,550
Others	1,688	-	1,688
Consumer Loans - FC-indexed	-	153,013	153,013
Housing Loans	-	153,013	153,013
Automobile Loans	-	-	-
General Purpose Loans	-	-	-
Others	-	-	-
Consumer Loans - FC	840,787	4,282,561	5,123,348
Housing Loans	141,006	2,623,272	2,764,278
Automobile Loans	185	18,319	18,504
General Purpose Loans	291,602	1,089,953	1,381,555
Others	407,994	551,017	959,011
Retail Credit Cards - TL	21,363,651	370,358	21,734,009
With Installment	9,822,361	370,358	10,192,719
Without Installment	11,541,290	-	11,541,290
Retail Credit Cards - FC	397,299	15,602	412,901
With Installment	-	-	-
Without Installment	397,299	15,602	412,901
Personnel Loans - TL	36,453	156,398	192,851
Housing Loan	-	724	724
Automobile Loans	-	19	19
General Purpose Loans	36,453	155,655	192,108
Others	-	-	-
Personnel Loans - FC-indexed			-
Housing Loans	-	-	-
Automobile Loans	-	-	-
General Purpose Loans	-	-	-
Others	-	-	-
Personnel Loans - FC	8,321	70,228	78,549
Housing Loans	2,204	32,571	34,775

Data and Technology

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Operational Excellence

Reaching More Customers

Automobile Loans

4,759 27,611 32,370

General Purpose Loans	4,759	27,611	32,370
Others	1,358	10,046	11,404
Personnel Credit Cards - TL	131,752	529	132,281
With Installment	46,745	529	47,274
Without Installment	85,007	-	85,007
Personnel Credit Cards - FC	6,233	193	6,426
With Installment	-	-	-
Without Installment	6,233	193	6,426
Deposit Accounts- TL (Real Persons)	2,062,475		2,062,475
Deposit Accounts- TL (Personnel)	13,325		13,325
Deposit Accounts- FC (Real Persons)			
Total	26,455,005	52,484,691	78,939,696

5.1.5.5 INSTALLMENT BASED COMMERCIAL LOANS AND CORPORATE CREDIT CARDS

CURRENT PERIOD	SHORT-TERM	MEDIUM AND LONG-TERM	TOTAL
Installment-based Commercial Loans - TL	1,201,606	10,357,196	11,558,802
Real Estate Loans	797	684,036	684,833
Automobile Loans	322,558	3,238,507	3,561,065
General Purpose Loans	878,251	6,434,653	7,312,904
Others	-	-	-
Installment-based Commercial Loans - FC-indexed		352,872	352,872
Real Estate Loans	-	47,604	47,604
Automobile Loans	-	50,229	50,229
General Purpose Loans	-	255,039	255,039
Others	-	-	-
Installment-based Commercial Loans - FC	3,495,773	4,078,186	7,573,959
Real Estate Loans	-	-	-
Automobile Loans	2,937	180,419	183,356
General Purpose Loans	-	88,733	88,733
Others	3,492,836	3,809,034	7,301,870
Corporate Credit Cards - TL	6,532,632	248,274	6,780,906
With Installment	3,209,845	248,274	3,458,119
Without Installment	3,322,787	-	3,322,787
Corporate Credit Cards - FC	18,792	-	18,792
With Installment	-	-	-
Without Installment	18,792	-	18,792
Deposit Accounts- TL (Corporates)	1,739,236	-	1,739,236
Deposit Accounts- FC (Corporates)		-	-
Total	12,988,039	15,036,528	28,024,567

PRIOR PERIOD	SHORT-TERM	MEDIUM AND LONG-TERM	TOTAL
Installment-based Commercial Loans - TL	698,237	10,937,099	11,635,336
Real Estate Loans	1,532	541,123	542,655
Automobile Loans	128,728	2,008,812	2,137,540
General Purpose Loans	567,977	8,387,164	8,955,141
Others	-	-	-
Installment-based Commercial Loans - FC-indexed		768,231	768,231
Real Estate Loans	-	48,785	48,785
Automobile Loans	-	155,719	155,719
General Purpose Loans	-	563,727	563,727
Others	-	-	-

The Best and Most Engaged Team

Corporate Governance

and Appendix

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish



510

Our Value Creation



Financial Health

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Installment-based Commercial Loans – FC	2,544,604	2,728,533	5,273,137
Real Estate Loans	-	-	-
Automobile Loans	-	140,909	140,909
General Purpose Loans	222	102,257	102,479
Others	2,544,382	2,485,367	5,029,749
Corporate Credit Cards – TL	5,002,179	135,481	5,137,660
With Installment	1,830,025	135,481	1,965,506
Without Installment	3,172,154	=	3,172,154
Corporate Credit Cards - FC	33,345		33,345
With Installment	-	-	-
Without Installment	33,345	-	33,345
Deposit Accounts- TL (Corporates)	1,336,839	-	1,336,839
Deposit Accounts- FC (Corporates)	-		
Total	9,615,204	14,569,344	24,184,548

5.1.5.6 ALLOCATION OF LOANS BY CUSTOMERS (*)

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Public Sector	945,731	300,854
Private Sector	343,604,363	266,309,676
Total	344,550,094	266,610,530

(*) Non-performing loans are not included.

5.1.5.7 ALLOCATION OF DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN LOANS (*)

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Domestic Loans	311,297,812	241,117,177
Foreign Loans	33,252,282	25,493,353
Total	344,550,094	266,610,530

(*) Non-performing loans are not included.

5.1.5.8 LOANS TO ASSOCIATES AND SUBSIDIARIES

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Direct Lending	722,522	118,232
Indirect Lending	-	-
Total	722,522	118,232

5.1.5.9 PROVISION ALLOCATED FOR NON-PERFORMING LOANS (STAGE 3)

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Substandard Loans- Limited Collectability	383,555	1,274,532
Doubtful Loans	507,631	3,227,456
Uncollectible Loans	9,323,898	7,680,946
Total	10,215,084	12,182,934

Data and Technology

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

5.1.5.10 NON-PERFORMING LOANS (NPLS) (NET)

Reaching More Customers

Non-performing loans and loans restructured from this category

Operational Excellence

	GROUP III	GROUP IV	GROUP V
CURRENT PERIOD	SUBSTANDARD LOANS	DOUBTFUL LOANS	UNCOLLECTIBLE LOANS
Gross amounts before provisions	198,077	331,103	3,870,900
Restructured Loans	198,077	331,103	3,870,900
PRIOR PERIOD			
Gross amounts before provisions	917,130	2,851,375	1,114,141
Restructured Loans	917,130	2,851,375	1,114,141

Movements in non-performing loan groups

	GROUP III	GROUP IV	GROUP V
CURRENT PERIOD	SUBSTANDARD LOANS	DOUBTFUL LOANS	UNCOLLECTIBLE LOANS
Balances at End of Prior Period	2,603,803	5,246,849	11,659,734
Additions during the Period (+)	997,420	962,942	493,413
Transfer from Other NPL Categories (+)	97,374	2,692,721	7,223,925
Transfer to Other NPL Categories (-)	2,698,999	7,254,399	60,622
Collections during the Period (-)	346,504	991,956	1,989,216
Write down /Write-offs (-) (*)	1,503	1,201	4,738,218
Debt Sale (-) (**)	50,970	-	96,040
Corporate and Commercial Loans	50,970	-	34,590
Retail Loans	-	-	61,370
Credit Cards	-	-	80
Other	-	-	-
Foreign Currency Differences	161,784	314,844	1,893,131
Balances at End of Period	762,405	969,800	14,386,107
Provisions (-)	383,555	507,631	9,323,898
Net Balance on Balance Sheet	378,850	462,169	5,062,209

	GROUP III	GROUP IV	GROUP V
PRIOR PERIOD	SUBSTANDARD LOANS	DOUBTFUL LOANS	UNCOLLECTIBLE LOANS
Balances at End of Prior Period	3,147,412	5,035,594	5,570,378
Additions during the Period (+)	8,276,247	1,308,238	254,130
Transfer from Other NPL Categories (+)	78,808	8,148,723	8,735,761
Transfer to Other NPL Categories (-)	8,164,400	8,723,026	75,866
Collections during the Period (-)	833,163	879,932	1,279,552
Write down / Write-offs (-)	149	57	875,986
Debt Sale (-) (**)	-	4,101	1,022,714
Corporate and Commercial Loans	-	1,762	221,039

The Best and Most Engaged Team

Corporate Governance

Convenience Translation of Financial

and Appendix

Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Garanti BBVA

Our Value Creation Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Net Balance on Balance Sheet	1,329,271	2,019,393	3,978,788
Provisions (-)	1,274,532	3,227,456	7,680,946
Balances at End of Period	2,603,803	5,246,849	11,659,734
Foreign Currency Differences	99,048	361,410	353,583
Other	-	-	-
Credit Cards	-	687	312,374
Retail Loans	-	1,652	489,301

(*) Details are disclosed in note 5.1.5.13.1 Disclosures on write down policy.
(**) All consists of sale of non-performing loans.

Non-performing loans in foreign currencies

	GROUP III	GROUP IV	GROUP V	
CURRENT PERIOD	SUBSTANDARD LOANS AND RECEIVABLES	DOUBTFUL LOANS AND RECEIVABLES	UNCOLLECTIBLE LOANS AND RECEIVABLES	
Balance at End of Period	689,290	232,526	7,920,664	
Provisions (-)	354,238	161,771	4,487,206	
Net Balance at Balance Sheet	335,052	70,755	3,433,458	
PRIOR PERIOD				
Balance at End of Period	1,051,988	2,041,425	6,040,133	
Provisions (-)	517,941	1,152,914	3,420,322	
Net Balance at Balance Sheet	534,047	888,511	2,619,811	

Gross and net non-performing loans as per customer categories

	GROUP III	GROUP IV	GROUP V
	SUBSTANDARD LOANS	DOUBTFUL LOANS	UNCOLLECTIBLE LOANS
Current Period (Net)	378,850	462,169	5,062,209
Loans to Individuals and Corporates (Gross)	725,621	954,724	14,354,685
Provision (-)	372,377	501,299	9,295,744
Loans to Individuals and Corporates (Net)	353,244	453,425	5,058,941
Banks (Gross)	-	=	-
Provision (-)	-	-	-
Banks (Net)	-	-	-
Other Loans and Receivables (Gross)	36,784	15,076	31,422
Provision (-)	11,178	6,332	28,154
Other Loans and Receivables (Net)	25,606	8,744	3,268

Prior Period (Net)	1,329,271	2,019,393	3,978,788
Loans to Individuals and Corporates (Gross)	2,586,430	5,240,991	11,635,103
Provision (-)	1,266,314	3,225,700	7,658,978
Loans to Individuals and Corporates (Net)	1,320,116	2,015,291	3,976,125
Banks (Gross)	-	-	-
Provision (-)	-	-	-
Banks (Net)	-	-	-
Other Loans and Receivables (Gross)	17,373	5,858	24,631
Provision (-)	8,218	1,756	21,968
Other Loans and Receivables (Net)	9,155	4,102	2,663

Data and Technology The Best and Most Engaged Team Corporate Governance

Financial Reports and Appendix

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Interest accruals, valuation differences and related provisions calculated for non-performing loans

	GROUP III	GROUP IV	GROUP V
	SUBSTANDARD LOANS	DOUBTFUL LOANS	UNCOLLECTIBLE LOANS
Current Period (Net)	5,969	29,945	223,129
Interest accruals and valuation differences	11,523	46,748	628,747
Provision (-)	5,554	16,803	405,618
Prior Period (Net)	22,465	54,653	163,511
Interest accruals and valuation differences	60,203	130,332	402,983
Provision (-)	37,738	75,679	239,472

Collaterals received for non-performing loans

CURRENT PERIOD	CORPORATE/ COMMERCIAL LOANS	CONSUMER LOANS	CREDIT CARDS	TOTAL
Loans Collateralized by Cash	15,438	373	-	15,811
Loans Collateralized by Mortgages	7,970,929	227,765	=	8,198,694
Loans Collateralized by Pledged Assets	1,725,881	37,793	=	1,763,674
Loans Collateralized by Cheques and Notes	150,337	2,975	-	153,312
Loans Collateralized by Other Collaterals	1,594,683	1,505,915	-	3,100,598
Unsecured Loans	1,841,591	250,151	794,481	2,886,223
Total	13,298,859	2,024,972	794,481	16,118,312

PRIOR PERIOD	CORPORATE/ COMMERCIAL LOANS	CONSUMER LOANS	CREDIT CARDS	TOTAL
Loans Collateralized by Cash	14,230	377	=	14,607
Loans Collateralized by Mortgages	9,196,005	322,843	-	9,518,848
Loans Collateralized by Pledged Assets	1,432,716	59,136	-	1,491,852
Loans Collateralized by Cheques and Notes	200,985	5,714	-	206,699
Loans Collateralized by Other Collaterals	3,307,065	1,818,635	-	5,125,700
Unsecured Loans	1,530,171	359,234	1,263,275	3,152,680
Total	15,681,172	2,565,939	1,263,275	19,510,386

5.1.5.11 EXPECTED CREDIT LOSS FOR LOANS

CURRENT PERIOD	STAGE 1	STAGE 2	STAGE 3	TOTAL
Balances at End of Prior Period	1,227,132	4,033,583	12,182,934	17,443,649
Additions during the Period (+)	3,491,928	8,268,724	2,422,590	14,183,242
Disposal (-)	(3,436,416)	(3,292,269)	(1,511,619)	(8,240,304)
Debt Sale (-)	-	-	(122,788)	(122,788)
Write-offs (-)	-	-	(4,669,852)	(4,669,852)
Transfer to Stage1	1,215,585	(1,210,967)	(4,618)	-
Transfer to Stage 2	(479,118)	492,688	(13,570)	-
Transfer to Stage 3	(3,805)	(561,047)	564,852	-
Foreign Currency Differences	173,905	833,756	1,367,155	2,374,816
Balances at End of Period	2,189,211	8,564,468	10,215,084	20,968,763

	Introduction	About	Our Value	Our
514	indoduction	Garanti BBVA	Creation	Issu

Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19

Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

PRIOR PERIOD	STAGE 1	STAGE 2	STAGE 3	TOTAL
Balances at End of Prior Period	942,150	4,027,289	8,124,589	13,094,028
Additions during the Period (+)	2,011,898	5,584,149	4,713,858	12,309,905
Disposal (-)	(2,511,214)	(3,178,773)	(1,080,557)	(6,770,544)
Debt Sale (-)	-	-	(1,025,130)	(1,025,130)
Write-offs (-)	(133)	(8)	(874,821)	(874,962)
Transfer to Stage1	1,276,145	(1,270,029)	(6,116)	-
Transfer to Stage 2	(520,603)	552,520	(31,917)	-
Transfer to Stage 3	(7,050)	(1,957,492)	1,964,542	-
Foreign Currency Differences	35,939	275,927	398,486	710,352
Balances at End of Period	1,227,132	4,033,583	12,182,934	17,443,649

5.1.5.12 LIQUIDATION POLICY FOR UNCOLLECTIBLE LOANS

Loans and other receivables Classified as Loss are collected through legal follow-up and conversion of collaterals into cash.

5.1.5.13 WRITE-OFF POLICY

5.1.5.13.1 DISCLOSURES ON WRITE DOWN POLICY

As of 31 December 2020, in accordance with the relevant accounting policy the Bank has written down "Group V Loan" (Loans Classified as Loss) amounting to TL 4,013,937. During the period, the non-performing loan ratio of the Bank decreased from 5.77% to 4.56% after the loans were written-off in accordance with the amendment on the relevant Provisions Regulation.

		CURRENT PERIOD		
WRITE DOWN	TL	FC		
Corporate/ Commercial Loans	1,388,082	1,505,156		
Consumer Loans	616,025	-		
Credit Carrds	504,674	-		

As of 31 December 2020, Bank's consolidated subsidiaries, has also written down "Group V Loan" (Loans Classified as Loss) amounting to TL 715,835. During the period, the non-performing loan ratio of the Group decreased from 5.71% to 4.47% after the loans were written-off in accordance with the amendment on the relevant Provisions Regulation.

WRITE DOWN (*)		CURRENT PERIOD		
	TL	FC		
Corporate/ Commercial Loans	110,998	572,895		
Consumer Loans	-	31,942		
Credit Carrds	-	4,288		

(*) One of the Bank's consolidated subsidiaries, in accordance with the relevant accounting policy has partially written down TL 197,554 of a loan amounting to TL 267,833. The related loan, which was written down, was sold to the Parent Bank by its subsidiary for its fair value of TL 70,279. The remaining balance consists of 100% provisioned loans that were written down at the relevant date.

5.1.5.13.2 DISCLOSURES ON WRITE-OFF POLICY

The genaral policy of the Bank regarding write-off process for loans under follow-up is to write-off the loans which are documented as uncollectible during the legal follow-up process. As of 31 December 2020, total loans written-off from assets are TL 11,150 (31 December 2019: TL 142,715).

Data and

Technology

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Operational

Excellence

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Financial Reports

and Appendix

5.1.6 LEASE RECEIVABLE (NET)

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5.1.6.1 FINANCIAL LEASE RECEIVABLES ACCORDING TO REMAINING MATURITIES

	CURRENT	CURRENT PERIOD		RIOD
	GROSS	NET	GROSS	NET
Less than 1 Year	3,024,586	2,626,412	2,338,813	2,036,260
Between 1-5 Years	4,345,357	3,950,201	3,444,202	3,128,201
Longer than 5 Years	183,390	174,857	155,520	148,642
Total	7,553,333	6,751,470	5,938,535	5,313,103

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Non-performing loans are not included.

5.1.6.2 NET FINANCIAL LEASE RECEIVABLES

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Gross Financial Lease Receivables	7,553,333	5,938,537
Unearned Income on Financial Lease Receivables (-)	(801,863)	(625,434)
Terminated Lease Contracts (-)	-	
Net Financial Lease Receivables	6,751,470	5,313,103

Non-performing loans are not included.

5.1.6.3 FINANCIAL LEASE AGREEMENTS

Criteria applied for financial lease agreements

The customer applied for a financial lease is evaluated based on the lending policies and criteria taking into account the legal legislation. A "customer analysis report" according to the type and amount of the application is prepared for the evaluation of the customer by the Credit Committee and certain risk rating models such as "customer risk rating" and "equipment rating/scoring" are applied.

In compliance with the legal legislation and the authorization limits of the general manager, credit committee and board of directors, it is decided whether the loan will be granted considering the financial position and the qualitative characteristics of the customer and the criterias mentioned above, if yes, which conditions will be applied. At this stage, collateral such as bank guarantees, mortgages, asset pledges, promissory notes or the personal or corporate guarantees, may be required depending on the creditworthiness of the customer and the characteristics of the product to be sold.

The sectoral, equipment type and pledged asset concentration of the customers are monitored regularly.

Details monitored subsequent to signing of financial lease agreements

Subsequent to granting of loan, the fulfillment of monetary aspects such as lending procedures, timely collection of rental payments are monitored. Furthermore, updated information on the performance of companies is reported by the credit monitoring unit even for the performing customers.

The reports prepared by the credit monitoring unit for the performing companies and the assessments made by the administration follow-up and the legal units for the problematic companies, are presented to the top management following the assessments made by the related internal committees and the necessary actions are taken.



Garanti BBVA

Our Value Creation Our 2020 Materi Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

5.1.7 FACTORING RECEIVABLES

	CURRENT	CURRENT PERIOD		IT PERIOD PRIOR PERIOD		RIOD
	TL	FC	TL	FC		
Short-Term	2,182,336	717,711	1,641,030	616,255		
Medium and Long-Term	22,713	3,809	168,149	4,729		
Total	2,205,049	721,520	1,809,179	620,984		

5.1.8 FINANCIAL ASSETS MEASURED AT AMORTISED COST

5.1.8.1 FINANCIAL ASSETS SUBJECT TO REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS AND PROVIDED AS COLLATERAL/BLOCKED

	CURRENT PERIOD		PRIOR PERIOD	
-	TL	FC	TL	FC
Collateralised/Blocked Investments	11,311,663	3,922,607	3,380,677	3,959,717
Investments subject to Repurchase Agreements	74,625	-	55,581	679,218
Total	11,386,288	3,922,607	3,436,258	4,638,935

5.1.8.2 GOVERNMENT SECURITIES MEASURED AT AMORTISED COST

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Government Bonds	33,077,018	27,558,636
Treasury Bills	95,253	-
Other Government Securities	-	-
Total	33,172,271	27,558,636

5.1.8.3 FINANCIAL ASSETS MEASURED AT AMORTISED COST

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Debt Securities	27,673,452	20,404,822
Quoted at Stock Exchange	27,615,408	20,358,959
Unquoted at Stock Exchange	58,044	45,863
Valuation Increase / (Decrease)	5,565,459	7,315,520
Total	33,238,911	27,720,342

5.1.8.4 MOVEMENT OF FINANCIAL ASSETS MEASURED AT AMORTISED COST

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Balances at Beginning of Period	27.720.342	24.654.009
	27,720,342	24,654,009
Foreign Currency Differences on Monetary Assets	1,895,313	772,371
Purchases during the Period	7,310,245	1,248,680
Disposals through Sales/Redemptions	(3,251,006)	(199,492)
Valuation Effect	(435,983)	1,244,774
Balances at End of Period	33,238,911	27,720,342

Data and Technology

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

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5.1.8.5 EXPECTED CREDIT LOSS FOR FINANCIAL ASSETS MEASURED AT AMORTISED COST

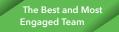
STAGE 1	STAGE 2	STAGE 3	TOTAL
119,889		-	119,889
247,825	-	-	247,825
(219,538)	-	-	(219,538)
-	-	_	-
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
19,107	-	-	19,107
167,283		-	167,283
	119,889 247,825 (219,538) - - - 19,107	119,889 - 247,825 - (219,538) - - - - - - - - - 19,107 -	119,889 - - 247,825 - - (219,538) - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - 19,107 - -

PRIOR PERIOD	STAGE 1	STAGE 2	STAGE 3	TOTAL
Balances at End of Prior Period	54,125	-	-	54,125
Additions during the Period (+)	85,056	-	-	85,056
Disposal (-)	(22,083)	-	-	(22,083)
Transfer to Stage1	-	-	-	-
Transfer to Stage 2	-	-	-	-
Transfer to Stage 3	-	-	-	-
Foreign Currency Differences	2,791	-	-	2,791
Balances at End of Period	119,889	-	-	119,889

5.1.9 ASSETS HELD FOR SALE AND ASSETS OF DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

5.1.9.1 MOVEMENT OF ASSETS HELD FOR SALE AND ASSETS OF DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Balances at Beginning of Period		
Cost	1,171,231	870,977
Accumulated Depreciation	(12,173)	(13,293)
Net Book Value	1,159,058	857,684
End of Current Period		
Additions	175,246	542,907
Disposals (Cost)	(434,371)	(265,683)
Disposals (Accumulated Depreciation)	491	1,120
Reversal of Impairment / Impairment Losses	23,890	21,053
Depreciation Expense for Current Period (-)	-	-
Currency Translation Differences on Foreign Operations	7,439	1,977
Cost	943,435	1,171,231
Accumulated Depreciation (-)	(11,682)	(12,173)
Net Book Value	931,753	1,159,058



Corporate Governance

e and Appendix

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Our Value Creation Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

5.1.9.2 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES AND ASSOCIATES TO BE DISPOSED

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
End of Prior Period		
Cost	881,140	11
Impairment Losses (-)	(587,940)	
Net Book Value	293,200	11
End of Current Period		
Additions(*)	-	881,129
Disposals (Cost)	-	-
Disposals (Accumulated Depreciation)	-	-
Impairment Losses (-)	(293,200)	(587,940)
Depreciation Expense for Current Period	-	
Cost	881,140	881,140
Impairment Losses (-)	(881,140)	(587,940)
Net Book Value	-	293,200

(*)Within the context of the existing loan agreements, all creditors including the Bank have reached an agreement on restructuring the loans granted to Ojer Telekomünikasyon A.Ş. (OTAŞ) who is the main shareholder of Türk Telekomünikasyon A.Ş. (Türk Telekom) and it is contemplated that Türk Telekom's number of 192.500.000.000 A group shares owned by OTAŞ, representing 55% of its issued share capital corresponding to A group shares have been pledged as a guarantee for the existing facilities would be taken over by a special purpose entity which is incorporated or will be incorporated in the Turkish Republic, and owned by directly or indirectly by all creditors. As per the agreed structure, it is agreed on the corresponding agreements, completed all required corporate and administrative permissions and the transaction is concluded by a transfer of the aforementioned shares to the special purpose entity incorporated in the Turkish Republic, and owned by directly or indirectly by all creditors. In this context, the Bank owned 22.1265% of the founded special purpose entity and the related investment is considered within the scope of TFRS 5 "Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations".

As per the decision made at the 2018 annual general assembly of related special purpose entity, it was decided to increase the capital of the special purpose entity by TL 3.982.230, all of which will be covered by common receivables. The Entity's paid-in capital after the general assembly had been TL 3.982.280. The Bank's shareholding ratios in the Entity's capital did not change as a result of the increase, and the nominal value of the direct shares increased from TL 11 to TL 881.140 and the number of shares increased from 1.106.325 to 88.114.036.863. As explained the details before the capital increase in Note 5.1.2.2, valuation differences recorded on the financial asset are presented as impairment in Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations after capital increase. In the current year, all of the assets acquired under TFRS 5 was impaired.

The main purpose of the lending banks is to transfer the shares of Türk Telekom to an expert investor after the necessary conditions are met. For this purpose, on 19 September 2019, an international investment bank was authorized as a sales consultant, and in this context necessary actions related to sales will be taken and negotiations with potential investors started within the framework of an active sales plan.

5.1.10 INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES

5.1.10.1 UNCONSOLIDATED INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES

ASSOCIATES	ADDRESS (CITY/ COUNTRY)	PARENT BANK'S SHARE - IF DIFFERENT, VOTING RIGHTS (%)	BANK RISK GROUP'S SHARE (%)
1 Emeklilik Gözetim Merkezi AŞ (1)	İstanbul/Turkey	-	5.26
2 Bankalararası Kart Merkezi AŞ (1)	İstanbul/Turkey	4.98	4.98
3 Yatırım Finansman Menkul Değerler AŞ (1)	İstanbul/Turkey	0.77	0.77
4 İstanbul Takas ve Saklama Bankası AŞ (1)	İstanbul/Turkey	4.95	4.97
5 Borsa İstanbul AŞ (2)	İstanbul/Turkey	0.30	0.34
6 KKB Kredi Kayıt Bürosu AŞ (1)	İstanbul/Turkey	9.09	9.09
7 Türkiye Cumhuriyet Merkez Bankası AŞ (2)	Ankara/ Turkey	2.48	2.48
8 Kredi Garanti Fonu AŞ (1)	Ankara/ Turkey	1.49	1.49
9 JCR Avrasya Derecelendirme A.Ş. (2)	İstanbul/Turkey	2.86	2.86
10 Birleşik İpotek Finansmanı A.Ş. ⁽³⁾	İstanbul/Turkey	8.33	8.33

Data and

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Operational

INCOME ON INTEREST INCOME CURRENT PERIOD PROFIT/LOSS COMPANY'S FAIR VALUE SHAREHOLDERS' TOTAL FIXED PRIOR PERIOD TOTAL ASSETS SECURITIES EOUITY ASSETS (*) PROFIT/LOSS PORTFOLIO 1 19.886 10,511 4.845 679 657 1.271 217,454 2 272.800 85.960 6.083 35,413 28,503 1,300,509 149 638 3 12 526 8 675 390 29.865 12.626 4 24,887,346 2,382,244 114,794 263,916 75,584 359,199 506,603 5 18.373.660 3,460,082 631,470 95 859 1.009.438 1.173.543 6 411,660 265,464 254,612 5.882 227 48,549 26,579 3,733,945 7 786,013,203 51,839,421 621,220 30,964,836 44,732,807 56,279,555 8 1,058,164 762,700 19,911 27,280 138,849 96,130 666 9 31,238 25,827 22,785 6,146 2,082 10

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(1) Financial information is as of 30 September 2020.

(2) Financial information is as of 31 December 2019.

(3) Financial information is not available since the company is newly established in March 2020.

(*) Total fixed assets include tangible and intangible assets.

Unconsolidated investments in associates sold during the current period

None.

Reaching

More Customers

Unconsolidated investments in associates acquired during the current period

The Bank under the supervision of the Banks Association of Turkey, joined the capital of Birleşik İpotek Finansmanı A.Ş. which was established as a separate enterprise, in partnership with a total of 833,333 shares with a nominal value of TL 833, representing % of the capital.

The Bank purchased 28,559 shares of JCR Avrasya Rating A.Ş. with a nominal value of 29 TL, representing 2.86% of the capital, at a price of 2,755 TL.

5.1.10.2 CONSOLIDATED INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES

None.

5.1.10.3 MOVEMENT OF CONSOLIDATED INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES

Movement of consolidated investments in associates

None.

Valuation methods of consolidated investments in associates

None.

Sectoral distribution of consolidated investments and associates

None.

Quoted consolidated investments in associates

None.

Investments in associates sold during the current period

None.

Investments in associates acquired during the current period

None.

Financial Reports

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

and Appendix



Our Value Creation Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19

Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

5.1.11 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

Information on capital adequacy of major subsidiaries

CURRENT PERIOD	GARANTI BANK INTERNATIONAL NV		GARANTI FINANSAL KIRALAMA AŞ		GARANTI YATIRIM MENKUL KIYMETLER AS
COMMON EQUITY TIER I CAPITAL					
Paid-in Capital to be Entitled for Compensation after All Creditors	1,243,533	3,488,929	357,848	517,159	13,750
Share Premium	-	117,453	-	-	
Share Cancellation Profits	-	-	-	-	
Legal Reserves	1,054,337	160,518	646,432	138,235	308,68
Other Comprehensive Income according to TAS	3,110,694	184,669	-	7,453	
Current and Prior Periods' Profits	50,370	149,050	146,351	463,149	489,490
Minority interest	=	-	-	-	39,357
Common Equity Tier I Capital Before Deductions	5,458,934	4,100,619	1,150,631	1,125,996	851,278
Deductions From Common Equity Tier I Capital					
Current and Prior Periods' Losses not Covered by Reserves, and Losses Accounted under Equity according to TAS (-)	9,562	1,080,373	1,175	2,189	85
Leasehold Improvements on Operational Leases (-)	=	939	-	1,117	2,288
Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets and Related Deferred Taxes (-)	52,669	492,398	16,154	39,225	4,460
Net Deferred Tax Asset/Liability (-)	-	-	-	-	
Total Deductions from Common Equity Tier I Capital	62,231	1,573,710	17,329	42,531	7,599
Total Common Equity Tier I Capital	5,396,703	2,526,909	1,133,302	1,083,465	843,679
Total Deductions From Tier I Capital	-	-	-	-	
Total Tier I Capital	5,396,703	2,526,909	1,133,302	1,083,465	843,679
TIER II CAPITAL	-	90,551	-	-	
TOTAL CAPITAL	5,396,703	2,617,460	1,133,302	1,083,465	843,679
PRIOR PERIOD	GARANTI BANK INTERNATIONAL NV		GARANTI FINANSAL KIRALAMA AŞ		GARANTI YATIRIM MENKUL KIYMETLER AS
COMMON EQUITY TIER I CAPITAL					
Paid-in Capital to be Entitled for Compensation after All Creditors	913,772	2,560,180	357,848	67,159	13,750
Share Premium	-	86,188	-	-	
Share Cancellation Profits	-	-	-	-	
Legal Reserves	1,014,013	(23,430)	545,995	833,940	164,594

Legal Reserves	1,014,013	(23,430)	545,995	833,940	164,594
Other Comprehensive Income according to TAS	1,990,215	115,005	-	3,130	-
Current and Prior Periods' Profits	40,326	163,815	100,436	454,295	144,087
Minority interest	-	-	-	-	39,174
Common Equity Tier I Capital Before Deductions	3,958,326	2,901,758	1,004,279	1,358,524	361,605
Deductions From Common Equity Tier I Capital					
Current and Prior Periods' Losses not Covered by Reserves, and Losses Accounted under Equity according to TAS (-)	13,067	795,952	668	(66)	95
Leasehold Improvements on Operational Leases (-)	-	164	-	1,197	4,505
Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets and Related Deferred Taxes (-)	35,037	361,254	13,004	42,949	3,560
Net Deferred Tax Asset/Liability (-)		-		-	
Total Deductions from Common Equity Tier I Capital	48,104	1,157,370	13,672	44,080	8,160
Total Common Equity Tier I Capital	3,910,222	1,744,388	990,607	1,314,444	353,445
Total Deductions From Tier I Capital	-	-	-	-	-
Total Tier I Capital	3,910,222	1,744,388	990,607	1,314,444	353,445
TIER II CAPITAL	332,155	66,346	-	-	-
TOTAL CAPITAL	4,242,377	1,810,734	990,607	1,314,444	353,445

Data and Technology

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

The parent Bank does not have any capital requirement for its subsidiaries included in the calculation of its consolidated capital adequacy standard ratio.

5.1.11.1 UNCONSOLIDATED INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

Operational Excellence

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	SUBSIDIARIES	ADDRESS (CITY/ COUNTRY)	PARENT BANK'S SHARE – IF DIFFER- ENT, VOTING RIGHTS (%)	BANK RISK GROUP'S SHARE (%)
1	Garanti Bilişim Teknolojisi ve Tic. TAŞ	Istanbul/Turkey	100.00	100.00
2	Garanti Ödeme Sistemleri AŞ	Istanbul/Turkey	99.96	100.00
3	Garanti Kültür AŞ	Istanbul/Turkey	100.00	100.00
4	Garanti Konut Finansmanı Danışmanlık Hiz. AŞ	lstanbul/Turkey	100.00	100.00
5	Trifoi Real Estate Company	Bucharest/Romania	-	100.00
6	Garanti Filo Yönetim Hizmetleri AŞ	Istanbul/Turkey	-	100.00
7	Garanti Filo Sigorta Aracılık Hizmetleri AŞ	Istanbul/Turkey	-	100.00

	TOTAL ASSETS	SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	TOTAL FIXED ASSETS (*)	INTEREST IN COME	INCOME ON SECURITIES PORTFOLIO	CURRENT PERIOD PROFIT/LOSS	PRIOR PERIOD PROFIT/LOSS	COMPANY'S FAIR VALUE	AMOUNT OF EQUITY REQUIREMENT
1	124,033	115,665	33	10,821	-	8,311	24,950	-	-
2	47,642	20,824	453	1,995	-	2,014	(394)	-	-
3	3,511	1,746	1,030	-	-	(68)	(101)	-	-
4	6,078	4,969	-	477	-	638	596	-	-
5	10,938	8,992	10,930	-	-	(5)	(3)	-	-
6	2,774,008	382,031	2,375,038	18,416	-	311,701	33,887	-	-
7	5,601	4,816	-	1,024	-	1,764	1,259	-	-

(*) Total fixed assets include tangible and intangible assets.

Unconsolidated subsidiaries, reasons for not consolidating such investments and accounting treatments applied for such investments

The companies which are not included within the scope of consolidation due to not being financial subsidiaries are measured at cost less impairment, if any.

5.1.11.2 MOVEMENT OF CONSOLIDATED INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Balances at Beginning of Period	8,448,841	6,942,044
Movements during the Period	2,822,877	1,506,797
Acquisitions and Capital Increases	-	-
Bonus Shares Received	382,110	-
Dividends from Current Year Profit	1,323,028	893,943
Sales/Liquidations	-	(352)
Reclassifications	-	-
Value Increase/Decrease (*) (**)	(907,974)	110,834
Currency Differences on Foreign Subsidiaries	2,025,713	502,372
Reversal of Impairment Losses / Impairment Losses (-)	-	-
Balances at End of Period	11,271,718	8,448,841
Capital Commitments	-	
Share Percentage at the End of Period (%)		-

(*) Except for quoted subsidiaries, value increases / (decreases) are based on the results of equity accounting application. (**) TL 594,393 thousands of this amount is due to the dividend distribution of Garanti Emeklilik AŞ as per the decision made at its Annual General Assembly meeting held on 31 December 2020.



Convenience Translation of Financial

Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

and Appendix



Garanti BBVA

Our Value Creation Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Valuation methods of consolidated investments in subsidiaries

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Valued at Cost	-	-
Valued at Fair Value (*)	11,271,718	8,448,841

(*) The amounts recognized in the equity accounting application are included in the unconsolidated financial statement of the Bank.

Sectoral distribution of consolidated investments in subsidiaries

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Banks	5,424,808	3,921,884
Insurance Companies	954,245	1,153,607
Factoring Companies	174,760	134,182
Leasing Companies	1,146,060	1,018,498
Finance Companies	3,571,845	2,220,670
Other Subsidiaries	-	-

Quoted consolidated investments in subsidiaries

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Quoted at Domestic Stock Exchanges	178,491	135,322
Quoted at International Stock Exchanges	-	-

Other information on consolidated investments in subsidiaries

	SUBSIDIARIES	ADDRESS (CITY/ COUNTRY)	PARENT BANK'S SHARE – IF DIFFERENT, VOTING RIGHTS (%)	SHARES OF OTHER CONSOLIDATED SUBSIDIARIES (%)	METHOD OF CONSOLIDATION
1	Garanti Finansal Kiralama AŞ	Istanbul/Turkey	100.00	-	Full Consolidation
2	Garanti Faktoring AŞ	Istanbul/Turkey	81.84	-	Full Consolidation
3	Garanti Yatırım Menkul Kıymetler AŞ	lstanbul/Turkey	100.00	-	Full Consolidation
4	Garanti Portföy Yönetimi AŞ	Istanbul/Turkey	100.00	-	Full Consolidation
5	Garanti Emeklilik ve Hayat AŞ	Istanbul/Turkey	84.91	-	Full Consolidation
6	Garanti Bank International NV	Amsterdam/the Netherlands	100.00	-	Full Consolidation
7	Garanti Holding BV	Amsterdam/the Netherlands	100.00	-	Full Consolidation
8	G Netherlands BV (*)	Amsterdam/the Netherlands	-	100.00	Full Consolidation
9	Garanti Bank SA	Bucharest/Romania	-	100.00	Full Consolidation
10	Motoractive IFN SA	Bucharest/Romania	-	100.00	Full Consolidation
11	Ralfi IFN SA	Bucharest/Romania	-	100.00	Full Consolidation
12	Garanti Yatırım Ortaklığı AŞ	Istanbul / Turkey	-	3.61	Full Consolidation

(*) The financial information presented in the below table does not include elimination and adjustment entries.

Data and Technology

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Operational

INCOME ON CURRENT SHAREHOLDERS' TOTAL FIXED ASSETS (**) INTEREST PRIOR PERIOD COMPANY'S FAIR VALUE TOTAL ASSETS SECURITIES PERIOD PROFIT/LOSS INCOME PROFIT/LOSS EQUITY PORTFOLIO 1 5.846.989 1,146,490 22.274 439,394 146.351 100,436 2 213,590 298,344 2,912,563 16,298 1,689 50,150 24,438 3 1.484.838 814,432 31,283 29.892 12,484 492.950 144,173 4 219,827 199,490 1,206 9,473 4,704 64,266 37,222 5 2,855,596 1,123,807 42,625 141,962 87,606 463,150 454,295 6 31,053,380 5,439,719 341,505 588,122 13,598 50,367 40,327 7 3,081,903 3,079,346 (743) (537) 8 2,992,228 2,525,614 363 (26,581) (21,908) 9 20,029,104 3,020,827 669,623 655,336 99,877 125,109 162,462 10 1,486,164 272,887 77,580 21,253 20,769 9.861 11 1,071,068 176,963 21,324 81,899 17,237 12,178 12 42,829 40,853 954 1,333 2,500 1,202 3,639 103,360

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(**) Total fixed assets include tangible and intangible assets.

Garanti Yatırım Ortaklığı AŞ that Garanti Yatırım participated by 3.61%, is consolidated in the accompanying consolidated financial statements under full consolidation method due to the company's right to elect all the members of the board of directors as resulted from its privilege in election of board members.

Consolidated investments in subsidiaries disposed during the current period

None.

Reaching

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Consolidated investments in subsidiaries acquired during the current period

None.

5.1.12 INVESTMENTS IN JOINT-VENTURES

None.

5.1.13 TANGIBLE ASSETS

	REAL ESTATES	RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS	VEHICLES	OTHER TANGIBLE ASSETS	Total
Cost	3,554,758	1,406,447	33,292	3,453,325	8,447,822
Accumulated Depreciation	(74,352)	(317,799)	(21,808)	(2,505,564)	(2,919,523)
Net Book Value	3,480,406	1,088,648	11,484	947,761	5,528,299
Balances at End of Current Period					
Additions	37,470	555,822	9,187	783,787	1,386,266
Revaluation Model Difference	355,423	-	-	-	355,423
Revaluation Model Difference (Accumulated Depreciation)	55,769	-	-	-	55,769
Transfers to Investment Property	(24,274)	-	-	-	(24,274)
Disposals (Cost)	(11,434)	(381,283)	(2,645)	(642,571)	(1,037,933)
Disposals (Accumulated Depreciation)	4,985	53,930	2,581	310,309	371,805
Reversal of/Impairment Losses (-)	(70,084)	-	-	31	(70,053)
Depreciation Expense for Current Period	(43,452)	(340,696)	(4,754)	(347,666)	(736,568)
Currency Translation Differences on Foreign	(70,084)	-	-	31	(70,053)
Operations (Cost)	79,690	51,804	2,747	120,355	254,596
Currency Translation Differences on Foreign	79,690	51,804	2,747	120,355	254,596
Operations (Accumulated Depreciation)	(2,684)	(15,611)	(2,462)	(102,502)	(123,259)
Net Book Values at End of Current Period	3,861,815	1,012,614	16,138	1,069,504	5,960,071
Cost at End of Current Period	3,921,549	1,632,790	42,581	3,714,927	9,311,847
Accumulated Depreciation at End of Current Period	(59,734)	(620,176)	(26,443)	(2,645,423)	(3,351,776)
Net Book Values at End of Current Period	3,861,815	1,012,614	16,138	1,069,504	5,960,071

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

523

and Appendix

524

About Garanti BBVA Our Value Creation Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

The Bank and its financial subsidiaries account their real estates recorded under tangible assets based on the revaluation model in accordance with the Turkish Accounting Standard 16 (TAS 16) "Property, Plant and Equipment". Accordingly, for all real estates registered in the ledger, valuation studies are performed by independent expertise firms.

5.1.14 INTANGIBLE ASSETS

5.1.14.1 USEFUL LIVES AND AMORTISATION RATES

The consolidation goodwill classified under intangible assets is not amortized. The estimated useful lives of softwares and other intangible assets vary between 3 and 15 years.

5.1.14.2 AMORTISATION METHODS

Intangible assets are amortised on a straight-line basis from the date of capitalisation. The consolidation goodwill is not amortized, however is subject to impairment testing regularly and if there is any impairment, a provision is made.

5.1.14.3 BALANCES AT END OF CURRENT PERIOD

	CURRENT PERIOD		CURRENT PERIOD PRIOR PERIO		RIOD
	COST	ACCUMULATED AMORTIZATION	COST	ACCUMULATED	
Intangible Assets	1,556,696	942,298	1,227,876	747,970	

5.1.14.4 MOVEMENTS OF INTANGIBLE ASSETS FOR CURRENT PERIOD

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Net Book Value at Beginning Period	479,906	416,072
Internally Generated Intangibles	-	31
Additions due to Mergers, Transfers and Acquisition	337,596	201,667
Disposals (-)	(61,601)	(3,281)
Impairment Losses/Reversals to/from Revaluation Surplus	-	_
Impairment Losses Recorded in Income Statement	-	-
Impairment Losses Reversed from Income Statement	-	-
Amortisation Expense for Current Period (-)	(165,387)	(140,804)
Currency Translation Differences on Foreign Operations	21,796	4,234
Other Movements	2,088	1,987
Net Book Value at End of Current Period	614,398	479,906

Data and Technology

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Operational Excellence

> Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

525

and Appendix

5.1.14.5 DETAILS FOR ANY INDIVIDUALLY MATERIAL INTANGIBLE ASSETS

None.

More Customers

5.1.14.6 INTANGIBLE ASSETS CAPITALISED UNDER GOVERNMENT INCENTIVES AT FAIR VALUES

None.

5.1.14.7 REVALUATION METHOD OF INTANGIBLE ASSETS CAPITALISED UNDER GOVERNMENT INCENTIVES AND VALUED AT FAIR VALUES AT CAPITALISATION DATES

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None.

5.1.14.8 NET BOOK VALUE OF INTANGIBLE ASSET THAT ARE RESTRICTED IN USAGE OR PLEDGED

None.

5.1.14.9 COMMITMENTS TO ACQUIRE INTANGIBLE ASSETS

None.

5.1.14.10 DISCLOSURE ON REVALUED INTANGIBLE ASSETS

None.

5.1.14.11 RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT COSTS EXPENSED DURING CURRENT PERIOD

None.

5.1.14.12 GOODWILL

GOODWILL	SHARES %	CARRYING VALUE
Garanti Yatırım Menkul Kıymetler AŞ	100.00	2,778
Garanti Finansal Kiralama AŞ	100.00	2,119
Garanti Faktoring AŞ	55.40	1,491
Total		6,388

5.1.14.13 MOVEMENTS IN GOODWILL DURING CURRENT PERIOD

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Net Book Value at Beginning Period	6,388	6,388
Movements in Current Period	-	-
Additions	-	-
Adjustments due to the Changes in Value of Assets and	-	
Liabilities	-	-
Disposals in Current Period due to a Discontinued Operation	-	
Or Partial or Complete Disposal of an Asset (-)	-	-
Amortisation Expense for Current Period (-)	-	-
Impairment Losses (-)	-	-
Reversal of Impairment Losses (-)	-	-
Other changes in Book Values	-	-
Net Book Value at End of Current Period	6,388	6,388

5.1.15 INVESTMENT PROPE

CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
569,719	558,309
441	35,343
(81,929)	(268)
14,471	-
58,823	(23,665)
-	-
561,525	569,719
	569,719 441 (81,929) 14,471 58,823

526

About Garanti BBVA Our Value Creation Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

The investment property is held for operational leasing purposes. The Bank and its financial subsidiaries account their investment property based on the fair value model in accordance with the Turkish Accounting Standard 40 (TAS 40) "Investment Property". Accordingly, for all investment properties registered in the ledger, valuation studies are performed by independent expertise firms every year.

5.1.16 DEFERRED TAX ASSET

As of 31 December 2020, on a consolidated basis the Bank has a deferred tax asset of TL 3,640,403 (31 December 2019: TL 1,882,010) calculated as the net amount remaining after netting of tax deductible timing differences and taxable timing differences in its consolidated financial statements.

As of 31 December 2020, deferred tax assets of TL 4,012,676 (31 December 2019: TL 2,232,124) are reduced by deferred tax liabilities of TL 372,273 (31 December 2019: TL 350,114) with offsetting characteristics and presented as net in the accompanying consolidated financial statements, on all taxable temporary differences arising between the carrying amounts and the taxable amounts of assets and liabilities on the financial statements that will be considered in the calculation of taxable earnings in the future periods.

For the cases where the differences between the carrying values and the taxable values of assets subject to tax are related with certain items on the shareholders' equity accounts, the deferred taxes are charged or credited directly to these accounts.

Data and Technology

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Operational Excellence

	CURRENT PERIOD		PRIOR PERIOD	
	TAX BASE	DEFERRED TAX AMOUNT	TAX BASE	DEFERRED TAX AMOUNT
Provisions (*)	4,292,575	809,652	2,839,430	549,331
Stages 1&2 Credit Losses	12,109,861	2,422,529	5,794,132	1,213,642
Differences between the Carrying Values and Taxable Values of Financial Assets (**)	2,536,313	583,325	1,075,265	178,924
Revaluation Differences on Real Estates	(2,398,994)	(296,636)	(1,870,033)	(187,155)
Other	592,055	121,533	581,831	127,268
Deferred Tax Asset	17,131,810	3,640,403	8,420,625	1,882,010

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(*) Consists of reserve for employee benefits, provision for promotion expenses of credit cards and other provisions. (**) Calculations are performed at the relevant tax rates applicable in the country of the foreign branches and subsidiaries' financial assets.

As of 31 December 2020, TL 1,726,541 (31 December 2019: TL 431,237 of deferred tax income) of deferred tax income and TL 24,831 (31 December 2019: TL 78,763 of deferred tax expense) of deferred tax income were recognised in the income statement and the shareholders' equity, respectively.

5.1.17 OTHER ASSETS

More Customers

	CURRENT PE	RIOD	PRIOR PERI	OD
	ТР	YP	ТР	YP
Derivative Assets (Derivative Quarantees)	588,354	10,191,100	290,673	6,845,390
Receivables From Clearing Transactions	4,473,668	24,134	3,306,061	76,901
Prepaid Expenses	2,121,400	49,363	1,376,623	17,941
Cash Guarantees Given	280,539	374,522	69,104	200,673
Receivables From Forward Sale of Assets	1,137	147,246	1,137	114,592
Other	437,462	337,802	458,647	406,002
Total	7,902,560	11,124,167	5,502,245	7,661,499

5.2 CONSOLIDATED LIABILITIES

5.2.1 MATURITY PROFILE OF DEPOSITS

CURRENT PERIOD	DEMAND	7 DAYS NOTICE	UP TO 1 MONTH	1-3 MONTHS 3	8-6 MONTHS	6-12 MONTHS	1 YEAR AND OVER	ACCUMULATING DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS	TOTAL
Saving Deposits	21,812,460	-	4,951,661	54,915,238	599,918	327,900	1,273,240	1,719	83,882,136
Foreign Currency Deposits	98,869,954	-	12,585,532	62,404,261	4,664,697	6,517,111	8,078,886	37,565	193,158,006
Residents in Turkey	77,849,583	-	10,216,335	57,205,242	1,939,543	1,684,309	2,434,202	36,302	151,365,516
Residents in Abroad	21,020,371	-	2,369,197	5,199,019	2,725,154	4,832,802	5,644,684	1,263	41,792,490
Public Sector Deposits	880,139	-	37,809	64,397	136	10	-	-	982,491
Commercial Deposits	12,816,408	-	24,276,108	14,000,716	69,847	35,803	482,850	-	51,681,732
Others	391,099	-	172,403	1,121,142	19,856	176,034	3,236,314	-	5,116,848
Precious Metal Deposits	20,636,012	-	-	160,290	366,278	41,207	721,593	-	21,925,380
Bank Deposits	733,952	-	247,189	370,311	-	-	2,303	-	1,353,755
Central Bank of Turkey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Domestic Banks	30,896	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30,896
Foreign Banks	681,570	-	247,189	370,311	-	-	2,303	-	1,301,373
Special Financial Institutions	21,486	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21,486
Others	=	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	156,140,024	-	42,270,702	133,036,355	5,720,732	7,098,065	13,795,186	39,284	358,100,348



and Appendix

Our Value Creation Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

ACCUMULATING 7 DAYS NOTICE UP TO 1 MONTH **1 YEAR AND** 1-3 MONTHS 3-6 MONTHS 6-12 PRIOR PERIOD TOTAL DEMAND DEPOSIT MONTHS OVER ACCOUNTS Saving Deposits 17,433,837 3,116,931 51,677,816 571,816 383,980 1,585,582 2,370 74,772,332 -Foreign Currency Deposits 51,062,394 -14,477,678 69,825,350 5,051,064 5,186,890 9,913,217 34,608 155,551,201 Residents in Turkey 37,397,146 12,952,855 64,791,799 2,293,257 1,974,114 1,811,661 33,422 121,254,254 Residents in Abroad 13,665,248 1,524,823 5,033,551 2,757,807 3,212,776 8,101,556 34,296,947 1,186 19,396 **Public Sector Deposits** 1,283,224 -39,676 11 58 _ 1,342,365 **Commercial Deposits** 11,489,191 -8,625,643 10,217,039 129,187 88,491 1,216,056 31,765,607 -Others 320,716 -142,512 601,501 2,407 246,285 3,730,349 _ 5,043,770 **Precious Metal Deposits** 4,958,792 2,342 179,827 36,038 613,179 6,133,299 -343,121 -2,322,684 -169,266 51,014 116,070 4,753 4,964 -2,668,751 **Bank Deposits** Central Bank of Turkey 30.924 4.753 35,677 Domestic Banks 672,242 51,014 Foreign Banks 330,928 169,266 116,070 4,964 1,960,832 Special Financial Institutions 1,960,832 Others Total 88,870,838 -26,553,768 132,592,223 6,213,665 5,946,448 17,063,405 36.978 277,277,325

5.2.1.1 SAVING DEPOSITS INSURED BY SAVING DEPOSIT INSURANCE FUND

Information on saving deposits covered by deposit insurance and exceeding insurance coverage limit:

		COVERED BY DEPOSIT INSURANCE OVER DEPOSIT INSURANCE LIMIT		RANCE LIMIT
	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Saving Deposits	41,100,178	39,677,571	42,087,999	34,453,878
Foreign Currency Saving Deposits	46,222,647	37,004,702	88,027,097	70,678,418
Other Saving Deposits	10,285,722	3,179,119	10,189,152	2,565,718
Foreign Branches' Deposits Under Foreign Insurance Coverage	1,427,705	1,169,315	238	57
Off-Shore Branches' Deposits Under Foreign Insurance Coverage	-	-	-	-

5.2.1.2 SAVING DEPOSITS AT DOMESTIC BRANCHES OF FOREIGN BANKS IN TURKEY UNDER THE COVERAGE OF FOREIGN INSURANCE

None.

5.2.1.3 SAVING DEPOSITS NOT COVERED BY INSURANCE LIMITS

5.2.1.3.1 SAVING DEPOSITS OF INDIVIDUALS NOT COVERED BY INSURANCE LIMITS:

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Deposits and Other Accounts held at Foreign Branches	19,853	19,694
Deposits and Other Accounts held by Shareholders and their Relatives	-	-
Deposits and Other Accounts of the Chairman and Members of Board of Directors,	162,289	166,340
Chief Executive Officer, Senior Executive Officers and their Relatives	-	-
Deposits and Other Accounts held as Assets subject to the Crime defined in the Article 282 of the Turkish Criminal Code no. 5237 dated 26 September 2004	-	-
Deposits at Depository Banks established for Off-Shore Banking Activities in Turkey	-	-

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish Data and Technology

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Operational

5.2.2 FUNDS BORROWED

More Customers

Information on funds borrowed is as follows;

	CURRENT	CURRENT PERIOD		PRIOR PERIOD	
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Central Bank of Turkey	674,365	1,288,090	-	860,923	
Domestic Banks and Institutions	1,345,613	2,371,039	1,326,874	1,320,690	
Foreign Banks, Institutions and Funds	213,574	20,727,502	1,361,081	20,752,491	
Total	2,233,552	24,386,631	2,687,955	22,934,104	

The Best and Most

and Appendix

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

529

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5.2.2.1 MATURITIES OF FUNDS BORROWED

	CURRENT PEI	CURRENT PERIOD		PRIOR PERIOD	
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Short-Term	2,008,035	3,505,464	1,326,881	2,991,738	
Medium and Long-Term	225,517	20,881,167	1,361,074	19,942,366	
Total	2,233,552	24,386,631	2,687,955	22,934,104	

5.2.2.2 DISCLOSURES FOR CONCENTRATION AREAS OF BANK'S LIABILITIES

The Bank finances its ordinary banking activities through deposits and funds borrowed. Its deposit structure has a balanced TL and foreign currency concentration. The Bank's other funding sources specifically consist of foreign currency funds borrowed from abroad, TL funds obtained through repurchase transactions, and TL and foreign currency securities issued.

5.2.3 MONEY MARKET FUNDS

Information on obligations under repurchase agreements classified in money market funds is as follows;

	CURRENT PERI	CURRENT PERIOD		D
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Domestic Transactions	117,688	-	94,463	
Financial Institutions and Organizations	29,847	=	16,856	-
Other Institutions and Organizations	43,103	=	38,539	-
Individuals	44,738	-	39,068	-
Foreign Transactions	881	2,065,661	81	1,370,446
Financial Institutions and Organizations	-	2,065,661	-	1,370,446
Other Institutions and Organizations	850	=	=	-
Individuals	31	=	81	-
Total	118,569	2,065,661	94,544	1,370,446

5.2.4 SECURITIES ISSUED

	TL		FC	
CURRENT PERIOD	SHORT-TERM	MEDIUM AND LONG-TERM	SHORT-TERM	MEDIUM AND LONG-TERM
Nominal	4,916,449	2,032,017	-	17,947,701
Cost	4,749,953	2,021,967	-	17,855,813
Carrying Value (*)	4,883,881	1,210,551	-	16,722,649

Our Value Creation Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

PRIOR PERIOD	SHORT-TERM	MEDIUM AND LONG-TERM	SHORT-TERM	MEDIUM AND LONG-TERM
Nominal	4,832,936	2,032,018	-	15,882,842
Cost	4,822,428	2,030,144	-	15,809,477
Carrying Value (*)	4,825,540	1,210,544	-	14,990,453

(*) The Bank and/or its financial subsidiaries repurchased the Bank's own TL securities with a total face value of TL 1,581,953 and foreign currency securities with a total face value of USD 215,966,090 (31 December 2019: 863,079 TL and USD 206,943,000) and netted off such securities in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

5.2.5 INFORMATION ABOUT FINANCIAL LIABILITIES MEASURED AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	CURR	CURRENT PERIOD		PRIOR PERIOD	
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Securities Issued	-	16,137,939	-	14,342,293	
Total	-	16,137,939	-	14,342,293	

In accordance with TFRS 9, the Bank classified a part of borrowings obtained through securitisations amounting to USD 2,323,462,798 (31 December 2019: USD 2,511,607,143) as financial liability at fair value through profit/loss at the initial recognition in order to eliminate the accounting mismatch.

As of 31 December 2020, the accumulated fair value change of the related financial liability amounted to TL 1,265,467 (31 December 2019: TL 725,306) and the corresponding gain/loss recognised in the statement of loss amounted to TL 540,161 (31 December 2019: TL 205,521). The carrying value of the related financial liability amounted to TL 16,137,939 (31 December 2019: TL 14,342,293).

5.2.6 DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

5.2.6.1 NEGATIVE DIFFERENCES ON DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL LIABILITIES MEASURED AT FVTPL

Information on negative differences on derivative financial liabilities measured at FVTPL classified in derivative financial liabilities is as follows;

	CURR	CURRENT PERIOD		PRIOR PERIOD	
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Forward Transactions	145,739	14,697	155,718	7,065	
Swap Transactions	4,058,363	3,337,870	931,412	1,730,884	
Futures	28	-	6	-	
Options	44,774	33,686	113,327	105,537	
Others	-	1,114	-	298	
Total	4,248,904	3,387,367	1,200,463	1,843,784	

5.2.6.2 DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL LIABILITIES HELD FOR HEDGING PURPOSE

Information on negative differences on derivative financial liabilities held for hedging purposes classified in derivative financial liabilities is as follows;

	CURRE	NT PERIOD	PRIO	R PERIOD
DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL LIABILITIES HELD FOR HEDGING PURPOSE –	TL	FC	TL	FC
Fair Value Hedges	1,623	493,635	104,982	355,722
Cash Flow Hedges	132,029	273,332	639,826	94,888
Net Foreign Investment Hedges	-	-	-	-
Total	133,652	766,967	744,808	450,610

Please refer to Note 5.1.4.2 for financial liabilities resulted from derivatives held for hedging purpose.

Data and Technology

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Operational

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

and Appendix

5.2.7 FACTORING PAYABLES

None.

5.2.8 LEASE PAYABLES

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5.2.8.1 OPERATIONAL LEASE AGREEMENTS

	CURRENT	CURRENT PERIOD		PRIOR PERIOD	
	GROSS	NET	GROSS	NET	
Less than 1 Year	268,143	200,977	383,053	247,396	
Between 1-5 Years	722,382	533,480	846,977	550,604	
Longer than 5 Years	419,578	291,910	547,238	336,770	
Total	1,410,103	1,026,367	1,777,268	1,134,770	

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As of 31 December 2020, the weighted average of the incremental borrowing interest rates applied to TL, EUR, USD and RON lease liabilities presented in the statement of financial position of the Group are 13.9%, 1.7%, 7.0% and 5.5% (31 December 2019: 21.2%, 2.5%, 7% and 8%) respectively.

5.2.9 PROVISIONS

5.2.9.1 RESERVE FOR EMPLOYEE SEVERANCE INDEMNITY

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Balances at Beginning of Period	558,285	489,257
Provision for the Period	144,791	142,503
Actuarial Gain/Loss	120,886	(4,293)
Payments During the Period	(56,456)	(69,182)
Balances at End of Period	767,506	558,285

5.2.9.2 PROVISIONS FOR FOREIGN EXCHANGE DIFFERENCES ON FOREIGN CURRENCY INDEXED LOANS AND FINANCIAL LEASE RECEIVABLES

None (31 December 2019: None).

5.2.9.3 EXPECTED CREDIT LOSSES (STAGE 3) FOR NON-CASH LOANS THAT ARE NOT INDEMNIFIED OR CONVERTED INTO CASH

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Substandard Loans and Receivables - Limited	5.004	52.031
Collectibility	5,004	52,031
Doubtful Loans and Receivables	3,846	186,431
Uncollectible Loans and Receivables	804,299	386,110
Total	813,149	624,572

5.2.9.4 OTHER PROVISIONS

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Reserve for Employee Benefits	1,453,532	1,246,661
Insurance Technical Provisions, Net	829,112	640,533
Provision for Promotion Expenses of Credit Cards	233,515	172,525
Provision for Lawsuits	316,873	488,730
Provision for Non-Cash Loans	2,151,889	1,214,480
Other Provisions(*)	5,050,650	2,763,444
Total	10,035,571	6,526,373

(*) Includes total general reserve of TL 4,650,000 (31 December 2019: 2,500,000) consisting of TL 2,150,000 and TL 2,500,000 recognized as expense in the current period and prior periods, respectively.

Our Value Creation Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Recognized Liability for Defined Benefit Plan Obligations

The Bank obtained an actuarial report dated 28 December 2020 from an independent actuary reflecting the principles and procedures on determining the application of transfer transactions in accordance with the Law and it is determined that the assets of the Plan are above the amount that will be required to be paid to transfer the obligation and the asset surplus amounts to TL 6,118,955 at 31 December 2020 as details are given in the table below.

Furthermore, an actuarial report was prepared as of 31 December 2020 as per the requirements of the Law explained in Note 3.17, the accounting policies related with "employee benefits" for the benefits transferable to the SSF and as per TAS 19 for other benefits not transferable to the SSF and arising from other social rights and payments covered by the existing trust indenture of the Fund and medical benefits provided for employees. Based on the actuary's 28 December 2020 dated report, the asset surplus over the fair value of the plan assets to be used for the payment of the obligations also fully covers the benefits not transferable and still a surplus of TL 3,546,713 remains as of 31 December 2020 as details are given in the table below.

	31 DECEMBER 2020	31 DECEMBER 2019
Transferable Pension and Medical Benefits:		
Net present value of pension benefits transferable to SSF	(2,200,812)	(1,846,213)
Net present value of medical benefits and health premiums transferable to SSF	925,296	556,956
General administrative expenses	(74,857)	(64,962)
Present Value of Pension and Medical Benefits Transferable to SSF (1)	(1,350,373)	(1,354,219)
Fair Value of Plan Assets (2)	7,469,328	5,988,881
Asset Surplus over Transferable Benefits ((2)-(1)=(3))	6,118,955	4,634,662
Non-Transferable Benefits:		
Other pension benefits	(1,396,390)	(1,002,495)
Other medical benefits	(1,175,852)	(1,394,042)
Total Non-Transferable Benefits (4)	(2,572,242)	(2,396,537)
Asset Surplus over Total Benefits ((3)-(4))	3,546,713	2,238,125

Movement of recognized liability for asset shortage over the Bank's defined benefit plan

	31 DECEMBER 2020	31 DECEMBER 2019
Balance at Beginning of Period	-	-
Actual contributions paid during the period	(127,520)	(91,969)
Total expense recognized in the income statement	85,084	73,334
Amount recognized in the shareholders' equity	42,436	18,635
Balance at End of Period	-	-

The major actuarial assumptions used in the calculation of other benefits not transferable to SSF in compliance with TAS 19 are as follows:

	31 DECEMBER 2020	31 DECEMBER 2019
	%	%
Discount Rate (*)	13.00	12.50
Inflation Rate (*)	9.70	8.20
Future Real Salary Increase Rate	1.50	1.50
Medical Cost Trend Rate	13.90	12.40
Future Pension Increase Rate (*)	9.70	8.20

(*) The above rates are effective rates, whereas the rates applied for the calculation differ according to the employees' years in service.

Data and Technology

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Operational Excellence

The sensitivity analysis of defined benefit obligation of excess liabilities and retirement indemnities of the Bank are as follow:

DEFINED BENEFIT OBLIGATION	PENSION BENEFITS EFFECT	MEDICAL BENEFITS EFFECT	OVERALL EFFECT
Assumption change	%	%	%
Discount rate +0.5%	(7.00)	(9.80)	(8.30)
Discount rate -0.5%	7.90	11.50	9.50
Medical inflation +0.5%	-	11.20	5.10
Medical inflation -0.5%	-	(9.70)	(4.40)

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RETIREMENT INDEMNITIES	SENSITIVITY OF PAST SERVICE LIABILITY	SENSITIVITY OF NORMAL COST
Assumption change	%	%
Discount rate +0.5%	(6.00)	(7.40)
Discount rate -0.5%	6.60	8.30
Inflation rate +0.5%	6.20	(3.80)
Inflation rate -0.5%	(6.00)	4.00

5.2.10 TAX LIABILITY

More Customers

5.2.10.1 CURRENT TAX LIABILITY

5.2.10.1.1 TAX LIABILITY

As of 31 December 2020, the corporate tax liability amounts to TL 1,845,890 (31 December 2019: TL 683,990) after offsetting with prepaid taxes. If the differences arising between the book value and the tax base value of the assets subject to the current tax liability are related to the shareholders' equity account group, the current tax asset or liability is netted off by the relevant accounts in this group.

5.2.10.1.2 TAXES PAYABLE

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Corporate Taxes Payable	1,845,890	683,990
Taxation on Securities Income	102,988	190,677
Taxation on Real Estates Income	8,665	5,321
Banking Insurance Transaction Tax	196,794	209,765
Foreign Exchange Transaction Tax	19,230	10,997
Value Added Tax Payable	13,494	35,049
Others	90,120	101,866
Total	2,277,181	1,237,665

5.2.10.1.3 PREMIUMS PAYABLE

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Social Security Premiums-Employees	6,310	5,411
Social Security Premiums-Employer	4,682	3,438
Bank Pension Fund Premium-Employees	345	37
Bank Pension Fund Premium-Employer	532	37
Pension Fund Membership Fees and Provisions-Employees	-	-
Pension Fund Membership Fees and Provisions-Employer	-	=
Unemployment Insurance-Employees	2,069	1,752
Unemployment Insurance-Employer	5,155	3,586
Others	73	49
Total	19,166	14,310

and Appendix

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Our Value Creation

Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

5.2.10.2 DEFERRED TAX LIABILITY

As of 31 December 2020, the deferred tax liability amounts to TL 48,863 (31 December 2019: TL 29,480).

5.2.11 LIABILITIES FOR ASSETS HELD FOR SALE AND ASSETS OF DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

None.

5.2.12 SUBORDINATED DEBTS

	CURRENT PERIOD PRIOR PERIOD	CURRENT PERIOD		IOD
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Domestic Banks	-	-	-	-
Domestic Other Institutions	1,029,532	-	261,478	-
Foreign Banks	-	-	-	4,468,229
Foreign Other Institutions	-	5,569,437	-	-
Total	1,029,532	5,569,437	261,478	4,468,229

Disclosures on subordinated debts are reported in Note 4.1.2.

5.2.13 OTHER LIABILITIES

	CURRENT	CURRENT PERIOD		RIOD
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Payables from credit card transactions	13,340,047	93,086	9,955,158	136,071
Payables from clearing transactions	3,534,101	23,089	2,978,282	74,119
Other	1,985,408	4,145,343	1,319,133	2,073,593
Total	18,859,556	4,261,518	14,252,573	2,283,783

5.2.14 SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

5.2.14.1 PAID-IN CAPITAL

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Common shares	4,200,000	4,200,000
Preference shares	-	-

5.2.14.2 REGISTERED SHARE CAPITAL SYSTEM

CAPITAL SYSTEM	PAID-IN CAPITAL	CEILING PER REGISTERED SHARE CAPITAL
Registered Shares	4,200,000	10,000,000

5.2.14.3 CAPITAL INCREASES IN CURRENT PERIOD

None.

5.2.14.4 CAPITAL INCREASES FROM CAPITAL RESERVES IN CURRENT PERIOD

None.

Data and Technology

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Operational

5.2.14.5 CAPITAL COMMITMENTS FOR CURRENT AND FUTURE FINANCIAL PERIODS

None.

Reaching

More Customers

5.2.14.6 POSSIBLE EFFECT OF ESTIMATIONS MADE FOR THE PARENT BANK'S REVENUES, PROFITABILITY AND LIQUIDITY ON EQUITY CONSIDERING PRIOR PERIOD INDICATORS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Best and Most

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None.

5.2.14.7 INFORMATION ON PRIVILEGES GIVEN TO STOCKS REPRESENTING THE CAPITAL

None.

5.2.14.8 SECURITIES VALUE INCREASE FUND

Information on securities value increase fund classified as a part of income/expenses from valuation and/or reclassification of financial assets measured at FVOCI in the statement of changes in shareholders' equity, is as follows;

	CURRENT	PERIOD	PRIOR PER	IOD
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Investments in Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint-Ventures	-	-	-	-
Valuation Difference	-	-	-	-
Exchange Rate Difference	-	-	-	-
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	183,445	117,029	(40,429)	155,810
Valuation Difference	190,085	117,029	(40,429)	155,810
Exchange Rate Difference	(6,640)	_	-	-
Total	183,445	117,029	(40,429)	155,810

5.2.14.9 REVALUATION SURPLUS

CURRENT PERIOD		PRIOR PERIOD	
TL	FC	TL	FC
52,120	14,759	24,125	194,826
1,849,148	99,290	1,525,315	72,648
-	-	-	-
(302,746)	-	(172,475)	-
1,598,522	114,049	1,376,965	267,474
	TL 52,120 1,849,148 - (302,746)	TL FC 52,120 14,759 1,849,148 99,290 - - (302,746) -	TL FC TL 52,120 14,759 24,125 1,849,148 99,290 1,525,315 - - - (302,746) - (172,475)

5.2.14.10 BONUS SHARES OF ASSOCIATES, SUBSIDIARIES AND JOINT-VENTURES

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Bankalararası Kart Merkezi AŞ	5,781	-
Kredi Kartları Bürosu AŞ	481	481
Garanti Ödeme Sistemleri AŞ	401	401
Doğuş Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı AŞ	22	22
Yatırım Finansman Menkul Değerler AŞ	9	9
Total	6,694	913

535

and Appendix

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish



Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19

Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

5.2.14.11 LEGAL RESERVES

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
I. Legal Reserve	1,126,710	1,092,170
II. Legal Reserve	507,264	507,264
Special Reserves	-	-
Total	1,633,974	1,599,434

5.2.14.12 EXTRAORDINARY RESERVES

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Legal Reserves allocated in compliance with the Decisions Made on the Annual General Assembly	44,235,769	38,013,495

5.2.14.13 MINORITY INTEREST

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Balance at Beginning of Period	273,910	197,546
Profit Share of Subsidiaries Net Profits	80,073	76,476
Prior Period Dividend Payment	(106,518)	(680)
Increase/(Decrease) in Minority Interest due to Sales	-	-
Others	214	568
Balance at End of Period	247,679	273,910

5.3 CONSOLIDATED OFF-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS

5.3.1 OFF-BALANCE SHEET CONTINGENCIES

5.3.1.1 IRREVOCABLE CREDIT COMMITMENTS

The Bank and its consolidated financial subsidiaries have term asset purchase and sale commitments of TL 27,918,231 (31 December 2019: TL 15,882,503), commitments for cheque payments of TL 3,174,209 (31 December 2019: TL 3,184,727) and commitments for credit card limits of TL 47,352,117 (31 December 2019: TL 38,234,015).

5.3.1.2 POSSIBLE LOSSES AND COMMITMENTS RESULTED FROM OFF-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Letters of Guarantee in Foreign Currency	33,857,845	26,872,148
Letters of Guarantee in TL	31,475,024	23,555,242
Letters of Credit	13,163,222	10,676,483
Bills of Exchange and Acceptances	2,173,451	1,579,043
Prefinancings	-	-
Other Guarantees	125,852	74,179
Total	80,795,394	62,757,095

Data and Technology The Best and Most Engaged Team Corporate Governance

Financial Repor and Appendix

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Expected losses for non-cash loans and irrevocable commitments

	STAGE 1	STAGE 2	STAGE 3	TOTAL
Current Period Balances at Beginning of Period	238.451	351.457	624.572	1.214.480
Additions during the Period (+)	642,453	771,378	351,509	1,765,340
Disposal (-)	(513,980)	(241,228)	(261,762)	(1,016,970)
Sales	-	-	-	-
Write-off	-	-	-	-
Transfer to Stage 1	150,407	(149,035)	(1,372)	-
Transfer to Stage 2	(44,197)	59,376	(15,179)	-
Transfer to Stage 3	(294)	(18,431)	18,725	-
Foreign Currency Differences	31,152	61,231	96,656	189,039
Balances at End of Period	503,992	834,748	813,149	2,151,889
	STAGE 1	STAGE 2	STAGE 3	TOTAL
Prior Period Balances at Beginning of Period	123.751	245.225	285.681	654.657
Additions during the Period (+)	309,983	457,568	342,817	1,110,368
Disposal (-)	(268,789)	(180,334)	(148,924)	(598,047)
Sales	-	-	-	-
Write-off	-	-	-	-
Transfer to Stage 1	92,434	(91,370)	(1,064)	-
Transfer to Stage 2	(25,400)	26,879	(1,479)	-
Transfer to Stage 3	(401)	(119,500)	119,901	
Foreign Currency Differences	6,873	12,989	27,640	47,502
Balances at End of Period	238,451	351,457	624,572	1,214,480

Lifetime expected credit loss (Stage 3) of TL 813,149 (31 December 2019: TL 624,572) is made for unliquidated non-cash loans of TL 1,441,170 (31 December 2019: TL 1,544,164) recorded under the off-balance sheet items.

The detailed information for commitments, guarantees and sureties are provided under the statement of "off-balance sheet items".

5.3.1.3 NON-CASH LOANS

CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
14,143,550	11,045,938
2,272,692	1,673,837
11,870,858	9,372,101
66,651,844	51,711,157
80,795,394	62,757,095
	14,143,550 2,272,692 11,870,858 66,651,844

Our Value Creation Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

5.3.1.4 OTHER INFORMATION ON NON-CASH LOANS

		CURRENT PERIO	OD	
	TL	(%)	FC	(%)
Agriculture	120,752	0.38	235,022	0.48
Farming and Stockbreeding	78,187	0.25	182,686	0.37
Forestry	20,634	0.06	35,972	0.07
Fishery	21,931	0.07	16,364	0.03
Manufacturing	8,088,269	25.42	22,824,450	46.61
Mining and Quarrying	311,013	0.98	392,989	0.80
Production	5,507,663	17.31	14,702,099	30.02
Electricity, Gas, Water	2,269,593	7.13	7,729,362	15.78
Construction	3,913,005	12.30	8,396,510	17.15
Services	17,526,121	55.07	15,369,695	31.39
Wholesale and Retail Trade	10,060,778	31.61	5,653,734	11.55
Accomodation and Dining	763,987	2.40	690,737	1.41
Transportation and	1.562.899	4,91	2.918.030	5,96
Telecommunication	1,562,899	4.91	2,918,030	5.96
Financial Institutions	3,345,100	10.51	5,808,752	11.86
Real Estate and Rental Services	1,497,849	4.71	224,114	0.46
Professional Services	-	-	-	-
Educational Services	44,668	0.14	2,345	-
Health and Social Services	250,840	0.79	71,983	0.15
Others	2,176,193	6.84	2,145,377	4.38
Total	31,824,340	100.00	48,971,054	100.00

		PRIOR PERIOR)	
	TL	(%)	FC	(%)
Agriculture	82,088	0.35	82,438	0.21
Farming and Stockbreeding	57,843	0.24	71,349	0.18
Forestry	18,383	0.09	2,861	0.01
Fishery	5,862	0.02	8,228	0.02
Manufacturing	6,260,335	26.46	19,436,019	49.71
Mining and Quarrying	206,972	0.87	165,395	0.42
Production	3,979,058	16.82	12,962,588	33.15
Electricity, Gas, Water	2,074,305	8.77	6,308,036	16.13
Construction	3,559,594	15.05	4,895,904	12.52
Services	11,603,232	49.05	12,030,732	30.77
Wholesale and Retail Trade	7,574,284	32.02	4,744,647	12.13
Accomodation and Dining	508,837	2.15	437,836	1.12
Transportation and	939.459	3,97	2.414.923	6,18
Telecommunication	939,459	3.97	2,414,923	6.18
Financial Institutions	1,989,264	8.41	4,065,094	10.40
Real Estate and Rental Services	361,873	1.53	253,606	0.65
Professional Services	-	-	-	-
Educational Services	48,806	0.21	1,756	-
Health and Social Services	180,709	0.76	112,870	0.29
Others	2,150,323	9.09	2,656,430	6.79
Total	23,655,572	100.00	39,101,523	100.00

Data and Technology The Best and Most Engaged Team Corporate Governance

Financial Repor and Appendix

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

5.3.1.5 NON-CASH LOANS CLASSIFIED UNDER GROUP I AND II:

	GROUPI		GROUP II	
CURRENT PERIOD	TL	FC	TL	FC
Non-Cash Loans	28,350,985	43,422,047	3,371,337	4,620,007
Letters of Guarantee	28,015,726	28,670,422	3,357,280	4,260,268
Bills of Exchange and Bank Acceptances	64,784	1,974,826	5,410	126,586
Letters of Credit	270,475	12,650,947	8,647	233,153
Endorsements	-	=	-	-
Underwriting Commitments	-	=	-	-
Factoring Related Guarantees	-	=	-	-
Other Guarantees and Surities	-	125,852	-	-
	GROUPI		GROUP II	
PRIOR PERIOD	TL	FC	TL	FC
Non-Cash Loans	20,778,770	35,247,709	2,544,787	2,840,202
Letters of Guarantee	20,678,440	23,279,141	2,544,787	2,580,875
Bills of Exchange and Bank Acceptances	35,845	1,533,885	-	7,833
Letters of Credit	64,485	10,362,227	-	249,771
Endorsements	-	=	-	-
Underwriting Commitments	-	-	-	-
Factoring Related Guarantees	-	=	-	-
Other Guarantees and Surities	_	72,456	_	1,723

5.3.2 FINANCIAL DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS

CURRENT PERIOD	UP TO 1 MONTH	1-3 MONTHS	3-12 MONTHS	1-5 YEARS	5 YEARS AND OVER	TOTAL
Derivative Financial Instruments held for Risk Management						
A. Total Derivative Financial Instruments held for Risk Management	1,673,036	1,388,763	3,432,142	25,937,310	9,856,655	42,287,906
Fair Value Hedges	-	3,672	108,046	3,464,446	5,202,241	8,778,405
Cash Flow Hedges	1,673,036	1,385,091	3,324,096	22,472,864	4,654,414	33,509,501
Net Foreign Investment Hedges	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trading Derivatives	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign Currency related Derivative Transactions (I)	130,995,776	80,796,821	28,141,999	2,419,948	1,599,460	243,954,004
Currency Forwards - Purchases	3,583,742	3,332,019	3,336,701	133,771	-	10,386,233
Currency Forwards - Sales	3,531,876	3,200,622	3,130,080	132,947	-	9,995,525
Currency Swaps - Purchases	55,076,797	35,230,429	9,135,088	1,080,104	844,730	101,367,148
Currency Swaps - Sales	64,057,763	37,584,329	9,918,173	1,061,524	754,730	113,376,519
Currency Options - Purchases	1,801,527	421,555	852,907	5,784	-	3,081,773
Currency Options - Sales	1,963,099	434,376	836,758	5,818	-	3,240,051
Currency Futures - Purchases	501,272	302,326	442,800	-	-	1,246,398
Currency Futures - Sales	479,700	291,165	489,492	-	-	1,260,357
Interest Rate related Derivative Transactions (II)	12,650,092	13,942,984	18,236,744	34,770,376	65,570,766	145,170,962
Interest Rate Swaps – Purchases	6,319,347	6,922,163	9,118,578	17,052,287	32,194,983	71,607,358
Interest Rate Swaps – Sales	6,319,347	6,922,163	9,118,166	17,052,287	32,194,983	71,606,946
Interest Rate Options - Purchases	-	-	-	665,802	1,180,800	1,846,602
Interes Rate Options - Sales	-	-	=	-	-	=
Securities Options - Purchases	2,960	22,051	-	-	-	25,011
Securities Options - Sales	8,438	76,607	-	-	-	85,045
Interest Rate Futures - Purchases	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest Rate Futures – Sales	-	-	=	-	-	-
Other Trading Derivatives (III)	8,373,543	403,504	206,295	12,154,311	22,140,000	43,277,653
B. Total Trading Derivatives (I+II+III)	152,019,411	95,143,309	46,585,038	49,344,635	89,310,226	432,402,619
Total Derivative Transactions (A+B)	153,692,447	96,532,072	50,017,180	75,281,945	99,166,881	474,690,525

Our Value Creation

Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

PRIOR PERIOD	UP TO 1 MONTH	1-3 MONTHS	3-12 MONTHS	1-5 YEARS	5 YEARS AND OVER	TOTAL
Derivative Financial Instruments held for Risk Management						
A. Total Derivative Financial Instruments held for Risk Management	207,286	1,516,182	11,785,096	37,103,482	15,335,525	65,947,571
Fair Value Hedges	-	678,102	1,869,214	7,967,628	10,928,014	21,442,958
Cash Flow Hedges	207,286	838,080	9,915,882	29,135,854	4,407,511	44,504,613
Net Foreign Investment Hedges	=	-	-	-	-	-
Trading Derivatives	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign Currency related Derivative Transactions (I)	97,200,426	53,632,581	32,425,811	5,683,643	1,606,303	190,548,764
Currency Forwards - Purchases	2,904,428	1,880,546	3,153,314	157,404	=	8,095,692
Currency Forwards - Sales	2,886,386	1,842,199	3,091,346	171,978	-	7,991,909
Currency Swaps - Purchases	43,219,380	21,251,093	9,755,852	1,903,604	741,615	76,871,544
Currency Swaps - Sales	39,490,564	21,412,012	9,929,830	1,881,587	864,688	73,578,681
Currency Options - Purchases	4,257,046	3,149,744	3,182,866	763,879	-	11,353,535
Currency Options - Sales	4,415,113	3,578,695	3,240,735	755,959	-	11,990,502
Currency Futures - Purchases	14,441	259,759	36,343	25,549	-	336,092
Currency Futures - Sales	13,068	258,533	35,525	23,683	-	330,809
Interest Rate related Derivative Transactions (II)	336,068	332,016	9,615,576	15,905,078	52,316,021	78,504,759
Interest Rate Swaps – Purchases	140,040	91,784	1,870,976	7,952,539	25,319,432	35,374,771
Interest Rate Swaps – Sales	140,040	91,784	1,870,976	7,952,539	25,319,432	35,374,771
Interest Rate Options - Purchases	-	-	4,971,964	-	1,677,157	6,649,121
Interes Rate Options - Sales	-	-	888,120	-	-	888,120
Securities Options - Purchases	21,084	58,396	8,400	-	-	87,880
Securities Options - Sales	34,904	60,448	5,140	-	-	100,492
Interest Rate Futures - Purchases	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest Rate Futures - Sales	-	29,604	-	-	-	29,604
Other Trading Derivatives (III)	4,074,028	693,099	159,893	3,950,269	11,101,510	19,978,799
B. Total Trading Derivatives (I+II+III)	101,610,522	54,657,696	42,201,280	25,538,990	65,023,834	289,032,322
Total Derivative Transactions (A+B)	101,817,808	56,173,878	53,986,376	62,642,472	80,359,359	354,979,893

5.3.3 CREDIT DERIVATIVES AND RISK EXPOSURES ON CREDIT DERIVATIVES

As of 31 December 2020, there are total return swaps of the Bank with a total face value of USD 2,323,462,798 (31 December 2019: USD 2,511,607,143) classified under "other derivative financial instruments", where the Bank is on the selling side of the protection.

5.3.4 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND ASSETS

The Bank and its consolidated financial affiliates made a total provision amounting to TL 316,873 (31 December 2019: TL 488,730) for the lawsuits filed by various customers and institutions which are likely to occur and for which cash outflow might be necessary, and disclosed it under Note 5.2.9.4, other provisions. There are various other lawsuits which are unlikely to occur and for which cash outflow is not expected to incur.

It is possible that the parent Bank or its consolidated financial affiliates may be required to provide additional collateral for the derivative transactions involved due to changes in certain financials indicators such as CDS levels, currency exchange rates, interest rates etc.

5.3.5 SERVICES RENDERED ON BEHALF OF THIRD PARTIES

The Bank acts as an investment agent for banking transactions on behalf of its customers and provides custody services. Such transactions are followed under off-balance sheet accounts.

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Data and Technology

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

541

and Appendix

5.4 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

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5.4.1 INTEREST INCOME

More Customers

5.4.1.1 INTEREST INCOME FROM LOANS (*)

	CURRENT P	CURRENT PERIOD		OD
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Interest Income from Loans				
Short-term loans	7,770,245	803,844	10,167,361	860,747
Medium and long-term loans	16,030,524	5,622,234	16,499,113	5,707,374
Loans under follow-up	481,968	211,158	503,825	127,786
Premiums Received from Resource Utilization Support Fund	-	-		
Total	24,282,737	6,637,236	27,170,299	6,695,907

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(*) Includes also fees and commissions income on cash loans.

5.4.1.2 INTEREST INCOME FROM BANKS

	CURRENT	CURRENT PERIOD		RIOD
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Central Bank of Turkey	292	-	10,979	165,825
Domestic Banks	99,421	39,274	325,094	49,001
Foreign Banks	2,733	59,189	5,936	298,373
Foreign Head Offices and Branches	-	-	-	-
Total	102,446	98,463	342,009	513,199

5.4.1.3 INTEREST INCOME FROM SECURITIES PORTFOLIO

	CURRENT	CURRENT PERIOD		IOD
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Profit or Loss	98,770	34,078	103,938	9,593
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	2,619,478	550,876	2,286,211	498,177
Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost	2,837,449	417,610	2,483,331	277,661
Total	5,555,697	1,002,564	4,873,480	785,431

As disclosed in the accounting policies, the Bank values CPI-indexed government bonds in its securities portfolio according to the reference index on the issue date and the index that is calculated according to the expected inflation rate. The inflation rate used during the valuation is being updated during the year when it is considered necessary. As of 31 December 2020, the valuation of such securities was made according to annual inflation as of balance sheet date.

Our Value Creation Our 2020 Materia Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

> Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

5.4.1.4 INTEREST INCOME RECEIVED FROM ASSOCIATES AND SUBSIDIARIES

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Interest Received from Investments in Associates and Subsidiaries	43,428	25,224

5.4.2 INTEREST EXPENSES

5.4.2.1 INTEREST EXPENSES ON FUNDS BORROWED (*)

	CURRENT P	PRIOR PERIOD		
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Banks	202,264	362,774	275,545	515,094
Central Bank of Turkey	23,624	1,896	-	4,672
Domestic Banks	79,317	60,343	122,706	75,575
Foreign Banks	99,323	300,535	152,839	434,847
Foreign Head Offices and Branches	-	-	-	-
Other Institutions	-	782,017	-	1,008,496
Total	202,264	1,144,791	275,545	1,523,590

(*) Includes also fees and commissions expenses on borrowings.

5.4.2.2 INTEREST EXPENSES PAID TO ASSOCIATES AND SUBSIDIARIES

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Interest Paid to Investments in Associates and Subsidiaries	22,428	26,576

5.4.2.3 INTEREST EXPENSES ON SECURITIES ISSUED

	C	URRENT PERIOD		PRIOR PERIOD		
	TL	FC	TL	FC		
Interest Expenses on Securities Issued	848,365	1,480,570	1,049,102	1,601,424		

5.4.2.4 MATURITY STRUCTURE OF INTEREST EXPENSE ON DEPOSITS

				TIME	DEPOSITS			
CURRENT PERIOD	DEMAND DEPOSITS	UP TO 1 MONTH	1-3 MONTHS	3-6 MONTHS	6-12 MONTHS	OVER 1 YEAR	ACCUMULATING DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS	TOTAL
Turkish Lira								
Bank Deposits	1,404	55,181	-	-	-	-	-	56,585
Saving Deposits	2,212	288,233	5,024,558	33,528	26,575	178,182	-	5,553,288
Public Sector Deposits	-	8,734	8,668	1	-	1	-	17,404
Commercial Deposits	129	1,108,513	1,133,476	22,768	24,347	116,980	-	2,406,213
Others	2	43,861	126,184	33,514	14,578	465,143	-	683,282
"7 Days Notice" Deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total TL	3,747	1,504,522	6,292,886	89,811	65,500	760,306	-	8,716,772
Foreign Currency								
Foreign Currency Deposits	5,005	111,813	335,624	43,269	62,434	133,781	339	692,265
Bank Deposits	(1,203)	717	2,303	6,023	11,434	1,084	-	20,358
"7 Days Notice" Deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Precious Metal Deposits	-	-	-	-	21	7,846	-	7,867
Total FC	3,802	112,530	337,927	49,292	73,889	142,711	339	720,490
Grand Total	7,549	1,617,052	6,630,813	139,103	139,389	903,017	339	9,437,262

Data and Technology

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Operational Excellence

				TIME D	EPOSITS			
PRIOR PERIOD	DEMAND DEPOSITS	UP TO 1 MONTH	1-3 MONTHS	3-6 MONTHS	6-12 MONTHS		ACCUMULATING DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS	TOTAL
Turkish Lira								
Bank Deposits	3,059	65,200	-	-	-	-	-	68,259
Saving Deposits	2,347	421,487	8,302,030	429,739	270,841	595,899	-	10,022,343
Public Sector Deposits	-	2,948	6,579	523	106	8	-	10,164
Commercial Deposits	298	1,335,174	1,606,867	79,599	81,946	186,794	-	3,290,678
Others	11	35,436	154,228	7,675	90,085	695,752	-	983,187
"7 Days Notice" Deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total TL	5,715	1,860,245	10,069,704	517,536	442,978	1,478,453	-	14,374,631
Foreign Currency								
Foreign Currency Deposits	21,787	215,367	1,396,566	120,225	138,699	225,963	441	2,119,048
Bank Deposits	-	5,162	846	3,910	9,342	8,959	-	28,219
"7 Days Notice" Deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Precious Metal Deposits	-	-	23	244	129	6,813	-	7,209
Total FC	21,787	220,529	1,397,435	124,379	148,170	241,735	441	2,154,476
Grand Total	27,502	2,080,774	11,467,139	641,915	591,148	1,720,188	441	16,529,107

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5.4.2.5 INTEREST EXPENSE ON MONEY MARKET TRANSACTIONS

	CUF	PRI	PRIOR PERIOD		
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Interest Paid on Repurchase Agreements	246,133	10,855	25,012	18,837	

5.4.2.6 LEASE EXPENSES

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5.4.2.6.1 FINANCIAL LEASE EXPENSES

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Financial Lease Expenses	-	2,788
5.4.2.6.2 OPERATIONEL LEASE EXPENSES		
	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Operationel lease expenses	133,480	185,305

5.4.2.7 INTEREST EXPENSES ON FACTORING PAYABLES

None.

Convenience Translation of Financial

543

Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

and Appendix



Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Sustainability

5.4.3 DIVIDEND INCOME

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Financial Assets Valued at Fair Value through Profit or Loss	3,002	2,291
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	-	-
Others	19,176	8,985
Total	22,178	11,276

5.4.4 TRADING INCOME/LOSSES (NET)

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Prior Period	157.883.943	133.364.923
Income	157,883,943	133,364,923
Trading Account Income	1,813,299	492,021
Derivative Financial Instruments	13,715,437	28,315,997
Foreign Exchange Gain	142,355,207	104,556,905
Losses (-)	157,181,049	135,170,985
Trading Account Losses	1,238,967	649,105
Derivative Financial Instruments	19,936,534	31,251,304
Foreign Exchange Losses	136,005,548	103,270,576
Total	702,894	(1,806,062)

TL 4,605,151 (31 December 2019: TL 2,448,840) of foreign exchange gains and TL 1,990,681 (31 December 2019: TL (2,538,991)) of foreign exchange losses are resulted from the exchange rate changes of derivative transactions.

The Bank enters into interest rate swap agreements in order to hedge the change in fair values of its fixed rate financial instruments due to fluctuations in market interest rates. In this respect, the Bank applied fair value hedge accounting for the fixed rate eurobonds issued in 2011 with a total face value of USD 500,000,000 maturity of 10 years and maturity date of 20 April 2021 which were priced at 6.375% originally and had a coupon rate of 6.25%, by designating interest rate swaps with the same face values and terms. In June 2012, the Bank ceased to apply hedge accounting and accordingly fair value calculations for these bonds. The accumulated fair value differences incurred starting from the date of hedge accounting up to the date on which it was ceased, are amortized as per the effective interest-rate method in compliance with TFRS 9.

The Bank also enters into interest rate and cross currency swap agreements in order to hedge the change in cash flows of floating rate financial instruments due to fluctuations in market interest rates. In this respect, the Bank applied cash flow hedge accounting for funds borrowed amounting to USD 15,965,405 and EUR 18,421,064 and securitization borrowings amounting to EUR 33,994,728 by designating cross currency swaps with the same face values and terms and securitizations amounting to USD 399,186,992 and EUR 30,000,000 and deposits amounting to TL 1,730,000, USD 610,000,000 and forward EUR 480,000,000 by designating interest rate swaps with the same face values. Accordingly, in the current period, gain of TL 16,656 (31 December 2019: gain of TL 19,136) and loss of TL (247,380) (31 December 2019:loss of TL (623,240)) resulting from cross currency and interest rate swap were recognised under shareholders' equity, respectively.

The Bank also applied fair value hedge accounting for its fixed-rate loans with a total principal of USD 55,544,712 and EUR 43,337,771, for its fixed rate coupons with a total face value of USD 387,500,000 and fixed-rate coupons with a total face value of EUR 23,800,000 by designating interest rate swaps and cross currency swaps with the same face values and terms. Accordingly, the accumulated fair value gain for the hedged loans and bonds is TL 12,559 (31 December 2019: gain of TL 161,485) and TL 371,381 (31 December 2019: gain of TL 206,320) respectively. The part of the related amount that belongs to the current period is accounted for under net trading income/losses in the statement of profit or loss.

The parent Bank applies cash flow hedge accounting in order to hedge its expected investment expenditures which are considered to have high probability of realization in the future from the exchange rate risk that will occur due to fluctuations in the market exchange rates.

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Data and

Technology

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Operational

Excellence

Reaching

More Customers

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Financial Reports

Cash flow hedge accounting is applied between the estimated investment expenditures amounting to USD 67,639,959 in total (31 December 2019: None) and foreign currency denominated assets and exchange differences arising from translation of foreign currency denominated assets into Turkish Lira are accounted under "Other Comprehensive Income/Expense Items to be Recycled to Profit or Loss". As of 31 December 2020, TL (24,655) arising from cash flow accounting is accounted under equity. There is no ineffective portion arising from cash flow hedge accounting.

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The parent Bank applies cash flow hedge accounting in order to hedge its foreign Eurobond coupon returns which are considered to have high probability of realization in the future from the exchange rate risk that will occur due to fluctuations in the market exchange rates. Cash flow hedge accounting is applied between the estimated foreign Eurobond coupon returns amounting to USD 67,639,959 in total (31 December 2019: None) and foreign currency denominated liabilities and exchange differences arising from translation of foreign currency denominated liabilities into Turkish Lira are accounted under "Other Comprehensive Income/ Expense Items to be Recycled to Profit or Loss". As of 31 December 2020, TL 24,655 (31 December 2019: None) arising from cash flow accounting is accounted under equity. There is no ineffective portion arising from cash flow hedge accounting.

The parent Bank applies cash flow hedge accounting in order to hedge its payment commitments made within the context of a special mile program that the Bank is subject to from the exchange rate risk that will occur due to fluctuations in the market exchange rates. Cash flow hedge accounting is applied between the payment commitments amounting to USD 11,333,460 in total (31 December 2019: None) and foreign currency denominated assets and exchange differences arising from translation of foreign currency denominated assets into Turkish Lira are accounted under "Other Comprehensive Income/Expense Items to be Recycled to Profit or Loss". As of 31 December 2020, TL (3,338) (31 December 2019: None) arising from cash flow accounting is accounted under equity. There is no ineffective portion arising from cash flow hedge accounting.

In the consolidated financial statements, the Bank applies cash flow hedge accounting by designating floating rate funds borrowed used by the one of the Bank's subsidiary with interest rate swap transactions of the Bank, in order to hedge the cash flow risk arising from fluctuations in market interest rates of these funds borrowed by the subsidiary, starting from 30 September 2019. In this respect, cash flow hedge accounting is applied for funds borrowed amounting to EUR 102,659,877 by designating interest rate swaps that include floor option with the same nominal value and interest rate swaps of USD 7,000,000 with the same nominal value and terms. In this respect, there is TL 840 amount accounted under shareholders' equity in the current period for interest rate swap transactions.

One of the Bank's consolidated subsidiaries enters into interest rate swap agreements in order to hedge the change in fair values of its fixed rate financial instruments due to fluctuations in market interest rates. In this respect, the subsidiary applied fair value hedge accounting for fixed rate eurobonds with a total face value of USD 25,000,000 and EUR 20,000,000 by designating interest rate swaps with the same face values and terms. Accordingly, the accumulated fair value loss for the hedged loans and bonds is TL 19,257 (31 December 2019: gain of TL 819). The part of the related amount that belongs to the current period is accounted for under net trading income/losses in the statement of profit or loss.

One of the Bank's consolidated subsidiaries enters into interest rate agreements in order to hedge the change in cash flows of floating rate financial instruments due to fluctuations in market interest rates. In this respect, the subsidiary applied cash flow hedge accounting for its funds borrowed amounting to EUR 35,000,000 by designating interest rate swaps with the same face values and terms. Accordingly, in the current period, a loss of TL 10,489 (31 December 2019: a loss of TL 6,764) resulting from interest rate swap agreements were recognised under shareholders' equity.

One of the Bank's consolidated subsidiaries enters into foreign currency derivative contracts to hedge the foreign currency risk of its expected future cash flows. In this respect, the subsidiary applied cash flow hedge accounting for its loans granted in Turkish Lira by designating swaps with the same face value amount and similar terms; TL 610,122,778 sell and EUR 63,172,553 buy, SEK 6,832,438 sell and EUR 657,258 buy, PLN 207,219 sell and EUR 44,700 buy, HUF 1,908,719,444 sell and EUR 5,518,455 buy, DKK 5,570,302 sell and EUR 748,215 buy, NOK 2,573,751 sell and EUR 230,824 buy, RON 8,333,330 sell and EUR 1,642,753 buy, CHF 42,095 sell and EUR 39,390 buy. Accordingly, in the current period, a loss of TL 2,378 (31 December 2019: a loss of TL 9,999) resulting from currency derivative contracts were recognized under shareholder's equity.

One of the Bank's consolidated subsidiaries enters into foreign currency derivative contracts to hedge the foreign currency risk of its expected future cash flows. In this respect, the subsidiary applied cash flow hedge accounting for its financial lease receivables granted in Foreign Currency by designating swaps with the same face value amount and similar terms; EUR 15,000,000 sell and TL 139,095,000 buy, USD 29,000,000 sell and TL 209,090,000 buy. Accordingly, in the current period, a loss of TL 5,484 (31 December 2019: a loss of TL 4,247) resulting from interest rate swap agreements and a gain of TL 3,751 (31 December 2019: a gain of TL 22,856) from currency derivative contracts were recognized under shareholder's equity.

545

About Garanti BBVA Our Value Creation Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

5.4.5 OTHER OPERATING INCOME

The items under "other operating income" generally consists of collection or reversals of prior year expected credit losses, banking services related costs recharged to customers and income on custody services.

In the current period, a part of non-performing receivables of the Bank's one of its consolidated subsidiaries amounting to TL 147,010 (31 December 2019: 1,026,813) were sold for a consideration of TL 54,892 (31 December 2019: 70,566). Considering the related provision of TL 122,788 (31 December 2019: 1,025,129) made in the financial statements, a gain of TL 30,670 (31 December 2019: 68,882) is recognized under "Other Operating Income".

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Prior Year Reversals	4,579,702	4,166,567
Stage 1	1,317,604	1,156,539
Stage 2	1,645,664	1,731,371
Stage 3	1,421,253	1,129,416
Others	195,181	149,241
Income from term sale of assets	138,213	103,562
Others (*)	1,832,208	1,406,655
Total	6,550,123	5,676,784

(*) Premium income from insurance business amounting to TL 1,346,544 (31 December 2019: TL 1,037,739) which is included in other operating income in the accompanying financial statements is presented in "others" line item.

5.4.6 EXPECTED CREDIT LOSSES AND OTHER PROVISIONS

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Expected Credit Losses	14,330,950	11,491,709
12-Month ECL (Stage 1)	2,749,573	1,567,920
Significant Increase in Credit Risk (Stage 2)	6,900,740	3,005,735
Impaired Credits(Stage 3)	4,680,637	6,918,054
Other Provisions	3,829,044	855,943
Impairment Losses on Securities	62,208	16,569
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Profit or Loss	56,806	12,752
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	5,402	3,817
Impairment Losses on Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint-ventures	295,281	-
Associates	295,281	-
Subsidiaries	-	-
Joint-ventures (business partnership)	-	-
Others	3,471,555	839,374
Total	18,159,994	12,347,652

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Data and

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Operational

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

547

and Appendix

5.4.7 OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES

Reaching

More Customers

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Reserve for Employee Termination Benefits	109,294	103,721
Defined Benefit Plan Obligations	-	_
Impairment Losses on Tangible Assets	98,951	24,104
Depreciation Expenses of Tangible Assets	395,872	400,186
Impairment Losses on Intangible Assets	-	328
Impairment Losses on Goodwill	-	-
Amortisation Expenses of Intangible Assets	165,387	140,883
Decrease in Value of Equity Accounting Shares	-	_
Impairment Losses on Assets to be Disposed	7,881	23,167
Depreciation Expenses of Right-of-use Assets	340,696	327,302
Impairment Losses on Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Assets	3,635	1,578
Other Operating Expenses	4,673,571	3,816,051
Operational Lease related Expenses (*)	193,117	177,721
Repair and maintenance expenses	92,123	92,014
Advertisement expenses	171,995	183,420
Other expenses	4,216,336	3,362,896
Loss on Sale of Assets	1,630	9,273
Others (**)	1,670,178	1,274,492
Total	7,467,095	6,121,085

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Engaged Team

(*) Includes lease related expenses out of the scope of TFRS 16.

(***) Includes saving-deposits-insurance-fund related expenses of TL 630,573 (31 December 2019: TL 456,362) and insurance-business claim losses of TL 453,793 (31 December 2019: TL 346,165) in the current period.

5.4.8 INFORMATION ON PROFIT/LOSS BEFORE TAXES FROM CONTINUED AND DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

TL 25,392,568 (31 December 2019: TL 20,673,425) of the profit before taxes is derived from net interest income and TL 6,587,665 (31 December 2019: TL 6,273,573) from net fees and commissions income. The total operating expenses amounted to TL 7,467,095 (31 December 2019: TL 6,121,085). The profit before taxes reached to TL 9,208,596 (31 December 2019: TL 8,172,268) increasing by 12.68% (31 December 2019: decreasing by 6.64%) as compared to the prior year.

There is no amount from discontinued operations.

5.4.9 INFORMATION ON PROVISION FOR TAXES FOR CONTINUED AND DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

As of 31 December 2020, on a consolidated basis, the Bank recorded a current tax expense of TL 4,549,974 (31 December 2019: TL 2,362,115) and a deferred tax income of TL 1,726,541 (31 December 2019: TL 431,237 tax income).

There is no amount from discontinued operations.

Deferred tax benefit/charge on timing differences

DEFERRED TAX (BENEFIT)/CHARGE ON TIMING DIFFERENCES	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Increase in Tax Deductible Timing Differences (+)	(1,964,736)	(303,287)
Decrease in Tax Deductible Timing Differences (-)	116,311	202,528
Increase in Taxable Timing Differences (-)	242,149	89,916
Decrease in Taxable Timing Differences (+)	(120,265)	(420,394)
Total	(1.726.541)	(431.237)



About Garanti BBVA Our Value Creation



Financial

Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Sustainability

Deferred tax benefit/charge in the income statement arising on timing differences, tax losses and tax deductions and exemptions

DEFERRED TAX (BENEFIT)/CHARGE ARISING ON TIMING DIFFERENCES, TAX LOSSES AND TAX DEDUCTIONS AND EXEMPTIONS	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
(Increase)/Decrease in Tax Deductible Timing Differences (net)	(1,858,794)	(72,195)
- (Increase)/Decrease in Taxable Timing Differences (net)	121,884	(330,478)
(Increase)/Decrease in Tax Losses (net)	10,369	(28,564)
(Increase)/Decrease in Tax Deductions and Exemptions (net)	-	-
Total	(1,726,541)	(431,237)

5.4.10 NET OPERATING PROFIT/LOSS AFTER TAXES INCLUDING NET PROFIT/LOSS FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

The Bank's net operating profit after taxes is TL 6,385,163 (31 December 2019: TL 6,241,390).

There is no amount from discontinued operations.

5.4.11 NET PROFIT/LOSS

5.4.11.1 ANY FURTHER EXPLANATION ON OPERATING RESULTS NEEDED FOR BETTER UNDERSTANDING OF BANK'S PERFORMANCE

None.

5.4.11.2 ANY CHANGES IN ESTIMATIONS THAT MIGHT HAVE A MATERIAL EFFECT ON CURRENT AND SUBSEQUENT PERIOD RESULTS

None.

5.4.11.3 MINORITY INTEREST'S PROFIT/LOSS

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Net Profit/(Loss) of Minority Interest	80,073	76,476

5.4.12 COMPONENTS OF OTHER ITEMS IN INCOME STATEMENT

The items in others under "Fees and commissions received" and "Fees and commissions paid" in the consolidated income statement include mainly fees and commissions related with credit card transactions and other banking services.

5.5 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

5.5.1 ANY CHANGES ARISING FROM APPLICATION OF ACCOUNTING FOR FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS IN CURRENT PERIOD

5.5.1.1 RECONCILIATION OF FOREIGN EXCHANGE DIFFERENCES AT BEGINNING AND END OF CURRENT PERIOD

As of 31 December 2020, an increase of TL 1,980,100 (31 December 2019: TL 465,491) that was resulted from the foreign currency translation of consolidated foreign affiliates performances, is presented under translation differences in the shareholders' equity.

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Data and

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Operational

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Financial Reports

and Appendix

5.5.1.2 INFORMATION ON CHANGES IN FINANCIAL ASSETS MEASURED AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

"Unrealized profits / losses" arising from changes in financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, are not reflected in the income statement until the realization of either the collection of the value corresponding to the relevant financial asset, the sale, disposal of the asset or its weakness, and are accounted under shareholders'equity. After netting with the related deferred tax effect, an increase of TL 344,512 of (31 December 2019: an increase TL 1,035,915) is presented in the shareholders' equity for such transactions.

5.5.1.3 INFORMATION ON HEDGE FUNDS

Reaching

More Customers

5.5.1.3.1 INCREASES DUE TO CASH FLOW HEDGES

As disclosed in note 5.4.4 Trading income/losses, the Bank has various cash flow hedges. After netting with the related deferred tax effect, an increase of TL 161,766 (31 December 2019: a decrease of TL 551,146) is presented in the shareholders' equity for such hedge transactions.

5.5.1.3.2 INFORMATION ON CHANGES IN INVESTMENT HEDGING ITEMS RELATED WITH FOREIGN ENTITIES

As disclosed in note 3.2.2 Foreign currency transactions, the Bank applies net investment hedge accounting for foreign exchange differences arising from the conversion of foreign currency investments and foreign currency long term loans to Turkish Lira. After netting with the related deferred tax effect, a increase of TL 774,447 (31 December 2019: a decrease of TL 189,720) is presented in the shareholders' equity for such hedge transactions.

5.5.2 TRANSFERS TO LEGAL AND EXTRAORDINARY RESERVES

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Transfers to Legal Reserves from Prior Year Profits	14,406	14,076
- Transfers to Extraordinary Reserves from Prior Year Profits	6,145,071	6,627,576

5.5.3 ISSUANCE OF SHARE CERTIFICATES

Please refer to Note 5.2.14.3.

5.5.4 EFFECTS OF PRIOR YEARS' CORRECTIONS TO BEGINNING BALANCES OF CURRENT PERIOD

Please refer to Note 3.29.

5.5.5 COMPENSATION OF PRIOR PERIOD LOSSES

None (31 December 2019: TL None).

549

The Best and Most Engaged Team Corporate Governance Introduction

Garanti BBVA

Our Value Creation Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

5.6 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

5.6.1 DISCLOSURES FOR "OTHER" ITEMS AND "EFFECT OF TRANSLATION DIFFERENCES CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS" IN STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

The net cash inflows arising from banking operations amount to TL 9,628,517 (31 December 2019: TL 14,438,970). TL 13,665,034 (31 December 2019: TL 3,572,118 cash inflows) of these net cash inflows is generated from the cash outflow resulted from the change in operating assets and liabilities and TL 23,293,551 (31 December 2019: TL 18,011,088) from the cash inflows resulted from operating profit. The "net increase (decrease) in other liabilities" under the changes in operating assets and liabilities is resulted from the changes in the funds obtained through repurchase agreements, miscellaneous payables, other external funding payables and taxes, duties and premiums payables and amounts to an increase of TL 6,450,560 (31 December 2019: TL 1,788,493 decrease). The net cash inflows from financing activities amount to TL 4,386,378 (31 December 2019: TL 4,052,169 net cash outflows).

The effect of translation differences on cash and cash equivalents includes the foreign exchange differences resulted from the translations of cash and cash equivalents in foreign currencies into TL at the exchange rates prevailing at the beginning and end of the year, and amounts to TL 2,461,351 (31 December 2019: TL 1,472,401).

5.6.2 CASH OUTFLOWS FROM ACQUISITION OF ASSOCIATES, SUBSIDIARIES AND JOINT-VENTURES

Please refer to Notes 5.1.10 and 5.1.11.

5.6.3 CASH INFLOWS FROM DISPOSAL OF ASSOCIATES, SUBSIDIARIES AND JOINT-VENTURES

None (31 December 2019: TL None).

5.6.4 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Cash on Hand	4,343,805	4,072,788
Cash in TL	1,594,582	1,562,395
Cash in Foreign Currency	2,749,223	2,510,393
Cash Equivalents	43,662,688	33,624,816
Others	43,662,688	33,624,816
Total	48,006,493	37,697,604

5.6.5 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD

	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
Cash on Hand	9,678,213	4,343,805
Cash in TL	2,722,172	1,594,582
Cash in Foreign Currency	6,956,041	2,749,223
Cash Equivalents	43,085,544	43,662,688
Others	43,085,544	43,662,688
Total	52,763,757	48,006,493

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Data and

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Operational

5.6.6 RESTRICTED CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS DUE TO LEGAL REQUIREMENTS OR OTHER REASONS

The placements at foreign banks include blocked accounts amounting TL 2,423,914 (31 December 2019: TL 2,818,396) of which TL 2,222,619 (31 December 2019: TL 2,657,254) and TL 201,295 (31 December 2019: TL 161,142) are kept at the central banks of Malta and Turkish Republic of Northern Cyprus, respectively as reserve deposits.

The Best and Most

Governance

Engaged Team

Furthermore, there are restricted deposits at various domestic banks amounting TL 465,118 (31 December 2019: TL 413,230) as required for insurance activities.

The blocked account at the Central Bank of Turkey with a principal of TL 26,010,300 (31 December 2019: TL 19,425,196) is for the reserve deposits in foreign currency and gold against the Banks' liabilities in Turkish Lira, foreign currencies and gold.

5.6.7 ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Reaching

More Customers

5.6.7.1 RESTRICTIONS ON THE BANK'S POTENTIAL BORROWINGS

None (31 December 2019: TL None).

5.6.7.2 CASH INFLOWS PRESENTING INCREASE IN BANKING ACTIVITY RELATED CAPACITY

None (31 December 2019: TL None).

5.7 RELATED PARTY RISKS

5.7.1 TRANSACTIONS WITH PARENT BANK'S RISK GROUP;

5.7.1.1 LOANS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

CURRENT PERIOD

BANK'S RISK GROUP		ASSOCIATES, SUBSIDIARIES AND JOINT-VENTURES		BANK'S DIRECT AND IN DIRECT SHAREHOLDERS		OTHER COMPONENTS IN RISK GROUP	
LOANS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES	CASH	NON-CASH	CASH	NON-CASH	CASH	NON-CASH	
Balance at beginning of period	192,177	4,064	38,598	1,003,750	28,717	45,561	
Balance at end of period	792,970	27,873	662,187	878,143	157,906	51,551	
Interest and Commission Income	45,227	14	29,744	-	9,226	175	

PRIOR PERIOD

BANK'S RISK GROUP		ASSOCIATES, SUBSIDIARIES AND JOINT-VENTURES		BANK'S DIRECT AND INDIRECT SHAREHOLDERS		OTHER COMPONENTS IN RISK GROUP	
LOANS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES	CASH	NON-CASH	CASH	NON-CASH	CASH	NON-CASH	
Balance at beginning of period	300,597	5,024	116,428	954,272	147,203	36,351	
Balance at end of period	192,177	4,064	38,598	1,003,750	28,717	45,561	
Interest and Commission Income	28,972	7	10,351	-	7,384	94	

and Appendix

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish



About Garanti <u>BBVA</u> Our Value Creation

Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

5.7.1.2 DEPOSITS

BBANK'S RISK GROUP		ASSOCIATES, SUBSIDIARIES AND JOINT-VENTURES		BANK'S DIRECT AND INDIRECT SHAREHOLDERS		OTHER COMPONENTS IN RISK GROUP	
DEPOSITS	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD	
Balance at beginning of period	137,563	134,824	133,851	109,448	107,955	107,483	
Balance at end of period	347,975	137,563	70,153	133,851	441,807	107,955	
Interest Expenses	22,428	26,576	129	467	9,012	6,574	

5.7.1.3 DERIVATIVE TRANSACTIONS

BBANK'S RISK GROUP	ASSOCIATES, SUBSIDIARIES AND JOINT-VENTURES		BANK'S DIRECT AND INDIRECT SHAREHOLDERS		OTHER COMPONENTS IN RISK GROUP	
	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
TRANSACTIONS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT/(LOSS)						
Balance at beginning of period	116,223	34,363	23,854,032	33,860,021	-	9,479
Balance at end of period	572,425	116,223	30,964,751	23,854,032	-	-
Total Profit/(Loss)	(716)	542	(266,345)	(72,707)	-	-
Transactions for Hedging						
Balance at beginning of period	-	-	643,552	1,004,943	-	-
Balance at end of period	-	-	565,120	643,552	-	-
Total Profit/(Loss)	-	-	(2,069)	1,272	-	-

Based on the decision of the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency dated 22 June 2018 and numbered 7855, the special purpose entity and Türk Telekom A.Ş. have not been included in the risk group in accordance with the articles 3 and 49 of the Banking Law No. 5411.

5.7.2 BANK'S RISK GROUP

5.7.2.1 RELATIONS WITH COMPANIES IN RISK GROUP OF/OR CONTROLLED BY THE BANK REGARDLESS OF NATURE OF CURRENT TRANSACTIONS

Transactions with the risk group, are held under arm's-length conditions; terms are set according to the market conditions and in compliance with the Banking Law. The Bank's policy is to keep the balances and transaction volumes with the risk group at reasonable levels preventing any high concentration risk on balance sheet.

5.7.2.2 CONCENTRATION OF TRANSACTION VOLUMES AND BALANCES WITH RISK GROUP AND PRICING POLICY

The cash loans of the risk group amounting TL 879,749 (31 December 2019: TL 147,011) compose 0.25% (31 December 2019: 0.05%) of the Bank's total consolidated cash loans and 0.16% (31 December 2019: 0.03%) of the Bank's total consolidated assets. The total loans and similar receivables amounting TL 1,613,063 (31 December 2019: TL 259,492) compose 0.30% (31 December 2019: 0.06%) of the Bank's total consolidated assets. The non-cash loans of the risk group amounting TL 957,567 (31 December 2019: TL 1,053,375) compose 1.19% (31 December 2019: 1.68%) of the Bank's total consolidated non-cash loans. The deposits of the risk group amounting TL 859,935 (31 December 2019: TL 379,369) compose 0.24% (31 December 2019: 0.14%) of the Bank's total consolidated deposits. There are no funds borrowed by the Bank and its consolidated financial subsidiaries from their risk group of the Bank's total consolidated funds borrowed. The pricing in transactions with the risk group companies is set on an arms-length basis.

A total rent income of TL 5,526 (31 December 2019: TL 5,415) was recognized for the real estates rented to the related parties. No operating expenses were incurred for the IT services rendered by the related parties (30 September 2019: TL 414). Other income of TL 4,248 (31 December 2019: TL 3,905) for the IT services rendered and banking services fee income of TL 17,468 (31 December 2019: TL 12,513) were recognized from the related parties.

Sustainabi

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Data and

Technology

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Financial Reports

553

and Appendix

Operating expenses of TL 87,688 (31 December 2019: TL 66,569) for operational leasing services rendered by the related parties were recognized as expenses.

Including the payments related to resigners, the net payment provided or to be provided to the key management of the Bank and its consolidated financial subsidiaries amounts to TL 116,069 as of 31 December 2020 (31 December 2019: TL 134,035).

The Best and Most

Governance

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5.7.2.3 OTHER MATTERS NOT REQUIRED TO BE DISCLOSED

Operational

None.

Reaching

More Customers

5.7.2.4 TRANSACTIONS ACCOUNTED FOR UNDER EQUITY METHOD

None.

5.7.2.5 ALL KIND OF AGREEMENTS SIGNED LIKE ASSET PURCHASES/SALES, SERVICE RENDERING, AGENCIES, LEASING, RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT, LICENSES, FUNDING, GUARANTEES, MANAGEMENT SERVICES

The Bank has agency contracts with Garanti Yatırım Menkul Kıymetler AŞ and Garanti Emeklilik ve Hayat AŞ. Accordingly, all the branches of the Bank serve as agencies to sell the insurance products to customers. Agency services for trading of securities on behalf of the Bank's customers are rendered by specialized branches (Investment Centers).

Purchase of equipments for internal use are partly arranged through leasing.

5.8 DOMESTIC, FOREIGN AND OFF-SHORE BRANCHES OR EQUITY INVESTMENTS, AND FOREIGN REPRESENTATIVE OFFICES OF PARENT BANK

5.8.1 DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN BRANCHES AND REPRESENTATIVE OFFICES OF PARENT BANK

	PARENT BANK				
	NUMBER OF BRANCHES	NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES			
DOMESTIC BRANCHES	884	18,540	COUNTRY		
FOREIGN REPRESENTATIVE OFFICES	1	1	1- Germany		
	1	1	2- China		
				TOTAL ASSETS	LEGAL CAPITAL
FOREIGN BRANCHES	1	13	1- Malta	30,001,077	-
	7	101	2- KKTC	4,312,995	80,000

5.8.2 OPENING OR CLOSING OF DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN BRANCHES AND REPRESENTATIVE OFFICES AND SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN ORGANISATIONAL STRUCTURE OF PARENT BANK

In 2020, 1 domestic branches were opened and 21 branches were closed. (In 2018, 2 domestic branches were opened and 24 branches were closed.)

Garanti BBVA

Our Value Creation Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

5.8.3 INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES OF PARENT BANK

GARANTI BANK INTERNATIONAL NV					
	NUMBER OF BRANCHES	NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES	COUNTRY		
FOREIGN REPRESENTATIVE OFFICES	1	9	1- Turkey		
	1	-	2- Switzerland		
				TOTAL ASSETS	LEGAL CAPITAL
HEAD OFFICE-THE NETHERLANDS		209	1- Netherlands	30,370,458	EUR 136,836,000
FOREIGN BRANCHES	1	18	2- Germany	682,922	-

	GARANTI BANK S	A			
	NUMBER OF BRANCHES	NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES	COUNTRY	TOTAL ASSETS	LEGAL CAPITAL
ROMANIA HEAD OFFICE AND BRANCHES	75	1,008	Romania	20,632,817	RON 1,208,086,946

Other consolidated foreign financial subsidiaries

	NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES	COUNTRY	TOTAL ASSETS	LEGAL CAPITAL
GARANTI HOLDING BV	-	Netherlands	3,081,903	EUR 385,388,600
G NETHERLANDS BV	-	Netherlands	3,082,419	EUR 120,682,821
MOTORACTIVE IFN SA	78	Romania	1,530,960	RON 40,138,655
RALFI IFN SA	111	Romania	1,103,352	RON 10,661,500

Consolidated domestic financial subsidiaries

TAL ASSETS	LEGAL CAPITAL
5,846,989	350,000
2,912,563	79,500
2,855,596	50,000
-	8,328
-	25,000
-	35,000
	5,846,989 2,912,563 2,855,596

5.9 MATTERS ARISING SUBSEQUENT TO THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

None.

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Data and Technology The Best and Most Engaged Team

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

555

and Appendix

6 OTHER DISCLOSURES ON ACTIVITIES

6.1 INFORMATION ON INTERNATIONAL RISK RATINGS

Operational Excellence

6.1.1 PARENT BANK'S INTERNATIONAL RISK RATINGS

MOODY'S (DECEMBER 2020

Outlook	Negative
Long Term FC Deposit	B2
Long Term TL Deposit	B2
Short Term FC Deposit	Not Prime
Short Term TL Deposit	Not Prime
Basic Loan Assessment	b3
Adjusted Loan Assessment	b3
Senior Unsecured Rating (Regular Bond)	B2 (Negative)
Senior Unsecured Rating (Medium-Term Note Program)	P (B2)
Long Term National Scale Rating (NSR)	A1.tr
Short Term NSR	TR-1

FITCH RATINGS (SEPTEMBER 2020)

Long Term FC	B+ / Negative Outlook
Short Term FC	В
Long Term TL	BB-/ Negative Outlook
Short Term TL	В
Financial Capacity	b+
Support	4
NSR	AA(tur)
Long Term National Scale Rating (NSR)	Stable
Senior Unsecured Long Term Notes	B+
Senior Unsecured Short Term Notes	В
Subordinated Notes	В

JCR EURASIA RATINGS AUGUST 2020)

Long Term International FC	BBB- (Negative)
Short Term International FC	A-3(Negative)
Long Term International TL	BBB (Negative)
Short Term International TL	A-3(Negative)
Long Term NSR	AAA(Trk)(Stable)
Short Term NSR	A-1+(Trk)(Stable)
Independency from Shareholders	А
Support	1



About Garanti BBVA Our Value Creation Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

6.1.2 INTERNATIONAL RISK RATINGS OF GARANTI BANK INTERNATIONAL NV, A CONSOLIDATED SUBSIDIARY

MOODY'S (JUNE 2020) *

Ba1
NP
ba2
ba1
Negative
Baa2(cr)
P-2(cr)
Baa3
P-3

(*) Latest date in risk ratings or outlooks

6.1.3 INTERNATIONAL RISK RATINGS OF GARANTI FAKTORING, A CONSOLIDATED SUBSIDIARY

FITCH RATINGS (SEPTEMBER 2020) (*)

Foreign Currency	
Long Term	B+
Short Term	В
Outlook	Negative
Turkish Lira	
Long Term	BB-
Short Term	В
Outlook	Negative
National	AA (tur)
Outlook	Stable
Support	4

(*) Latest date in risk ratings or outlooks

6.1.4 INTERNATIONAL RISK RATINGS OF GARANTI FINANSAL KIRALAMA, A CONSOLIDATED SUBSIDIARY

FITCH RATINGS (SEPTEMBER 2020) (*)

Foreign Currency

Long Term	B+
Short Term	В
Outlook	Negative
Turkish Lira	
Long Term	BB-
Short Term	В
Outlook	Negative
National	AA (tur)
Outlook	Stable
Support	4

(*) Latest date in risk ratings or outlooks

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI AŞ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES

Data and Technology

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

557

and Appendix

6.1.5 INTERNATIONAL RISK RATINGS OF GARANTI BANK SA, A CONSOLIDATED SUBSIDIARY

FITCH RATINGS (MAY 2020) (*)

Foreign Currency	
Long - Term IDR	BB-
Short - Term IDR	В
Support Rating	4
Viability Rating	bb-
Outlook	Negative

Operational

(*) Latest date in risk ratings or outlooks

6.2 DIVIDENDS

Reaching

More Customers

As per the decision made at the annual general assembly of shareholders of the parent Bank on 17 July 2020, the distribution of the net profit of the year 2018, was as follows;

The Best and Most

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2019 PROFIT DISTRIBUTION TABLE	
2019 Net Profit	6,158,841
A - I. Legal reserve (Turkish Commercial Code 519/1) at 5%	-
Undistributable funds	(5,437)
B - First dividend at 5% of the paid-in capital	-
C - Extraordinary reserves at 5% after above deductions	(307,942)
D - Second dividend to the shareholders	-
E – Extraordinary reserves	(5,845,462)
F - II. Legal reserve (Turkish Commercial Code 519/2)	

6.3 OTHER DISCLOSURES

None (31 December 2019: None).

7 INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

7.1 DISCLOSURE ON INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The consolidated financial statements of the Bank and its financial subsidiaries as of 31 December 2020, have been audited by KPMG Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik AŞ (the Turkish member of KPMG International Cooperative) and the independent auditors' report dated 28 January 2021, is presented before the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

7.2 DISCLOSURES AND FOOTNOTES PREPARED BY INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

None.

Introduction

Our Value Creation Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

GRI 102-46

APPENDIX A.1: REPORTING GUIDELINES FOR THE NON-FINANCIAL DISCLOSURES

This section is the guidelines applied for the indicators in scope of limited assurance as explained in the table below. The data reported for each indicator is for the year ended on December 31, 2020. The reporting covers Garanti BBVA's operations in Turkey, including Garanti BBVA Payment Systems, Garanti BBVA Mortgage and Garanti BBVA Technology, unless specifically mentioned in the relevant indicator definition. The operational control approach was chosen for the reporting scope.

INDICATOR	GUIDANCE NOTES
Materiality Analysis	As Garanti BBVA, in our 2020 analysis, where we compile current and potential expectations, risks and opportunities from a group strategy perspective with all internal and external stakeholders, we include industry reports, global reports, UN Environment Program Finance Initiative ('UNEP FI') and Global Reporting Initiative (' We reviewed the recommendations of international professional organizations such as GRI ') and considered Group-based evaluations of 59 international reports shedding light on current trends. On the other hand, taking into account the outputs of the analysis completed for global investors and non-governmental organizations in the BBVA Group, we determined our priority topics. Then, we reached out to all key stakeholder groups of Garanti BBVA, both internal and external, through surveys, meetings and phone calls to get their opinions, and we conducted a comprehensive stakeholder analysis on these issues.
	The assurance indicator regarding this issue are the priority issues evaluated in line with the methodology developed by the Bank for prioritization and the feedback received from stakeholders. For details, see our Our Material Matters section on page 56.
Sustainability Governance	Garanti BBVA's Sustainability Management is mentioned in the Risk Management section on page 50. Sustainability Management covers the policies and mechanisms used for the decision-making process regarding economic, environmental and social impacts.
Total Yearly Energy Consumption by Source	This indicator is defined as the energy consumption from fossil fuel sources for heating, generators, leased vehicle fleet in commercial use, and purchased electricity by Garanti BBVA's operations (Headquarters, service buildings, branches and ATMs) in Turkey. Universal energy conversion factors provided by the IPCC are used to convert source data in cubic meters, litres and tonnes to MWh. Total Energy consumption is reported following the guidance in GRI 302-1 Energy consumption within the organization and can be found in Appendix A.3: Environmental Performance Data.
Total Yearly Water Consumption by Source	This indicator is defined as the total water consumption mainly coming from municipality by Garanti BBVA's operations Turkey. Reported following the guidance in GRI 303-3 Total water withdrawal by source in the Appendix A.3: Environmental Performance Data.
	Recyclable hazardous waste (cartridges and batteries) are collected centrally by TAP (Portable Battery Manufacturers and Importers Association) and HP (Hewlett Packard Enterprise). Their total weight is calculated based on data from these two organizations.
Total Yearly Waste Generated • Recycled hazardous waste • Recycled non-hazardous waste	Since there is no measurement mechanism for non-hazardous recyclable wastes (paper, plastic etc.) collected centrally by the municipalities, the calculation of the generated wastes is based on the amount of waste generated in the Garanti BBVA Headquarters Building. In 2020, the total non-hazardous recyclable waste of this building was calculated as 20 kg according to the statement obtained from Beşiktaş Municipality the previous year.
	The average monthly non-hazardous recyclable waste generation per person is calculated by taking into account the average monthly number of employees of the Headquarters building. Annual non-hazardous waste generation per person (20 kg) is calculated by taking the average of the monthly figures.
	The annual total non-hazardous recyclable waste amount collected from all buildings within the scope was calculated by multiplying the unit waste generation by the total number of employees in all buildings. For details, you can refer to Annex A.3: Environmental Performance Indicators.

Reaching Operational More Customers Excellence	Data andThe Best and MostCorporateFinancial ReportsTechnologyEngaged TeamGovernanceand Appendix		
	GRI 102-46		
Total Yearly GHG Emissions in tCO ₂ e reported under scope 1 and 2 of the GHG Protocol (2015)	This indicator is defined as the GHG emissions (CO ₂ , CH4 and N ₂ O and f-gases) from energy consumption from fossil fuel sources for heating, generators, leased vehicle fleet in commercial use and refrigerants for Scope 1, and purchased electricity by Garanti BBVA's operations in Turkey (Headquarters, service buildings, branches and ATMs) for Scope 2. IPCC Fifth Assessment Report factors are used for global warming potentials and emission factors. Grid Emission Factor is calculated based on the most recent data available by TEIAŞ for 2020. GHG emissions are reported following the guidance in GRI 305-1 Direct greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions (Scope 1), GRI 305-2 Energy indirect greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions (Scope 2) and the GHG Protocol - Location-based approach and can be found in Appendix A.3: Environmental Performance Data.		
Total Yearly GHG emissions from business air travel - Scope 3 & Air Travel in Kilometres	Scope 3 emissions related to business air travel by Garanti BBVA employees is reported following the guidance in GRI 305-3 and the GHG Protocol (2015). Average passenger DEFRA 2020 emission factors (without RF) are used for air travel emissions calculations. Flights are classified as Short Haul (less than 500 km), Medium Haul (between 500 km and 1,600 km), and Long Haul (over 1,600). Please see Appendix A.3: Environmental Performance Data.		
GHG Emissions Intensity in the Reporting Period	Total Scope 1 and Scope 2 GHG emissions divided by total assets of the Bank as of calendar year end in billion TL terms. The total assets are based on the Bank's audited financial statements. Reported following the guidance in GRI 305-4 and can be found in Appendix A.3: Environmental Performance Data.		
Annual percentage change in GHG Emission Intensity	The percentage change in the GHG Emissions Intensity compared to the previous year's GHG emissions intensity. The total assets are based on the Bank's audited financial statements. Reported following the guidance in GRI 305-4 and can be found in Appendix A.3: Environmental Performance Data.		
Total Yearly Avoided Emissions due to operational renewable energy projects under Ioan from Garanti BBVA	Emissions avoided by the electricity generation based on the operational capacity of solar, wind and hydropower plants during the reporting period are calculated. The projects Garanti BBVA has participated in financing which were operational in the reporting period are taken into consideration for the calculations. Grid Emission Factor is calculated based on the most recent data available by TEIAŞ for 2020. The projects that are active are within the scope of the audit. By financing renewable energy projects, emissions are prevented by preventing the burning of additional fossil fuels for electrical energy demand.		
E&S Impact Assessment Process related to projects financed by Garanti BBVA • # of assessed projects in 2020 • # of rejected projects in 2020 • Risk rating of the assessed projects in 2020 • # of project site visits conducted in 2020	Within the scope of the Bank's Environmental and Social Credit Policies, it has an internal methodology based on local legislation and international good practices for environmental and social risk assessment process. For details, see the Risk Management Section on page 50 and the Environmental and Social Impacts Assessment Process (ESIAP) section on the Garanti BBVA Sustainability website.		

	GRI 102
Renewable Energy Portfolio	After the annual consolidated report is completed, the cumulative financing amount provided f
 Amount of investments in renewable energy projects by type as of the reporting period end. 	renewable energy is calculated and published annually in various public reports, especially the Integrated Activity Report.
 Installed capacity of renewable energy projects by type as of the reporting period end. Garanti BBVA's market share of operational installed wind capacity in Turkey as of the reporting period end 	total wind power installed in Turkey by the Energy team data from official institutions (TEİAŞ DO is collected. On a project basis, banks that provide financing according to the installed capacity the project and, if necessary, the amount of financing are determined. Market share is calculate over the installed capacity.
	Cardless transactions include the following transaction data performed at all ATMs of Garanti BBV.
Cardless Transactions from Garanti BBVA ATMs	• CepBank Withdrawal • Withdrawing Money with QR
Total number of cardless transaction from	Depositing Money Invoice / Fee / Game of Chance Payment
Garanti BBVA ATMs in the reporting period	Credit Card Debt Payment
Total volume of cardless transactions from	Deposit with QR
Garanti BBVA ATMs in the reporting period	• Mobile Phone TL Top-up
	Withdrawing Money with Reference Number
	 Depositing with GarantiOne QR Personal Consumer Loan Application
Community Investments	Social investments are defined as the total amount of investment made in programs that creat social impact and are compatible with the bank's business strategy and stakeholder priorities. Thes
 Total monetary amount of community investments in the reporting period 	programs are based on a value principle shared with Garanti BBVA's "Sponsorship and Corpora Responsibility Policy". The total investment amount contributed to the group investments durir the reporting period is explained in this indicator.
Human Resources	
• Women employee ratio:	into account. It includes senior managers, CEO and Assistant General Managers. It includes mic
• Women employee ratio: - Senior+Middle Management	into account. It includes senior managers, CEO and Assistant General Managers. It includes mid level managers, Regional Managers, Credit Regional Managers, Unit Managers, Branch Manager Managers and Consultants. The number of female employees on maternity leave is defined a
• Women employee ratio: - Senior+Middle Management - Total Women Employees	into account. It includes senior managers, CEO and Assistant General Managers. It includes mid level managers, Regional Managers, Credit Regional Managers, Unit Managers, Branch Manager Managers and Consultants. The number of female employees on maternity leave is defined a female employees who entered maternity leave and went on leave during the reporting period
 Women employee ratio: Senior+Middle Management Total Women Employees # of maternity leaves 	into account. It includes senior managers, CEO and Assistant General Managers. It includes mid level managers, Regional Managers, Credit Regional Managers, Unit Managers, Branch Manager Managers and Consultants. The number of female employees on maternity leave is defined a female employees who entered maternity leave and went on leave during the reporting period The number of employees on paternity leave is defined as male employees who entered paternit
 Women employee ratio: Senior+Middle Management Total Women Employees # of maternity leaves # of paternity leaves 	into account. It includes senior managers, CEO and Assistant General Managers. It includes mid level managers, Regional Managers, Credit Regional Managers, Unit Managers, Branch Manager Managers and Consultants. The number of female employees on maternity leave is defined a female employees who entered maternity leave and went on leave during the reporting period The number of employees on paternity leave is defined as male employees who entered paternit leave and went on leave. The rate of employees returning to work after maternity leave is defined
 Women employee ratio: Senior+Middle Management Total Women Employees # of maternity leaves 	into account. It includes senior managers, CEO and Assistant General Managers. It includes mic level managers, Regional Managers, Credit Regional Managers, Unit Managers, Branch Manager Managers and Consultants. The number of female employees on maternity leave is defined a female employees who entered maternity leave and went on leave during the reporting perior The number of employees on paternity leave is defined as male employees who entered paternit leave and went on leave. The rate of employees returning to work after maternity leave is defined as female employees calculated and reported for the previous year instead of the reporting perior
 Women employee ratio: Senior+Middle Management Total Women Employees # of maternity leaves # of paternity leaves Ratio of women employees returned to work after maternity leave # of employees registered to Gender Equality 	into account. It includes senior managers, CEO and Assistant General Managers. It includes mid- level managers, Regional Managers, Credit Regional Managers, Unit Managers, Branch Manager Managers and Consultants. The number of female employees on maternity leave is defined a female employees who entered maternity leave and went on leave during the reporting period The number of employees on paternity leave is defined as male employees who entered paternit leave and went on leave. The rate of employees returning to work after maternity leave is defined as female employees calculated and reported for the previous year instead of the reporting period and still working at Garanti BBVA after maternity leave at the end of the reporting period. Wit the Women Leadership Trainings organized for branch manager, regional manager, regional cred
 Women employee ratio: Senior+Middle Management Total Women Employees # of maternity leaves # of paternity leaves Ratio of women employees returned to work after maternity leave # of employees registered to Gender Equality trainings in 2020 	into account. It includes senior managers, CEO and Assistant General Managers. It includes mic level managers, Regional Managers, Credit Regional Managers, Unit Managers, Branch Manager Managers and Consultants. The number of female employees on maternity leave is defined a female employees who entered maternity leave and went on leave during the reporting perior. The number of employees on paternity leave is defined as male employees who entered paternit leave and went on leave. The rate of employees returning to work after maternity leave is defined as female employees calculated and reported for the previous year instead of the reporting period. Wit the Women Leadership Trainings organized for branch manager, regional manager, regional crec manager and female employees in cooperation with the United Nations Women Program, Garar
 Women employee ratio: Senior+Middle Management Total Women Employees # of maternity leaves # of paternity leaves Ratio of women employees returned to work after maternity leave # of employees registered to Gender Equality 	into account. It includes senior managers, CEO and Assistant General Managers. It includes mic level managers, Regional Managers, Credit Regional Managers, Unit Managers, Branch Manager Managers and Consultants. The number of female employees on maternity leave is defined a female employees who entered maternity leave and went on leave during the reporting perior. The number of employees on paternity leave is defined as male employees who entered paternit leave and went on leave. The rate of employees returning to work after maternity leave is defined as female employees calculated and reported for the previous year instead of the reporting period. Wit the Women Leadership Trainings organized for branch manager, regional manager, regional crec manager and female employees in cooperation with the United Nations Women Program, Garar
 Women employee ratio: Senior+Middle Management Total Women Employees # of maternity leaves # of paternity leaves Ratio of women employees returned to work after maternity leave # of employees registered to Gender Equality trainings in 2020 # of employees attended the Female 	into account. It includes senior managers, CEO and Assistant General Managers. It includes mid- level managers, Regional Managers, Credit Regional Managers, Unit Managers, Branch Manager Managers and Consultants. The number of female employees on maternity leave is defined a female employees who entered maternity leave and went on leave during the reporting perior. The number of employees on paternity leave is defined as male employees who entered paternit leave and went on leave. The rate of employees returning to work after maternity leave is defined as female employees calculated and reported for the previous year instead of the reporting period. Wit the Women Leadership Trainings organized for branch manager, regional manager, regional crece manager and female employees in cooperation with the United Nations Women Program, Garar BBVA has developed and assigned to all employees as a mandatory social gender roles and the work environment. It includes Gender Equality Education that focuses on how it affects. The lost working days rate is the ratio of the total number of lost days calculated based on th
 Women employee ratio: Senior+Middle Management Total Women Employees # of maternity leaves # of paternity leaves Ratio of women employees returned to work after maternity leave # of employees registered to Gender Equality trainings in 2020 # of employees attended the Female Leadership Trainings in 2020 	 into account. It includes senior managers, CEO and Assistant General Managers. It includes millevel managers, Regional Managers, Credit Regional Managers, Unit Managers, Branch Manager Managers and Consultants. The number of female employees on maternity leave is defined a female employees who entered maternity leave and went on leave during the reporting perio. The number of employees on paternity leave is defined as male employees who entered paternil leave and went on leave. The rate of employees returning to work after maternity leave is defined as female employees calculated and reported for the previous year instead of the reporting period. With the Women Leadership Trainings organized for branch manager, regional manager, regional crece manager and female employees in cooperation with the United Nations Women Program, Garar BBVA has developed and assigned to all employees as a mandatory social gender roles and the work environment. It includes Gender Equality Education that focuses on how it affects. The lost working days rate is the ratio of the total number of lost days calculated based on the medical reports of all sick leave and injuries entered into the Bank's system as of 06.01.2021, in the reporting period. The total number of customers is defined as the number of customers calculated by includir
 Women employee ratio: Senior+Middle Management Total Women Employees # of maternity leaves # of paternity leaves Ratio of women employees returned to work after maternity leave # of employees registered to Gender Equality trainings in 2020 # of employees attended the Female Leadership Trainings in 2020 	The lost working days rate is the ratio of the total number of lost days calculated based on th medical reports of all sick leave and injuries entered into the Bank's system as of 06.01.2021, in the

The Best and Most Engaged Team

Corporate Governance

Financial Reports and Appendix

GRI 102-46, 102-47

APPENDIX A.2: SCOPE AND BOUNDARIES OF THE MATERIALITY ANALYSIS

MATERIAL ISSUE	INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL IMPACTS	RELEVANT SECTION	PAGE
Capital Adequacy and Financial Performance	Displaying strong and sustainable financial performance is important for both the Bank and external stakeholders and affects individuals and institutions to whom Garanti BBVA attributes economic value.	Operational Excellence	146
Corporate Governance and Effective Management of All Risks	Effective, accountable and responsible internal operation mechanisms are important for Garanti BBVA and its external stakeholders	Operational Excellence Sustainability Corporate Governance	146 116 194
Ethical behavior & consumer protection	Transparent reporting informs all stakeholders about Garanti BBVA. Banking with honest and ethical values is important for Garanti BBVA's reputation and all stakeholders.	Financial Health Reaching more Customers Data & Technology Corporate Governance	102 134 170 194
Easy, fast & DIY	Digitalization of internal processes and services offered to customers and also allows customers to perform any operation in an easy and agile way while making use of digital platforms and state-of-the-art technology has importance for customers and Garanti BBVA	Reaching more Customers Operational Excellence Data & Technology	134 146 170
Financial Health and Inclusion	Providing financial literacy training to those with less economic resources to support them in entering the banking system affects the Bank and all its stakeholders.	Financial Health Sustainability Data & Technology	102 116 170
Climate Change: Risks & Opportunities	It covers the effects of climate change arising from Garanti BBVA's own activities as well as the activities of its customers. Considering environmental impacts and climate change impacts in financing processes affects the Bank and all its stakeholders and expresses Garanti BBVA's sector leadership and transformation in the field of sustainable finance.	Sustainability	116
Responsible Use of Personal Data (Data privacy, responsible artificial intelligence)	The use and security of personal data and the confidentiality of customer information are important to all customers. Security breaches affect Garanti BBVA both financially and reputationally.	Data & Technology	170
Cybersecurity & responsible use of data	Cyber risks, use of personal data, data security and privacy of customer information are important to all customers. Security violations have financial and reputational impacts on Garanti BBVA.	Data & Technology	170
Cyber Security (Cyber attack, data theft, fraud)	Cyber risks, cyber attacks, data security and fraud are important for all customers and Garanti BBVA. Security breaches affect Garanti BBVA both financially and reputationally.	Data & Technology	170
Employee Engagement and Talent Management	attractive for employees improving their lovalty and well-being with the investment		182
Diversity and Work-Life Balance	Respect for diversity and equality (gender, age, religion, race); Paying attention to the balance between business life and private life is important for Garanti BBVA and its external stakeholders.		182
Human Rights	Respecting human rights is important for both the Bank and its external stakeholders.	The Best and Most Engaged Team	182
Inclusive Growth (Contribution to society, entrepreneurship, financial inclusion, financial education)	Supporting the economic development of the country and the society, compliance with the legislation, creating employment and realizing social programs affect Garanti BBVA and the individuals and institutions that Garanti BBVA attributes economic value to. Providing financial literacy training to those with less economic resources to support them in entering the banking system affects the Bank and all its stakeholders.	Sustainability	116

APPENDIX A.3. ENVIRONMENTAL PERFORMANCE DATA

ENERGY CONSUMPTION WITHIN THE ORGANIZATION

ENERGY SOURCE	TOTAL CONSUMPTION (2017)	TOTAL CONSUMPTION (2018)	TOTAL CONSUMPTION (2019)	TOTAL CONSUMPTION (2020)
Non-Renewable Electricity (MWh)	114,479	107,743	107,447	25,021
Renewable Electiricity (MWh)	-	-	51	73,206
Natural Gas for Heating (m3)	3,396,123	3,918,686	5,270,775	3,575,311
Natural Gas for Heating (MWh)	32,563	37,574	50,538	34,281
Diesel for Heating (liter)	151,656	119,184	51,642	81,692
Diesel for Heating (MWh)	1,492	1,173	508	804
Coal for Heating (ton)	102	88	21	15,6
Coal for Heating (MWh)	354	307	73	54
Diesel Consumption in Generators (liter)	142,857	137,597	129,347	74,540
Diesel Consumption in Generators (MWh)	1,405	1,354	1,273	733
Fuel Oil (liter)	28,306	0	6,120	4,455
Fuel Oil (MWh)	300	0	65	47
Diesel Consumption in Vehicle* (liter)	1,110,128	1,110,982	1,091,907	710,832
Diesel Consumption in Vehicle* (MWh)	10,922	10,931	10,743	6,994
Gasoline Consumption in Vehicle* (liter)	0	26,686	59,098	17,125
Gasoline Consumption in Vehicle* (MWh)	0	237	525	152
Total Energy Consumption (MWh)	161,515	158,758	171,172	141,293

* Only in commercial use.

GHG EMISSIONS* (TONNES OF CO₂ EQUIVALENT)

YEAR	SCOPE 1 (TCO ₂ E)	SCOPE 2** (TCO ₂ E)	SCOPE 3*** (TCO ₂ E)	TOTAL (TCO ₂ E) (SCOPE 1 & 2)	GHG EMISSIONS INTENSITY**** (TCO ₂ E /TOTAL ASSETS)	% CHANGE IN GHG EMISSIONS INTENSITY
2020	10,508	11,934	345	22,442	42	74%
2019	14,923	55,198	2,196	70,121	164	-3%
2018	12,933	54,300	3,111	67,233	168	-15%
2017	11,835	58,628	2,494	70,463	198	-9%
2016	10,924	57,259	3,181	68,183	218	-20%
2015	11,763	63,874	3,571	75,637	271	-0,4%
2014	8,698	57,378	3,709	66,077	274	-22%

WATER CONSUMPTION¹

	TOTAL CONSUMPTION	TOTAL CONSUMPTION	TOTAL CONSUMPTION	TOTAL CONSUMPTION
	(2017)	(2018)	(2019)	(2020)
Water (1.000 m³)	287	284	260	260

WASTE MANAGEMENT²

ТҮРЕ	TOTAL CONSUMPTION (2017)	TOTAL CONSUMPTION (2018)	TOTAL CONSUMPTION (2019)	TOTAL CONSUMPTION (2020)
Hazardous (ton)	11	7	6	4
Recycled (ton)	709	560	368	385

PAPER CONSUMPTION

	TOTAL CONSUMPTION	TOTAL CONSUMPTION	TOTAL CONSUMPTION	TOTAL CONSUMPTION
	(2017)	(2018)	(2019)	(2020)
Paper (1.000 ton)	1.5	1.1	0.9	0.6

* The impact of remote working is not included in the resource consumption and emission calculations.

** Location based

*** Stated Scope 3 emissions are due to the business flights.

**** Scope 3 is not included in the intensity calculations

1 99.7% of Garanti BBVA officies in Turkey use the water supplied by the municipality.

2 Disclosure of waste indicators began in 2017.

Introduction

APPENDIX A.4: ENVIRONMENTAL & SOCIAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT PROCESS INDICATORS IN 2020

RISK ASSESSMENT BREAKDOWN OF PROJECTS WHCIH WERE SUBJECTED TO ESIAP IN 2020

ASSESSMENT RESU	LT BREAKDOWN	NUMBER OF PROJECTS	LOAN LIMIT (USD, MILLION)
	Category A	2	190
Category	Category B	3	117
	Category C	0	-
	R1	1	145
	R2	4	162
Risk Rating	R3	0	-
	R4	0	-
	1	2	190
Final Grade	2	1	117
		0	-

In 2020, 1 project was rejected within the scope of the Environmental and Social Impact Assessment System.

Corporate Governance

565

APPENDIX A.5: TCFD DISCLOSURE TABLE

THEMATIC AREA	RECOMMENDED DISCLOSURES	REFERENCE LINKS	
	Describe the board's oversight of climate-related risks and opportunities	Sustainability Committee, Committees section page 49 2020 CDP Climate Change Report, page 4,8	
Governance	Describe management's role assessing and managing climate-related risks and opportunities	Sustainability Committee, Committees section page 49 2020 CDP Climate Change Report, page 4,8 Garanti BBVA Sustainability Governance	
	Describe the climate-related risks and opportunities the organization has identified over the short, medium, and long term	Risk and Opportunities section, pages 64 2020 CDP Climate Change Report, page 13-23 2020 CDP Water Report, page 16-20	
Stratagy	Describe the impact of climate-related risks and opportunities on the organization's business, strategy and financial planning	Sustainability section, page 116 <u>2020 CDP Climate Change Report</u> , pages 23-28 <u>2020 CDP Water Report</u> , page 20-23	
Strategy	Describe the resilience of the organization's strategy, taking into consideration different scenarios, including a 2°C or lower scenario	Sustainability section, page 116 2020 CDP Climate Change Report, page 31 2020 CDP Water Report, page 49 Garanti BBVA Climate Change Action Plan Science Based Target Commitment 2018-19 Carbon Pricing Leadership Report, pages 50 and 51 Garanti BBVA Case Study	
Risk Management	Describe the organization's processes for identifying and assessing climate-related risks	Garanti BBVA Environmental & Social Loan Policies Garanti BBVA Environmental & Social Risk Management Garanti BBVA Climate Change Action Plan Declaration 2020 CDP Climate Change Report, page 13-14 2020 CDP Water Report, pages 33-67 Sustainable Finance Declaration	
	Describe the organization's processes for managing climate-related risks	Garanti BBVA Environmental & Social Loan Policies Garanti BBVA Environmental & Social Risk Management Garanti BBVA Climate Change Action Plan 2020 CDP Climate Change Report, page 13-14 2020 CDP Water Report, pages 33-67 Sustainable Finance Declaration	
	Describe how processes for identifying, assessing, and managing these risks are integrated into the organization's overall risk management	Garanti BBVA Environmental & Social Risk Management 2020 CDP Climate Change Report, page 13-14 2020 CDP Water Report, page 33-67 Sustainable Finance Declaration	
Metrics and Targets	Disclose the metrics used to assess climate-related risks and opportunities in line with its strategy and risk management process	Appendix A.3: Environmental Performance Data, pages 562 Appendix A.4: Environmental & Social Impact Assessment Process Indicators, pages 564 <u>2020 CDP Climate Change Report</u> , pages 23-28 <u>2020 CDP Water Report</u> , pages 33-67	
	Disclose Scope 1, Scope 2, and if appropriate Scope 3 greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions	Appendix A.3: Environmental Performance Data, pages 562 2020 CDP Climate Change Report, page 93-101	
	Describe the targets used by the organization to manage climate-related risks and opportunities and performance against targets	Risk and Opportunities section, page 64 Sustainability section, page 116 <u>2020 CDP Climate Change Report</u> , page 23-28 <u>2020 CDP Water Report</u> , pages 33-67	

Our Value Creation Our 2020 Materia Issue: COVID-19

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APPENDIX A.6. UNEP FI PRINCIPLES FOR RESPONSIBLE BANKING IMPACT REPORT

DEFINITION	GRI STANDARDS DISCLOSURE	DESCRIPTION	REFERENCE LINKS
PRINCIPLE 1: AL	IGNMENT		
1.1 Describe	GRI 102-1,102-2, 102-4, 102-5, 102-6, 102-7	Established in 1946, Garanti BBVA is Turkey's second largest private bank with consolidated assets of close to TL 541 billion as of December 31, 2020. Garanti BBVA is an integrated financial services group operating in every segment of the banking sector including corporate, commercial, SME, payment systems, retail, private and investment banking together with its subsidiaries in pension and life insurance, leasing, factoring, brokerage and asset management, besides international subsidiaries in the Netherlands and Romania. As of December 31, 2020, Garanti BBVA provides a wide range of financial services to its more than 19 million customers with 18,656 employees through an extensive distribution network of 884 domestic branches, seven foreign branches in Cyprus and one in Shanghai. Implementing an advanced corporate governance model that promotes the Bank's core values, Garanti BBVA has Banco Bilbao Vizcaya Argentaria S.A. (BBVA) as its majority shareholder with 49.85% share. Its shares publicly traded in Turkey, and its depositary receipts in the UK and the USA, Garanti BBVA has an actual free float of 50.07% in Borsa Istanbul as of December 31, 2020.	For details please visit 2020 Garanti BBVA Annual Integrated Report page 28.
1.2 Describe	GRI 413-1, 413-2	The Sustainable Development Goals emphasize the importance of cooperation among all stakeholders from governments to individuals in reaching the 2030 targets. For many years, Garanti BBVA has been participating in local and international organizations, which allowed for widespread, high-leverage engagement of the business community, governments and policymakers with numerous national and international organizations. With its leading position in sustainable finance and development in Turkey, the Bank is in cooperation with its peers and the business world globally. Thus, the Bank develops new partnerships with the key stakeholders who have the leadership vision in order to enable the establishment of sustainable finance and development initiatives and plays a key role for the transition of the sector by ensuring stakeholder's engagement. Garanti BBVA chairs, or participates in many local and international platforms such as UNEP FI Principles for Responsible Banking, Global Compact Turkey, the Turkish Business Council for Sustainable Development (BCSD Turkey), the Banks Association of Turkey Role of the Financial Sector in Sustainable Growth Working Group and the Turkish Industry and Business Association (TUSIAD) Environment and Climate Change Working Group meetings.	For details please visit 2020 Garanti BBVA Annual Integrated Report page 119.

Data and Technolog The Best and Most Engaged Team Corporate Governance Financial Reports and Appendix

PRINCIPLE 2: IMPACT AND TARGET SETTING

2.1 Impact Analysis GRI 102-8, 102-15, 201-1, 203-1, 203-2, 305-5, 413-1, 413-2, FS-13, FS-14 Within the scope of our impact analyses, the top two sectors we finance the most: energy (14%); and transportation vehicles and transportation (10%). With the help of the analysis of certain sectors', we have learned about the scale of our environmental and social risks that we need to focus on. We conducted evaluations to determine the intensity of environmental and social risks caused by these sectors and to understand which industry makes the existing risks more prominent. Because of greenhouse gas emission intensity, the sectors that we finance; energy and transportation vehicles, transportation are our focus points. Especially; topics such as; energy production with fossil fuels like oil and natural gas, usage of non-renewable resources, highway transports, fossil fuels usage in vehicles these 2 sectors have a big impact on climate change.

In addition, we have developed products that will enable environmentally friendly alternatives in transportation. To create awareness about energy efficiency in building, we have improved products that will incentivize individuals to buy environmentally-friendly houses. For this reason, our main goals are to identify feasible transition opportunities, to establish incentive mechanisms to reduce their risks with our customers, especially those serving in carbon-intensive sectors, to assist in inter-sectoral transformation, and to provide financial models that will help spread nature-friendly business practices.

For details please visit 2020 Garanti BBVA Annual Integrated Report page 88, 116 and 129.

Garanti BBVA developed and implemented Environmental and Social Loan Policies (ESLP) in 2011 to minimize the indirect effects of the loans provided by the Bank and in 2012, the bank implemented the E&S Impact Assessment System. In 2015, we published our Climate Change Action Plan to help Turkey's battle with climate change and support transition to a low carbon economy. Within the scope of this plan, we have committed that at least 60% of new power plant projects will be renewable energy investments in project finance loans. By overachieving this goal with 100%, we have provided USD XX billion to date to renewable energy. We set up incentive mechanisms that can change the habits and ways of doing business of our customers in order to help transformation in the sector. We lauched our Environmetally-Friendly Auto Loan to customers in May 2017 for the financing of electrical and hybrid automobiles that ensure fuel efficiency and stand out with their environmentally features. Total lending reached to TL 34.7 million at the end of 2020. We rolled out our Green Mortgage product to promote energy efficient and environmentally-friendly buildings in 2017. Total financing provided to date amounted to TL 520 million.

In addition to these, we set up each of our sustainable products and services such as the Gender Equality Loan and the Sustainability-related Syndication Loan in line with the Paris Agreement and the SDGs. In this direction, we contribute to 16 SDGs in total, with the impact of our sustainable products & services. Moreover, in order to manage our direct impacts in line with the Paris Agreement, we announced our absolute emission reduction targets in line with the 1.5 degrees target in March 2020, based on the methodology of the Science-Based Targets Initiative. Accordingly, we aim to reduce our Scope 1 and Scope 2 carbon emissions by 29% by 2025 and 71% by 2035.

For details please visit 2020 Garanti BBVA Annual Integrated Report page 70, 116, 122 and 123..

2.2 Target setting

GRI 102-8, 102-15, 203-1, 203-2, 305-5, 405-1, 413-1, 413-2 2.3

Plans for Target

Implementation

and Monitoring

GRI 201-2,

305-5, FS-14

Introduction

Our Value Creation Financial Health

Our main strategies in minimizing environmental and social risks are; to encourage the sectoral transformations of our customers serving in the sectors we have determined, to minimize environmental and social risks in their financing portfolio, to maintain their commitment to renewable energy, to provide financing options in line with the Environmental and Social Loan Policies established by Garanti BBVA and the BBVA Group of in an integrated manner.

Since 2014, 100% of the financing provided to greenfield electricity generation investments in Project Finance were renewable investments. We continue to maintain our market leader position with 24.7% market share. With the renewable power plant we financed, we avoided 7.2 million tons of carbon emissions in 2020.

The total lending for Green Auto Loan, reached TL 34.7 million as of 2020YE, the Bank is looking into different options to offer an even more advantages loan to consumers with more attractive interest rates in 2021. Garanti BBVA aims to provide at least TL 90 million for electric and hybrid vehicles in the upcoming period.

We continuously improve the processes of our Green Mortgage, which reached TL 520 million in total, and we will increase the amount of financing we will provide in this area. Garanti BBVA aims to provide TL 985 million in this area in the upcoming years.

As Garanti BBVA, we have contributed EUR 1.3 billion in total as of end of 2020 for the Pledge 2025 declared by our main shareholder the BBVA Group in 2018. For the next 4 years, we aim to contribute at least TL 14 billion within the scope the Pledge.

In the upcoming period, we will continue to develop the bank's sustainable product portfolio, which is more than 40 products today, which is designed to encourage our customers to more sustainable business models and aims to minimize environmental and social risks, in line with the SDGs.

For details please visit 2020 Garanti BBVA Annual Integrated Report pages 69 and 124.

PRINCIPLE 3: CLIENTS AND CUSTOMERS

3.1 Overview	GRI 102-44	Analyzing the sectors financed by Garanti BBVA enabled us to identify the ones with high environmental and social risks. In this context, we are establishing new mechanisms to support our customers and suppliers in their sectoral transformation. We organize informative seminars on sustainable finance products and services, especially for our employees in corporate banking. In this way, we aim to promote sustainable finance products among corporate customers. In addition, we increase the awareness of our customers in the environmental and social field, and strive to offer innovative solutions and suggestions to grow their business in a sustainable way. We support the dissemination of sustainable growth with customers and financial institutions who are informed about environmental and social issues and the topics discussed in field visits, workshops and conferences, workshops and conferences we conduct on environmental and social issues.	For details please visit 2020 Garanti BBVA Annual Integrated Report page 60.
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Reaching More Customer	Opera s Excel		Financial Reports and Appendix
3.2 Describe	GRI 102-9, 102-44, 203-2	Garanti BBVA has been working on sustainability for more than 15 years. Since sustainability is one of the bank's main strategic priorities, the bank has a team of experts in Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) issues. The Sustainable Finance Team, consisting of 6 full-time employees, ensures the continuity of the bank's sustainability activities. We play a leading role in sustainable products and services. The number of sustainable products and services we offer to our customers has exceeded 40. Within the scope of sustainable products, loans and positive impact-oriented investment principles, we turn our savings into sustainable investments with an investment amount of TL 51 billion. Among these, there are many innovative products such as the Gender Loan structure that provides interest rate advantages to our customers , if they improve thier gender equality performances, and the ESG-linked Syndicated Loan for the bank's own debt financing. Both of these products are a first in the world. In addition, Garanti BBVA plays an active role in the sustainable debt financing market, such as the issuance of Green Bonds compliant with the Green Bond Principles and Gender Bond, which is designed to be used for the financing of women entrepreneurs.	For details please visit 2020 Garanti BBVA Annual Integrated Report pages 67, 82, 116 and 126.
4.1 Describe	GRI 102-40, 102-42, 102-43, 102-46	We act in dialogue with all our key stakeholders, internal and external, through various channels. Considering the feedback received as a result of these dialogues and the outputs of the working group in which the Responsible Banking Unit in the BBVA Group is included; we determine the priority issues of Garanti BBVA. According to this analysis, our main stakeholder groups; Our customers, employees, shareholders and investors, non-governmental organizations, international organizations and associations, government bodies and regulatory authorities, and international financial institutions. We reached most of our prioritized stakeholders through surveys. We asked our stakeholders to prioritize among the 13 priority issues they consider important and want to highlight, and share their perceptions of important trends and their views and expectations about the Bank's practices. Taking into account the views of our stakeholders, we have gathered our strategic priorities under six main headings; (1) Financial Health, (2) Sustainability, (3) Reaching More Customers, (4) Operational Superiority, (5) Best and Most Connected Team, and (6) Data and Technology.	Please visit the Engagement of Stakeholders section of Garanti BBVA 2020 Integrated Annual Report page 59 for details.

569

Our Value

Our 2020 Materia Issue: COVID-19

Financia Health

PRINCIPLE	5: GOVERNANCE & CULT	JRE

5.1 Describe	GRI 102-18	Within Garanti BBVA, the Responsible Banking Committee (RBC) is authorized to officially approve and review activities related to responsible and sustainable banking and to control the actions related to sustainability. The Responsible Banking Committee is chaired by a Board Member. Among the members are the General Manager and the Executive Vice Presidents of the relevant departments. The implementation and control of the Responsible Banking Principles is under the responsibility of both the full-time Sustainable Finance Team and the Responsible Banking Committee.	Please visit Garanti BBVA 2020 CDP Climate Change Report page 3-4 for details.
		Sustainable Finance is one of Garanti BBVA's focuses and is owned by the bank's top management. Communication and coordination between the Responsible Banking Committee and the entire bank is ensured through the Sustainability Representatives assigned in all branches and units of the bank. In addition, in September 2020, a total of 16,751 Garanti BBVA employees were assigned a sustainability training, including the Principles for Responsible	
5.2 Describe	GRI 102-13, 102-18	Banking. The assigned training was completed by a total of 8,865 Garanti BBVA employees as of December 31, 2020. To identify new opportunities, we recognize that to remain as a leader in sustainable finance in Turkey, we recognize the need for cooperation at the global level with our peers and our suppliers. In particular, we continue our efforts to	For details please visit 2020 Garanti BBVA Annual Integrated Report page 120
		assign sustainability training to our suppliers, with whom we cooperate, in order to clearly demonstrate the sustainability strategies of the bank and encourage them to comply with these rules.	
		With our social media posts, which we call Sustainable Habits, we try to raise awareness of both our employees and our customers on environmental and social issues with a different theme every month. Within the scope of Sustainable Habits, we share good practices and useful ideas from our employees on our social media accounts.	
5.3 Governance Structure for Implementation of the Principles	GRI 102-8, 102-18	All coordination regarding compliance with the Principles for Responsible Banking will be carried out by the Sustainable Finance Team. The Sustainable Finance Team will regularly inform the Responsible Banking Committee about developments, target realizations and processes.	For details please visit 2020 Garanti BBVA Annual Integrated Report pages 28 and 116.
PRINCIPLE 6: TRAN	ISPARENCY & ACCOL	JNTABILITY	
6.1 Progress on Implementing the Principles for Responsible Banking	GRI 102-13, 102-18, 201-2	In addition to the policies we have built within the bank; we also follow the developments in Turkey and we are organizing various actions. For example, Sustainability Principles Compliance Framework issued by the Capital Markets Board in October 2020, to increase the awareness of companies on ESG issues in Turkey and taken towards the expansion of the principles of transparency and accountability in this area was one of the most important steps. As Garanti BBVA, in the coming period, the knowledge gained in this field, our customers just as a consultant in nature, we aim to support the transfer and development	For details please visit 2020 Garanti BBVA Annual Integrated Report page 48, 68 and 116.

of green investments in Turkey.

APPENDIX A.7. UNGC AND WEPs PRINCIPLES ANALYSIS ACCORDING TO GRI STANDARDS CONTENT

A. UN GLOBAL COMPACT PRINCIPLES

UNGC REQUIREMENTS - ACTIVE LEVEL	GRI STANDARDS DISCLOSURES	PAGE REFERENCES
High Level Commitment and Strategy	GRI 102-14	Messages from the Chairman and CEO, page 17
Governance	GRI 102-14, GRI 102-18, GRI 102-19, GRI 102-20	Messages from the Chairman and CEO, page 17, Corporate Governance, page 194
Stakeholder Engagement	GRI 102-40, GRI 102-42, GRI 102-43, GRI 102-44	Stakeholder Engagement, pages 59
Describe Practical Actions	GRI 103: Yönetişim Yaklaşımı 2016	GRI Standards Content Index, pages 572
Disclose Results and Outcomes	GRI Standartları İçerik Endeksi	GRI Standards Content Index, pages 572
UNGC FOUR ISSUE AREA	GRI STANDARDS DISCLOSURES	PAGE REFERENCES
Human Rights	GRI 412-1, GRI 412-2, GRI 412-3, GRI 410-1, GRI 103-2, GRI 413-1, GRI 413-2	GRI Standards Content Index, pages 572; The Best and Most Engaged Team, page 182 Sustainability, page 116
Labor	GRI 102-8, GRI 102-41, GRI 202-1, GRI 202-2, GRI 401-1, GRI 401-3, GRI 402-1, GRI 404-1, GRI 404-3, GRI 405-1, GRI 405-2, GRI 406-1, GRI 407-1	GRI Standards Content Index, pages 572; The Best and Most Engaged Team, page 182
Environment	GRI 301-2, GRI 301-3, GRI 302-1, GRI 302-2, GRI 302-4, GRI 302-5, GRI 303-3, GRI 305-1, GRI 305-2, GRI 305-3, GRI 305-4, GRI 305-5, GRI 305-6, GRI 305-7, GRI 307-1	Sustainability, page 116 Operational Excellence, page 146 Environmental Performance Data, Appendix A.3, pages 562
Anti-Corruption	GRI 102-16, GRI 102-17, GRI 205-1, GRI 205-2, GRI 205-3	GRI Standards Content Index, page; 572 Corporate Governance, page 194

B. WOMEN'S EMPOWERMENT PRINCIPLES (WEPs) PROGRESS REPORT

WEPs	GRI STANDARDS DISCLOSURES
Principle 1 - Leadership Promotes Gender Equality	GRI 405-1, GRI 405-2
Principle 2 - Equal Opportunity, Inclusion & Non-discrimination	GRI 202-1, GRI 401-1, GRI 401-3, GRI 405-1, GRI 405-2, GRI 406-1
Principle 3 - Health, Safety and Freedom from Violence	GRI 406-1; GRI 403-9
Principle 4 - Education and Training	GRI 404-1; GRI 404-3
Principle 5 - Enterprise Development, Supply Chain and Marketing Practices	GRI 204-1; GRI 103-1; GRI 103-2; GRI 103-3
Principle 6 - Community Leadership and Engagement	GRI 413-1
Principle 7 - Measure and publicly report on gender equality	GRI 405-1; GRI 405-2; GRI 103-1; GRI 103-2; GRI 103-3

Introduction

Our Value Creation

Financia Health

2021

GRI STANDARDS CONTENT INDEX "IN ACCORDANCE"- CORE OPTION



MATERIALITY DISCLOSURES SERVICE

For the Materiality Disclosures Service, GRI Services reviewed that the GRI content index is clearly presented and the references for Disclosures 102-40 to 102-49 align with appropriate sections in the body of the report. The service was performed on the Turkish version of the report.

GRI STANDARDS	DISCLOSURES	PAGE NUMBERS, URLs AND/OR DIRECT ANSWERS OMISSIONS	
GRI 101: FOUNDATION 2016	GRI 101 does not consist of indicators		
	ORGANIZATIONA	AL PROFILE	
	102-1	T. Garanti Bankası A.Ş.	
	102-2	28, 30-31, 34-35, 36-37, 38-39	
	102-3	Nispetiye Mah. Aytar Cad. No: 2, 34340 Levent/İstanbul/ Türkiye	
	102-4	28, 29, 38-39	
GRI 102: GENERAL DISCLOSURES 2016	102-5	28, 29, 38-39	
	102-6 102-7 102-8 102-9	30-31, 34-35, 36-37, 38-39, 146-159, 182-183, 255	
		28, 30-31, 36-37, 38-39, 41	
		102, 116, 134, 146, 182	
		82-85	
	102-10	There has not been any in the shareholder structure of the Company.	

Operational Excellence Data and Technology The Best and Most Engaged Team

Corporate Governance Financial Reports and Appendix

573

102-11	42-43, 44-47, 49	
102-12	https://www.garantibbvainvestorrelations.com/en/ sustainability/detail/Supported-Initiatives/864/3771/0	
102-13	https://www.garantibbvainvestorrelations.com/en/ sustainability/detail/Supported-Initiatives/864/3771/0	
STRATEGY		
102-14	15-19	
102-15	22-27, 50-53, 56-85, 88-89, 102, 116, 134, 146, 160, 170, 182, 200-202	
ETHICS AND I	NTEGRITY	
102-16	78-79, 80 https://surdurulebilirlik.garantibbva.com.tr/garanti-bbva- sustainability-approach/garanti-bbva-and-sustainability/ other-esg-policies/ethics-and-integrity-principles/	
102-17	190, 198-199, 230-231, 242, 247-249 https://surdurulebilirlik.garantibbva.com.tr/garanti-bbva- sustainability-approach/garanti-bbva-and-sustainability/ other-esg-policies/ethics-and-integrity-principles/	
GOVERNANC	E	
102-18	41-49	
102-19	41-53, 220-237	
102-20	41-53, 220-237	
STAKEHOLDE	R ENGAGEMENT	
102-40	59	
102-41	As clearly stated in our Human Rights Declaration; ""Garanti BBVA respects the constitutional right regarding unionization and collective labor contracts. All employees are free with respect to union membership and act of their own free will." https://www.garantiinvestorrelations.com/en/corporate- geverpapes/detav/Declaration.of Human Pipts (584/1866/0	
102-41	BBVA respects the constitutional right regarding unionization and collective labor contracts. All employees are free with respect to union membership and act of their own free will."	
102-41 102-42	BBVA respects the constitutional right regarding unionization and collective labor contracts. All employees are free with respect to union membership and act of their own free will." https://www.garantiinvestorrelations.com/en/corporate- governance/detay/Declaration-of-Human-Rights/584/1866/0 All employees are covered by collective bargaining	
	BBVA respects the constitutional right regarding unionization and collective labor contracts. All employees are free with respect to union membership and act of their own free will." https://www.garantiinvestorrelations.com/en/corporate- governance/detay/Declaration-of-Human-Rights/584/1866/0 All employees are covered by collective bargaining agreements.	
102-42	BBVA respects the constitutional right regarding unionization and collective labor contracts. All employees are free with respect to union membership and act of their own free will." https://www.garantiinvestorrelations.com/en/corporate- governance/detay/Declaration-of-Human-Rights/584/1866/0 All employees are covered by collective bargaining agreements. 59	
102-42 102-43	BBVA respects the constitutional right regarding unionization and collective labor contracts. All employees are free with respect to union membership and act of their own free will." https://www.garantiinvestorrelations.com/en/corporate-governance/detay/Declaration-of-Human-Rights/584/1866/0 All employees are covered by collective bargaining agreements. 59 59-63 60-63	
102-42 102-43 102-44	BBVA respects the constitutional right regarding unionization and collective labor contracts. All employees are free with respect to union membership and act of their own free will." https://www.garantiinvestorrelations.com/en/corporate-governance/detay/Declaration-of-Human-Rights/584/1866/0 All employees are covered by collective bargaining agreements. 59 59-63 60-63	
102-42 102-43 102-44 REPORTING P	BBVA respects the constitutional right regarding unionization and collective labor contracts. All employees are free with respect to union membership and act of their own free will." https://www.garantiinvestorrelations.com/en/corporate- governance/detay/Declaration-of-Human-Rights/584/1866/0 All employees are covered by collective bargaining agreements. 59 59-63 60-63 RACTICE	

GRI 102: GENERAL DISCLOSURES 2016

574 Introdu	About Garanti BBVA	Our Value Creation	Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19	Financial Health	Sustainability

	102-48	There are no adjustments regarding the previous period report.
	102-49	4-5, 56-57
	102-50	4
GRI 102: GENERAL DISCLOSURES 2016	102-51	02.03.2020
	102-52	Annual
	102-53	5
	102-54	4
	102-55	572-581
	102-56	8-13, 558-560

GRI 200: ECONOMIC PERFORMANCE SERIES 2016

	ECONOMIC PERFORMANCE			
	103-1	82-85, 88-89, 146-159, 255, 561		
GRI 103: MANAGEMENT APPROACH 2016	103-2	64-65, 88-89, 146-159,561		
	103-3	8-13, 254, 255		
GRI 201: ECONOMIC	201-1	84, 88, 146-159, 255, 258-557		
	201-2	https://surdurulebilirlik.garantibbva.com.tr/media/1519/ tgaranti_bankasi_ascdp_climate_change_ questionnaire_2020.pdf		
PERFORMANCE 2016	201-3	146-159		
	201-4	Garanti Bank did not receive any financial assistance from government during the reporting period.		
	MARKET PRESENCE			
GRI 103: MANAGEMENT APPROACH 2016	103-1	182-191, 561		
	103-2	182-191		
	103-3	182-191		
	202-1	All Garanti BBVA employees are paid above the minimum wage.		
GRI 202: MARKET PRESENCE 2016	202-2	The senior management, including the CEO, EVPs and Coordinators, is Turkish. By doing this the Bank is better able to understand and serve an increasingly wide range of customers across Turkey. In Garanti BBVA's overseas operations, local talent is also hired at various levels of the organizations.		

Reaching More Customers Operational Excellence Data and Technology The Best and Most Engaged Team Corporate Governance Financial Reports and Appendix

	INDIRECT EC	ONOMIC IMPACTS
	103-1	82-85, 116-131, 561
GRI 103: MANAGEMENT APPROACH 2016	103-2	82-85, 116-131, 561
AFFROACH 2010	103-3	116-131
GRI 203: INDIRECT ECONOMIC	203-1	84-85, 116-131
IMPACTS 2016	203-2	84-85, 116-131
	PROCUREME	NT PRACTICES
	103-1	https://surdurulebilirlik.garantibbva.com.tr/garanti-bbva- sustainability-approach/garanti-bbva-and-sustainability/ environmental-impact-of-our-operations/supply-chain- management/
GRI 103: MANAGEMENT APPROACH 2016	103-2	https://surdurulebilirlik.garantibbva.com.tr/garanti-bbva- sustainability-approach/garanti-bbva-and-sustainability/ environmental-impact-of-our-operations/supply-chain- management/
	103-3	https://surdurulebilirlik.garantibbva.com.tr/garanti-bbva- sustainability-approach/garanti-bbva-and-sustainability/ environmental-impact-of-our-operations/supply-chain- management/
GRI 204: PROCUREMENT PRACTICES 2016	204-1	https://surdurulebilirlik.garantibbva.com.tr/garanti-bbva- sustainability-approach/garanti-bbva-and-sustainability/ other-esg-policies/garanti-bbva-code-of-conduct-for- suppliers/
	ANTI-CORRU	IPTION
	103-1	40, 48-49, 561
GRI 103: MANAGEMENT APPROACH 2016	103-2	48-49, 50, 53, 176-179, 196, 242, 247, 248, 249 https://www.garantibbvainvestorrelations.com/en/corporate- governance/detay/Code-of-Conduct/94/405/0 https://www.garantibbvainvestorrelations.com/en/ corporate-governance/detail/Anti-Corruption-Policy- Statement/1713/7947/0
	103-3	48-49, 50, 197-199, 200-202
GRI 205:	205-1	241-242 https://www.garantibbvainvestorrelations.com/en/corporate- governance/detail/Code-of-Conduct/94/405/0
ANTI CORRUPTION 2016	205-2	47
	205-3	There are no cases about corruption.
	ANTI-COMPE	TITIVE BEHAVIOR
	103-1	40, 561
CDI 102.		40, 241, 247, 249
	103-2	40, 241, 247, 247
GRI 103: MANAGEMENT APPROACH 2016	103-2	40, 48-49, 197-199, 200

About Garanti BBVA Our Value Creation Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

GRI 300: ENVIRONMENTAL STANDARDS SERIES 2016

	ENERGY		
GRI 103: MANAGEMENT APPROACH 2016	103-1	68-70 https://surdurulebilirlik.garantibbva.com.tr/garanti-bbva- sustainability-approach/garanti-bbva-and-sustainability/ environmental-impact-of-our-operations/environmental- management-system/	
	103-2	68-70	
	103-3	68-70	
	302-1	562	
	302-2	558-560, 562-563	
	302-4	121-125	
GRI 302: ENERGY 2016	302-5		Disclosure is not material because the Bank's business activities and operations do not generate significan emissions of these substances.
	WATER AND EF	FLUENTS	
	103-1	64-66	
GRI 103: MANAGEMENT	103-2	64-66	
APPROACH 2016	103-3	61	
GRI 303: WATER AND EFFLUENTS 2018	303-1	563 https://surdurulebilirlik.garantibbva.com.tr/ media/1520/tgaranti_bankasi_ascdp_water_security_ questionnaire_2020.pdf	
	303-2	563 https://surdurulebilirlik.garantibbva.com.tr/ media/1520/tgaranti_bankasi_ascdp_water_security_ questionnaire_2020.pdf	
	303-3	563 https://surdurulebilirlik.garantibbva.com.tr/ media/1520/tgaranti_bankasi_ascdp_water_security_ questionnaire_2020.pdf	
	EMISSIONS		
	103-1	68-70 https://surdurulebilirlik.garantibbva.com.tr/garanti-bbva- sustainability-approach/garanti-bbva-and-sustainability/ other-esg-policies/climate-change-action-plan-declaration/	
GRI 103: MANAGEMENT APPROACH 2016	103-2	68-70 https://surdurulebilirlik.garantibbva.com.tr/garanti-bbva- sustainability-approach/garanti-bbva-and-sustainability/ other-esg-policies/climate-change-action-plan-declaration/	
	103-3	68-70, 121-125 https://surdurulebilirlik.garantibbva.com.tr/garanti-bbva- sustainability-approach/garanti-bbva-and-sustainability/ other-esg-policies/climate-change-action-plan-declaration/	
	305-1	559, 563	
	305-2	559, 563	
	305-3	84, 559, 563	
	305-4	124-125, 559, 563	
GRI 305: EMISSIONS 2016			
	305-5	116, 121-125, 559, 563	
	305-6		Disclosure is not material because the Bank's business activities and operations do not generate significant emissions of these substances.

Reaching More Customers Data and Technology The Best and Most Engaged Team Corporate Governance Financial Reports and Appendix

577

GRI 305: EMISSIONS 2016	305-7		Disclosure is not material because the Bank's business activities and operations do not generate significant emissions of these substances
	WATER AND	EFFLUENTS	
	103-1	https://surdurulebilirlik.garantibbva.com.tr/garanti-bbva- sustainability-approach/garanti-bbva-and-sustainability/ environmental-impact-of-our-operations/waste- management/	
GRI 103: MANAGEMENT APPROACH 2016	103-2	https://surdurulebilirlik.garantibbva.com.tr/garanti-bbva- sustainability-approach/garanti-bbva-and-sustainability/ environmental-impact-of-our-operations/waste- management/	
	103-3	https://surdurulebilirlik.garantibbva.com.tr/garanti-bbva- sustainability-approach/garanti-bbva-and-sustainability/ environmental-impact-of-our-operations/waste- management/	
GRI 306: EFFLUENTS AND WASTE 2016	306-2	558, 563	
	ENVIRONME	NTAL COMPLIANCE	
	103-1	https://surdurulebilirlik.garantibbva.com.tr/garanti-bbva- sustainability-approach/garanti-bbva-and-sustainability/ other-esg-policies/environmental-policy/	
GRI 103: MANAGEMENT APPROACH 2016	103-2	https://surdurulebilirlik.garantibbva.com.tr/garanti-bbva- sustainability-approach/garanti-bbva-and-sustainability/ other-esg-policies/environmental-policy/	
	103-3	https://surdurulebilirlik.garantibbva.com.tr/garanti-bbva- sustainability-approach/garanti-bbva-and-sustainability/ other-esg-policies/environmental-policy/	
GRI 307: ENVIRONMENTAL COMPLIANCE 2016	307-1	There have not been any incidents of noncompliance with environmental laws and regulations or resulting in a penalty during the reporting period.	
GRI 400 SOCIAL STANDARDS S	ERIES 2016		
	EMPLOYMEN	т	
GRI 103: MANAGEMENT	103-1	182-183	
APPROACH 2016	103-2	182-183	

	103-1	182-183
GRI 103: MANAGEMENT APPROACH 2016	103-2	182-183
	103-3	182-183
GRI 401: EMPLOYMENT 2016	401-1	https://surdurulebilirlik.garantibbva.com.tr/garanti-bbva- sustainability-approach/material-issues/social-performance- data/
	401-2	188-189
	401-3	191
	LABOR/MANAGEMENT RELATIONS	
CPI 102.	103-1	154-155, 158-159, 230
GRI 103: MANAGEMENT		
	103-1	154-155, 158-159, 230

About Garanti BBVA Our Value Creation Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

Sustainabilit

	OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH AND SAFETY		
GRI 103:	103-1	187-188	
MANAGEMENT APPROACH 2016	103-2	187-188	
	103-3	187-188	
	403-1	187-188, 249	
	403-2	188	
	403-3	187-188, 249	
GRI 403: OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH	403-4	188 https://surdurulebilirlik.garantibbva.com.tr/garanti-bbva- sustainability-approach/material-issues/social-performance- data/	
AND SAFETY 2018	403-5	188	
	403-6	188	
	403-7	188	
	403-9	188	
	403-10	There is no employee who has diagnosis of occupational disease because of bank activities in 2020.	
	TRAINING AND EDUCATION		
GRI 103:	103-1	182-184	
MANAGEMENT	103-2	182-184	
APPROACH 2016	103-3	182-184	
GRI 404: TRAINING AND	404-1	184 https://surdurulebilirlik.garantibbva.com.tr/garanti-bbva- sustainability-approach/material-issues/social-performance- data/	
EDUCATION 2016	404-2	182-186, 191	
	404-3	183	
	DIVERSITY AND	EQUAL OPPORTUNITY	
GRI 103:	103-1	71-72, 116	
MANAGEMENT	103-2	116	
APPROACH 2016	103-3	116	
GRI 405:	405-1	71-72, 84, 116, 125-127 https://surdurulebilirlik.garantibbva.com.tr/surdurulebilirlik- yaklasimimiz/odak-alanlarimiz/sosyal-performans-verileri/	
DIVERSITY AND EQUAL OPPORTUNITY 2016	405-2	190	Garanti BBVA's compensation system is totally genderneutral and based entirely on performance. Salary variations result from relative experience levels of employees.

Operational Excellence Data and Technology The Best and Most Engaged Team Corporate Governance Financial Reports and Appendix

579

	HUMAN RIGHTS ASSESSMENTS			
	103-1	https://surdurulebilirlik.garantibbva.com.tr/garanti-bbva- sustainability-approach/garanti-bbva-and-sustainability/ other-esg-policies/environmental-and-social-loan-policies/		
GRI 103: MANAGEMENT APPROACH 2016	103-2	https://surdurulebilirlik.garantibbva.com.tr/garanti-bbva- sustainability-approach/garanti-bbva-and-sustainability/ other-esg-policies/environmental-and-social-loan-policies/		
	103-3	https://surdurulebilirlik.garantibbva.com.tr/garanti-bbva- sustainability-approach/garanti-bbva-and-sustainability/ other-esg-policies/environmental-and-social-loan-policies/		
	412-1	https://surdurulebilirlik.garantibbva.com.tr/garanti-bbva- sustainability-approach/garanti-bbva-and-sustainability/ other-esg-policies/environmental-and-social-loan-policies/		
GRI 412: HUMAN RIGHTS ASSESSMENT 2016	412-2	https://surdurulebilirlik.garantibbva.com.tr/garanti-bbva- sustainability-approach/garanti-bbva-and-sustainability/ other-esg-policies/environmental-and-social-loan-policies/		
	412-3	72-73 https://surdurulebilirlik.garantibbva.com.tr/garanti-bbva- sustainability-approach/material-issues/responsible-and- sustainable-development/community-investment-programs/		
	NON-DISCRIMINATION			
GRI 103: MANAGEMENT	103-1	53, 81, 84, 182-191		
APPROACH 2016	103-2	53, 81, 84, 182-191		
	103-3	53, 81, 84, 182-191		
GRI 406: NON-DISCRIMINATION 2016	406-1	No complaints were made in the reporting period.		
	FREEDOM OF ASSOCIATION AND COLLECTIVE BARGAINING			
GRI 103:	103-1	241		
MANAGEMENT	103-2	241		
APPROACH 2016	103-3	241		
GRI 407: FREEDOM OF ASSOCIATION AND COLLECTIVE BARGAINING 2016	407-1	241 Garanti BBVA respects the constitutional right regarding unionization and collective labor contracts. All employees are free with respect to union membership and act of their own free will. During the reporting period.		

580

Our Value Creation

	LOCAL COMMUNITIES	
GRI 103:	103-1	102,103
MANAGEMENT APPROACH 2016	103-2	102,103
APPROACH 2016	103-3	102-103, 116-131
GRI 413: LOCAL COMMUNITIES	413-1	37, 102-103, 116-119, 127-129
2016	413-2	102-103, 116-119
	MARKETING AND LABELING	
	103-1	134-142
GRI 103: MANAGEMENT APPROACH 2016	103-2	134-143
APPROACH 2016	103-3	134-143
	417-1	103, 108
GRI 417: MARKETING AND LABELING 2016	417-2	There were no incidents of significant non-compliance reported in the reporting period.
	417-3	There were no incidents of significant non-compliance reported in the reporting period.
	CUSTOMER PRIVACY	
	103-1	60-61, 63, 171, 176
GRI 103: MANAGEMENT APPROACH 2016	103-2	171, 176-177 https://www.garantibbva.com.tr/en/sme_banking/ delivery_channels/internet_banking/security/privacy_and_ confidentiality_policy.page
	103-3	82-83, 170, 177-179
GRI 418: CUSTOMER PRIVACY 2016	418-1	179
	SOCIOECONOMIC COMPLIANCE	
	103-1	63, 194-253
GRI 103: MANAGEMENT	103-2	194-253
APPROACH 2016	103-3	194-253
GRI 419: SOCIOECONOMIC COMPLIANCE 2016	419-1	204-205

Operational Excellence Data and Technology The Best and Most Engaged Team Corporate Governance Financial Reports and Appendix

581

FINANCIAL	SERVICES	SUPPLEMENT	
FINANCIAL	SERVICES	SUPPLEMENT	

	PRODUCT PORTFOLIO		
	103-1	https://surdurulebilirlik.garantibbva.com.tr/garanti-bbva- sustainability-approach/garanti-bbva-and-sustainability/ other-esg-policies/environmental-and-social-loan-policies/	
GRI 103: MANAGEMENT APPROACH 2016	103-2	https://surdurulebilirlik.garantibbva.com.tr/garanti-bbva- sustainability-approach/garanti-bbva-and-sustainability/ other-esg-policies/environmental-and-social-loan-policies/	
	103-3	https://surdurulebilirlik.garantibbva.com.tr/garanti-bbva- sustainability-approach/garanti-bbva-and-sustainability/ other-esg-policies/environmental-and-social-loan-policies/	
GRI FINANCIAL SERVICES	FS6	62-63	
SUPPLEMENT PRODUCT	FS7	62-63	
	FS8	63, 110, 171, 251	
	ACTIVE OWNERSHIP		
GRI 103: MANAGEMENT APPROACH 2016	103-1	https://surdurulebilirlik.garantibbva.com.tr/garanti-bbva- sustainability-approach/garanti-bbva-and-sustainability/ other-esg-policies/environmental-and-social-loan-policies/	
	103-2	https://surdurulebilirlik.garantibbva.com.tr/garanti-bbva- sustainability-approach/garanti-bbva-and-sustainability/ other-esg-policies/environmental-and-social-loan-policies/	
	103-3	https://surdurulebilirlik.garantibbva.com.tr/garanti-bbva- sustainability-approach/garanti-bbva-and-sustainability/ other-esg-policies/environmental-and-social-loan-policies/	
GRI FINANCIAL SERVICES	FS10	63, 68-70, 134-143, 251	
SUPPLEMENT LOCAL COMMUNITIES	FS11	63, 68-70, 134-143, 251	
	LOCAL COMM	UNITIES	
	103-1	68-77, 88-89	
GRI 103: MANAGEMENT APPROACH 2016	103-2	134-135	
AFFRUACE 2010	103-3	134-135	
	FS13	88-89	
GRI FINANCIAL SERVICES SUPPLEMENT LOCAL COMMUNITIES	FS14	68-69, 88-89, 110, 113, 135 Cardless transactions options through ATMs and Community Investments for people with disabilities.	

Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

Organizational Changes

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Organizational changes made in 2020 are summarized below to reflect the final structure at year-end.

CONSUMER FINANCE DEPARTMENT that previously reported to Commercial Banking Executive Vice President now reports to Retail Banking Executive Vice President.

TALENT AND CULTURE LEARNING section was created under Talent and Culture Executive Vice President in order to provide a focus on training and development specialization.

INFORMATION SYSTEMS SECURITY organization reporting to Vice President was set up, and an Information Security Officer was assigned pursuant to the Regulation on Information Systems and Electronic Banking Services.

LEGAL OPERATIONS organization was abolished and its functions were transferred to Legal Collections and Abacus Operation Center.

Upon transfer of business development teams and functions under the Corporate, Commercial and SME business lines, Client Digital Solutions Department was reorganized under the name **CLIENT SOLUTIONS** which covers client customer solutions, business development, marketing and performance analytics, digital transformation functions. Customer Analytics, Innovation and Product Development Department and Customer Experience and Satisfaction Department functions were merged and reorganized as **CUSTOMER EXPERIENCE AND SERVICE MODEL MANAGEMENT** with a focus on service model design, customer experience and customer solutions analytics.

The transition of the Head Office organization to the new organizational model adopting **AGILE METHODS AND PRINCIPLES** commenced in 2019. In the reporting period, the same perspective, approach and principles were maintained and reorganization was undertaken at a substantial portion of our Head Office organization besides our field organization, and related job areas were restructured. This new model is intended to achieve the following:

→ Create autonomous and multidisciplinary teams possessing end-to-end process or project management/execution skills,

→ Respond to customer demands more quickly while offering them higher quality products/services under the continuous development model, and achieve higher productivity along this line,

➔ Dedicate the teams to priority projects of processes in line with the Group's Dynamics and strategic goals.

Introduction

Data and Technology

The Best and Mos Engaged Team Corporate Governance

583

Support Services Providers



SERVICE PROVIDER	SERVICE DETAIL
GARANTİ ÖDEME SİSTEMLERİ A.Ş.	Marketing, promotion, product development and consulting for payment systems, primarily for debit and credit cards, and marketing of retail products including retail loans
KURYE NET MOTORLU KURYECİLİK VE DAĞITIM HİZMETLERİ A.Ş.	Credit/debit card delivery
AKTİF İLETİ VE KURYE HİZMETLERİ A.Ş.	Credit/debit card delivery
INGENİCO ÖDEME SİSTEM ÇÖZÜMLERİ A.Ş.	POS software development and upgrading services
VERİFONE ELEKTRONİK VE DANIŞMANLIK LTD. ŞTİ.	POS software development and upgrading services
GARANTİ KONUT FİNANSMANI DANIŞMANLIK HİZMETLERİ A.Ş.	Marketing and consulting services for mortgage products
HANGİSİ İNTERNET VE BİLGİ HİZMETLERİ A.Ş.	Online marketing of mortgage products
VERKATA LLC	Online marketing of mortgage products
LOOMİS GÜVENLİK HİZMETLERİ A.Ş.	Delivery of cash, commercial papers and gold within the scope of Law No. 5188
AUSTURIA CARD TURKEY	Card printing and personalization services
ENUYGUN COM İNTERNET BİLGİ HİZMETLERİ TEKNOLOJİ VE TİC. A.Ş.	Online marketing of mortgage products
MATRİKS BİLGİ DAĞITIM HİZMETLERİ A.Ş.	Software/software maintenance/update services
KONUT KREDİSİ COM TR DANIŞMANLIK ANONİM ŞTİ.	Online marketing of mortgage products
GARANTİ ÖDEME SİSTEMLERİ A.Ş.	Reminder calls, technical support help desk, overdue debt notification, provision of account information to customers, updating customers' personal data, credit card cancellation, closure and activation; receiving limit increase or decrease requests, forwarding customer requests to the Bank
COLLECTURK ALACAK YÖNETİMİ VE DANIŞMANLIK A.Ş.	Declaration of liability and reminder calls services
SESTEK SES VE İLETİŞİM BİLGİSAYAR TEK. SAN. VE TİC. A.Ş.	Marketing of payment systems, particularly of credit and debit cards, and forwarding customer requests such as credit card limit increase to the Bank
ATOS BİLİŞİM DANIŞMANLIK VE MÜŞTERİ HİZMETLERİ SANAYİ VE TİC. A.Ş.	Credit card sales, business place verification, credit card limit increase, address update and similar other calls via the Call Center

Our Value Creation

WEBHELP ÇAĞRI MERKEZİ VE MÜŞTERİ HİZMETLERİ A.Ş.	Credit card sales, declaration of liability
CMC İLETİŞİM BİLGİSAYAR REKLAM VE DANIŞMANLIK HİZMETLERİ SAN. TİC. A.Ş.	Credit card sales, declaration of liability
DER POS ÖDEME SİSTEMLERİ VE PAZARLAMA TİC. LTD. ŞTİ.	Merchant acquisition and marketing of retail products including retail loans
KAYRAGRUP PAZARLAMA DANIŞMANLIK VE DESTEK HİZMETLERİ TİC. A.Ş.	Marketing of retail products and services
TEMPO ÇAĞRI MERKEZİ VE İŞ SÜREÇLERİ DIŞ KAYNAK HİZMETLERİ TİC. A.Ş	Declaration of liability and reminder calls services
GLOBAL BİLGİ PAZARLAMA DANIŞMA VE ÇAĞRI SERVİSİ HİZMETLERİ A.Ş.	Declaration of liability and reminder calls services
WEBHELP ÇAĞRI MERKEZİ VE MÜŞTERİ HİZMETLERİ A.Ş.	Data entry and filing of customer requests received by the Bank, giving feedback to customers regarding their requests
BRİNK'S GÜVENLİK HİZMETLERİ A.Ş.	Delivery of cash, commercial papers, precious metals and other precious assets within the scope of Law No. 5188
MT BİLGİ TEKNOLOJİLERİ VE DIŞ TİCARET ANONİM ŞİRKETİ	POS software development and upgrading services
WİN BİLGİ İLETİŞİM HİZMETLERİ A.Ş.	Declaration of liability and reminder calls services
CRİF ALACAK YÖNETİM VE DANIŞMANLIK HİZMETLERİ A.Ş.	Declaration of liability and reminder calls services
ARAS KARGO YURT İÇİ VE YURT DIŞI TAŞIMACILIK A.Ş.	Internal mail transportation from/to branches
IRON MOUNTAİN ARŞİVLEME HİZMETLERİ A.Ş.	Archive services
VERİSOFT BİLGİ İŞLEM TİC. VE SAN. A.Ş.	POS software development and upgrading services
CMC İLETİŞİM BİLGİSAYAR REKLAM VE DANIŞMANLIK HİZMETLERİ SAN. TİC. A.Ş.	Reminder calls services via the Call Center
ZİNGAT GAYRİMENKUL BİLGİ SİSTEMLERİ A.Ş.	Online marketing of mortgage products
SECURITAS GÜVENLİK HİZMETLERİ A.Ş.	Private Security Services within the scope of Law No. 5188
WEBHELP ÇAĞRI MERKEZİ VE MÜŞTERİ HİZMETLERİ A.Ş.	Declaration of liability and reminder calls services via the Call Center
HOBİM ARŞİVLEME VE BASIM HİZMETLERİ A.Ş.	Safekeeping of the Bank's archive boxes
DHL WORLDWİDE EXPRESS TAŞIMACILIK VE TİC. A.Ş	Delivery of documents for export transactions to correspondent banks
PROCAT DANIŞMANLIK YAZILIM TELEKOMÜNİKASYON PAZARLAMA TİCARET A.Ş.	Call center service
KREDİ KAYIT BÜROSU A.Ş.	Disaster recovery center back-up service
TEPE SAVUNMA VE GÜVENLİK SİSTEMLERİ SAN. A.Ş.	Private Security Services within the scope of Law No. 5188
CMC İLETİŞİM BİLGİSAYAR REKLAM VE DANIŞMANLIK HİZMETLERİ SAN. TİC. A.Ş.	Call center services (Consumer loans + Overdraft Accounts + Pensioners)
WEBHELP ÇAĞRI MERKEZİ VE MÜŞTERİ HİZMETLERİ A.Ş.	Call Center services (Overdraft Accounts + Loans + Bills)
BDH BİLİŞİM VE DESTEK HİZMETLERİ A.Ş.	Business place contract and document provision

585

HOBİM ARŞİVLEME VE BASIM HİZMETLERİ A.Ş.	Printing and enveloping service
DATAFAKS KAĞIT MAMÜLLERİ SANAYİ VE TİCARET LTD. ŞTİ.	Cheque printing service
WEBHELP ÇAĞRI MERKEZİ VE MÜŞTERİ HİZMETLERİ A.Ş.	Filing and data entry services fort he Bank's or customers' documents
KARTEK KART VE BİLİŞİM TEKNOLOJİLERİ A.Ş.	POS software development and upgrading services
GÜZEL SANATLAR ÇEK BASIM LİMİTED ŞİRKETİ	Cheque printing service
GLOBAL BİLGİ PAZARLAMA DANIŞMA VE ÇAĞRI SERVİSİ HİZMETLERİ A.Ş.	Marketing of retail products and services and of products and services classified as retail receivables
CMC İLETİŞİM BİLGİSAYAR REKLAM VE DANIŞMANLIK HİZMETLERİ SAN. TİC. A.Ş.	Marketing of retail products and services and of products and services classified as retail receivables
WEBHELP ÇAĞRI MERKEZİ VE MÜŞTERİ HİZMETLERİ A.Ş.	Marketing of retail products and services and of products and services classified as retail receivables
METİS BİLGİSAYAR SİSTEMLERİ SANAYİ VE TİCARET A.Ş.	Marketing of retail products and services and of products and services classified as retail receivables
GARANTİ KONUT FİNANSMANI DANIŞMANLIK HİZMETLERİ A.Ş.	Operational services for sales of Bank-owned properties

* In addition to the companies and services listed above, support service has been procured from 681 dealers for retail loan marketing.

Our 2020 Material Issue: COVID-19 Financial Health

Contact Information

HEAD OFFICE

Introduction

Levent Nispetiye Mah. Aytar Cad. No:2 34340 Beşiktaş / İstanbul Tel: +90 212 318 18 18 Fax: +90 212 318 18 88 Telex: 27635 gatı tr Swift: TGBATRIS

WEBSITE www.garantibbva.com.tr

TRADE REGISTRY NO 159422

DOMESTIC BRANCHES

Garanti BBVA has 884 domestic branches in 81 cities as of 2020 year end. Information on domestic branches is available on the Bank's website.

INFORMATION ON SOCIAL MEDIA

You may follow Garanti BBVA on Facebook, Twitter, Instagram, YouTube and LinkedIn.

www.facebook.com/GarantiBBVA www.twitter.com/garantibbva www.instagram.com/garantibbva www.linkedin.com/company/ garanti-bbva/ www.youtube.com/garantibbva www.twitter.com/garantiyesor

OVERSEAS BRANCHES

TURKISH REPUBLIC OF NORTHERN CYPRUS - LEFKOSA BRANCH

Bedrettin Demirel Caddesi No: 114 Lefkoşa / TRNC Tel: +90 392 600 53 00 Fax: +90 392 600 53 20

TURKISH REPUBLIC OF NORTHERN CYPRUS - GIRNE BRANCH

Mete Adanır Caddesi No:18 Girne / TRNC Tel: +90 392 650 53 00 Fax: +90 392 650 53 20

TURKISH REPUBLIC OF NORTHERN CYPRUS - GAZIMAGUSA BRANCH

Sakarya Mahallesi Eşref Bitlis Caddesi No: 20 Gazimağusa / KKTC Tel: +90 392 630 03 00 Fax: +90 392 630 03 20

TURKISH REPUBLIC OF NORTHERN CYPRUS - GIRNE CARSI BRANCH

Mustafa Çağatay Caddesi No: 17 Girne / KKTC Tel: +90 392 650 53 30 Fax: +90 392 650 53 50

TURKISH REPUBLIC OF NORTHERN CYPRUS - GONYELI BRANCH

Düzyol Sokak No: 12/B Gönyeli Lefkoşa / KKTC Tel: +90 392 680 30 00 Fax: +90 392 680 30 20

TURKISH REPUBLIC OF NORTHERN CYPRUS - GUZELYURT BRANCH

Ecevit Caddesi No:29/A Güzelyurt / KKTC Tel: +90 392 660 30 00 Fax: +90 392 660 30 20

TURKISH REPUBLIC OF NORTHERN CYPRUS - KUCUK KAYMAKLI BRANCH

Şehit Mustafa Ruso Caddesi No:86/A Küçük Kaymaklı Lefkoşa / KKTC Tel: +90 392 600 54 00 Faks: +90 392 600 54 20

MALTA BRANCH

Özgür Özdemir Strand Towers, 36 The Strand Sliema SLM 1022 Malta Tel: +356 232 88 000 Fax: +356 232 88 160 Swift: TGBAMTMTXXX

REPRESENTATIVE OFFICES

SHANGHAI

Noyan Rona Room 1304 Marine Tower No:1 Pudong Avenue 200120 Shanghai, P.R.C. Tel: +86 21 5879 7900 - 5879 4155 Fax: +86 21 5879 3896

DUSSELDORF

Fahri Birincioğlu Tersteegenstrasse 28, 40474, Düsseldorf, Germany Tel: +49 211 86 222 301 Fax: +49 211 86 222 350